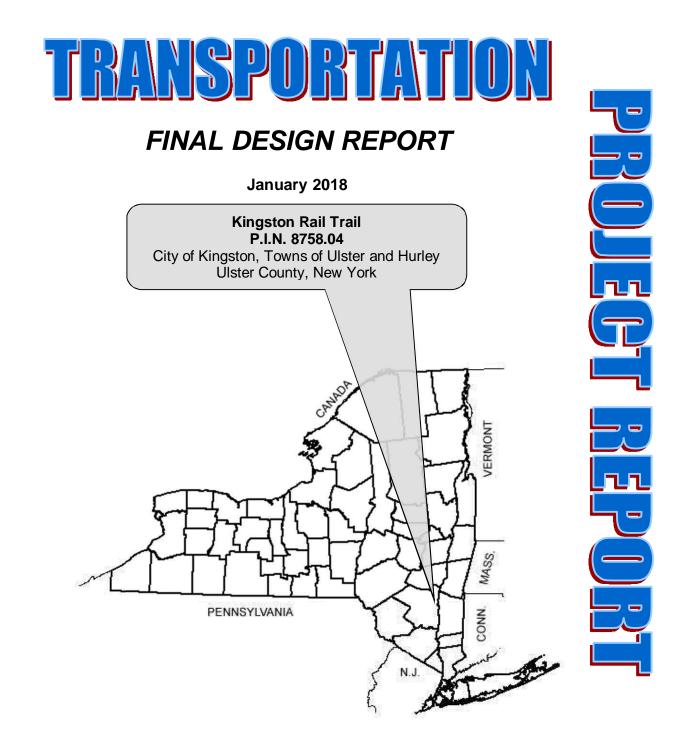
EXHIBIT 6

KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL, PIN 8758.04 FINAL DESIGN REPORT







U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

ANDREW M. CUOMO Governor MATTHEW J. DRISCOLL Commissioner This project is being designed using U.S. Customary units and the text of this report uses U.S. Customary units. The following table of approximate conversion factors provides the relationship between metric and U.S. Customary units for some of the more frequently used units in highway design. The table allows one to calculate the U.S. Customary Unit by multiplying the corresponding Metric Unit by the given factor.

	Metric Unit	х	Factor	=	U.S. Customary Unit
Length	kilometer (km)	х	0.621	=	miles (mi)
	meter (m)	х	3.281	=	feet (ft.)
<u>Area</u>	hectare (ha)	х	2.471	=	acres (a)
	square meter (m ²)	х	1.196	=	square yards (sy)
	square meter (m ²)	х	10.764	=	square feet (sf)
<u>Volume</u>	cubic meter (m ³)	х	1.308	=	cubic yards (cy)
	cubic meter (m ³)	х	35.315	=	cubic feet (cf)
<u>Speed</u>	kilometer per hour (km/h)	х	0.621	=	miles per hour (mph)
	meter per second (m/s)	х	3.281	=	feet per second (ft/s)

CERTIFICATION For Design Approval

PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

City of Kingston, Towns of Ulster and Hurley Ulster County, New York

I, Dennis Doyle, Director of Planning, being Ulster County's Responsible Local Official for the abovereferenced locally administered federal aid project(s), hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- the project described in the Design Report is a true and accurate depiction of the proposed improvements;
- the project is consistent with the approved scope, including any and all approved scope changes;
- the project was developed in compliance with all applicable laws, including but not necessarily limited to the Americans with Disabilities Act;
- the project was developed in compliance with all environmental regulations, including but not
 necessarily limited to, the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and the State Environmental
 Quality Review Act (SEQRA);
- public participation has been sought and all public input has been considered during project development;
- the final design is consistent with all commitments made as a result of public participation and coordination with regulatory and involved agencies (i.e. NYSDEC, NYCDEP, SHPO, railroads, utility companies, affected municipalities, etc.);
- all appropriate alternatives have been considered and evaluated;
- all proposed improvements within the project limits, regardless of fund source, have been disclosed and appropriately discussed in the Design Report;
- all property acquisitions have been identified and documented in the Design Report, and are necessary and appropriate for the project;
- utility relocations have been minimized and are necessary for the project, and coordination with affected utility owners has begun;
- all identified permits will be secured prior to advertising for bids;
- all required utility and railroad agreements will be approved by NYSDOT and fully executed prior to advertising for bids;
- and, the estimate accurately reflects the proposed work, is reasonable, and is broken into the appropriate shares.

Signature

24, 2017 January

Date

CERTIFICATION For Project Design

PIN 8758.04 **Kingston Rail Trail**

City of Kingston, Towns of Ulster and Hurley **Ulster County, New York**

I, Thomas C. Baird, P.E., Associate, Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C., the responsible licensed professional for the design of the above-referenced locally administered federal aid project(s), hereby certify, by signing and affixing my professional stamp below, that to the best of my knowledge and belief.

- the project has been developed in accordance with applicable design standards and accepted engineering and/or architectural practice;
- all exceptions to accepted standards have been thoroughly analyzed, and their inclusion in the final design has been justified;
- all environmental issues have been addressed and all environmental regulations have been satisfied and appropriately documented in the Design Report;
- all proposed improvements within the project limits, regardless of fund source, have been • disclosed and appropriately discussed in the Design Report;
- the rationale for all proposed improvements has been documented in the Design Report;
- all property acquisitions have been identified and documented in the Design Report, and are • necessary and appropriate for the project:
- utility relocations have been minimized and are necessary for the project, and coordination with affected utility owners has begun;
- the final design is consistent with all commitments made as a result of public participation and coordination with regulatory and involved agencies, i.e. (NYSDEC, NYCDEP, SHPO, railroads, utility companies, affected municipalities, etc.);
- all required permits have been identified;
- and, the estimate accurately reflects the proposed work, is reasonable, and is broken into the appropriate shares.

Signature 01/25/2018

PIN 8758.04

LIST OF PREPARERS

Group Director Responsible for Production of the Design Approval Document:

Thomas C. Baird, P.E., Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. Description of Work Performed by Firm: Directed the preparation of the Design Approval Document in accordance with established standards, policies, regulations, and procedures, except as otherwise explained in this document.

Note: It is a violation of law for any person, unless they are acting under the direction of a licensed professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land surveyor, to alter an item in any way. If an item bearing the stamp of a licensed professional is altered, the altering engineer, architect, landscape architect, or land surveyor shall stamp the document and include the notation "altered by" followed by their signature, the date of such alteration, and a specific description of the alteration.

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CHAPTER 1 - EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1. Introduction

This report will assess existing conditions, identify the project needs and objectives, analyze potential alternative solutions, and discuss the social, economic and environmental effects on the community resulting from the implementation of the feasible alternatives. This report has been prepared in accordance with the New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) *Project Development Manual*.

The project is on the approved Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) and is identified as PIN 8758.04, Kingston Rail Trail. The project is located in the City of Kingston and the Towns of Ulster and Hurley, Ulster County, New York. The objectives of this project are to establish an off-road pedestrian/bicycle facility to provide alternative means of transportation and link the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster.

The project is being progressed by Ulster County in coordination with the NYSDOT Region 8 and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The project will be funded with federal STP Flex Funds and State Dedicated Funds provided via NYSDOT Region 8, with Ulster County as sponsor.

The project is qualified to progress as a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) C list Categorical Exclusion in accordance with the FHWA's regulations 23 CFR 771.117(c). FHWA will serve as the lead agency for NEPA.

The project is classified as a SEQR Unlisted Action in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 617, State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) Act. Ulster County will be the Lead Agency for SEQR through an uncoordinated review process.

1.2. Purpose and Need

1.2.1. Where is the Project Located?

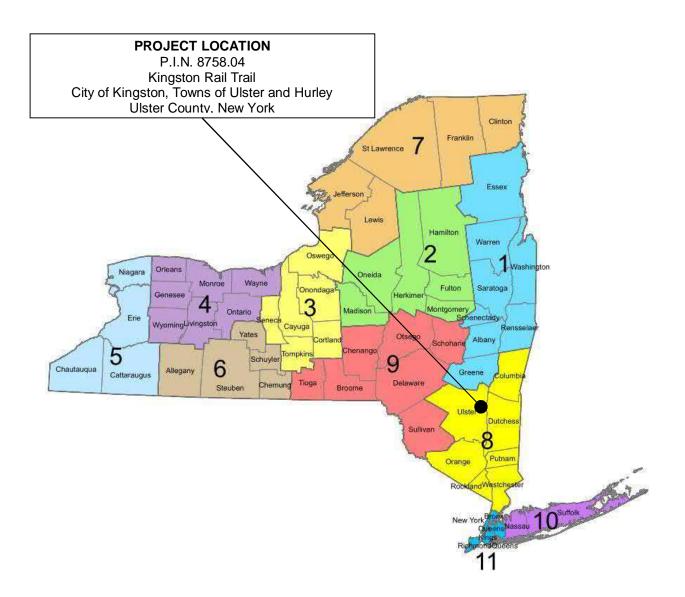


Figure 1 – New York State Map

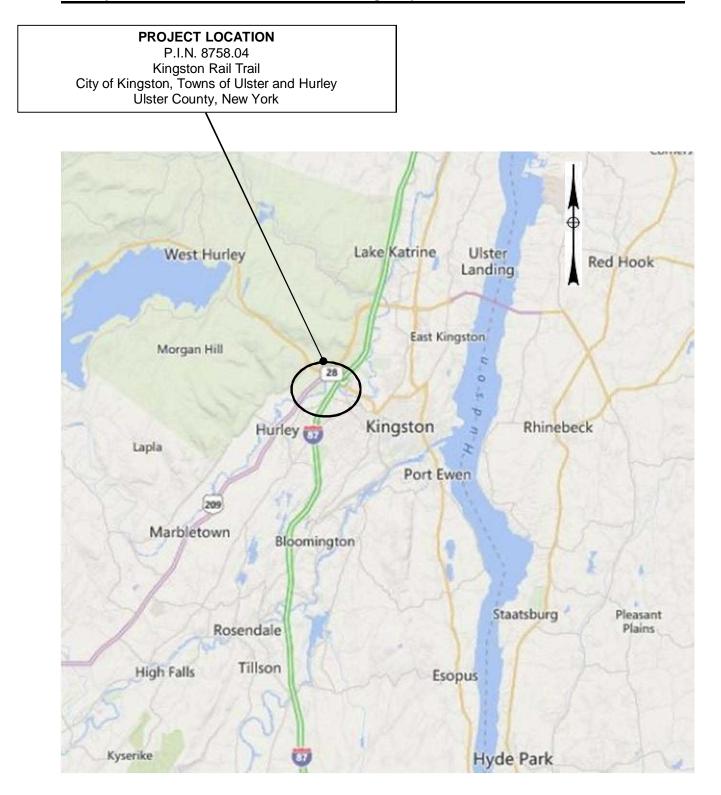


Figure 2 – Project Location Map

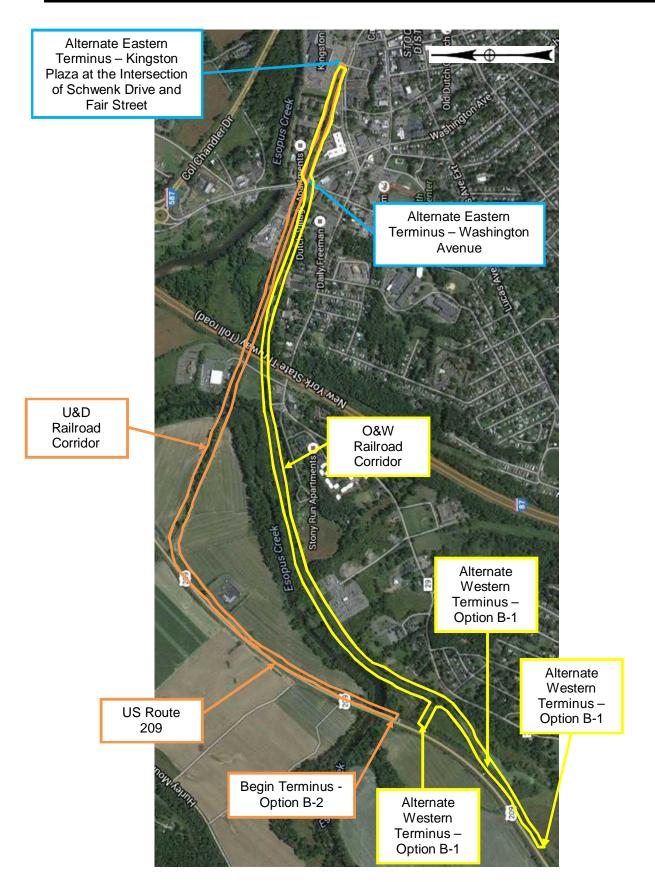


Figure 3 – Project Corridor Map

1.2.2. Why is the Project Needed?

The project will provide a critical non-motorized transportation link between the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster that will allow City residents to directly access a key part of the County's growing multi-use trail network and O&W Rail Trail users safety access the City of Kingston. The project will link Kingston neighborhoods and businesses to the existing O&W Rail Trail (also known as the "Hurley Rail Trail" or "D&H Canal Heritage Corridor"), which currently extends approximately 13 miles from the Town of Hurley southwest through the Town of Marbletown and well into the Town of Rochester, where future additional trail links and extensions are being explored. The improved links and build-out of the O&W Rail Trail along the Route 209/ Rondout Creek corridor was identified in the 2008 *Ulster County Non-Motorized Transportation Plan* as a priority project. The project was recommended and placed on the County's Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) in 2010 and updated in 2014 and 2016.

The project will address the current lack of multi-modal friendly, dedicated non-motorized transportation alternatives for pedestrians or bicyclists to travel from the City of Kingston to the Town of Hurley and Route 209 Corridor and avoid the high speed and heavily trafficked roadways which link the municipalities and lack bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

In 2008, the Ulster County Transportation Council (UCTC) developed the *Non-Motorized Transportation Plan* in an effort to promote and advance a County-wide, sustainable non-motorized transportation system to "reduce fossil fuel consumption, enable freedom of mobility, encourage more physical activity, allow children to walk or bike to school, reduce traffic congestion, and create economic growth" through increased recreational tourism. The project is consistent with these identified *Non-Motorized Transportation Plan* goals and will advance efforts to link regional multi use trail segments and develop a seamless non-motorized transportation network throughout the County.

In 2015, UCTC adopted its Year 2040 Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) and gave extra attention to quality-of-life issues and non-motorized modes of transportation. The project is consistent with the LRTP in that it takes a step towards accomplishing the goals of the LRTP which include:

- 1. Preserve existing transportation system while being adaptable to new, more efficient systems
- 2. Support the economic vitality of urbanized areas (City of Kingston)
- 3. Increase the safety and security of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users
- 4. Increase mobility and accessibility options
- 5. Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system
- 6. Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve quality of life, promote consistency between transportation improvements
- 7. Promote efficient system management and operations
- 8. Maximize the utilization of federal aid programmed

The project will utilize an abandoned railroad corridor to establish a safer off-road facility for pedestrians and bicyclists. In so doing, the project will help relieve traffic congestion, improve air quality, promote healthy lifestyles and active outdoor recreation, conserve energy, increase safety for pedestrians and bicyclists, support economic development and tourism, and encourage local spending by recreational users.

1.2.3. What are the Objectives/Purposes of the Project?

The primary objective of the project is to establish a safer off-road pedestrian and bicycle trail connecting the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster. By doing so, the project will:

- Progress further towards a seamless non-motorized transportation network throughout Ulster County
- Provide safer, efficient, and accessible multi-modal connections to the schools, employers, businesses, and services in the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster.
- Accomplish crossing the NYS Thruway/Interstate 87 ("I-87") for pedestrians and bicyclists
- Create a significant multi-use trail hub in the City of Kingston and support development of the "Kingston Greenline" network of trails and complete streets

1.3. What Alternative(s) Are Being Considered?

Three alternatives, including the null, are being considered for the project. The following is a summary of the alternatives considered:

- Alternative A No Build "Null" Under this alternative, no improvements to the existing corridors would take place, and pedestrians and bicyclists will have to find alternate routes to travel between the Town of Hurley and the City of Kingston. This alternative does not meet the identified project objectives and is not consistent with the vision of Ulster County; therefore, it is not considered feasible and is removed from any further project consideration.
- Alternative B Reconstruction This alternative would include the construction of a dedicated off-road multi-use trail with a surface material that would be fully accessible for all non-motorized users. Safety improvements in the form of signage and pavement striping would be installed at street crossings. Two (2) potential reconstruction options, B-1 and B-2, are proposed in accordance with the project's design criteria. A brief discussion of each option is as follows:
 - Dedicated Multi-Use Trail along O&W Railroad Corridor (Option B-1, O&W Corridor)

 This alternative is proposed to follow the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad corridor for 1.8 miles from the existing O&W Rail Trail along US Route 209, through the existing I-87 underpass, to Washington Avenue (State Bicycle Route 28) in Kingston. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue. Right-of-Way ("ROW") acquisitions and easements from Central Hudson Gas & Electric ("CHG&E"), Adirondack Transit Lines, and Ulster Savings Bank will be required as part of this option. East of Washington Avenue, extending the trail approximate 0.37 miles to Schwenk Drive and Fair Street was investigated where additional property investigations and encroachment issues would need to be resolved.
 - Dedicated Multi-Use Trail along U&D Railroad Corridor (Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW) This alternative would begin at the existing O&W Rail Trail along US Route 209, cross the Esopus Creek via a new pedestrian bridge adjacent to the existing US Route 209 structure, and extend north approximately 0.77 miles along the east side of US Route 209 to the intersection of the county-owned Ulster & Delaware (U&D) Railroad corridor. This alternative would then extend approximately 1.0 mile east along the U&D Railroad corridor to Washington Avenue (State Bicycle Route 28). The existing U&D Railroad trestle bridge (C9 Bridge) over the Esopus Creek would need to be rehabilitated and adapted to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue. East of Washington Avenue, extending the trail approximate 0.37 miles to Schwenk Drive and Fair Street was also investigated where additional property investigations and encroachment issues would need to be resolved. Along US Route 209, the trail would be located within the NYSDOT Right-Of-Way offset from the edge of the roadway pavement a minimum of ten (10) feet.

See Chapter 3 – Alternatives for an in-depth discussion and comparison of all alternatives.

1.4 How will the Alternative(s) Affect the Environment?

Exhibit 1.4-A Environmental Summary						
NEPA Classification	Class II C List CE	BY	FHWA	Date		
SEQR Type:	Unlisted Action	BY	Ulster County	Date	3/15/2016	

Exhibit 1.4-B Environmental Comparison of Feasible Alternatives						
	Feasible Alternatives					
Category	Null	Reconstruction (Alternative B)				
	(Alternative A)	Option B-1, O&W Corridor	Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW			
Wetland impacts	None	Not Significant	Not Significant			
100-year floodplain impact	None	Not Significant	Not Significant			
Archeological Sites impacted	None	None	None			
Section 106 / Section 4(f) impacts	None	None	None			
Impact to forested areas	None	TBD w/ survey	TBD w/ survey			
Noise Impacts	None	Temporary	Temporary			
Property impacts	None	249,600 SF (5.73 Acres)	None			
Construction Cost	None	\$1,689,000	\$5,391,000			
Total Project CostNone\$2,124,000		\$6,391,000				

Anticipated Permits, Certifications, and Coordination:

NYSDEC:

- Environmental Conservation Law-Stream Disturbance Permit, Article 15
- Water Quality Certification (Section 401)
- State Pollution Discharge Elimination System (SPDES)

NYSTA:

Occupancy and Work Permit or Memorandum of Agreement

USACE:

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Section 404 Nationwide Permit #3 Maintenance Projects
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Section 404 Nationwide Permit #14 Linear Transportation Projects

Coordination with:

- Federal Highway Administration
- New York Natural Heritage Program
- New York State DOT Regional Design Bureau (Region 8)
- New York State DOT Local Projects Unit (Region 8)

1.5. What Are The Costs & Schedules?

Design Approval is anticipated for February 2017 with construction scheduled to start in May 2018. Based on the preferred alternative, as discussed in Chapter 3, construction duration will be approximately 5 months.

Exhibit 1.5-A Project Schedule				
Activity	Date Occurred/Tentative			
Public Information Meeting	December 2015			
Design Approval	February 2018			
Right of Way Acquisition Authorized	March 2018			
Letting	November 2019			
Construction Begins	March 2019			
Construction Completed	August 2019			

EXHIBIT 1.5-B						
COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES CONSTRUCTION PROJECT COSTS OPTION B-1, O&W OPTION B-2, U&D						
ACTIVITIES		O&W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH. AVE.		W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH. AVE.		
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:						
CLEARING & GRUBBING:	\$	50,000	\$	25,000		
EARTHWORK:	\$	150,000	\$	174,000		
SUBBASE:	\$	130,000	\$	122,000		
PAVEMENT:	\$	230,000	\$	210,000		
GUIDERAIL & FENCE	\$	110,000	\$	358,000		
DRAINAGE	\$	150,000	\$	20,000		
LIGHTING	\$	30,000	\$	25,000		
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL:	\$	20,000	\$	50,000		
EROSION CONTROL:	\$	30,000	\$	30,000		
LANDSCAPE:	\$	50,000	\$	50,000		
STRUCTURES	\$	250,000	\$	3,000,000		
TRAILHEAD/PARKING LOT	\$	80,000	\$	80,000		
SIDEWALK:	\$	20,000	\$	20,000		
SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:	\$	1,300,000	\$	4,164,000		
CONTINGENCY (15% @ DESIGN APPROVAL)	\$	195,000	\$	625,000		
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,495,000	\$	4,789,000		
FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5%)	\$	75,000	\$	240,000		
SURVEY	\$	30,000	\$	90,000		
MOBILIZATION (4%)	\$	59,000	\$	192,000		
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,659,000	\$	5,311,000		
EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018) +1.5%	\$	30,000	\$	80,000		
TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018						
DOLLARS):	\$	1,689,000	\$	5,391,000		
ENGINEERING	\$	220,000	\$	500,000		
CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION	\$	130,000	\$	500,000		
ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$	85,000	\$	-		
TOTAL COSTS:	\$	2,124,000	\$	6,391,000		

1.6. Which Alternative is Preferred?

Based on the investigations, discussion herein, official and public input, and consideration of the social, economic and environmental impacts, the alternative that best meets the project objectives is Alternative B – Reconstruction utilizing Option B-1, O&W Railroad corridor terminating at Washington Avenue. This alternative was selected based on multiple factors, including relative cost, trail usability, project feasibility, and public input.

The "Null" or No-Build alternative (Alternative A) was dismissed as this option does not satisfy the project objectives.

Two different reconstruction options for Alternative B were investigated (Options B-1 and B-2) and presented at the Stakeholder Meeting as well as the Public Informational Meeting (PIM).

Option B-1, O&W	Option B-2, U&D/Route 209		
No Esopus Creek Crossing	Requires 2 Esopus Creek Crossings		
Meets Project Schedule	 Schedule Delays of Two to three years expected due to Esopus Creek Crossings 		
Acquisitions/Easements Required	No Property Acquisitions		
Minor Wetland Impacts	Minor Wetland Impacts		
No Effect on Historic Properties	No Effect on Historic Properties		
Coordination with CHG&E for its Project in the Corridor	Requires Permits from NYSDOT		
Estimated Total Project Cost = \$2,124,000	Estimated Total Project Cost = \$6,391,000		

General Alternative Comparison

The preferred B-1 Reconstruction option was selected based on the discussions at these meetings and the social, economic, and environmental impact assessments and investigations performed during the preliminary design process. Based on these preliminary design investigations, construction costs, and discussions at the Stakeholder meeting and the PIM, the most feasible alternative was identified as Option B-1, O&W Corridor. Please also refer to Chapters 3, 4, and 5 where more detailed discussions on the project are located.

In Summary, Option B-1 is the preferred option since it:

- Meets the project objectives, proposed budget, and schedule
- Utilizes an unimproved abandoned railroad corridor currently informally used by walkers, runners, and bicyclists
- Has logical access points and links to existing multi-use trail
- Is not overly complicated from an engineering and construction perspective
- Offers the most direct route from the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

1.7. Who Will Decide Which Alternative Will Be Selected And How Can I Be Involved In The Decision?

This project will involve ongoing correspondence with all of the following:

- · Applicable State and federal agencies (e.g., NYSDOT, NYSDEC, ACOE, SHPO, NHP, FHWA)
- Local elected officials
- Local property owners
- Emergency services
- Schools

Exhibit 1.7 Public Involvement Plan Schedule of Milestone Dates		
Activity	Date Occurred/Tentative	
Project Stakeholder Meeting	October 13, 2015	
Public Information Meeting	December 8, 2015	

One (1) Stakeholder Meeting occurred on October 13, 2015. The meeting was held to present the possible alternatives proposed for the Kingston Rail Trail to the stakeholders and address any and all suggestions and concerns about the project to Ulster County representatives. The majority of the meeting focused on Option B-1, O&W Corridor since that was the alignment that affected the stakeholders present at the meeting. The stakeholders were not opposed to the project so long as their rights as property owners were not infringed upon. CHG&E stated that they are in the early stages of plan development for rebuilding its transmission facilities along the O&W Corridor, north of the substation. Coordination with CHG&E is ongoing to ensure both projects are technically feasible, compatible, and will not result in re-work as a result of construction operations. All information and sign-in sheets from the meeting are located in Appendix G.

One (1) Public Informational Meeting (PIM) was held on December 8, 2015. At the PIM, residents, stakeholders, and business owners were able to learn about the alignment options and express their opinions, suggestions, and concerns about the project to Ulster County representatives. Each alternative and corresponding options were discussed and the preferred, most feasible option was identified as the O&W Route (Alternative B-1). One aspect of the project that drove marked conversation was the eastern terminus location at Washington Avenue. The public was concerned about trail users crossing Washington Avenue without some type of traffic control device for assistance. As a result of the dialogue and discussions between County officials, crossing options are being investigated as part of the project. There were no written comments received from any participants as a result of the December PIM. All information and sign-in sheets from the meeting are located in Appendix G.

Public comments were solicited and requested to be sent to:

Mr. Christopher White, Deputy Director of Planning PIN 8758.04 Telephone: (845) 340-3338 Email: cwhi@co.ulster.ny.us

> Mailing Address: Ulster County Planning Department 244 Fair Street, PO Box 1800 Kingston, New York 12402

The remainder of this report is a detailed technical evaluation of the existing conditions, the proposed alternatives, the impacts of the alternatives, copies of technical reports and plans and other supporting information.

CHAPTER 2 - PROJECT CONTEXT: HISTORY, TRANSPORTATION PLANS, CONDITIONS AND NEEDS

This chapter addresses the history and current status of the project site, including the existing conditions, deficiencies, and needs for the proposed trail corridor.

2.1. Project History – The project was highlighted in Ulster County's 2008 Non-Motorized Transportation Plan ("NMTP"), which was prepared by the Ulster County Transportation Council. During the public input and consideration of NMTP goals and projects, the link between the O&W Rail Trail (also known as the "Hurley Rail Trail" or "D&H Canal Heritage Corridor") to the City of Kingston was identified as a priority project which served to advance Ulster County's development of an interconnected, seamless multi-use trail network for pedestrians and bicyclists.

The project was included on the State Transportation Improvement Plan ("STIP") in 2010 at which time the County released an RFQ for engineering design. After selecting an engineering firm, the County was unable to negotiate a fee for the design and ROW services within the existing STIP budget. The project did not advance, and design was delayed pending additional funding.

In 2014, Ulster County amended the STIP to add additional funding to the project in order to move forward, and selected an engineering consultant to work with the County on evaluation of two potential alternative routes after releasing another RFQ for an engineering consultant. The TIP was further updated in 2016 to reflect increased estimates for construction.

2.2. Transportation Plans and Land Use

2.2.1. Local Plans for the Project Area – A three-story, 65,145 square foot senior housing development with 58 units is proposed currently in the project area just east of I-87. A roadway to access the proposed development will need cross both the former O&W ROW and the U&D ROW. This roadway would affect both trail options. The housing development also proposes to utilize the O&W ROW for an emergency access road connecting the development to Washington Avenue. This emergency access road is to be donated to the County of Ulster upon authorization of right-of-way acquisition and would be available for trail use except during emergencies. The emergency access road would affect Option B-1. The housing project applicants are aware of the trail proposal as is the City of Kingston Planning Board. Final approvals have not yet been granted. In addition to the senior housing proposal, CHG&E, the local utility, is proposing to rebuild a portion of the circuits that occupy the O&W ROW where it currently has fee ownership. This re-construction is under the jurisdiction of the NYS Public Service Commission. This re-construction has the potential to impact Option B-1 of the trail project. CHG&E is aware of trail project.

2.2.1.1. Local Master Plan – Ulster County's Year 2040 Long Range Transportation Plan's goals and objectives include the following:

- System preservation
- Economic vitality
- · Safety
- · Security
- Mobility & Reliability
- Accessibility & Connectivity
- Protect & enhance the environment

This project will help to meet these objectives and is consistent with the Ulster County's Long Range Transportation Plan.

In addition to the Long Range Transportation Plan, Ulster County's Non-Motorized Transportation Plan (2008) strives to establish a "multiuse trail system that would be comparable to an interstate highway system for bicyclists and pedestrians countywide and connecting to adjacent counties." The three goals of the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan are: "Build a connected non-motorized transportation system in Ulster

County, Increase the number of people walking and bicycling for transportation and recreation in Ulster County, and Ensure public perception that Ulster County is making facilities and programs available for safer bicycling, walking, and trails." This project will help to achieve the goals of the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan.

2.2.1.2. Local Private Development Plans – At this time, there are no known local private development plans within the project area.

2.2.2. Transportation Corridor

2.2.2.1. Importance of the Project Route Segment –

<u>O&W Corridor</u>: The proposed rail trail along the O&W Railroad corridor, from the existing to the O&W Rail Trail on US Route 209 to Washington, would provide a connection between the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster, thus meeting one of Ulster County's goals laid out in the Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Additionally, the project segment would be constructed on the previously disturbed existing railroad ballast, thus preserving existing transportation systems and meeting another goal in Ulster County's LRTP.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> The proposed rail trail along US Route 209 and the U&D Railroad corridor, from the existing O&W Rail Trail to either Washington Avenue or extending to Kingston Plaza the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Fair Street, would provide a connection between the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster as well as utilize former transportation ROW and related infrastructure.

Both options would either connect to the existing sidewalk system at Washington Avenue or Kingston Plaza, thus providing a logical terminus location and allowing for the potential connection between the City of Kingston and future trail development.

2.2.2.2. Alternate Routes – There are no reasonable or feasible alternate routes to the two corridors being studied.

2.2.2.3. Corridor Deficiencies and Needs – The conditions of the O&W Railroad corridor as well as U&D Railroad corridor, in the project area were examined by field inspections on May 1, 2015. The existing railroad corridors would be fully accessible and fairly level, as well as provide a scenic trail route through the City of Kingston, the Town of Ulster, and the Town of Hurley.

To help identify key areas and major features along the corridors, a horizontal alignment has been established along the centerline of both proposed alternatives. Refer to Figure 3 for a location map of the project corridor.

O&W Corridor

The proposed O&W Corridor alignment will encroach on properties owned CHG&E and Ulster Savings Bank. The existing narrow grass path between the O&W Rail Trail parking lot and the I-87 underpass runs adjacent a series of utility poles. The project team has met with CHG&E and the designs of this project are continuously communicated to them to ensure adaptability and to ensure the construction of this trail results in no impacts to their power systems and access for maintenance. Adjacent to the I-87 underpass, the trail will cross a private commercial driveway, which will require signage and pavement markings. It is not expected that pedestrian crossing signals would be required at this location although cautionary signage will be installed.



Existing O&W Corridor (facing east)

Beyond the I-87 underpass, the alignment proceeds onto Ulster Savings Bank's ROW. The narrow grassed path between the underpass and Washington Avenue is heavily vegetated and runs adjacent to wetland areas.



Large wetland adjacent to the O&W Corridor (facing east)

Existing narrow path along O&W Corridor (facing west)

Trail Needs:

The proposed segment, when completed, would provide a continuous regional trail system connecting the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail, which links to the Towns of Hurley, Marbletown and Rochester. The trail would contribute to Ulster County's goal of creating a seamless, interconnected non-motorized trail network throughout the county with multiple points of connectivity. The proposed trail width, under either option will need to be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width and of a durable and fully accessible surface. (See Appendix A for typical sections).

Surface Needs:

The proposed multi-use trail needs to be ADA compliant and fully accessible and available for all modes of non-motorized transportation. In order to provide continuity within the O&W Rail Trail, the surface treatment of the proposed trail should match the adjacent and abutting systems. It is likely that asphalt concrete pavement will be the surface of choice as it will be consistent with the abutting trail network. (See Appendix A for trail typical sections).

Bridge and Road Crossing Needs:

The proposed O&W alignment would require improvements to minor bridges already existing along the corridor. There are two (2) steel and timber structures used for maintenance vehicle access, with stone abutments located along the preferred alignment. Rehabilitation of the structures is necessary and the extent of rehabilitation will be detailed during Final Design.

The trail will need to pass under I-87 through the existing underpass at Milepost 90.64. There is no work expected to be required on the I-87 underpass.



Steel and Timber Bridge along the O&W Corridor

The proposed option will require a mid-block crossing at a private road, adjacent to the I-87 underpass. The crossing will include signage and pavement markings to provide a clearly defined crossing and high visibility to motorists. A road crossing at Washington Avenue to connect the trail to the existing sidewalk system on the east side of Washington Ave is available at Schwenk Drive. This discussion is included in Chapter 3.

Drainage Needs:

The major drainage needs are primarily in low lying portions of the corridor where over time sheet flow into these areas has developed into rills and concentrated flow causing erosion and movement of soil. There are areas that stormwater from adjacent parcels are improperly draining onto the ROW as well. There are cross culverts along the O&W Corridor east of the substation that are deteriorated and partially collapsed. There is a large box culvert with signs of erosion and scour at the outlet. Each structure will be assessed to determine if rehabilitation or replacement is necessary during the design process and the appropriate permit obtained (if required). It is not expected that the existing substructures will require replacement. Drainage paths and established conveyance of stormwater runoff that currently exists within the rail bed corridor will be maintained as feasible. Improved outfall conditions and erosion protection and other best management practices will be implemented to collect and divert water to designed outfalls.





Outlet of large box culvert along O&W Corridor

Trail washout along O&W Corridor near substation

Parking/Information System Needs:

Signage and interpretive information, including maps and trail safety rules, would be needed for the proposed trail segment to maintain the continuity of the trail system and the destinations it links. Ulster County is utilizing the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot as a key parking area and trail entry node at the western terminus. Additional trailhead parking will be developed at Washington Avenue and parking amenities and orientation signage will be needed.

Landscape Needs:

Clearing of some existing shrubs and selective removal of trees would be required in order to provide adequate vertical and horizontal clearance for the trail, and provide viewsheds at optimal locations and sight distance at road and driveway crossings. Parking lot landscaping will be needed for delineation and managed parking at the trailheads.

U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW

The U&D Corridor alternative would begin at the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot adjacent to US Route 209 and would cross the Esopus Creek via a new pedestrian structure adjacent to US Route 209.

From the Esopus Creek, the trail would proceed north, parallel to US Route 209 along the east side within the highway ROW, to the intersection of the U&D Railroad corridor after crossing the existing driveway for the New York State Police Kingston barracks. This section is flat and free of vegetation with enough right-of-way width to provide at least 25 feet of offset from Route 209. The trail would then proceed east along the existing U&D Railroad corridor toward Kingston. This area is relatively level but the existing railroad ballast is elevated and narrow as it was constructed as a single-track corridor. The multi-use trail would be constructed on the elevated ballast and across the C9 Railroad Trestle bridge.



Intersection of U&D Railroad and US Route 209 (facing west)

U&D Railroad (facing east)

Trail Needs:

This alternative would provide a continuous regional trail system connecting the City of Kingston to the Towns of Hurley, Marbletown, and Rochester meeting Ulster County's goal of creating a seamless non-motorized trail network throughout the county. The City of Kingston's Greenline Project and future County trail development will also help to further link this project with other County rail trails.

Surface Needs:

The proposed multi-use trail needs to be ADA compliant and fully accessible for all modes of non-motorized transportation. In order to provide continuity within the O&W Rail Trail, the surface treatment of the proposed multi-use trail needs to match the asphalt pavement construction of the existing abutting trail segment (See Appendix A for trail typical sections).

Bridge and Road Crossing Needs:

In order to create a continuous multi-use route, the trail would need to cross the Esopus Creek in two (2) locations and pass under I-87 through the existing underpass at Milepost 90.68. A new pedestrian/bicycle structure spanning approximately 280 feet in length would be required adjacent to the existing structure which carries US Route 209 over the Esopus Creek.

B&L structural engineers have investigated adding an additional lane to the existing US Route 209 bridge by widening it to the east. Review of the original construction plans and bridge inspection records have determined that due to the existing bridge superstructure configuration and construction, adding an additional lane or attaching to the outside (eastern side) bridge girder is not structurally feasible without substantial and expensive modifications. Therefore, a separate independent structure would be required to cross the Esopus Creek.

The existing U&D Railroad bridge (also known as the C9 Bridge) would need to be rehabilitated and adapted in order for the multi-use trail to cross the Esopus Creek a second time. This 3-span, truss structure extends approximately 300 feet. Additionally, depending on which eastern terminus is the most feasible, the proposed route may cross Washington Avenue and terminate at the existing sidewalk system on the east side of Washington Avenue or extend to Kingston Plaza. A discussion on the extension to Kingston Plaza is included in Chapter 3.



Existing U&D Railroad Bridge (facing east)



Proposed location of new pedestrian bridge (facing north)

Drainage Needs:

There are no noticeable drainage needs such as the mitigation of washouts or significant erosion taking place along the U&D Corridor. Improved stormwater outfall conditions, erosion protection, slope stabilization, and other best management practices would be implemented to collect and convey stormwater along the existing swales and to sheet flow conditions.

Parking/Information System Needs:

Signage and interpretive information, including maps and safety suggestions/rules, would be needed for the proposed trail segment to maintain the continuity of the trail system and the destinations it links. The existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot would be a key parking area and trail entry node at the western terminus. Additional trailhead parking would be developed at either Washington Avenue or Kingston Plaza, depending on which alternate terminus is selected. Parking amenities and orientation signage would also be needed.



Possible location for trailhead parking along Wash. Ave.

Landscape Needs:

Clearing of minor amounts of vegetation, including scrub-brush and trees, would be required to provide adequate clearance to the trail, develop viewsheds at scenic locations, and provide improved sight distance at road and driveway crossings.

2.2.2.4. Transportation Plans – This project is on the approved 2017-2020 NYSDOT Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

2.2.2.5. Abutting Trail Segments and Future Plans for Abutting Trail Segments -

Option B-1, (O&W Corridor) and Option B-2, (U&D Corridor) at the western terminus would connect to the existing O&W Rail Trail, a 10 ft. wide asphalt paved trail, which extends from the Esopus Creek at the Hurley town limit to the O&W Rail Trail in the Towns of Marbletown and Rochester. The western terminus will also provide access to the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot on US Route 209. There are three (3) potential links to the O&W trail at the western terminus. These are discussed in Chapter 3.

The project objective for the eastern terminus of the project is to extend to at least Washington Avenue (State Bicycle Route 28) with an alternative connection extending to the Kingston Plaza. Extension of the trail to the Kingston Plaza would provide connectivity with the Kingston Greenline and other County trails, including the future Ulster County Rail Trail Project, also known as the "Kingston Midtown Linear Park." As the proposed project is progressed through the preliminary design process, the eastern terminus will be determined based on many factors as discussed in Chapter 3. Under Option B-1, the O&W Corridor may terminate at the intersection with Washington Avenue or cross Washington Avenue via a traffic control device and connect to the sidewalk system on the east side of Washington Avenue or extend across Washington Avenue, follow the U&D Corridor and connect to the sidewalk system and existing public parking areas at Kingston Plaza. Under Option B-2, the U&D Corridor would extend from US Route 209 to Kingston Plaza. Crossing Washington Avenue is included in each option at the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Washington Ave.

2.3. Transportation Conditions, Deficiencies and Engineering Considerations

2.3.1. Traffic and Safety Operations and Maintenance Operations

2.3.1.1. Functional Classification and National Highway System (NHS) -

Exhibit 2.3.1.1 Classification Data			
Route(s)	US Route 209	Washington Avenue	
Functional Classification	Urban Principal Arterial	Urban Minor Arterial	
National Highway System (NHS)	Yes	Yes	
Designated Truck Access Route	Yes	Yes	
Qualifying Highway	Yes	Yes	
Within 1.0 mile of a Qualifying Highway	Yes	Yes	
Within the 16 ft. vertical clearance network	No	No	

2.3.1.2. Control of Access – US Route 209 and Washington Avenue within the project limits are not access controlled.

<u>O&W Corridor</u> is an abandoned railroad corridor that is not developed and can be accessed without restriction at the western terminus, private properties, the private road for Adirondack Trailways, and Washington Avenue.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u> will proceed north, parallel to US Route 209, and then proceed east along the county-owned U&D Corridor. The entire project corridor can be accessed, without restriction, at US Route 209, the private road for Adirondack Transit Lines, Washington Avenue, and at Kingston Plaza.

2.3.1.3. Traffic Control Devices –

<u>O&W Corridor</u>: There are no traffic control devices within the corridor limits.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u>: There are rail crossing signs located on US Route 209, the private commercial driveway adjacent to I-87, and on Washington Avenue. The rail crossing signs on US Route 209 are equipped with beacons where the U&D Railroad crosses.

2.3.1.4. Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) – There are no ITS systems in operation or planned for the project area.

2.3.1.5. Speeds and Delay – Existing speed and delay data was not collected for this project as the proposed Kingston Rail Trail is located on an abandoned railroad bed and is isolated from vehicular traffic. There are no on-road segments proposed for any phase of this project.

There are two (2) roadways located within the project limits. The speed limit for US Route 209, located near the western terminus for both options, is posted at 55 mph. The posted speed limit for Washington Avenue, located at the eastern terminus and proposed trailhead, is 30 mph.

2.3.1.6. Traffic Volumes – Traffic data was not collected for this project because the proposed option will be constructed along a railroad bed and, with the exception of at-grade road crossings, is isolated from vehicular traffic. There are no on-road segments proposed for this project.

2.3.1.6.(1) Existing traffic volumes -

Ulster County compiled the traffic data from the NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer and provided the existing traffic volumes for the project area. The data for Washington Avenue was collected in July of 2010 and the study area was between the intersection of Washington Avenue and Hurley Avenue and the Town of Ulster limit. The information indicates an existing AADT of 22,010 vehicles (2010).

Traffic data was also collected for US Route 209 in December of 2012. The study area was from Wynkoop Road to Route 28. The data indicates an existing two-way AADT of 13,789 vehicles.

A check of the NYSDOT Traffic Data Viewer for Schwenk Drive indicates an existing two-way AADT of 11,850 vehicles. The study was conducted in April of 2013 and the study area for Schwenk Drive is between Washington Avenue and Clinton Avenue.

See Appendix C for traffic data information.

2.3.1.6.(2) Future no-build design year traffic volume forecasts – Not applicable

2.3.1.7. Level of Service and Mobility – Not applicable

2.3.1.8. Safety Considerations, Crash History and Analysis – A significant concern expressed at the PIM was providing a dedicated crossing at the eastern terminus at Washington Avenue. To address the concern, a fully actuated standard traffic signal at the intersection of Washington Avenue and the entrances to the Super 8 Hotel and Ulster Savings Bank was considered. This intersection location, adjacent to the proposed parking area and trailhead, provides the opportunity to connect the new trail to the existing sidewalks along the east side of Washington Ave. The traffic signal would control all four vehicular approach legs, including crosswalks, pedestrian signal heads, and countdown timers, to provide dedicated signal phases for all pedestrian and vehicular movements through the intersection. Upon further review, the proposed traffic and pedestrian signals have been removed from consideration at the Washington Ave and Ulster Savings Bank Driveway due to the close proximity of the Washington Ave and Schwenk Drive traffic signal (approximately 700 ft.), required lane modifications to Washington Ave, and the associated costs involved with the installation of the traffic signal.

Accident history was requested for the roadway segments within the project area. According to the accident data, there were approximately 100 accidents adjacent to the project area within the 3-year period between October 2011 and February 2015. Of those accidents, there were two (2) accidents that were related to pedestrians and zero (0) accidents related to roadway geometry. The majority of vehicular accidents was caused by left turn, right turn, right angle, overtaking, rear end, head on, and sideswipe collisions. The accidents involving pedestrians occurred because the pedestrian was attempting to cross the street at a location other than an intersection. Although an accident analysis was not performed, it is apparent that there were no accidents that would have the potential to create problems for future pedestrians and bicyclists.

2.3.1.9. Existing Police, Fire Protection, and Ambulance Access – The City of Kingston is serviced by the Mobile Life Support Services, City of Kingston Fire & Rescue Services, the Kingston Police Department, the Ulster County Sheriff's Office, and the New York State Police.

The Town of Ulster is serviced by the Town of Ulster Police Department, the Ulster County Sheriff's Office, the New York State Police, the Bloomington Fire Department, the East Kingston Fire Department, the Ruby Fire Department, the Spring Lake Fire Department, and Ulster Hose #5.

The Town of Hurley is serviced by the Hurley Fire Department, the West Hurley Fire Department, Ulster County Sheriff's Office, and the New York State Police. There are currently no specific restrictions on police, fire, and ambulance access on the roadways in the project area.

2.3.1.10. Parking Regulations and Parking Related Conditions – Parking is not permitted along US Route 209 or Washington Avenue within the project corridor.

The western terminus for the project will tie into the existing O&W Rail Trail where a parking lot of approximately 20 spaces is located on US Route 209 adjacent to the Esopus Creek.

2.3.1.11. Lighting – Lighting does not exist within the existing O&W Corridor or U&D Corridor. There is no lighting along US Route 209, but street lights are located along Washington Avenue and Schwenk Drive.

2.3.1.12. Ownership and Maintenance Jurisdiction – See Appendix D for table of Maintenance Jurisdiction.

2.3.2. Multimodal

2.3.2.1. Pedestrians – There are no existing accommodations for pedestrians throughout the project area. Pedestrians may utilize various on-street routes within the project area, providing connections to surrounding communities, landmarks, parks, schools, and other multi-use trails.

2.3.2.2. Bicyclists – Bicyclists may utilize various on-street routes throughout the project area, providing connections to surrounding communities, landmarks, parks, schools, and other multi-use trails. Washington Avenue is designated as State Bicycle Route 28, and the proposed project will provide a connection between the O&W Rail Trail, along US Route 209, and Washington Avenue.

2.3.2.3. Transit – The Ulster County Area Transit (UCAT) operates the Kingston to Ellenville route, utilizing US Route 209 which connects Ellenville, Kerhonkson, Hurley, and Kingston. Adirondack Transit Lines is a private transit operator which provides service along the Washington Avenue corridor.

2.3.2.4. Airports, Railroad Stations, and Ports -

<u>O&W Corridor</u>: This corridor is an abandoned railroad bed and has not been in service since 1957 when a bankruptcy judge ordered liquidation and the railroad was shut down. There are no existing railroad crossings or connections to operational rail lines.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> This abandoned railroad corridor is owned by Ulster County and has not run freight or regular passenger service in more than four decades. The corridor is currently permitted for use to a private, tourism railroad operator, which, during certain weekends, runs tourist passenger trains from Kingston Plaza to the Town of Ulster.

There are no airports or port entrances within the project limits.

2.3.2.5. Access to Recreation Areas (Parks, Trails, Waterways, State Lands) – The proposed western terminus of both the O&W and the U&D Corridors is a connection with the existing O&W Rail Trail along US Route 209.



O&W Rail Trail parking lot (South along US Route 209)

There are two options for the eastern terminus. The first extends from Washington Avenue to Kingston Plaza, at the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Fair Street, and the second terminates at Washington Avenue. Both termini include a potential trailhead near Kingston Plaza or on the west side of Washington Avenue under the two options respectively.

2.3.3. Infrastructure

2.3.3.1. Existing Highway and Trail Section

2.3.3.1.(1) Right-of-Way (ROW) -

- (a) <u>O&W Corridor</u> Since the abandonment of the Railroad, the O&W Corridor was sold to private landowners and, as a result, the available ROW width is not consistent throughout the project limits. Central Hudson Gas & Electric owns the portion of the O&W between the O&W Rail Trail and the I-87 underpass. Impacts to landowners adjacent to the existing O&W Corridor, such as Adirondack Transit Lines, will be minimized as much as feasible. Ulster Savings Bank owns the portion of the O&W between the I-87 underpass and Washington Avenue.
- (b) <u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u> the U&D Railroad corridor is owned by Ulster County and is permitted for use by a private, part-time tourism railroad operator. US Route 209 is owned and maintained by NYSDOT.

2.3.3.1.(2) Lanes and Shoulders -

- (a) Trail Corridor There are no existing defined lanes or shoulders along the unpaved O&W or U&D Railroad corridors. The existing O&W Railroad corridor is currently used and maintained as an informal trail for walkers, joggers, and mountain bikers. The underlying land owners have allowed public access along the unimproved corridor.
- (b) US Route 209 consists of two (2) 12 ft. lanes with 10 ft. shoulders.
- (c) Washington Avenue consists of four (4) 12 ft. lanes with a 6 ft. shoulder on the west side and 1 ft. shoulder with curb on the east side.

2.3.3.1.(3) Curbed/Uncurbed – There is no existing curbing along either potential trail corridors. The only location where there is existing curbing within the project limits is along the east side of Washington Avenue.

2.3.3.1.(4) Median – No medians exist within the project limits.

2.3.3.1.(5) Grades and Curves –

<u>O&W Corridor:</u> The trail corridor is located on an abandoned railroad and the grades are fairly level with gradual horizontal curves. Over time, the existing corridor has received little to no surface repairs which have resulted in minor undulations. There are no existing non-standard trail grades or curves within the project limits.



Approximate grade along existing O&W Corridor

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> This corridor is located adjacent to US Route 209 and proceeds on an existing rail bed. The grades are fairly level with gradual horizontal curves. There are no existing non-standard trail grades or curves within the project limits.



Horizontal curve and approximate grade along existing U&D Corridor

In situations where grades exceed 5.0% for short sections, the following grade and distance restrictions will be utilized:

- 5-6% for up to 800 ft.
- 7% for up to 400 ft.
- 8% for up to 300 ft.
- 9% for up to 200 ft.
- 10% for up to 100 ft.
- 11+% for up to 50 ft.

Additional discussions on these two options are in Section 3.3.3.1.(5).

2.3.3.1.(6) Intersection Geometry and Conditions - There are no existing trail intersections within the project limits. However, there are two (2) locations where the proposed trail alignments cross existing vehicular roadways. Both the O&W and U&D Corridors cross the private roadway for the Adirondack Transit Lines/ Pointe of Praise Church and Washington Avenue. Traffic volumes on the private roadway are very low and sight distance is adequate based on the project's design criteria.

The grade of the existing terrain at the intersection with Washington Avenue is fairly level and, therefore, sight distance is adequate. Washington Avenue is a heavily trafficked (AADT > 22,000 vehicles), four-lane, urban minor arterial roadway. A discussion about different traffic control devices to assist potential trail users with crossing Washington Avenue is included in the Section 3.3.1.3.(1).

2.3.3.1.(7) Parking – Parking is restricted along US Route 209 and Washington Avenue within the project corridor. At the terminus of the existing O&W Rail Trail adjacent to the Esopus Creek, there is a parking lot consisting of approximately 20 spaces.

2.3.3.1.(8) Roadside Elements -

- (a) Snow Storage There are no defined snow storage areas within the project area. Snow storage is generally accommodated adjacent to the roadways.
- (b) Sidewalks There are no sidewalks within the project limits
- (c) Driveways There is one private access driveway within the project limits for Option B-1 and one private driveway within the project limits for Option B-2.

<u>O&W Corridor</u> – The proposed multi-use trail will cross an access path to a pump house, located on Rolling Meadows Water Corporation ("Rolling Meadows") property, which is accessed on a daily basis by maintenance trucks.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u> – The proposed route for Option B-2, U&D will run parallel to US Route 209 along the east side. The route will cross the driveway for the NY State Police Kingston barracks.

(d) Clear Zone - The existing clear zone width for the O&W Railroad corridor is approximately 3 - 5 ft. The objects defining the clear zone are trees and other vegetation, slope, and rock cuts.

The existing clear zone width for the U&D Railroad corridor is approximately 10 ft. The objects defining the clear zone are trees, vegetation and steep slopes.

The existing clear zone width for US Route 209 is approximately 50' in areas not shielded by guiderail.

2.3.3.2. Geometric Design Elements Not Meeting Standards

2.3.3.2.(1) Critical Design Elements – There are no non-standard multi-use trail features for both option alignments.

2.3.3.2.(2) Other Design Parameters - There are no non-conforming features for both option alignments.

2.3.3.3. Pavement and Shoulder – The existing railroad project corridor does not contain any existing pavement or shoulders.

2.3.3.4. Drainage Systems

2.3.3.4.(1) Type - O&W Railroad Corridor:

From the alternate western terminus at the underpass below US Route 209 to the access path to the pump house, the existing O&W Corridor utilizes fill slopes to allow water to runoff into the adjacent wetlands or vegetated areas. The profile is generally flat with grades less than 1%. The access path connecting the O&W Corridor to the water pump house, which is another option for the proposed trail to tie into the existing O&W Rail Trail, also utilizes fill slopes along both sides in order to allow water to flow into the adjacent vegetated areas or wetlands. From the pump house access path to the substation, the trail is between a cut slope on the east side and a fill slope on the west side. Water flows across the trail and down the fill slope into the Esopus Creek. There are no clearly defined ditches along the cut slope and as a result, stormwater runoff has developed its own conveyance ditches, rills, and gullies. A clearly defined ditch will need to be installed along the cut slope in order ensure consistent positive drainage flow to proper outfalls. From the substation to the existing underpass below I-87, the side slopes transition to fill slopes along both sides of the existing path. Water flows off the path and down the existing embankments. The existing culverts installed in this area will be investigated further to determine whether or not they are functioning satisfactorily. The profile remains generally level throughout. Once passing under I-87, the existing path remains elevated with fill slopes along both sides which allow water to flow into the adjacent vegetated areas or wetlands. The profile remains generally flat with grades less than 1%.

U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:

The area along the east side of US Route 209 consists of an unobstructed flat grassed area, approximately 65 ft. in width. Currently, water flows off US Route 209 and infiltrates within the grassed area. The profile throughout this section is gently sloping to level with grades of approximately 1% or less. The proposed trail would follow the U&D Railroad corridor from US Route 209 to the project terminus at either Washington Avenue or Kingston Plaza. The profile throughout the rail corridor is also generally level with grades of approximately 1% or less. Between US Route 209 and the I-87 underpass, the corridor is comprised of railroad ballast, rails and ties narrowly built up on steep embankments. A portion of the stormwater infiltrates the railroad ballast and eventually is conveyed to the embankment slopes and the agricultural fields. However, in most locations the ballast is clogged or partially clogged, with soil and other organic matter. This causes stormwater to pond between the existing rails.



Vegetation on U&D Railroad corridor (looking east)

Between the I-87 overpass and Washington Avenue, the existing railroad corridor exhibits similar characteristics. The corridor is elevated with steep fill slopes along both sides. There is an excess amount of vegetation growing on the ballast as well as along the side slopes. This organic material would need to be removed from the ballast to provide a stable, sustainable base for an asphalt paved trail. Once stormwater runoff drains from the elevated areas, it is conveyed to the wooded areas or wetlands adjacent to the corridor through depressions and swales and along the toe of the embankment.

2.3.3.4.(2) Condition/Deterioration - The existing drainage system along the O&W Corridor is generally in good condition with isolated areas of erosion, side slope failures, and subgrade settlement. A defined drainage system is needed to collect and convey water effectively and properly through the trail corridor.

The existing drainage system along US Route 209 and the U&D Corridor appears to be functioning satisfactorily with minor issues at isolated locations. There does not appear to be any significant areas of drainage system deterioration along the corridor.

2.3.3.5. Geotechnical – There are no known special geotechnical concerns with the soils or rock slopes within the project area.

2.3.3.6. Structure –

2.3.3.6.(1) Description:

Option B-1 –O&W Railroad Corridor:

There is one (1) existing bridge within the project limits along the O&W Railroad Corridor, as described below;

(a) <u>I-87 over the O&W Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25</u>

Located at approximately Sta. OW 89+25, the abandoned rail bed crosses under I-87 at Milepost 90.64 by way of a single span, multiple steel girder superstructure supported on concrete substructures. Under the bridge, the horizontal clearance between abutment faces is greater than 16 ft., and the vertical clearance below the beam low chord is approximately 20 ft.



I-87 over the existing O&W Railroad corridor (looking east)

Option B-2 – U&D Railroad Corridor:

Option B-2 has two (2) existing structures within the project limits along the U&D Railroad corridor, as described below:

(a) U&D Railroad Corridor over the Esopus Creek – Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50

Located at approximately Sta. UD 71+50, the U&D Railroad corridor is carried over the Esopus Creek by Ulster County Rail Bridge C9. The existing bridge consists of three (3) spans; one (1) steel through truss span and two (2) multiple steel girder spans. The superstructure is supported on a combination of concrete and stone masonry substructures. The steel truss has a span of approximately 215 ft. and the adjacent multiple steel girder sections have spans of approximately 44.5 ft. Controlled by the truss span, the existing bridge has a horizontal clearance of approximately 14 ft. and a vertical clearance of approximately 20 ft.



U&D Railroad corridor over the Esopus Creek (Bridge C9)

(b) Interstate 87 over the U&D Railroad Corridor - Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:

Located at approximately Sta. UD 80+25, the abandoned rail bed crosses under I-87 by way of a single span, multiple steel girder superstructure supported on concrete substructures. Under the bridge, the horizontal clearance between abutment faces is greater than 16 ft. and the vertical clearance below the beam low chord is approximately 20 ft.



I-87 over existing U&D Railroad corridor (looking east)

2.3.3.6.(2) Clearances (Horizontal/Vertical):

Option B-1 – Multi-Use Trail along the O&W Railroad Corridor

(a) I-87 over the O&W Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25

The horizontal clearance at the existing underpass, between concrete abutment faces, is greater than 16 ft. The vertical clearance at the existing underpass, above the abandoned rail bed to the steel beam low chord elevation, is greater than 20 ft.

Option B-2 – Multi-Use Trail along the U&D Railroad Corridor

(a) U&D Railroad Corridor over the Esopus Creek – Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50

The horizontal clearance at the existing truss structure is approximately 14 ft. The vertical clearance at the existing truss, controlled by the top chord lateral bracing, is approximately 20 ft.

(b) I-87 over the U&D Railroad corridor – Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:

The horizontal clearance at the existing underpass, between concrete abutment faces, is greater than 16 ft. The vertical clearance at the existing underpass, above the abandoned rail bed to the steel beam low chord, is greater than 20 ft.

2.3.3.6.(3) History & Deficiencies -

Option B-1 – Multi-Use Trail along the O&W Railroad Corridor

(a) <u>I-87 over the O&W Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25</u>

NYSDOT inventory or other record information for the bridge states that the structure was constructed in 1953 and last inspected in July of 2014. A detailed discussion of the condition and deficiencies of the structure is included in Section 2.3.3.6.(4).

Option B-2 – Multi-Use Trail along the U&D Railroad Corridor

(a) <u>U&D Railroad Corridor over the Esopus Creek – Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50</u>

Record plans for the existing bridge are not available; however the structure is reported to be approximately 100 years old. The private tourism railroad operator performed significant structural repairs on the bridge and reconstructed the deck between 2011 and 2012.

(b) <u>I-87 over the U&D Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:</u>

NYSDOT inventory or other record information for the bridge states that the structure was constructed in 1953 and last inspected in July of 2014. A detailed discussion of the condition and deficiencies of the structure is included in Section 2.3.3.6.(4).

2.3.3.6.(4) Inspection –

Option B-1 – Multi-Use Trail along the O&W Railroad Corridor

(a) <u>I-87 over the O&W Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25</u>

According to the bridge data provided by the NYSDOT, the structure was last inspected in July of 2014 and received a NYS condition rating of 4.76 which is considered deficient according to

the NYSDOT. A deficient condition rating indicates minor deterioration that requires corrective rehabilitation to restore the structure.

Option B-2 – Multi-Use Trail along the U&D Railroad Corridor

(a) <u>U&D Railroad Corridor over the Esopus Creek – Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50</u>

This bridge is not included on the NYSDOT Biennial Inspection; however it has been evaluated several times by County Engineers and engineering consultants. Records indicate the bridge was last inspected in November 2016 by Peak Engineering, PLLC. The bridge was found to be in good condition and adequate to carry locomotive loading as approved in a previously completed load ratings. Maintenance items were recommended to keep the bridge functioning.

(b) I-87 over the U&D Railroad Corridor – Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:

According to the bridge data provided by the NYSDOT, the structure was last inspected in July of 2014 and received a NYS condition rating of 4.78 which is considered deficient according to the NYSDOT.

2.3.3.6.(5) Restrictions – There are no load postings or other restrictions at any of the structures.

2.3.3.6.(6) Future Conditions – No actions are proposed for the structures that carry I-87 over the O&W and U&D Railroad corridors. These structures are owned and maintained by NYS. If no actions are taken for the Ulster County Rail Bridge C9, the bridge would continue to deteriorate and require regular maintenance to keep the bridge operational for occasional locomotive loading.

2.3.3.6.(7) Waterway – There is one (1) waterway within the project limits that is classified as a navigable waterway according to New York State Law known as the lower Esopus Creek, which flows from the Ashokan Reservoir and into the Hudson River Estuary. The overall appearance and characteristics of the Esopus Creek will remain unchanged as a result of this project. The Lower Esopus has been designated as an inland waterway under the NYS Coastal Zone Program.

2.3.3.7. Hydraulics of Bridges and Culverts – A hydraulic analysis was not required to evaluate the existing bridges. There are no known special hydraulic concerns with the project limits and the proposed project is not anticipated to have any effects of the hydraulics of the Esopus Creek. If modifications to the existing bridges, that would affect the existing hydraulic functions, are required, or the construction of any new bridges are required, a hydraulic analysis would be prepared.

2.3.3.8. Guide Railing, Median Barriers, and Impact Attenuators –

Along the O&W Corridor, there is one location of guiderail within the project limits. See Exhibit 2.3.3.8(1) below for a summary of the existing guide railing. Rail is also located along the Adirondack Transit Lines commercial driveway. Sections of W-beam rail are located along both the eastern and western sides of the driveway. The rail system appears to be functioning as designed in shielding errant vehicles from the adjacent wetlands and fixed objects (utility poles).

Exhibit - 2.3.3.8(1) Existing Guide Railing				
Type Location/Side Approx. Length				
W-Beam Guide Rail	Commercial driveway (west side)	330 ft.		
W-Section Guide Rail	Commercial driveway (east side)	565 ft.		

Median barrier and impact attenuators are not present within the project limits.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> There are two locations of varying types of guiderail within the project limits. See Exhibit 2.3.3.8(2) below for a summary of the existing guide railing. Along US Route

209, there is one (1) segment of box beam guide rail within the project limits. The guiderail is located along US Route 209 at the existing bridge over the Esopus Creek. The apparent intended use is to shield errant vehicles from the steep embankment. The guiderail appears to be functioning as designed.

Guide rail is also located along the Adirondack Transit Lines commercial driveway. Sections of W-beam rail are located along both the eastern and western sides of the driveway. The railing appears to be present to shield errant vehicles from adjacent wetlands and utility poles and appears to be functioning as designed.

Median barrier and impact attenuators are not located within the project limits.

Exhibit - 2.3.3.8(2) Existing Guide Railing				
Type Location/Side Approx. Length				
Box Beam Guide Rail	US Route 209 at bridge over Esopus Creek (East side)	650 ft.		
W-Beam Guide Rail	330 ft.			
W-Section Guide Rail	Commercial driveway (east side)	565 ft.		

2.3.3.9. Utilities -

Along the O&W Corridor, CHG&E owns and maintains overhead electric lines along the abandoned railbed and is in the process of design upgrades and possible relocation of the existing lines and supporting structures. The Rolling Meadows Water Company also maintains water lines that cross the O&W corridor. These are the only known utilities located within the project corridor.

Exhibit - 2.3.3.9 Existing Utilities				
Owner Type Location				
CHG&E	Overhead Electric	Parallels O&W Corridor		
Rolling Meadows Water Co.	Underground Transmission Line	Runs parallel to access path to the pump house		

Along the U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW, there are no known utilities located within the project corridor.

2.3.3.10. Railroad Facilities -

<u>O&W Corridor</u>: The existing O&W Railroad corridor is an abandoned railroad corridor and has not been used as such since 1957 when a bankruptcy judge ordered liquidation and termination. There are no existing railroad crossings or connections to operational rail lines.

<u>U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> The existing U&D Railroad corridor within the project limits is permitted for use from Ulster County to a private tourism railroad operator through December 2020. The operator occasionally runs tourist passengers from Kingston Plaza, through the City of Kingston to the Town of Ulster and returns. It is anticipated that railroad operations will remain in the U&D Corridor based on an Ulster County Legislature policy passed in December 2015.

2.3.4. Landscape and Environmental Enhancement Opportunities –

2.3.4.1. Landscape

2.3.4.1.(1) Terrain – The terrain along both the O&W and U&D rail corridors is primarily level and gradually descends as the trail proceeds east towards the City of Kingston. The project area can generally be classified as "rolling" terrain.

2.3.4.1.(2) Unusual Weather Conditions - The project area is located within the northern temperate climate zones and can undergo severe winters and summer heat waves; however, specific trail features will not be required to account for unusual climatic conditions. Portions of both trail corridors lie within the 100 year flood plain.

2.3.4.1.(3) Visual Resources – The proposed project follows either the abandoned O&W Railroad corridor or US Route 209 and U&D Railroad corridor. Both options pass through various land uses and natural environments such as farms, forests and wetlands.

2.3.4.2. Opportunities for Environmental Improvements – All attempts to provide improvements to the environment, in accordance with the funding and scope of the project, will be completed.

CHAPTER 3 – ALTERNATIVES

This chapter discusses the alternatives considered and examines the engineering aspects for all feasible alternatives to address project objectives in Chapter 1 of this report.

3.1. Alternatives (and Segments) Considered and Eliminated from Further Study

Null Alternative (Alternative A) – Under this alternative, a trail corridor would not be delineated or established. The Null (no action) Alternative does not meet the project objectives and is not consistent with the vision of Ulster County, the project funding, and the IPP; therefore, it is not considered feasible and is removed from any further project consideration.

Washington Avenue to Kingston Plaza Segment – Option B-1 (O&W Corridor)

A segment of the project includes extending the trail from Washington Avenue to Kingston Plaza under Option B-1, O&W Corridor. This additional segment, which would extend from the current eastern terminus location at Washington Avenue, over the existing active U&D railroad line, to Kingston Plaza, has been determined not to be feasible at this time due the tourism railroad operations, right-of-way encroachments and impacts, the potential schedule implications from railroad concerns and right-of-way, and estimated construction costs. The estimated cost to extend the trail from the east side of Washington Avenue to Kingston Plaza would cost approximately \$375,000.

•	Earthwork and Clearing	\$ 30,000
	Pavement Structure (Base & Asphalt)	\$ 75,000
	Guiderail & Fence	\$ 20,000
	Drainage, Lighting	\$ 20,000
	Work Zone Traffic Control	\$ 20,000
•	Landscaping and Vegetation	\$ 15,000
•	Signage	\$ 10,000
•	Contingencies (15%)	\$ 50,000
•	Survey and ROW Mapping	\$ 20,000
•	Engineering	\$ 35,000
•	Construction Inspection & Administration	\$ 35,000
•	Right of Way	\$ 45,000
	Total Estimated Costs:	\$375,000

This segment has been dismissed from the project at this time. However, the proposed project will not preclude the development of this section when funding is available and/or policy updates are concluded.

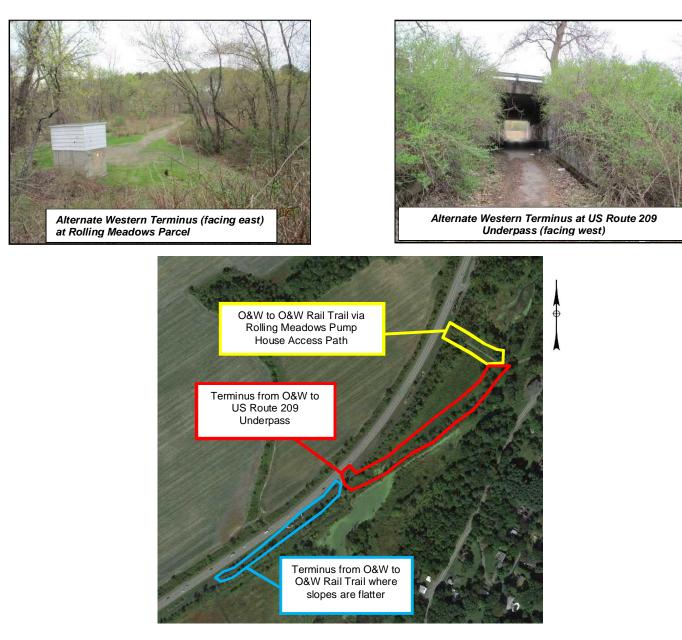
3.2. Feasible Build Alternatives

3.2.1. Description of Feasible Alternatives

Dedicated Multi-Use Trail along the former O&W Railroad Corridor (Option B-1, O&W Corridor) – The proposed alternative would follow the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad corridor for 1.8 miles from the existing O&W Rail Trail, located along US Route 209, through the existing I-87 underpass, to Washington Avenue (State Bicycle Route 28) in Kingston. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue. The total length of the proposed alternative is 1.8 miles. This proposed alternative would require Right-of-Way acquisitions and easements from CHG&E, Adirondack Transit Lines, and Ulster Savings Bank.

The O&W option has three possible western termini locations. One possibility is for the trail to connect to the O&W Rail Trail via an access path that leads to a pump house on the Rolling

Meadows Right-of-Way (See below). The second location is for the trail to run parallel to the existing O&W Rail Trail for a short segment along the O&W Corridor in order to terminate near the existing underpass below US Route 209 (see below). This option would allow for future possible extensions of the trail on the west side of US Route 209. This option would also include a connection to the O&W Rail Trail accomplished by traversing the slope adjacent to the underpass structure. Due to the elevation difference between the O&W Rail Trail and the proposed trail elevation at the US Route 209 underpass, a third option was investigated that extends the trail further south where the grade separation is less and connecting to the existing O&W Rail Trail may be more reasonable and feasible.



The existing terrain between the underpass and the Rolling Meadows access path is level, but narrow and heavily overgrown. There are wetland areas along both sides of the existing path.

The investigated western terminus for Option B-1, O&W Corridor, that utilizes Rolling Meadows ROW, is not considered feasible due to schedule, cost, and potential environmental impacts. To accomplish the rise in grade, a substantial amount of embankment material would be required that would impact wetlands and the existing floodplain impacts. This western terminus option was also

eliminated from further study since it would impact an existing water pump station and associated well heads, and involves right-of-way impacts.

The alternate western terminus for Option B-1 that extends to the flatter slopes was eliminated from consideration due to the environmental impacts that would occur as a result. A large NYSDEC wetland (KW-18) is mapped in the vicinity of the potential terminus. In order to minimize impacts, the trail extension will not be pursued.

Dedicated Multi-Use Trail along U&D Railroad Corridor (Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW) – This alternative is proposed to begin at the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot along US Route 209, cross the Esopus Creek via a new pedestrian/bicycle bridge adjacent to the existing US Route 209 structure, extend north approximately 0.77 miles along the east side of US Route 209 to the intersection of the county-owned Ulster & Delaware (U&D) Railroad corridor. This alternative would then extend approximately 1.0 miles east along the U&D Railroad corridor to Washington Avenue (State Bicycle Route 28) in the City of Kingston.

Along US Route 209, the trail would be located within the NYSDOT ROW offset from the edge of the roadway pavement a minimum of ten (10) feet. There is ample space to construct the trail on the east side of US Route 209 without the need for any ROW acquisitions. Along the U&D Corridor, the trail would utilize the existing rail bed.

Under this option the existing U&D Railroad trestle bridge (C9 bridge) over the Esopus Creek would need to be rehabilitated to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians since railings and a sustainable ADA compliant surface would be required. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue.

A dedicated multi-use trail (rail with trail) built along the existing single-track U&D Railroad Corridor was examined and determined not feasible due to excessive costs and environmental impacts to adjoining wetland areas. The existing rail bed is raised and to widen the rail bed to accommodate both uses with the proper railway offsets and clear area would have significant environmental impacts on adjacent wetlands. Additionally, the costs to develop a rail with trail corridor are not consistent with the economic constraints of this project.

EXHIBIT 3.2.1-A COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES CONSTRUCTION PROJECT COSTS					
ACTIVITIES		OPTION B-1, O&W		OPTION B-2, U&D	
		O&W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH. AVE.		O&W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH. AVE.	
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:					
CLEARING & GRUBBING:	\$	50,000	\$	25,000	
EARTHWORK:	\$	150,000	\$	174,000	
SUBBASE:	\$	130,000	\$	122,000	
PAVEMENT:	\$	230,000	\$	210,000	
GUIDERAIL & FENCE	\$	110,000	\$	358,000	
DRAINAGE	\$	150,000	\$	20,000	
LIGHTING	\$	30,000	\$	25,000	
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL:	\$	20,000	\$	50,000	
EROSION CONTROL:	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	
LANDSCAPE:	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	
STRUCTURES	\$	250,000	\$	3,000,000	
TRAILHEAD/PARKING LOT	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	
SIDEWALK:	\$ \$	20,000	\$	20,000	
SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:		1,300,000	\$	4,164,000	
CONTINGENCY (15% @ DESIGN APPROVAL)	\$	195,000	\$	625,000	
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,495,000	\$	4,789,000	
FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5%)	\$	75,000	\$	240,000	
SURVEY	\$	30,000	\$	90,000	
MOBILIZATION (4%)	\$	59,000	\$	192,000	
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,659,000	\$	5,311,000	
EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018) +1.5%	\$	30,000	\$	80,000	
TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018					
DOLLARS):	\$	1,689,000	\$	5,391,000	
ENGINEERING	\$	220,000	\$	500,000	
CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION	\$	130,000	\$	500,000	
ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$	85,000	\$	-	
TOTAL COSTS:	\$	2,124,000	\$	6,391,000	

3.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Based on the investigations, discussion herein, official and public input, and taking into consideration the social, economic and environmental impacts, the alternative that best meets the project objectives is Alternative B – Reconstruction.

Two different reconstruction option concepts (B-1 and B-2) were investigated and presented at the Stakeholder Meeting and the Public Informational Meeting (PIM). Both of the proposed reconstruction options include the construction of a dedicated multi-use trail along either the O&W Railroad Corridor, extending from the existing O&W Rail Trail to Washington Avenue, referred to as "Option B-1," or along US Route 209 and the U&D Railroad corridor, extending from the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot to Washington Avenue, referred to as "Option B-2." Based on the detailed investigations, project schedule requirements, construction costs, and discussion at the PIM, the most reasonable and feasible alternative was identified as Option B-1, O&W Corridor.

3.2.3. Design Criteria for Feasible Alternative(s)

3.2.3.1. Design Standards - The project design criteria is based upon:

- AASHTO Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities, 4th ed. 2012
- NYSDOT Highway Design Manual (HDM), 2006
- · AASHTO Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets 6th ed., 2011
- NYSDOT Bridge Manual (BM) 4th ed., 2006
- FHWA Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2009
- NYS Supplement to the MUTCD
- AASHTO Guide for Park and Ride Facilities, 2nd ed., 2004

3.2.3.2. Critical Design Elements -

	Exhibit 3.2.3.2-A Kingston Rail Trail Multi-Use Facility Design Criteria					
	Element	Standard	Proposed			
Α.	Minimum Design Speed	18 MPH	18 MPH			
В.	Multi-Use Trail Width: Minimum Recommended	8.0 ft.* 10.0 – 14.0 ft.*	10.0 ft.* 10.0 ft.*			
C.	Multi-Use Trail Shoulder Width Minimum Recommended	2.0 ft. 3.0 – 5.0 ft.	2.0 ft.			
D.	Distance between edge of trail and top of slope without barrier	5.0 ft.	5.0 ft.			
E.	Maximum Grade	5%	5.0%			
F.	Minimum Horizontal Radius	60 ft.	8 ft.**			
G.	Design Superelevation: Minimum Maximum	1.0% 2.0%	1.0%			
Н.	Stopping Sight Distance	125 ft.	138 ft.			
١.	Minimum Lateral Clearance w/ barrier w/ post mounted signs	1.0 ft. 2.0 ft.	2.0 ft. 2.0 ft.			
J.	Minimum Vertical Clearance (bridges & tunnels)	10.0 ft.	10.0 ft.			
К.	Bridge Structure Capacity (trail)	85 psf/H-10 (Pedestrian) HL-93 (Vehicular)	85 psf/H-10 (Pedestrian) HL-93 (Vehicular)			
L.	Minimum Rail Height	55 in.	55 in.			
M.	Signage	MUTCD and the NYS Supplement to the MUTCD	MUTCD and the NYS Supplement to the MUTCD			
N.	Pedestrian Accommodations	HDM Ch. 18 & ADAAG	HDM Ch. 18 & ADAAG			

*Per AASHTO, in rare circumstances, a reduced width of 8–0" may be adequate in areas of limited physical width or other obstructions.

** Non-standard feature

3.2.3.3. Other Design Parameters -

Design Storm for drainage is 10 year.

Based on guidance from the AASHTO *Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities* and Chapter 17 of the NYSDOT HDM, safety rail will be included for the following conditions:

When a clear area of 5 ft. at a maximum slope of 1:6 cannot be achieved and

- Slope is equal to or steeper than 1:3 for a vertical drop of 6 ft. or greater
- Slope is equal to or steeper than 1:3 adjacent to a parallel body of water or other substantial obstacle
- Slope is equal to or steeper than 1:2 for a vertical drop of 4 ft. or greater
- · Slope is equal to or steeper than 1:1 for a vertical drop of 1 ft. or greater

3.3. Engineering Considerations

3.3.1. Operations (Traffic and Safety) & Maintenance

3.3.1.1. Functional Classification and National Highway System - This project will not change the functional classification of the roadways.

3.3.1.2. Control of Access - Access for pedestrians and bicyclists to the Kingston Rail Trail will be provided at the project termini at the existing O&W Rail Trail parking area along US Route 209 and at the future eastern trailhead connection at Washington Avenue.



Conceptual Trailhead at Washington Avenue (Eastern Terminus)

Access control bollards will be installed to prohibit vehicular access to the trail at project termini and all road crossings.

3.3.1.3. Traffic Control Devices

3.3.1.3.(1) Traffic Signals – A traffic control device was considered on Washington Avenue within the project area to assist pedestrian crossing movements and vehicular turning movements from the various access points on Washington Avenue. The need for this was expressed by local officials, as well as the

public and backed with strong support by the others in attendance during the Public Informational Meeting (PIM). The primary concern expressed was for the safety of trail users crossing Washington Avenue and the need for some type of traffic control device for assistance. With the potential for many users being visitors to the area, the lack of familiarity was also a concern. As a result of the dialogue and discussions between county officials and the design team, various traffic signal control options were investigated as part of the project.

To provide a mid-block pedestrian crossing of Washington Avenue at the existing railroad crossing a pedestrian-activated hybrid beacon (HAWK Signal) was investigated. The HAWK Signals have gained popularity within recent years as a traffic control device for pedestrian mid-block crossing locations. Although, due to the atypical signal heads, signal operation, and the high volume multi-lane approaches on Washington Avenue, it was determined that the HAWK signal is not a recommended option.

Mid-block pedestrian crossings are sometimes used on roadways in between intersections and / or traffic signal systems. However, Washington Avenue in this location is four (4) lanes wide and is heavily traveled with no median to utilize as a pedestrian refuge. Additionally, there are multiple access points in close proximity to where a mid-block crossing would be placed. For these reasons a mid-block crossing is not recommended for this location.

To address the crossing concern expressed at the PIM. A feasible and reasonable option is to install a fully actuated standard traffic signal at the intersection of Washington Avenue with the entrances to the Super 8 Hotel and Ulster Savings Bank. This intersection location, adjacent to the proposed parking area and trailhead, provides the opportunity to connect the new trail to the existing sidewalks. The traffic signal would control all four vehicular approach legs, including crosswalks, pedestrian signal heads, and countdown timers to provide dedicated signal phases for all pedestrian and vehicular movements through the intersection. Coordination with adjacent signalized intersections (Washington Ave & Hurley Avenue/Schwenk Drive and Washington Ave & North Front Street) would be required due to existing queuing at the Schwenk Drive and Washington Ave intersection.

Upon further review, the proposed traffic and pedestrian signals have been removed from consideration at the Washington Ave and Ulster Savings Bank Driveway due to the close proximity of the Washington Ave and Schwenk Drive traffic signal (approximately 700 ft.), required lane modifications to Washington Ave, and the associated costs involved with the installation of the traffic signal.

3.3.1.3.(2) Signs: New signs will be installed in accordance with the National Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), the New York State Supplement to the MUTCD, and the AASHTO *Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities*, 4th ed. (2012). Signs will also be installed to inform motorists and trail users of the approaching intersections.

3.3.1.3.(3) Pavement Striping: Crosswalk pavement striping and, if necessary, edge line striping to delineate narrow sections of trail width will be installed within the project limits.

No modifications to pavement striping on adjacent roadways will be required as part of this project.

3.3.1.4. Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) – No ITS measures are proposed.

3.3.1.5. Speeds and Delay -

3.3.1.5.(1) Proposed Speed Limit – The trail corridor will not have a posted speed limit however a design speed of 18 MPH per the *AASHTO Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities* was used to develop the design criteria for the project.

The speed limit on the roadways within the project limits will not be changed.

3.3.1.5.(2) Travel Time Estimates – Travel time estimates are not applicable for a trail project.

3.3.1.6. Traffic Volumes – Traffic data was not collected for this project due to the fact that the proposed Kingston Rail Trail will be constructed along an existing rail bed and, with the exception to intersection

crossings, is isolated from vehicular traffic. There are no on-road segments proposed for this phase of the project. Each road/multi-use trail intersection will be signed and striped to allow safer movement of multi-use trail users.

3.3.1.7. Level of Service and Mobility – Not applicable.

3.3.1.7.(1) At Project Completion & Design Year – Not applicable

3.3.1.7.(2) Work Zone Safety & Mobility –

A. Work Zone Traffic Control Plan – Traffic will be maintained throughout the length and duration of construction in accordance with the requirements of Section 619 of the New York State Standard Specifications, The National Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), and the NYS Supplement to the MUTCD.

Traffic along existing streets, roadways, and access drives impacted by the construction of the Kingston Rail Trail would generally be handled with a short term lane closure or shoulder restriction.

B. Special Provisions - Due to the close proximity to residential homes and the ability to maintain traffic with acceptable delays during the daylight hours, night time construction will not be utilized. The use of time related provisions will be evaluated during final design. The work zone traffic control will need to be coordinated with local officials and residents.

C. Significant Projects - Ulster County has determined that the subject project is not significant per 23 CFR 630.1010.

3.3.1.8. Safety Considerations, Crash History and Analysis – At access points to the trail, a controlled access gate would be installed to prohibit use by motorized vehicles, but would provide access for emergency and maintenance vehicle access.

3.3.1.9. Impacts on Police, Fire Protection and Ambulance Access - Refer to Section 3.3.1.7(2) for a discussion of the anticipated impacts during construction. Construction activities will be coordinated with emergency services throughout the duration of the project.

3.3.1.10. Parking Regulations and Parking Related Issues – Existing parking regulations and facilities will not be affected by this project.

3.3.1.11. Lighting – Further investigation will be performed during Final Design to determine whether or not proper lighting will be necessary.

3.3.1.12. Ownership and Maintenance Jurisdiction –

Refer to Appendix D for a maintenance jurisdiction map and table.

Ulster County owns the existing 1.0 mile segment of the U&D Railroad corridor and will continue their ownership of the corridor for the foreseeable future. Right-of-Way acquisitions and easements will be required from CHG&E, Adirondack Transit Lines, and Ulster Savings Bank for Option B-1 along the O&W corridor. Ulster County will obtain the necessary agreements in order to construct and maintain the proposed Kingston Rail Trail along the abandoned O&W Corridor. One such arrangement that will be required is an "Occupancy and Work Permit" from the New York State Thruway Authority (NYSTA) or a Memorandum of Agreement. Coordination with NYSTA is on-going to ensure a permit will be obtained.

3.3.2. Multimodal

3.3.2.1. Pedestrians - The proposed trail will enhance pedestrian amenities by creating a safer and dedicated public facility for pedestrian usage where one did not previously exist other than informally. It

will also lengthen and help to connect the existing trail network within Ulster County potential future connections to the proposed Ulster County Rail Trail Project (or "Kingston Midtown Linear Park") as well as other future trail connections.

3.3.2.2. Bicyclists – The proposed trail will enhance bicyclist amenities by creating a safer and dedicated public facility for bicyclist usage where one did not previously exist other than informally. The proposed trail will also make an important linked connection between the O&W Rail Trail and Washington Avenue which is part of State Bicycle Route 28. It will also lengthen and help to connect the existing trail network within Ulster County to potential future connections to the proposed Ulster County Rail Trail Project (also known as the "Kingston Midtown Linear Park").

3.3.2.3. Transit – No changes are proposed.

3.3.2.4. Airports, Railroad Stations, and Ports -

<u>Option B-1, Ó&W Corridor</u> – The existing O&W Railroad corridor is an abandoned railroad corridor and has not been used as such since 1957 when a bankruptcy judge ordered liquidation and the railroad was shut down. There are no existing railroad crossings or connections to operational rail lines.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u> – The existing U&D Railroad corridor within the project limits is permitted for use from Ulster County to a private tourism railroad operator, which has a permit until December 31, 2020, and runs tourist passenger trains from Kingston Plaza to the Town of Ulster and back.

There are no airports or port entrances within the project limits or that would be affected by this project.

3.3.2.5. Access to Recreation Areas (Parks, Trails, Waterways, and State Lands) – Public access to the trail network within Ulster County will be enhanced. The trail will allow the City of Kingston residents to directly access the O&W Rail Trail for the first time on a dedicated pedestrian and bicycle trail. The trail may also open opportunities for recreational access to the lower Esopus Creek.

3.3.3. Infrastructure

3.3.3.1. Proposed Highway and Trail Section – Refer to Appendix A for typical sections of the trail as proposed under the feasible alternative.

3.3.3.1.(1) Right-of-Way (ROW) -

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor</u> - Proposed ROW acquisitions are anticipated to be needed for the feasible Option B-1, O&W Corridor. Ulster County will need to acquire ROW from CHG&E, Adirondack Transit Lines, and Ulster Savings Bank. Coordination with project stakeholders that included the commercial property owners was initiated early in the project at a stakeholders meeting to listen to concerns, comments and suggestions and to coordinate the progression of the project. It is also anticipated that either a Use & Occupancy Permit or Memorandum of Agreement will also be required between Ulster County and the NYSTA for the portion of the O&W corridor that lies within the NYSTA ROW for the existing underpass structure to I-87.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW</u> – Right-of-Way acquisitions are not anticipated to be needed for along the U&D Railroad Corridor or along US Route 209.

3.3.3.1.(2) Lanes and Shoulders –

- (a) Trail Corridor Option B-1, along O&W The completed trail will include a 10 ft. wide paved multi-use trail with 2 ft. wide grassed shoulders.
- (b) Trail Corridor Option B-2 along U&D The completed trail will include a 10 ft. wide paved multi-use trail with 2 ft. wide grassed shoulders.
- (c) US Route 209 There are no proposed changes within the project limits

- (d) Washington Avenue The existing lane and shoulder widths will remain unchanged as a result of this project.
- **3.3.3.1.(3)** Curb The trail corridor will not have curbs within the project limits.

3.3.3.1.(4) Median – A right-in / right-out style turn median will be installed within the proposed trailhead at Washington Ave to control turning movements into and out of the parking area.

3.3.3.1.(5) Grades and Curves –

- (a) <u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor</u> Trail Corridor along O&W The trail alignment is generally level with a maximum grade of 5%. The horizontal alignment of the trail consists of tangent sections connecting standard (and above) curves.
- (b) <u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor</u> Trail Corridor along U&D The trail alignment is generally level with a maximum grade of 3.9%. The horizontal alignment of the trail consists of tangent sections connecting standard (and above) curves.

3.3.3.1.(6) Intersection Geometry and Conditions – The eastern trailhead intersection will consist of a right-in entrance and a right-out exit and will prohibit left turns. This will reduce impacts to the existing traffic pattern on Washington Ave. Pedestrians will also be prohibited from crossing Washington Ave within the vicinity of the trailhead intersection. Pedestrians will be required to travel to the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Washington Ave to cross.

3.3.3.1.(7) Parking - Parking is restricted along US Route 209 and Washington Avenue within the project corridor and will not be changed as part of this project.

A trailhead and parking area is proposed at the Washington Avenue eastern termination point. It is anticipated that the lot will accommodate 9 vehicles. The exact details of the parking lot and trailhead will be determined during final design. (See rendering below and on page 3-3).



Conceptual Trailhead at Washington Avenue

3.3.3.1.(8) Roadside Elements -

- (a) Snow Storage – The County intends to maintain the trail 12 months out of the year including the removal of snow. Snow storage for the trail will be immediately adjacent to the 10 foot paved width and 2 foot wide shoulders.
- (b) Sidewalks No sidewalks are proposed within the project limits. Pedestrians and bicyclists will be accommodated on the proposed trail.
- (b) Driveways The only driveway located within the project limits is located along the U&D Corridor where the trail would cross the driveway for the NYS Police Kingston Barracks Department on Route 209.
- (c) Clear Zone The design clear zone width along the trail systems will be a minimum of 2 ft. Additional clearance to fixed objects or obstructions will be provided wherever feasible.

3.3.3.2. Special Geometric Design Elements

3.3.3.2.(1) Non-Standard Features – Based on the Design Criteria established for this project, the following non-standard features exist within the project limits. Please refer to Appendix F for non-standard feature justifications.

- Horizontal Radius There are multiple locations where the minimum proposed horizontal radius along the preferred alternative is less than the recommended minimum of 60 ft.
 - Short horizontal radii are necessary to facilitate the construction of the switchback and maintain ADA compliant longitudinal grades. The switchback alignment curves are also associated with lower bicycle speeds and compliant curve warning signs will be placed to appropriately notify trail users of the curves ahead.
 - Additionally, there are short horizontal radii located immediately approaching the proposed parking area at the eastern termination along Washington Avenue to allow implementation of parking area and the trailhead. These curves are along level ground and easily seen by the approaching users and entering an area with a stop condition. Appropriate signage will be installed to warn bicyclists of the curves ahead.

This project is a multi-use trail construction project that does not include any roadway work except for minor shoulder work along Washington Ave at the proposed trailhead location.

3.3.3.2.(2) Non-Conforming Features – There are no non-conforming features proposed under Options B-1.

3.3.3.3. Pavement and Shoulder – The proposed trail section along the corridor is 14 ft. wide, consisting of 10 ft. wide asphalt concrete paved multi-use trail and flanked by 2 ft. wide grassed shoulders. See the typical sections in Appendix A for the proposed trail section.

3.3.3.4. Drainage Systems – All new trail pavement for the proposed project will be designed and constructed with a minimum 1% cross slope to achieve positive surface drainage and sheet flow along the vegetated surfaces adjacent the trail. Existing drainage swales and patterns within the project limits will either be maintained or the proper accommodations will be installed as necessary to convey the positive flow of any existing or proposed runoff. The proposed design will incorporate sheet flow, open channel flow through ditches and swales that will outlet to the existing drainage outfalls throughout the corridor.

New culverts will be installed where the trail crosses existing drainage patterns, ditches, or creeks and as necessary at proposed low points in the trail profile.

The existing steel and timber structures with stone abutments that cross minor water courses will be replaced as part of the Option B-1 alternative. The structures will be designed to accommodate construction equipment (to build the trail), emergency response and fire fighting vehicles, and snow removing and maintenance vehicles.

3.3.3.5. Geotechnical – There are no known special geotechnical concerns with the soils or rock slopes within the project area. Soil borings will be progressed if necessary during final design.

3.3.3.6. Structures –

3.3.3.6.(1) Description of Work -

Option B-1 – Multi-Use Trail along the O&W Railroad Corridor

Under Option B-1, there are no proposed bridges within the project limits along the O&W Railroad Corridor. This option would include construction of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail under an existing bridge to remain, as described below; however structural modifications to the existing bridge will not be required.

(a) I-87 over existing O&W Railroad corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25

The proposed Kingston Rail Trail will cross under I-87 by way of the existing underpass. The proposed project will retrofit the trail through the underpass and is not anticipated to impact the structure.

Option B-2 – Multi-Use Trail along the U&D Railroad Corridor / US Route 209 ROW

Option B-2 would include the construction of one (1) new bridge along US Route 209 and the rehabilitation of one (1) existing railroad bridge along the U&D Railroad Corridor. This option would also include construction of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail under an existing bridge to remain; structural modifications to the existing bridge will not be required.

(a) Kingston Rail Trail over Esopus Creek – Proposed Bridge @ Sta. UD 14+00

Option B-2 would include the construction of a pedestrian bridge to carry the proposed Kingston Rail Trail over the Esopus Creek. The proposed pedestrian structure would be constructed adjacent to the existing vehicular bridge that carries US Route 209 over the Esopus Creek (BIN 1040790).



Location of Potential Bridge over the Esopus Creek adjacent to existing US Route 209 Bridge under Option B-2

- (1) Type of bridge, number of spans, etc. The potential pedestrian/bicycle bridge would consist of two (2) equal spans with a total length of approximately 276'-0" (measured from the centerline of bearings), similar to the adjacent vehicular bridge. The proposed structure would consist of a multiple steel girder superstructure with a cast-in-place concrete deck supported on cast-in-place concrete substructures. Based on record drawings for BIN 1040790, it is assumed that the proposed pedestrian bridge would be founded on piles. Subsurface conditions would be investigated further during final design.
- (2) Width of travel lanes, shoulders, and sidewalks The transverse bridge section would carry a clear width of 14'-0" to match the proposed trail approaches. The bridge would include provisions for standard bridge rail, resulting in an out-to-out width of 17'4".
- (3) Utilities carried There would be no utilities carried by the proposed bridge.
- (b) <u>U&D Railroad Corridor over the Esopus Creek Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50</u>

Option B-2 would include the rehabilitation of the Ulster County Rail Bridge C9 over the Esopus Creek, located at approximately Sta. UD 71+50. Rehabilitation of the existing structure for use as a pedestrian bridge would include the following work items: removal of existing rail and timber ties, concrete substructure repairs, masonry stone repointing, replacement of truss and girder bearings, installation of a new continuous structural deck (likely timber) and installation of bridge rail.

- Type of bridge, number of spans, etc. The proposed pedestrian bridge would retain the existing superstructure, substructures and span configuration as described in Section 2.3.3.6.(1). A continuous structural deck and bridge rail would be carried across the proposed bridge.
- (2) Width of travel lanes, shoulders, and sidewalks Due to width restrictions of the existing truss, the transverse bridge section would carry a clear width of approximately 10'-0" after the installation of standard bridge rail. The proposed structure width is less than the proposed trail approach width of 14'-0".
- (3) Utilities carried There would be no utilities carried by the proposed bridge.
- (c) <u>I-87 over the U&D Railroad corridor Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:</u>

The proposed Kingston Rail Trail will cross under I-87 by way of the existing underpass. The proposed project will retrofit the trail through the underpass and will not impact the structure.

3.3.3.6.(2) Clearances (Horizontal/Vertical) -

Option B-1 – Multi-Use Trail along the O&W Railroad corridor

(a) <u>I-87 over existing O&W Railroad corridor – Bridge @ Sta. OW 89+25</u>

No changes are proposed to the existing horizontal or vertical clearance at the existing underpass.

Option B-2 – Multi-Use Trail along the U&D Railroad corridor

(a) <u>Kingston Rail Trail over Esopus Creek – Proposed Bridge @ Sta. UD 14+00</u>

The proposed horizontal clearance (rail-to-rail) at the bridge structure located at Sta. UD 14+00 will be 14 ft. to match the approach trail and shoulder width. There will be no vertical clearance restriction above the Kingston Rail Trail at this location.

(b) <u>U&D Railroad corridor over the Esopus Creek – Bridge C9 @ Sta. UD 71+50</u>

The proposed horizontal clearance (rail-to-rail) at the bridge structure located at Sta. UD 71+50 will be a minimum of 10 ft., depending on the bridge rail system utilized. The horizontal clearance will be less than the 14 ft. approach trail and shoulder width; however a 10 ft. minimum clearance will still allow access by a maintenance or emergency vehicle. No changes are proposed to the vertical clearance between the trail surface and the top of the truss at this location.

(c) I-87 over the U&D Railroad corridor – Bridge @ Sta. UD 80+25:

No changes are proposed to the existing horizontal or vertical clearance at the existing underpass.

3.3.3.6.(3) Live Load – Under Option B-2, the new and rehabilitated bridges would be designed for pedestrian loading (85 psf) and H-10 vehicular loading for the occasional emergency or maintenance vehicle.

3.3.2.6.(4) Associated Work – Under Option B-2, standard pedestrian/bicycle bridge and approach railing, along with standard termini/end sections, would be installed at the new and rehabilitated bridges along the U&D Railroad Corridor.

3.3.3.6.(5) Waterway – The Esopus Creek is a navigable waterway according to New York State Law.

3.3.3.7. Hydraulics of Bridges and Culverts – A hydraulic analysis was not required to evaluate the proposed alternatives. There are no known special hydraulic concerns with the project limits and the proposed project would not have adverse effects of the hydraulics of the Esopus Creek. Based on the selected alternative, a hydraulic analysis would be prepared during final design if deemed necessary.

3.3.3.8. Guide Railing, Median Barriers, and Impact Attenuators – There are no proposed changes to the existing guide rail within the project area.

3.3.3.9. Utilities – Refer to Section 2.3.3.9 for a tabulation of existing utilities within the project area.

Coordination with all utility owners has been initiated and will be continued through the preliminary design stage. Upon design approval granted, utility impacts will be finalized and all necessary utility agreements will be in place prior to project authorization to advertise.

The proposed project will impact utilities within the corridor and will require permanent and temporary relocations.

Coordination with CHG&E has been on-going to ensure relocation occurs without delay to construction of the project.

3.3.3.10. Railroad Facilities – No railroad facilities have been proposed. The O&W Railroad corridor has been abandoned since 1957. No tie removal will be necessary for the preferred alternative, Option B-1, O&W Railroad corridor.

3.3.4. Landscape and Environmental Enhancements –

3.3.4.1. Landscape Development and Other Aesthetics Improvements – Landscaping development techniques will be employed to assure that the completed project is aesthetically pleasing. Plantings and turf establishment will be used for slope stabilization of new embankment surfaces or to

repair any areas that are disturbed during the construction of the project. Pedestrian and bicyclists views will include wooded forests along the preferred alternative's alignment. Two or three scenic views may also be "opened up" at various locations still to be determined.

3.3.4.2. Environmental Enhancements – Refer to Chapter 4 for complete discussion.

3.3.5. Miscellaneous –

3.3.5.(1) NYS Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act (SGPIPA) – the Smart Growth Screening Tool and Smart Growth Attestation form for the preferred alternative has been completed for this project and is included in Appendix I.

CHAPTER 4 - SOCIAL, ECONOMIC and ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS and CONSEQUENCES

4.1. Introduction

The purpose of Chapter 4 is to identify the social, economic, and environmental consequences of this project; to identify avoidance or mitigation measures if necessary; to satisfy the applicable social, economic, and environmental laws; and to identify all permits and approvals that may be required prior to project construction.

4.1.1. Environmental Classification

4.1.1.1. NEPA Classification - The project qualifies to be progressed as a C List Categorical Exclusion under the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), as defined by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) in 23 CFR 771. The Federal Environmental Assessment Worksheet (FEAW) is included in Appendix B. The FHWA will be the lead agency for NEPA.

4.1.1.2. SEQR Project Classification - In accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 617, "Procedures for Implementation of State Environmental Quality Review Act" Ulster County has determined on March 15, 2016 in Resolution #168 that the proposed project qualifies as an Unlisted Action. The proposed trail project does not meet any of the criteria included on the Type II list and does not exceed a threshold contained in the Type I list in section 617.4. Ulster County has declared itself lead agency and has issued a Negative Declaration as part of Resolution #168 and that an Environmental Impact Statement will not be prepared.

4.2. Social

4.2.1. Land Use

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor</u>: The proposed multi-use trail will utilize the abandoned O&W Railroad corridor. The project area is heavily vegetated and bisected by a foot path over the abandoned railroad. Currently, the land is utilized as an informal trail by walkers, runners, and bicyclists. The project corridor is owned and maintained by CHG&E from the western terminus to the I-87 overpass. CHG&E has transmission facilities throughout the project area as well as a substation adjacent to the proposed project alignment. CHG&E is in the early stages of plan development for rebuilding approximately 28 miles of their transmission facilities, beginning at the substation and proceeding north. Coordination with CHG&E has been on-going to ensure that both projects are technically feasible and compatible. The land between I-87 and Washington Avenue is owned by Ulster Savings Bank but is only utilized as an informal trail. The potential eastern terminus at Washington Avenue is adjacent to two hotels. Outreach to the hotel management has been on-going to ensure the construction of the proposed multi-use trail is mutually beneficial. Refer to Appendix H for Right-of-Way information.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> The proposed multi-use trail would follow along the east side of US Route 209 then will utilize the county-owned U&D Railroad corridor. The U&D Corridor is utilized by the Catskill Mountain Railroad for seasonal events such as "The Polar Express." The corridor runs adjacent to agricultural land from the western terminus at the existing O&W Rail Trail parking lot on US Route 209 to the C9 Bridge over the Esopus Creek. From the C9 Bridge to Washington Avenue, the project area extends through wooded areas as well as developed parts of the City of Kingston. The potential eastern terminus at Washington Avenue is adjacent to two hotels. Outreach to the hotel management has been on-going to ensure the construction of the proposed multi-use trail is mutually beneficial.

4.2.2. Neighborhoods and Community Cohesion

This project would provide significant benefits to surrounding municipalities in Ulster County, including improved alternatives for multi-modal transportation, enhanced recreational opportunities, improved public health, and economic development and tourism benefits. The construction of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail will foster a sense of community by instituting alternative means of transportation for the general public in multiple municipalities. A Public Informational Meeting was held on December 8, 2015 to receive the community's feedback about the proposed project and to help the team address any concerns raised. The project received strong community support at this meeting. The project is consistent with the Ulster County's Long Range Transportation Plan as well as the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan which states that safer pedestrian and bicycle accommodations are a top priority. The main objective for both plans is to further develop and connect the County's trail network into a county-wide, sustainable non-motorized transportation system that will "reduce fossil fuel consumption, enable freedom of mobility, encourage more physical activity, allow children to walk or bike to school, reduce traffic congestion, and create economic growth" through increased recreational tourism.

4.2.3. General Social Groups Benefitted or Harmed

This proposed project would benefit all social groups and provide increased opportunities for persons with disabilities/ mobility impairment as well as residents or visitors who may not have motor vehicles. The existing O&W Rail Trail is used by a wide-range of residents and visitors and is accessible to persons of all ability levels and mobility abilities. Unfortunately, the City of Kingston residents typically need to drive to the trailhead as improved, accessible, and safer pedestrian routes form the City do not currently exist. The project will provide opportunities for Ulster County residents, including senior citizens and youth, to be more physically active, which will positively impact public health. The project will also allow expanded options for children and families to walk or bike to school, community facilities and other locations. The trail will be an important new connection for urban neighborhoods to open spaces and nature, which is also a key goal of the Ulster County Open Space Plan (2007).

4.2.4. Social Districts, Recreational Areas, and Places of Worship

There would be no permanent adverse impacts on any schools, recreation areas, churches, or businesses. The recreation facilities of Forsyth Park and Dietz Stadium, owned by the City of Kingston and used by the Kingston School District, will have easy access to the trail facilities. In addition to the recreational facilities located within the project area, the Pointe of Praise Church, located adjacent to Adirondack Transit Lines, will have easy access to the multi-use trail. There will be minimal temporary negative impacts during construction, but no permanent negative impacts are anticipated as a result of the proposed project. All construction operations will be contained to the corridor so there should be no impact to the traveling public. However, during all phases of construction, provisions will be made to maintain access to all side roadways, adjacent businesses, and residences. It is anticipated that trail development will have a positive impact on the City of Kingston, which currently has limited ADA-compliant trail facilities, as well as directly benefit nearby residents and neighborhoods.

4.3. Economic

This proposed Kingston Rail Trail will not negatively impact the local economy. To the contrary, this project and potential future phase connections, as well any future links, will provide an economic boost to the many local businesses within the project vicinity, such as two nearby hotel facilities and proximate restaurants. The project will boost local tourism and promote spending by recreational users. The trail construction will also create temporary contract and employment opportunities for area businesses and workers.

4.3.1. Regional and Local Economies

The proposed Kingston Rail Trail project will not negatively impact the regional or local economy. To the contrary, this project and any future connections would provide an economic boost to Ulster County. The project advances the County's goal of further developing and linking its trail network so that it becomes a world-class tourism destination linking the Walkway Over the Hudson to the Ashokan Reservoir and making the City of Kingston a future hub of three rail trails.

4.3.2. Specific Businesses Impacted

Central Hudson Gas and Electric (CHG&E) owns the property and has several transmission facilities along the O&W Corridor, between the western terminus to the I-87 underpass. The preferred alignment will proceed within CHG&E's Right-of-Way and a permanent easement will need to be acquired. The multi-use trail project will have a positive impact on CHG&E by establishing a paved surface that maintenance vehicles will use to access the facilities within their ROW.

Ulster Savings Bank owns the property between I-87 and Washington Avenue on the O&W Corridor, will have a positive impact from the completion of the project. Ulster Savings Bank will be able to utilize a paved trail surface between Washington Avenue and their property as an emergency access to their property.

Two adjacent hotel facilities (Super 8 and Best Western Plus), located along Washington Avenue, could benefit from their proximity to the future trail. Both businesses have been contacted and will be consulted throughout the project to ensure the trail benefits and does not negatively impact their respective operations.

4.3.2.1. Impacts on Existing Highway / Related Businesses – There are no impacts on highway related businesses in the project area as there are no commercial driveway crossings.

4.3.2.2. Impacts on Established Business Districts – There are no established business districts within or adjacent to the project limits.

4.3.2.3. Relocation Impacts – No residential or commercial properties will be displaced as a result of this project.

4.4. Environmental

4.4.1. Wetlands

4.4.1.1. State Freshwater Wetlands –

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor</u>: There is one New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) regulated wetland identified as KW-18 in the project limits for Option B-1, O&W. This has a wetland class of 2 and is approximately 57 acres in size. For a wetland class 2, the proposed project must minimize degradation to, or loss of, any part of the wetland or its adjacent area and must minimize any adverse impacts on the functions and benefits that the wetland provides.

A wetland delineation was conducted by Foit-Albert Associates, P.C. in August 2015 to evaluate both alternatives and assess the project impact on existing wetlands utilizing wetlands data provided by Central Hudson Gas and Electric and captured by VHB, Inc. In October 2016, these wetland boundaries were confirmed and adjusted by a member of B&L's Ecology Group. The total anticipated impact to the State regulated wetland is less than 0.10 acre pending final design. The majority of the work will be conducted in existing rights-of-way (ROW) and previously disturbed and existing trail areas.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> Will have no direct impacts on any NYSDEC regulated wetlands.

4.4.1.2. State Tidal Wetlands - This project is not located in an area under the influence of tidal waters and does not involve NYSDEC Tidal Wetlands. Therefore, no further review is required.

4.4.1.3. Federal Jurisdiction Wetlands – Based on National Wetland Inventory (NWI) mapping information, there are several wetland areas situated along the project corridor for both alternatives that have the potential to be impacted by the project. Additionally, the mapping identifies the Esopus Creek and its un-named tributaries situated within the project area as "permanent, non-tidal bodies of water." Based on the preliminary designs for both alternatives, the disturbance is above the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) threshold and will require a Nationwide Permit. Both alternative options are anticipated to meet the conditions for a Nationwide #14 Permit from the USACE to cover any wetland and water impacts that may result. This permit and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification, if needed, will be obtained through the Joint Application Permit (JAP) process.

Option B-1, O&W Corridor alternative has no direct impacts to the Esopus Creek, but will have impacts on adjacent wetlands.

Option B-2, U&D Corridor includes a new pedestrian bridge over the Esopus Creek, rehabilitation to the existing C-9 railroad bridge, and will also have impacts on adjacent wetlands.

4.4.1.4. Executive Order 11990 – This order was enacted to minimize the destruction, loss or degradation of federal-jurisdictional wetlands. A field survey was performed at the project site and it was determined that there are federal-jurisdictional wetlands as defined by the USACE which will be affected by this project. The Esopus Creek and its un-named tributaries are considered "Waters of the United States" and fall under USACE jurisdiction. Therefore, a Programmatic EO 11990 Wetlands Finding will be required due to the fact that the project is federally-aided, involves fill in wetlands requiring a USACE Section 404 permit and a NYSDEC Article 24 permit.

4.4.1.5. Mitigation Summary – Pending final design, minor impacts to federal and state jurisdictional wetlands are proposed. There is no practicable alternative to construction in either of the alternatives and all practicable measures to minimize harm to the wetlands will be incorporated into the design.

Current Federal and State Standards for Highway Construction and/or Improvements mandate minimum standards that will be used for this project. Every effort will be made to avoid wetland impacts or to minimize wetland impacts. However, based on the Standards, minor areas along both alternatives will be impacted and cannot be avoided.

In order to minimize impacts to the wetlands, the side-slopes of the fill will be established at as steep a slope as possible while still considering user safety. The offset, or space, between the trail and the edge of the embankment will be kept to a minimum as per federal, state and local guidelines with regards to safety.

4.4.2. Surface Waterbodies and Watercourses - The project area for both alternative routes is located within a suburban/rural area and the surface water generally drains to a combination of open and closed drainage features maintained by Ulster County. The closed drainage system discharges to locations along portions of Esopus Creek and its tributaries within the project corridor. Areas of open water drainage features occur at various locations along the project corridor. The surface water drainage mainly discharges into Esopus Creek and ultimately discharges to the Hudson River.

4.4.2.1. Surface Water Classification and Standards – The NYSDEC requires a Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) for all federal and state aided projects with a disturbance to a watercourse, including its bed and banks. The NYSDEC stream classification for the water bodies identified in the project area for both alternatives, as contained in 6 NYCRR, Chapter X and Part 701, are shown in Tables A and B below.

I able A Surface Water Classifications – Option B-1, O&W				
Stream Class Standard Impact				
Unnamed Tributary and enters Esopus Creek from the south (Regulation 861-104)	С	С	New or rehabilitation of culvert	
Unnamed Tributary and enters Esopus Creek from the south (Regulation 861-110)	D	D	New or rehabilitation of culvert	

Surface Water Classifications – Option B-2, U&D					
Stream Class Standard Impact					
Esopus Creek (Regulation 861-3)	В	B(T)	Rehabilitation of railroad bridge and new trail bridge		
Unnamed Tributary and enters Esopus Creek from the south (Regulation 861-104)	С	С	New or rehabilitation of culvert		

Tahla B

The best use of Class B waters is primary and secondary contact recreation and fishing, and the waters are suitable for fish propagation and survival. The best use of Class C waters is fishing, and the waters are suitable for fish propagation and survival. The water quality is also suitable for primary and secondary recreation contact. The best use of Class D waters is fishing.

It is noted that a significant portion of the project area is serviced by an open drainage system that drains through overland flows within the project corridor. It is also noted that the Towns of Hurley, Ulster, and the City of Kingston are designated as a regulated Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) and therefore must review any stormwater protection elements of the plan.

4.4.2.2. Stream Bed and Bank Protection - A NYSDEC Article 15 permit will not be required for Option B-1 as both streams fall below the Class and Standard (C,C(T or TS)) for jurisdiction. Given that Option B-2 crosses the Esopus, an Article 15 would be required as this waterbody is Class B with B(T) standards.

4.4.2.3. Mitigation Summary - A NYSDEC State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit for construction will be required. The Project will also require a NYSDEC Section 401 Water Quality permit.

During construction, erosion from exposed surfaces may flow into the existing surface water conveyance system and/or into adjacent surface water streams and rivers. These flows will be controlled by the use of sediment and erosion control techniques. These techniques will be part of a sediment and erosion control plan to be implemented during construction and will conform to the requirements of the <u>NYS Department</u> of <u>Transportation Standard Specification for Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control, the <u>NYS</u> <u>Standards and Specifications for Erosion Control and Sediment Control,</u> and the SPDES Construction requirements. As part of the SPDES requirements, a Notice of Intent (NOI), Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, and a Stormwater Pollution Prevention and Control Plan (SWPPP) will be required for both Alternatives.</u>

4.4.3. Wild, Scenic, and Recreational Rivers

4.4.3.1. State Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers - There are no waters located within the project corridor that are included in the New York State Wild, Scenic, and Recreational River System Act (Title 27 of Article 15 of the ECL).

4.4.3.2. National Wild and Scenic Rivers - There are no waters located within the project corridor that are listed in the National Program as wild, scenic, or recreational water (National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act – 16 U.S.C. 1271-1287). No further review is required for the proposed project.

4.4.3.3. Section 4(f) Involvement – The proposed project and the design alternatives do not require the acquisition of right-of-way from a park, recreational facility, or wildlife/waterfowl refuge. Therefore, further processing under Section 4(f) (23 CFR Part 774) is not required.

4.4.3.4. Mitigation Summary - No further studies are required.

4.4.4. Navigable Waters

4.4.4.1. State Regulated Waters – Esopus Creek is considered navigable under 6NYCRR Part 608 of the Conservation Law and will require an Article 15 Disturbance of Bed and Banks permit from the NYSDEC. However, the un-named tributaries to Esopus Creek are not considered navigable and will not require permits.

4.4.4.2. Office of General Services Lands and Navigable Waters -

4.4.4.3. Rivers and Harbors Act – Section 9 – The Esopus Creek and its tributaries above the Cantine Dam in Saugerties are not considered navigable by the United States Coast Guard (USCG) and therefore, will not require additional processing under USCG Section 9.

4.4.4. Rivers and Harbors Act – Section 10 – The Esopus Creek and its tributaries above the Cantine Dam in Saugerties are not considered navigable water bodies by the USACE. Therefore, the bridge work associated with this project will not be subject to permits issued by the USACE (Section 10 permit).

4.4.5. Floodplains

4.4.5.1. State Flood Insurance Compliance Program and Federal Floodplain Management. The Flood Hazard Boundary Maps for the Town of Hurley (36111C0460F and 36111C0470E) were reviewed. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) mapping indicates that both alternatives of the project potentially pass through and adjacent to a Zone AE Flood Zone and a Zone X Flood Zone. The Zone AE Flood Zone is a FEMA area of special flood hazard that is inundated by the 100-year flood, where base flood elevations have been determined. The Zone X flood area is an area of 500-year flood with average depths of less than one (1) foot or with drainage areas less than one (1) square mile, and areas protected by levees from the 100-year flood.

NYSDEC compliance under 6NYCRR Part 502 would be required if the proposed construction activities alter the flood plain water elevations by more than 1.0 ft. The proposed project will not significantly impact the flood plain.

4.4.5.2. Executive Order 11988 - Proof of National Flood insurance Program (NFIP) insurance is required. As the Proposed Project would not constitute a substantial improvement, it would comply with 24 CFR §55 and would not have any impact to floodplain management.

4.4.6. Coastal Resources

4.4.6.1. State Coastal Zone Management Program - This project is not located within the Coastal Zone Boundary, but it is adjacent to the Esopus Creek, which is a designated inland waterway subject to the State's Coastal Management Program review of activities that impact the waterway. Based on the

scope of work and the anticipated disturbance, it is expected that the project will meet any needed consistency determination under the Coastal Zone Program.

4.4.6.2. State Coastal Erosion Hazard Area - This project is not located in a New York State Department of State Coastal Erosion Hazard Area. No further coastal zone studies are required.

4.4.6.3. Waterfront Revitalization and Coastal Resources Program – This project is not located within the boundaries of an approved Local Waterfront Revitalization area.

4.4.6.4. Federal Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) and Coastal Barrier Improvement Act (CBIA) - This project is not located within an area that contains coastal fish and wildlife habitat. Therefore, no further investigation is required.

4.4.7. Groundwater Resources, Aquifers, and Reservoirs

4.4.7.1. Aquifers – The project corridor is situated over a NYSDEC Primary or Principal aquifer as identified in Kantrowitz and Snavely (1982). Based on the scope of work, and the anticipated disturbance, surface water not will be impacted, and will not affect the aquifer recharge area within the project corridor. Therefore, supplemental groundwater investigations and Toler analysis will not be required.

4.4.7.2. Drinking Water Supply Wells (Public and Private Wells) and Reservoirs - The Rolling Meadows maintains a pump station and water lines that cross the O&W Corridor. The proposed project is minimally invasive and will not have an impact on established well heads or groundwater levels within the project corridor. Trail projects are not typically associated with permanent or significant changes to groundwater levels; therefore, no impacts to adjacent private water supply wells are anticipated. Best Management Practices (BMPs) including erosion and sediment control measures, stormwater management considerations, and construction chemical storage and handling procedures will be implemented as part of the project to provide further water quality assurances during construction.

4.4.8. Stormwater Management - This project is expected to disturb over one acre of land; therefore, a State Pollution Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) permit will be required. As a recreational facility, this project is not required to assess the requirements for stormwater management practices, all appropriate erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented as part of the proposed project. If reasonable and feasible, simple stormwater management practices will also be considered for implementation.

A SPDES General Permit for Construction Activities (GP-0-15-002) will be obtained from the NYSDEC prior to construction. A SWPPP with the appropriate sediment and erosion control measures and post construction water quality improvements, as necessary, will be developed.

4.4.9. General Ecology and Wildlife Resources

4.4.9.1. Fish, Wildlife, and Waterfowl -

4.4.9.1.(1) Habitat Areas, Wildlife Refuges, and Wildfowl Refuges -

4.4.9.1.(2) Endangered and Threatened Species - The NYSDEC Natural Heritage Program (NHP) was contacted on February 8, 2016 for information regarding the reported presence of any NYS endangered or threatened species or significant habitats located within or adjacent to the project corridor. A response from NHP, which was received on March 8, 2016, reported no records of rare or state-listed animals or plants, or significant natural communities, directly at the site. However, state-listed animals have been documented within the project vicinity. The bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) has been documented within 0.5 miles of the project site and the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) has been documented within 3 miles of the project site. A copy of the coordination letter that was submitted to the NHP, as well as the response is provided in Appendix B.

The USFWS Information, Planning and Conservation (IPaC) online planning tool Trust Resource List generated for the proposed project lists the following Federally-listed species as having the potential to

occur within the vicinity of the Proposed Action: Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) - endangered, the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) - threatened, and the bog turtle (*Clemmys muhlenbergii*) - threatened.

Forested areas were noted along much of the project corridor, however; tree removals will be primarily located at the western terminus of the project to facilitate the connection to the existing O&W Rail Trail. Should any removal of trees greater than 3" diameter at breast height be required, removal would only be conducted between October 31 and March 31 to avoid the roosting periods of the northern long-eared bat. In a letter dated May 9, 2017 FHWA has recommended that the project is *Likely to Adversely Affect* the federally listed Indiana Bat and the Northern Long-eared Bat based on tree clearing being located outside of the 100 ft. buffer of the existing roadway. Mitigation for this project will be completed through a mutually agreed upon in-lieu-fee (ILF) program to the effect of \$855.90 to conserve 0.15 acres of Indiana Bat habitat. A copy of the letter received from FHWA has been included in Appendix B.

A habitat assessment was completed in October 2016 and it was determined there was a lack of suitable bog turtle habitat due to inappropriate soils, hydrology, and wetland vegetation. A recommendation of No Effect is recommended for this species. A letter of concurrence has been received by FHWA stating the project will have *No Effect* on the.

4.4.9.1.(2) Invasive Species – Invasive species including common reed (*Phragmites australis*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*) and garlic mustard (*Allaria petiolata*) were identified within the project limits. Precautions will be taken to prevent the introduction of additional invasive species during project design and construction.

4.4.9.1.(3) Roadside Vegetation Management – Existing roadside/trailside vegetation consists primarily of semi-maintained grassed area and deciduous forested areas. The management of roadside vegetation during and after construction will adhere to guidelines established by the NYSDOT. Seeding will be utilized to the extent necessary during construction to re-establish vegetation in disturbed areas; vegetating exposed soils minimizes the potential for soil erosion and water quality impacts.

4.4.10. Critical Environmental Areas

4.4.10.1. State Critical Environmental Areas – This project does not involve work in or near a Critical Environmental Area.

4.4.10.2. State Forest Preserve Lands - This project does not involve work in or near State Forest Preserve Lands.

4.4.11. Historic and Cultural Resources

4.4.11.1. National Heritage Areas Program - The proposed project will not impact areas identified as National Heritage Areas.

4.4.11.2. National Historic Preservation Act – Section 106 / State Historic Preservation Act – Section 14.09 –

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor:</u> Is located within an archeological sensitive area according to the New York State Historic Preservation Office (NYSHPO) Cultural Resource Information System (CRIS) website. The potential eastern terminus for Option B-1, at the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Fair Street, is approximately 375 feet away from the limits of the Kingston Stockade Historic District in the City of Kingston.

Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW: Is located adjacent to US Route 209 and along the countyowned U&D Railroad Corridor, is also within an archeological sensitive area according to the New York State Historic Preservation Office (NYSHPO) Cultural Resource Information System (CRIS) website. The potential eastern terminus for Option B-2, at the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Fair Street, is also approximately 375 feet away from the limits of the Kingston Stockade Historic District in the City of Kingston. NYSDOT has reviewed both corridor options for the project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and determined that the project activities have no potential to cause effects on historic properties in accordance with 36 CFR 800.3(a)(1).

4.4.11.3. Architectural Resources - The proposed project does not involve federally owned, jurisdictional or controlled property that is eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places. Therefore, Section 110 does not apply.

4.4.11.4. Archaeological Resources – As discussed above, although the project is located within a mapped archeological sensitive area, the project activities have no potential to cause effects on historic properties in accordance with 36 CFR 800.3(a)(1). Therefore, no further actions will be taken regarding archaeological resources and Section 106.

4.4.11.5. Historic Bridges - There are no bridges located in the project area that are listed on the NYSDOT's Historic Bridge Inventory. Additionally, no structures located within the project limits are included on the State or National Registers of Historic Places.

4.4.11.6. Historic Parkways - This project does not have to potential to impact any Historic Parkways.

4.4.11.7. Native American Involvement - NYSDOT has reviewed both corridor options for the project in accordance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and determined that the project activities have no potential to cause effects on historic properties in accordance with 36 CFR 800.3(a)(1).

4.4.12. Parks and Recreational Resources

4.4.12.1. State Heritage Area Program – Portions of both alternatives are located within the Kingston New York State Heritage Area.

4.4.12.2. National Heritage Areas Program – Both alternatives are located within the Hudson River Valley National Heritage Area.

4.4.12.3. National Registry of Natural Landmarks – The project area is located in an area that is mixed woods, brush, and field, with clustered, rural residential properties and few commercial properties. Vegetation in the project area is a mixture of wooded areas with low-lying brush and fields immediately adjacent to the project site. Physical impact to the project area will be minimal and there will be no change to the character of the natural surroundings. Additionally, there are no identified natural landmarks within the project corridor.

4.4.12.4. Section 4(f) Involvement - The proposed project and the design alternatives do not require the acquisition of right-of-way from or impacts to a park, recreational areas, or wildlife/waterfowl refuge. Therefore, further processing under Section 4(f) is not required.

4.4.12.5. Section 6(f) Involvement – The proposed project does not require the acquisition of additional right-of-way for the purpose of conversion to highway that has been federally funded through the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act (LWCFA). Therefore, further processing under Section 6(f) is not required.

4.4.12.6. Section 1010 Involvement – Properties improved or developed with assistance from the Urban Park and Recreation Recovery (UPARR) program cannot be converted to uses other than for public recreation without approval from the Secretary of the Interior. UPARR lands are not associated with the project. Therefore, a Section 1010 property review by the National Park Service will not be required.

4.4.13. Visual Resources – The project area does not contain any features that would be considered a natural landmark. The project area is located in an area that is mixed woods, brush, wetlands, and field, with clustered, rural residential properties and few commercial properties in the central portion of the corridor. Vegetation in the project area is a mixture of wooded areas with low-lying brush and fields

immediately adjacent to the project site. Physical impact to the project area will be minimal and there will be no change to the character of the natural surroundings. Additionally, there are no identified natural landmarks within the project corridor.

4.4.13.1 Effects Assessment - Physical impact to the project area will be minimal and there will be no change to the character of the natural surroundings. Additionally, there are no identified natural landmarks within the project area.

4.4.14 Farmlands

4.4.14.1. State Farmland and Agricultural Districts –

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor:</u> Is not located within an Ulster County Agricultural District or a New York State Agricultural District.

Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW: Is located within the ULST004 agricultural district certified pursuant to the Agricultural and Markets Law, Article 25-AA, Section 303 and 304.

4.4.14.2 Federal Prime and Unique Farmland - In accordance with the Federal Farmland Protection Policy Act, the project was evaluated with respect to the conversion of prime, unique, statewide, or local important farmland.

<u>Option B-1, O&W Corridor:</u> Since none of the soils within the project area for Option B-1, O&W are considered Prime or Unique, there will be no requirement to file a USDA Form AD 1006 for the project, and further investigations are not required.

<u>Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW:</u> The land on the northern side of Option B-2, U&D is located within the ULST004 Agricultural District. Pending preferred alternative selection and final design, a USDA Form AD 1006 might be required.

4.4.15 Air Quality

4.4.15.1. Transportation Conformity - The project scope is such that there are no added travel lanes or traffic features that would increase stopping times that would lead to an increase in air emissions within the project corridor. Therefore, further evaluations under the Clean Air Act are not required.

4.4.15.2. Carbon Monoxide (CO) Microscale Analysis – Ulster County is an attainment area for carbon monoxide and ozone. An air quality analysis for CO is not required since this project will not increase traffic volumes, reduce source-receptor distances by 10% or more, or change other existing conditions to such a degree as to jeopardize attainment of the NAAQS. The project does not require a project-level conformity determination.

4.4.16. Energy - It is not anticipated that the project will change travel patterns or alter vehicle-operating speeds in the project area. As such, energy consumption will not change as a result of the project. Therefore, an energy evaluation will not be required.

4.4.17. Noise - In accordance with the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) highway traffic noise regulation 23 CFR 772, a traffic noise analysis is not required for the following reasons:

- The project is not defined as a Type I or Type II Federal Highway Project.
- · Class II projects (NEPA Categorical Exclusions) do not require a noise analysis.

4.4.18. Asbestos

4.4.18.1. Screening – A visual asbestos assessment was conducted for the project corridor. The primary objective of the assessment was to determine the potential, based on visual observations, for encountering Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) in areas that may be affected by the proposed construction.

4.4.18.2. Assessment and Quantification – The Asbestos Assessment was completed in general accordance with the February 2001 NYSDOT Environmental Analysis Bureau Environmental Procedures Manual, Volume II, Chapter 1.3 and the project scope.

4.4.18.3. Mitigation Summary - Based on visual observations during the site reconnaissance, there does not appear to be asbestos-containing materials visually present within the project limits. However, should suspect ACMs be encountered during construction, the materials should be sampled by a qualified sampling technician to determine asbestos content and disposal options.

4.4.19. Hazardous Waste and Contaminated Materials

4.4.19.1. Screening and Site Assessment - A Hazardous Waste/Contaminated Materials (HW/CM) Assessment was completed for the project area. The primary objective of this assessment was to render an opinion as to whether surficial or historical evidence indicates the presence of recognized environmental conditions that could result in the presence of hazardous materials in the environment. The assessment was completed in general accordance with the February 2001 EPM guidelines prepared by the NYSDOT - Environmental Analysis Bureau.

Public information was obtained from various federal, State, and local agencies that maintain environmental regulatory databases. These databases provide information about the regulatory status of a property and incidents involving use, storage, spilling or transportation of oil or hazardous materials. The search distances for the federal, state and local databases were in conformance with the search distances established in ASTM E-1527-05 Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process.

A general site reconnaissance was conducted to make observations of surficial conditions and to observe possible evidence of recognized environmental conditions, which could result in the presence of hazardous materials in the environment.

In addition to the potential environmental concerns identified through visual observation, published Federal and State databases were reviewed to determine if sites within or adjacent to the project corridor have a history of use and/or disposal of contaminated/hazardous wastes.

The following list includes, but is not limited to, those databases researched.

Federal Agency Databases

- National Priorities List (NPL)
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS)
- RCRA Corrective Action Sites (CORRACTS)
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS)
- Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS) Database
- Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program (FINDS)
- RCRA Administration Action Tracking System (RAATS)
- Toxic Release Inventory System (TRIS)
- Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

State Agency Databases

- · Leaking Tanks (LTANKS) Database
- State Hazardous Waste Site (SHWS) Inactive Hazardous Wastes Disposal Sites
- Solid Waste Facilities/Landfills (SWF/LF)
- · Underground Storage Tank (UST) Petroleum Bulk Storage (PBS) Database
- Brownfield Cleanup Agreements (BCP)
- Above Ground Storage Tank (AST) Petroleum Bulk Storage (PBS) Database

- Chemical Bulk Storage (CBS) AST Database
- New York State Spills (SPILLS) Database
- CBS UST Chemical Bulk Storage Database
- UST Major Oil Storage Facilities (MOSF) Database

Review of the above-listed databases indicates that thirty (30) Federal and State sites are identified within the project search radius limits. These sites include: one (1) NYSDEC Inactive Hazardous Waste site; one (1) Active Hazardous Spill site; seven (7) Closed Hazardous Spills sites; forty three (43) Leaking Tank sites; thirteen (13) Underground Storage Tank sites; five (5) Aboveground Storage Tank sites; one (1) New York Brownfields site; three (3) Historical Underground Storage Tank sites; (11) Spills sites; seven (7) PBS sites; eight (8) RCRIS-Generator/Transporter sites; and one (1) CBS site.

Table C

Agency Database Findings Adjacent to Corridor – Option B-1, O&W					
Facility	Address/Location	Database	Status		
Trailways Bus Station	499 Hurley Ave, Adjacent to the South	NY LTANKS NY Spills (2/6/07)	Tanks may still be present, Corrective Action Taken		
Hurley Avenue Substation	Adjacent to the South, upgradient	NY Spills: 5/5/2002, 11/6/1993, 9/25/1995	No Further Action, Corrective Action for all three incidents		
Trailways Property	297 Hurley Ave, Adjacent to the North	NY Spills, 7/2/06	Corrective Action Taken		
Adirondack Transit Lines, Inc.	267-291 Hurley Ave, Adjacent to the North	RCRA-CESQG FINDS NY MANIFEST RI MANIFEST NY CBS NY Spills (2/26/07) NY UST NY AST	Violations Closed 12/2/09 Corrective Action Taken Three 10,000 gal diesel, one 6,000 gal Waste Oil, one 6,000 gal motor oil, one 1,000 gal #2 fuel oil, and one 6,000 gal heating oil USTs in service. Two used oil, one kerosene, one transmission fluid, ASTs in use. No reports of leaks or spills.		
The Daily Freeman	79 Hurley Ave, Adjacent to the South	NY UST RCRA NonGen/NLR FINDS NY Manifest NY LTANKS	Four Closed USTs Corrective Action Taken		
Apartment Building	500 Washington Ave, Adjacent to the North	NY LTANKS NY Spills NY UST NY HIST UST	Corrective Action Taken Five Closed and Removed USTs		
Meth Lab Cleanup	503 Washington Ave, under the Washington Ave overpass	NY Spills, 9/2/14	Corrective Action Taken		
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	180 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	RCRA NonGen/NLR FINDS NY Manifest	No Violations		

Ulster Savings Bank	180 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	NY Spills, 6/4/08	Corrective Action Taken
Laboratory Corporation of America	142 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	LTANKS RCRA NonGen/NLR FINDS NY Manifest	Corrective Action Taken No Violations
Utility Platers	412-420 Washington Ave, Adjacent to the South	RCRA SQG NY UST NY Spills NY Manifest	No Violations Tank Closed Corrective Action Taken
Romeo Kia	111 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	NY LTANKS NY Spills	Corrective Action Taken

Table 4

Agency Database Findings Adjacent to Corridor – Option B-2, U&D

Facility	Address/Location	Database	Status
Apartment Building	500 Washington Ave, Adjacent to the North	NY LTANKS NY Spills NY UST NY HIST UST	Corrective Action Taken Five Closed and Removed USTs
Meth Lab Cleanup	503 Washington Ave, under the Washington Ave overpass	NY Spills, 9/2/14	Corrective Action Taken
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	180 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	RCRA NonGen/NLR FINDS NY Manifest	No Violations
Ulster Savings Bank	180 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	NY Spills, 6/4/08	Corrective Action Taken
Laboratory Corporation of America	142 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	LTANKS RCRA NonGen/NLR FINDS NY Manifest	Corrective Action Taken No Violations
Utility Platers	412-420 Washington Ave, Adjacent to the South	RCRA SQG NY UST NY Spills NY Manifest	No Violations Tank Closed Corrective Action Taken
Romeo Kia	111 Schwenk Dr, Adjacent to the South	NY LTANKS NY Spills	Corrective Action Taken

As open regulatory agency files exist, and previous site uses of potential environmental concern were identified within the search radius, supplemental environmental investigations may be warranted. The nature and extent of such supplemental investigations will be identified as the design alternatives are more fully developed. However, Chapter 5.1 of the EPM states that "any NYSDOT project that involves excavation adjacent to an open spill must be assessed for petroleum contamination in the right-of-way". Therefore, a Freedom of Information Law (FOIL) request has been submitted to the NYSDEC to obtain additional information regarding the UST/AST sites situated immediately adjacent to the project corridor, as well as former spill sites along the corridor. A Freedom of Information Law (FOIL) request has also been submitted to the US EPA to obtain additional information regarding the RCRA Generators. To date, a response to our request has not been received.

4.4.19.2. Mitigation Summary –Based on the final findings of the records review, recommendations for subsurface investigations will be prepared.

4.5. Construction Effects - During construction of the project, some inconvenience will be experienced by the public due to temporary existing trail closures. This will be kept to a minimum. Residents located near the project area may experience an increase in noise and dust during construction. However, the increases will be kept to a minimum. This project will not have permanent or long-term impact once construction operations end.

4.6. Indirect (Secondary) Effects - This project will have no impact on growth or development in the area.

4.7. Cumulative Effects - This project will have no direct cumulative effects on the environment in the area.

CHAPTER 5 – EVALUATION AND COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES

Based on the investigations, discussion herein, official and public input, and taking into consideration the social, economic and environmental impacts, the alternative that best meets the project objectives is Alternative B – Reconstruction.

Two different reconstruction options (B-1 and B-2) were investigated and presented at the stakeholder meeting as well as the public informational meeting. The proposed reconstruction options include the construction of a dedicated multi-use trail along the O&W Railroad corridor, which is referred to as "Option B-1," or along US Route 209 and the U&D Railroad Corridor, which is referred to as "Option B-2.". Both alternatives are discussed in greater detail in Chapter 3. The preferred Reconstruction Option (Option B-1) was selected based on social, economic, and environmental impacts as well as feasibility, schedule, project budgets and reasonableness.

5.1. Social Considerations

Prior to the public informational meeting, both reconstruction alternatives were investigated to determine the potential impacts on current land use, private properties, adjacent neighborhoods, general social groups, and social districts. Option B-1, O&W Corridor, is currently utilized by walkers, runners, and bicyclists but due to the uneven terrain and inconsistent surface material, it is not fully accessible for all potential trail users. Option B-2, U&D Corridor / US Route 209 ROW, is currently utilized and under permit by a tourism railroad operator. Additionally, without a western connection, it is preferred to create a more direct route between the O&W Rail Trail and the City of Kingston.

Option B-1, O&W Corridor, requires Right-of-Way acquisitions and easements while Option B-2, U&D Corridor, requires no ROW acquisitions. During the stakeholder meeting, the commercial property owners were receptive to the project and are willing to cooperate in the ROW process. No discussions of values or any details of the ROW process were discussed with any property owners.

5.2. Economic Considerations

A significant factor concerning the design and construction of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail is the available funding. As stated in Section 2.1 of this report, "The project was included on the State Transportation Improvement Plan ("STIP") in 2010 at which time the County released an RFQ for engineering design. After selecting an engineering firm, the County was unable to negotiate a fee for the design and Right-of-Way services within the existing STIP budget. The project did not advance, and design was delayed pending additional funding. In 2014, Ulster County amended the STIP to add additional funding to the project in order to move forward, and selected an engineering consultant to work with the County on evaluation of two potential alternative routes." Due to initial anticipated property impacts, Ulster County amended the TIP in 2016 to facilitate preliminary Right-of-Way acquisitions. Consequently, it is considered imperative for the design alternatives to fit within the available funding.

Both alternatives will accomplish the task of connecting the existing O&W Rail Trail to the City of Kingston. However, for Option B-2, U&D Corridor to accomplish the task, the alternative will need to cross the Esopus Creek twice. This will require the construction of a new pedestrian bridge adjacent to the existing structure carrying US Route 209 and the rehabilitation of the existing C9 Bridge on the U&D Railroad corridor. The costs to complete the two bridges exceed the available funding, and therefore, Option B-2 is not considered feasible.

Option B-1, O&W Corridor, satisfies the project objectives, is reasonable and feasible, within the scope of the project, and will not result in significant impacts. Therefore, the O&W Corridor option has been selected as the preferred option to progress to final design.

EXHIBIT 5.2.1 COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES CONSTRUCTION PROJECT COSTS					
ACTIVITIES	OP	OPTION B-1, O&W O&W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH, AVE,		TION B-2, U&D W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH, AVE,	
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:		WASH. AVE.		WASH. AVE.	
CLEARING & GRUBBING:	\$	50,000	\$	25,000	
EARTHWORK:	э \$	150,000	φ \$	174,000	
SUBBASE:	\$	130,000	\$	122,000	
PAVEMENT:	\$	230,000	\$	210,000	
GUIDERAIL & FENCE	\$	110,000	\$	358,000	
DRAINAGE	\$	150,000	\$	20,000	
LIGHTING	\$	30,000	\$	25,000	
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL:	\$	20,000	\$	50,000	
EROSION CONTROL:	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	
LANDSCAPE:	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	
STRUCTURES	\$	250,000	\$	3,000,000	
TRAILHEAD/PARKING LOT	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	
SIDEWALK:	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	
SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:	\$	1,300,000	\$	4,164,000	
CONTINGENCY (15% @ DESIGN APPROVAL)	\$	195,000	\$	625,000	
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,495,000	\$	4,789,000	
FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5%)	\$	75,000	\$	240,000	
SURVEY	\$	30,000	\$	90,000	
MOBILIZATION (4%)	\$	59,000	\$	192,000	
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$	1,659,000	\$	5,311,000	
EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018)					
+1.5%	\$	30,000	\$	80,000	
TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018 DOLLARS):	\$	1,689,000	\$	5,391,000	
ENGINEERING	\$	220,000	\$	500,000	
CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION	\$	130,000	\$	500,000	
ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$	85,000	\$	-	
TOTAL COSTS:	\$	2,124,000	\$	6,391,000	

5.3. Environmental Considerations

A preliminary environmental assessment was performed for both alternatives to determine if either option would have a significant impact on the environment. It was determined, based on the assessments and investigations that neither option will significantly impact the environment.

Option B-1, O&W Corridor, satisfies the project objectives, is reasonable and feasible, within the scope of the project, and will not result in significant environmental impacts. Therefore, the O&W Corridor option has been selected as the preferred option to progress to final design.

CHAPTER 6 – PROJECT COORDINATION

This design report has been prepared in accordance with the NYSDOT and the FHWA. The coordination with the federal, state, and local agencies is ongoing.

6.1. Early Coordination Process

Early coordination has been made with the environmental regulatory agencies (SHPO, NYSDEC, and the USFWS) concerned with the project site: floodplains, cultural resources, water quality, and endangered species. Correspondence with such agencies can be found in Appendix B.

6.2. Meeting with Community Groups and Individuals

An initial project walk-through was performed on May 1, 2015 with representatives from Ulster County and members of the Community Advisory Committee. The purpose of field meeting was to walk both corridors and openly discuss and collectively collaborate on potential opportunities, challenges and solutions that may arise during the design process.

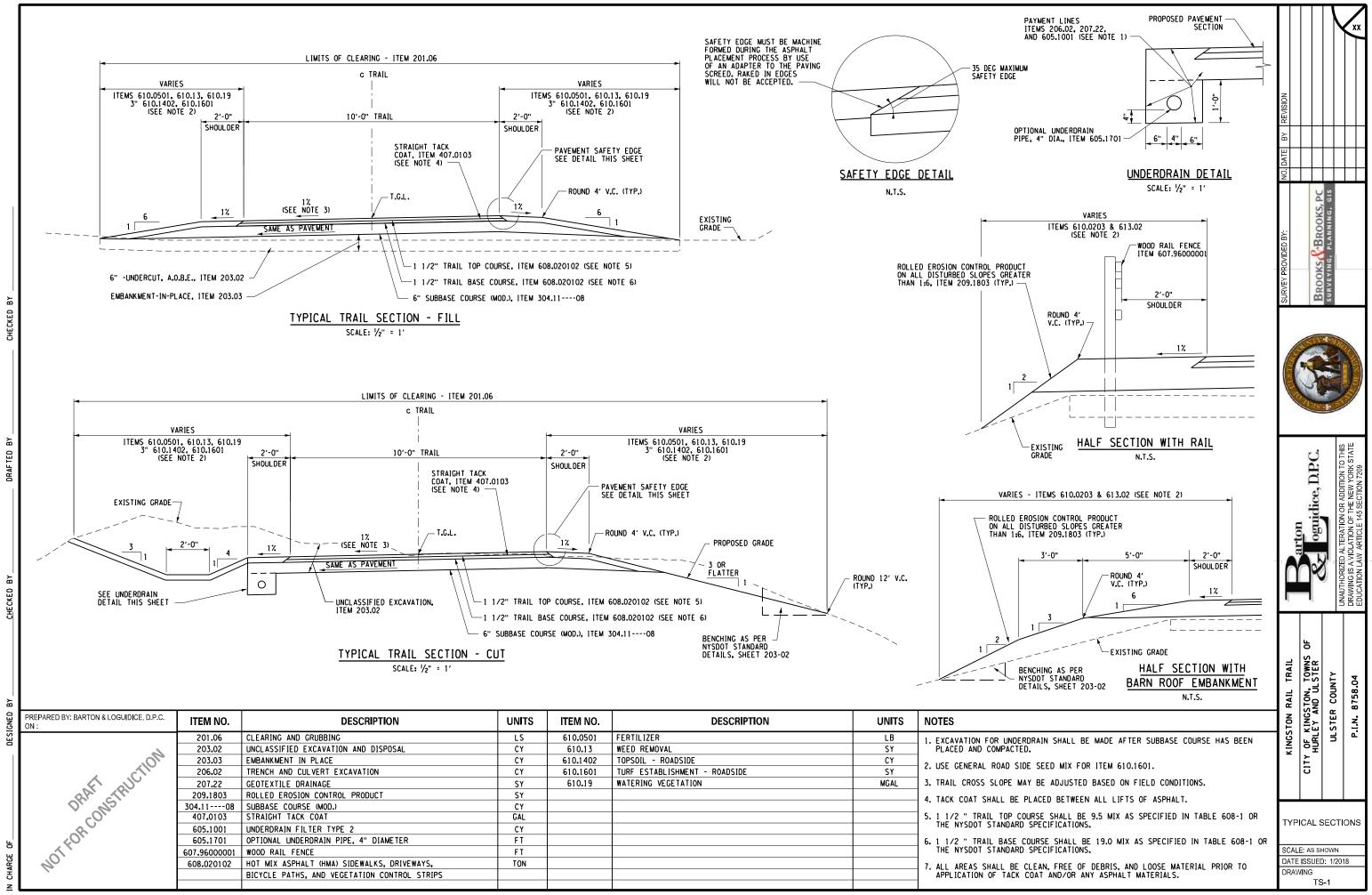
One (1) Stakeholder Meeting occurred on October 13, 2015. The meeting was held to present the feasible alternatives to the local affected business owners and other interested parties to openly discuss suggestions and concerns about the project to Ulster County representatives and the design team. The majority of the meeting focused on Option B-1, O&W Corridor since that was the alignment that affected the stakeholders present at the meeting. The stakeholders were not opposed to the project so long as their rights as property owners were not infringed upon. CHG&E stated that they are in the early stages of plan development for rebuilding their transmission system along the O&W Corridor, north of the substation. Coordination with CHG&E is on-going to ensure both projects are technically feasible, compatible, and will not result in re-work as a result of construction operations. All information and sign-in sheets from the meeting are located in Appendix G.

A Community Advisory Committee (CAC) meeting was held on November 12, 2015 to present the findings of the preliminary design studies completed to date and ask for input and feedback on the preliminary alignment of the proposed multi-use trail. After presenting each alternative, the multiple termini locations and discussing potential impacts and costs associated with each alternative, the CAC members expressed a consensus of support to Option B-1, O&W Corridor.

One (1) Public Informational Meeting (PIM) was held on December 8, 2015. At the PIM, residents, stakeholders, and business owners were able to learn about the alignment options and express their opinions, suggestions, and concerns about the project to Ulster County representatives. Each alternative and corresponding options were discussed and the preferred, most feasible alternative was identified as the O&W Route. One aspect of the project that drove marked conversation was the eastern terminus location at Washington Avenue. The public was concerned about trail users crossing Washington Avenue without some type of traffic control device for assistance. As a result of the dialogue and discussions between county officials, crossing options are being investigated as part of the project. There were no written comments received from any participants as a result of the December PIM. All information and sign-in sheets from the meeting are located in Appendix G.

Appendix A

Plans, Profiles, and Typical Sections

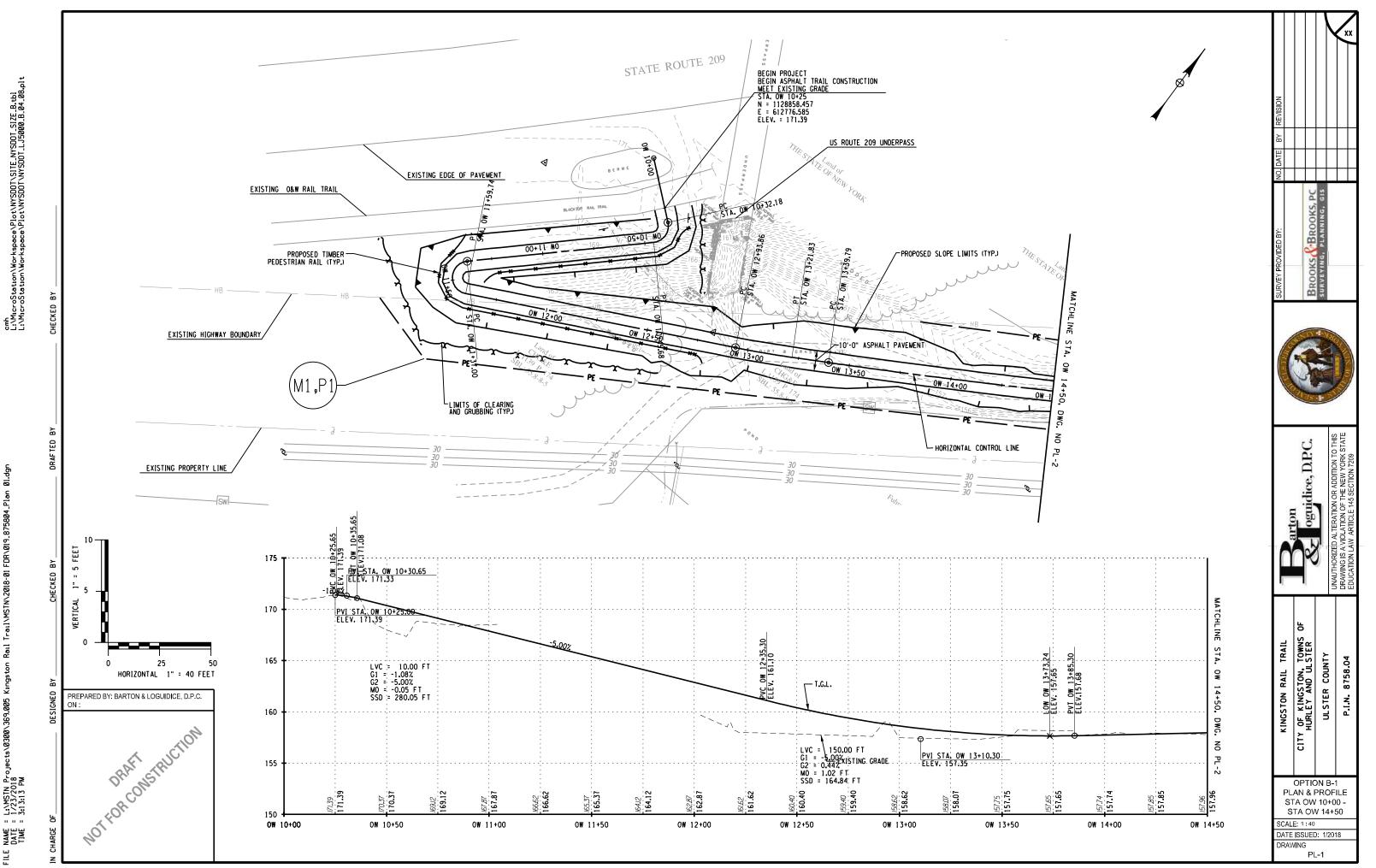


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ц Ч	< <u>0</u> ,	605.1701	OPTIONAL UNDERDRAIN PIPE, 4" DIAMETER	FT				6. 1 1/2 " TRAIL BASE
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RGI	~ <u>~</u> ~	608.020102	HOT MIX ASPHALT (HMA) SIDEWALKS, DRIVEWAYS,	TON				7. ALL AREAS SHALL BE
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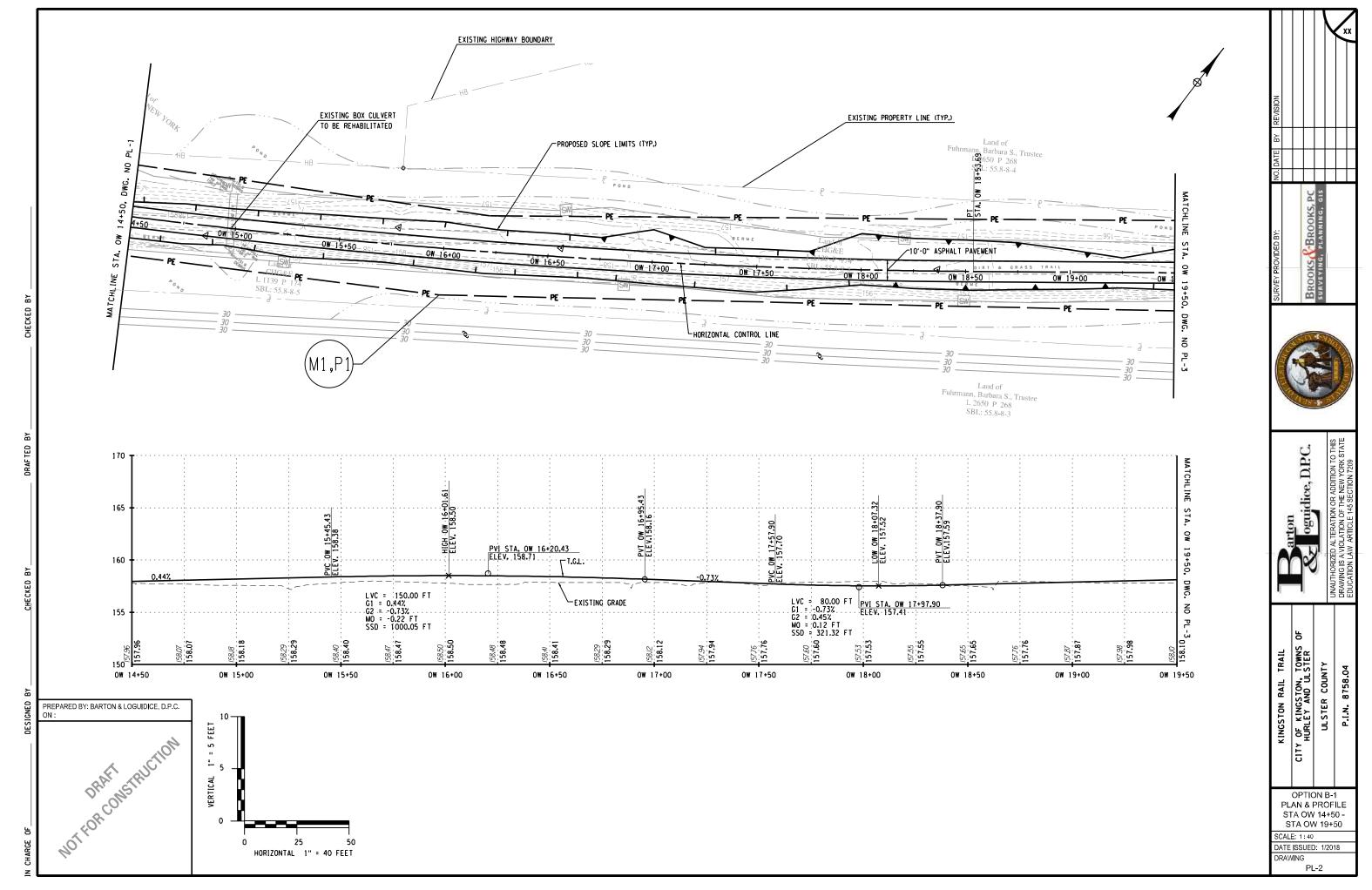
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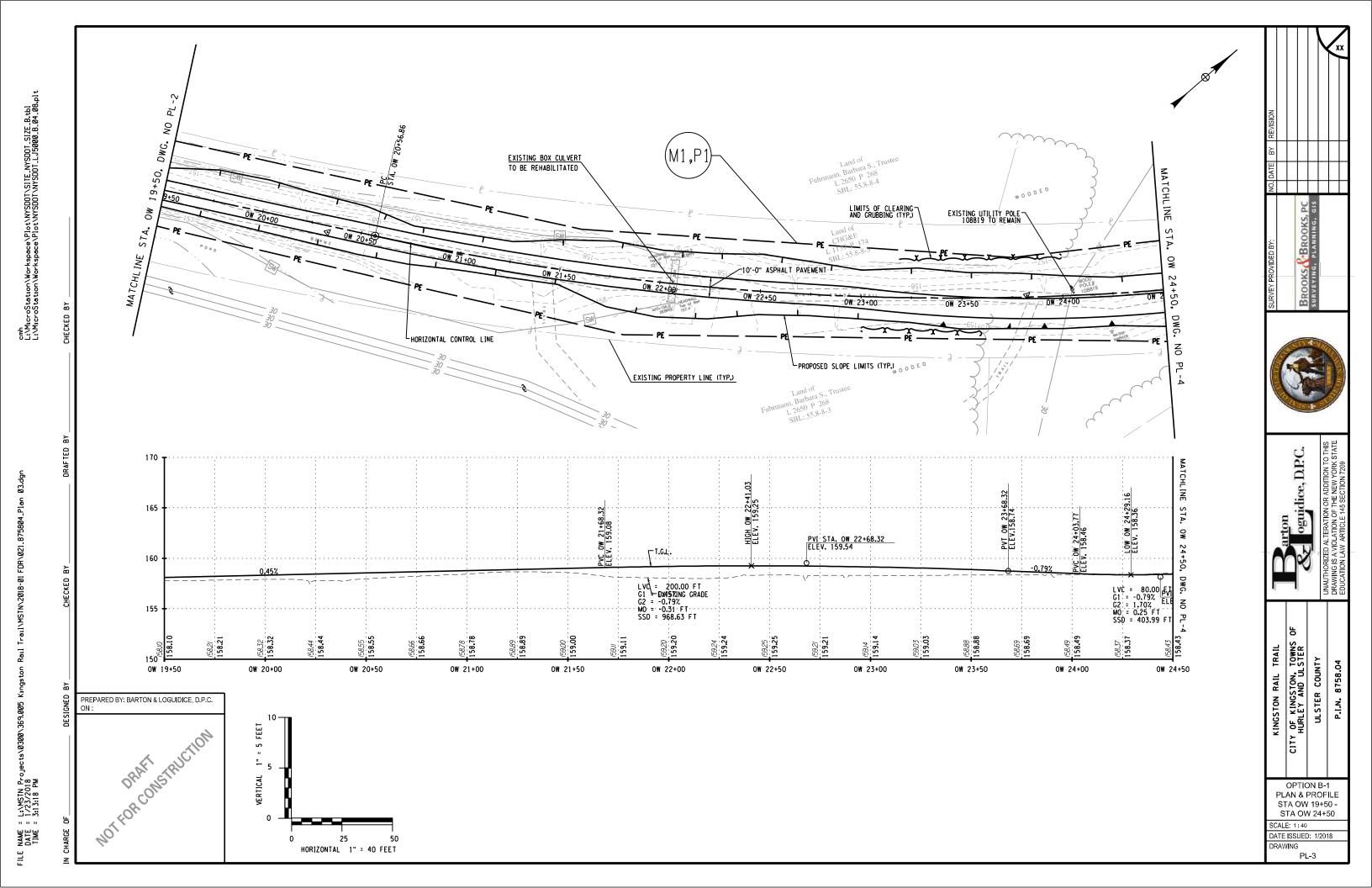


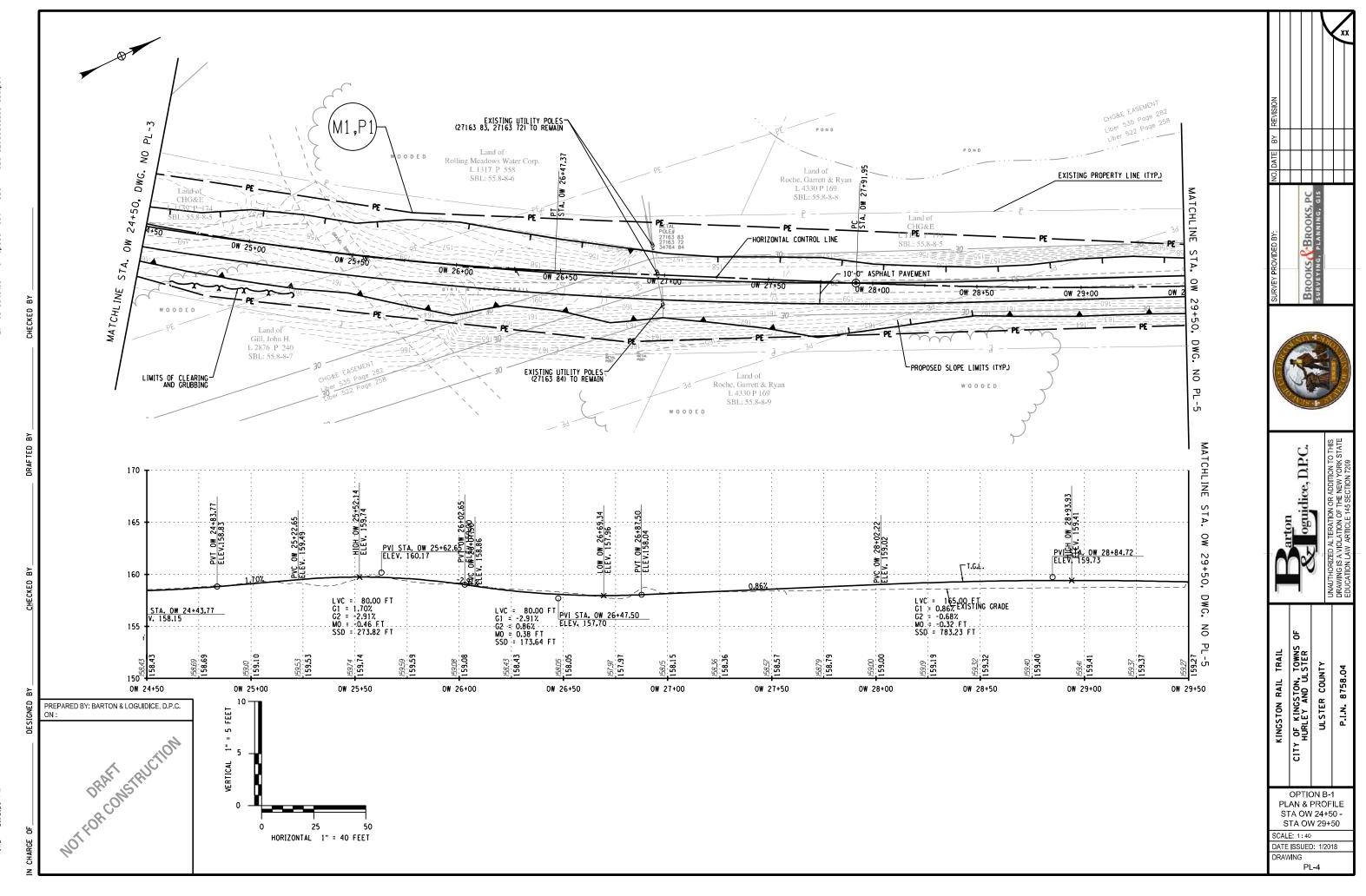
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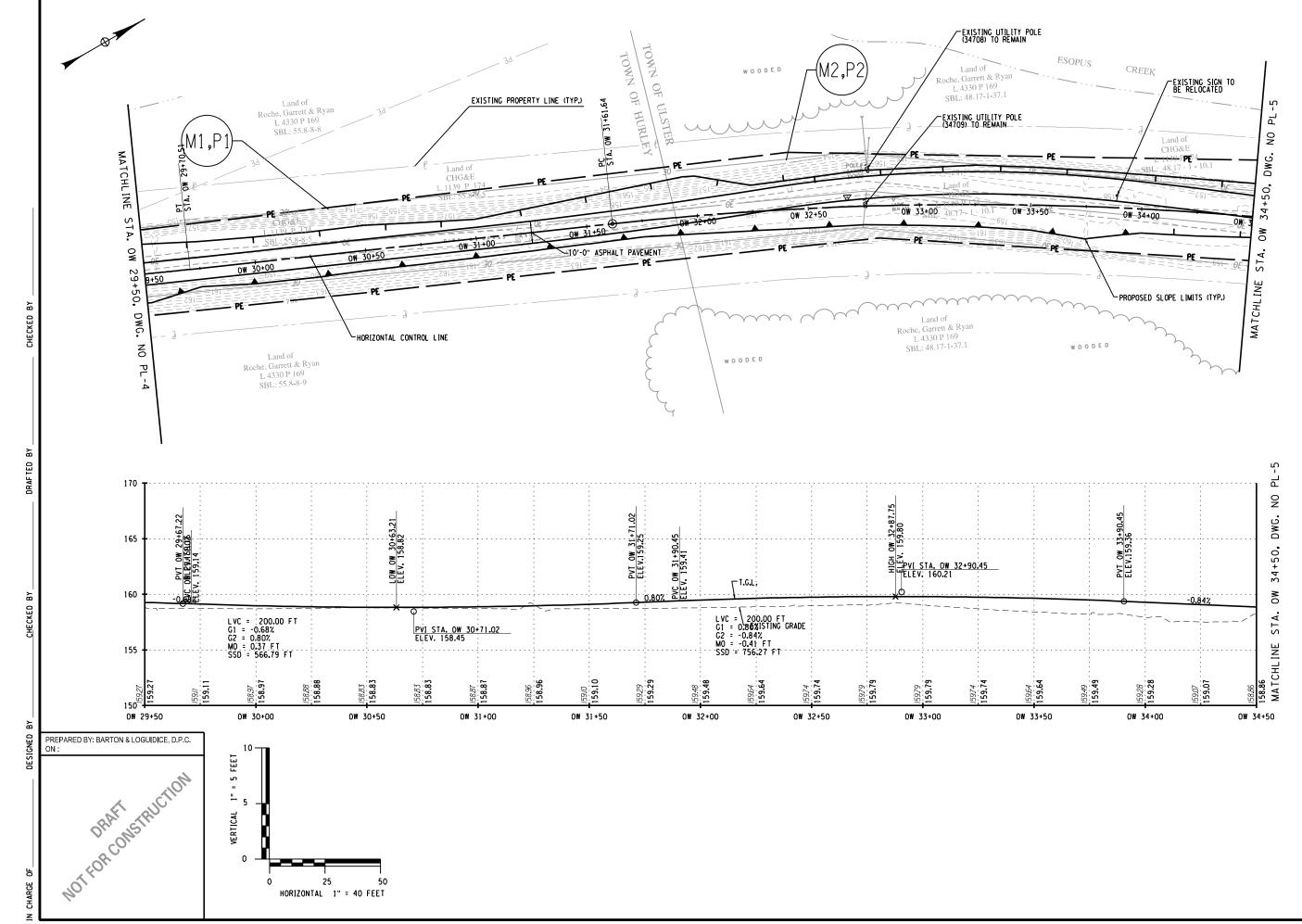


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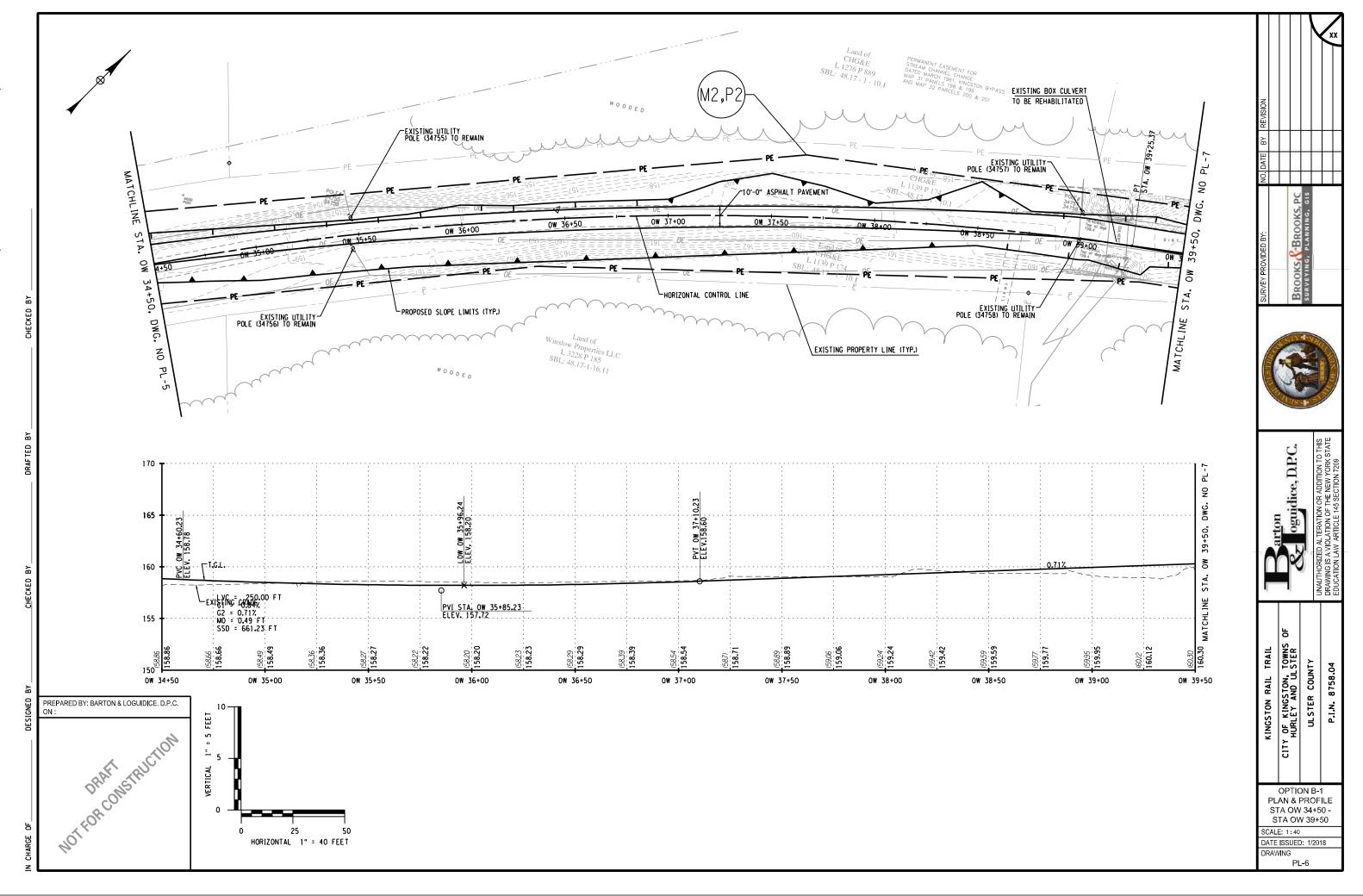




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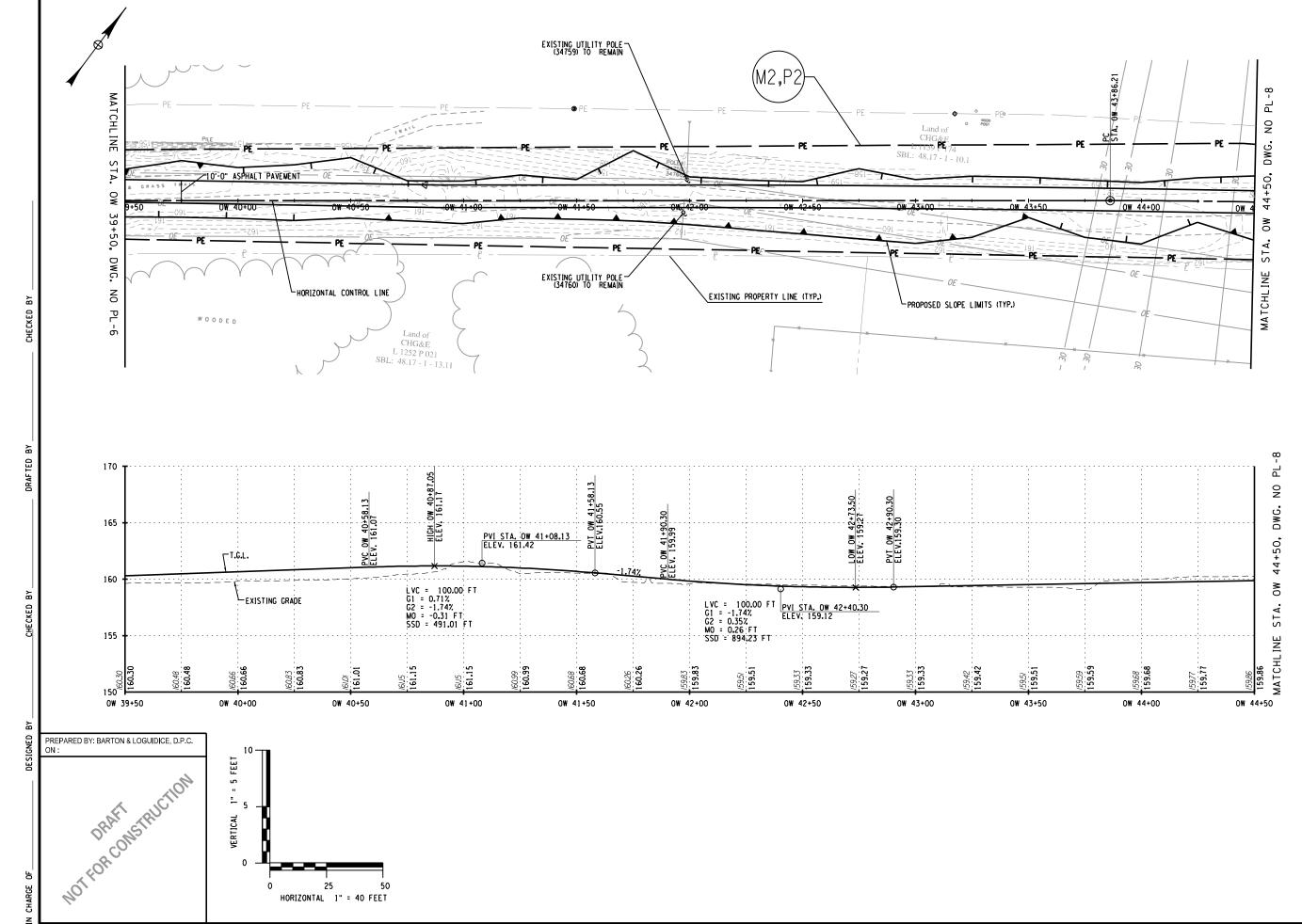
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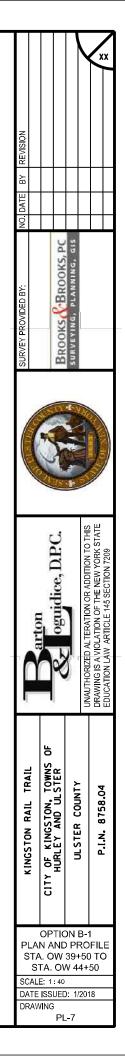
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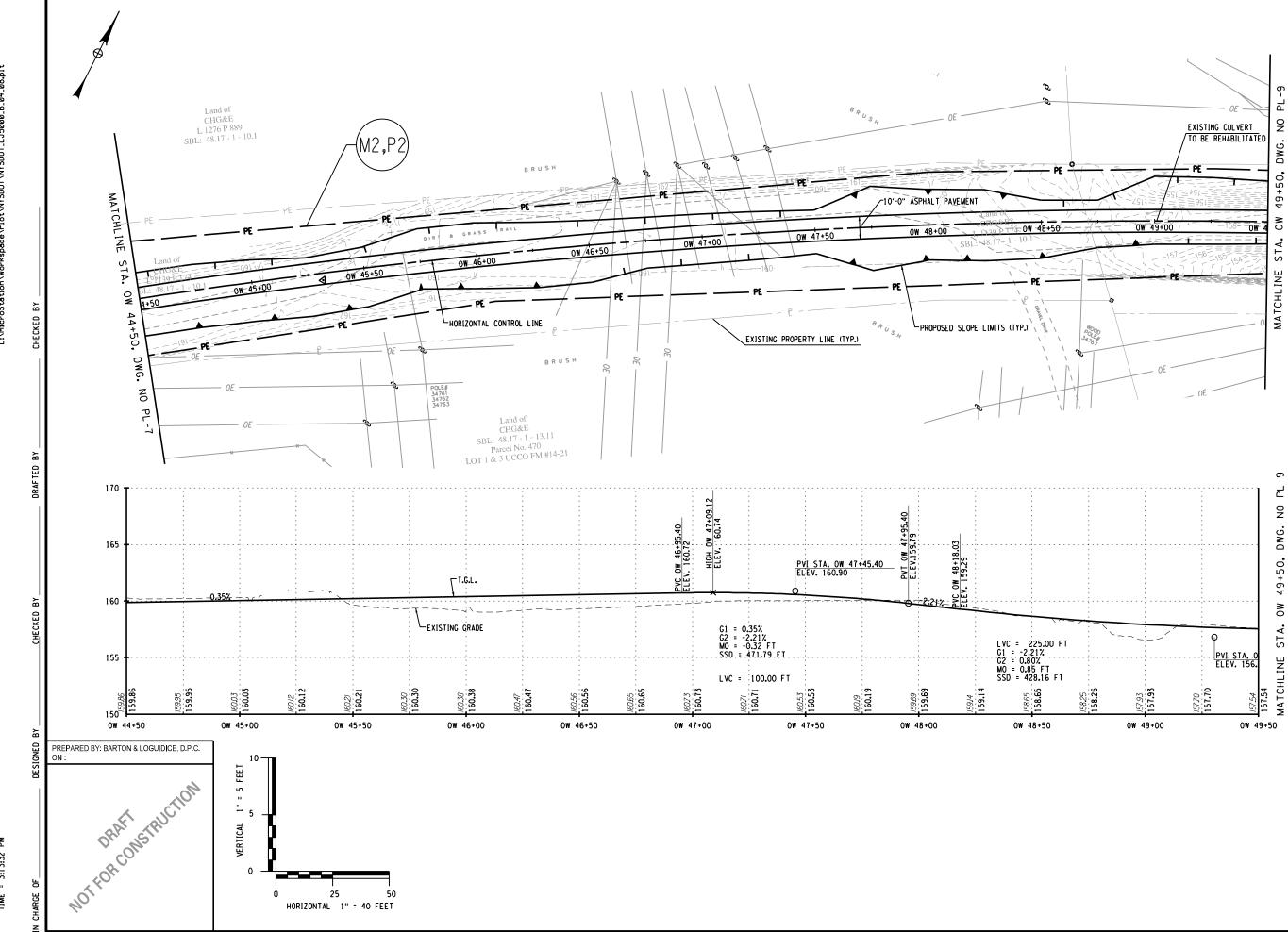


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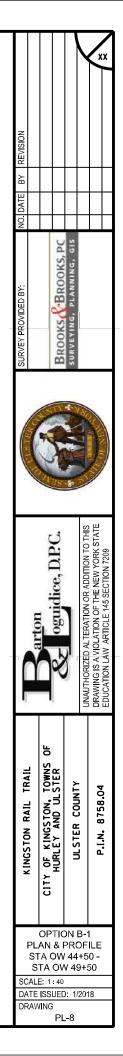
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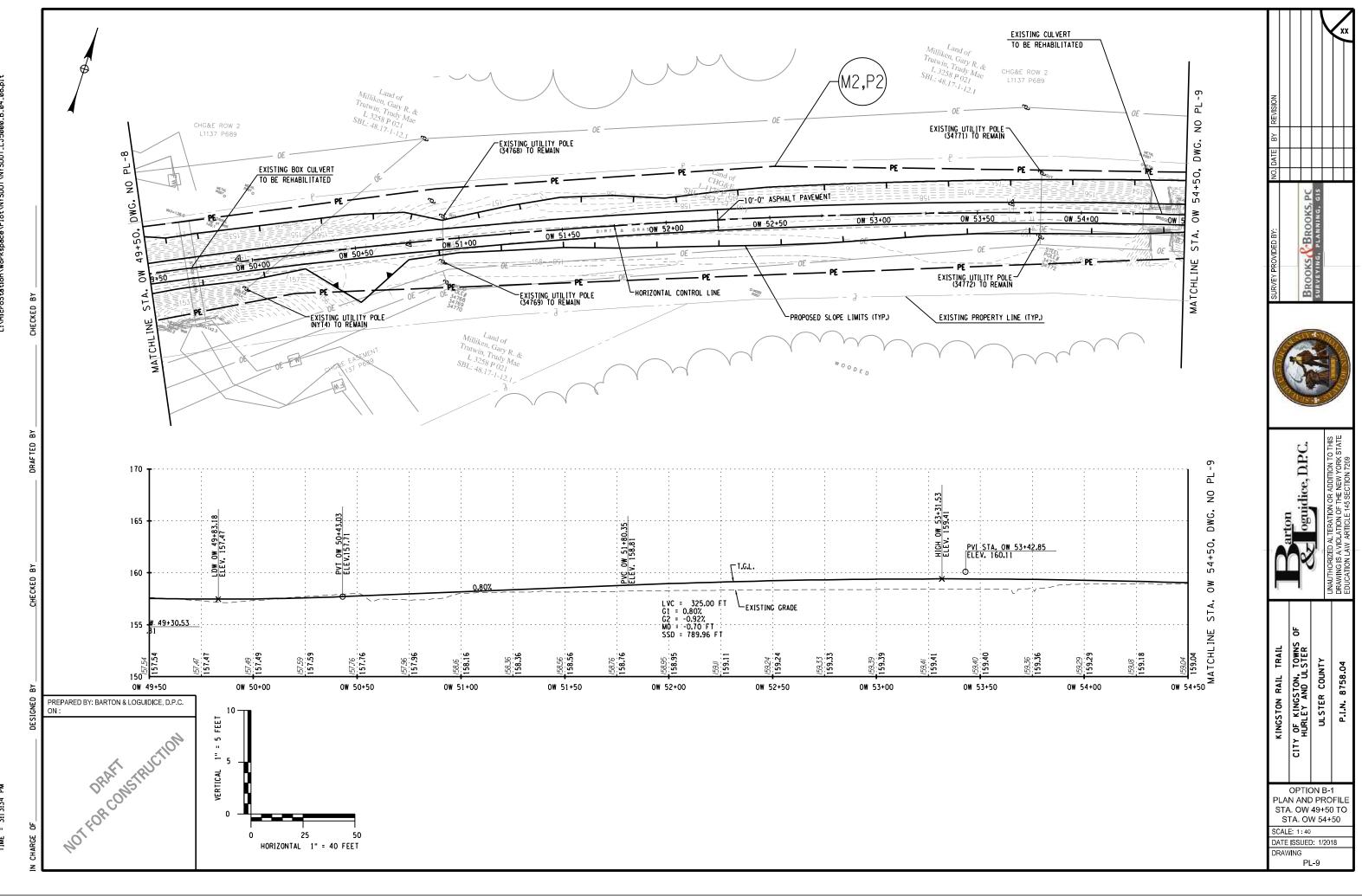




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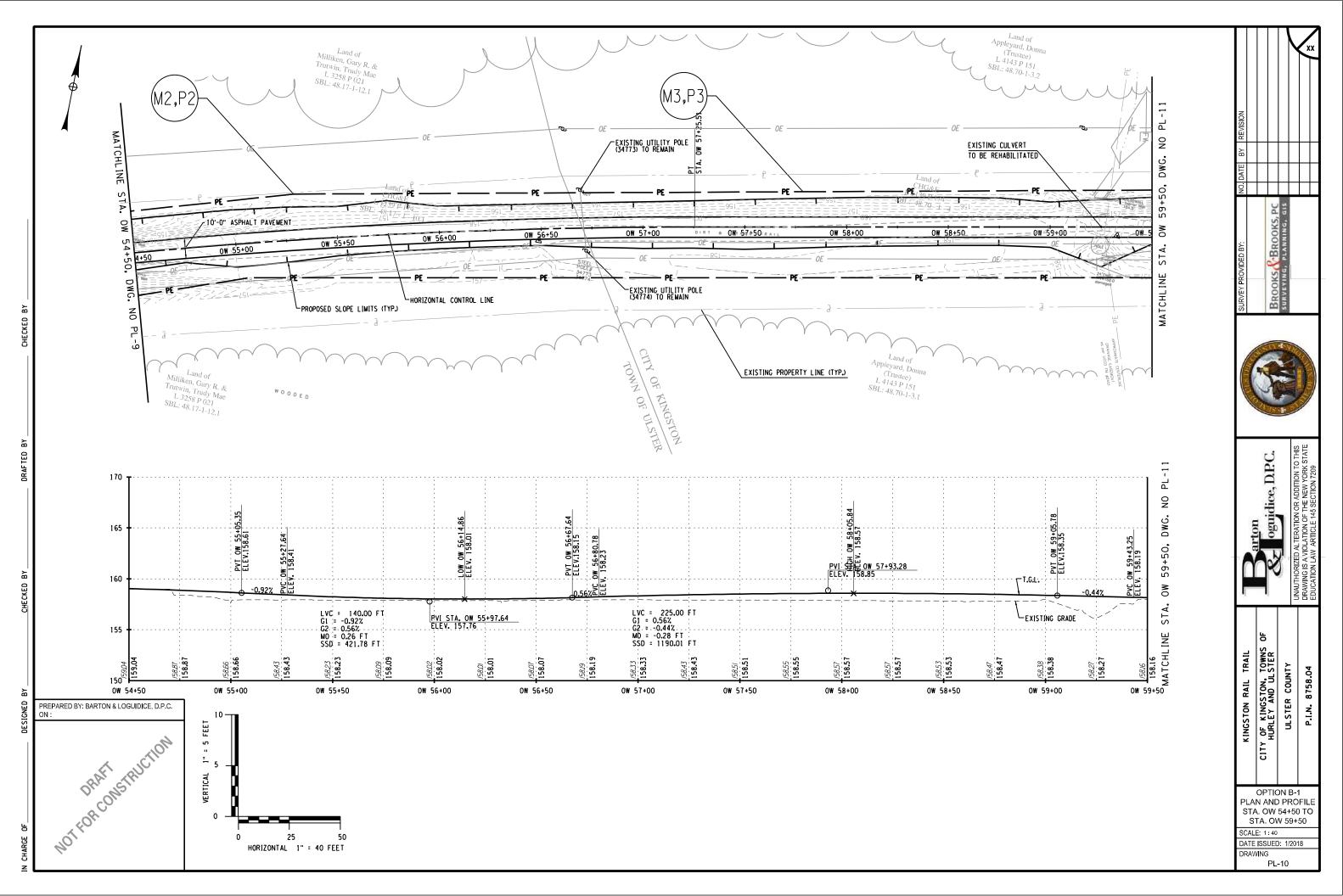


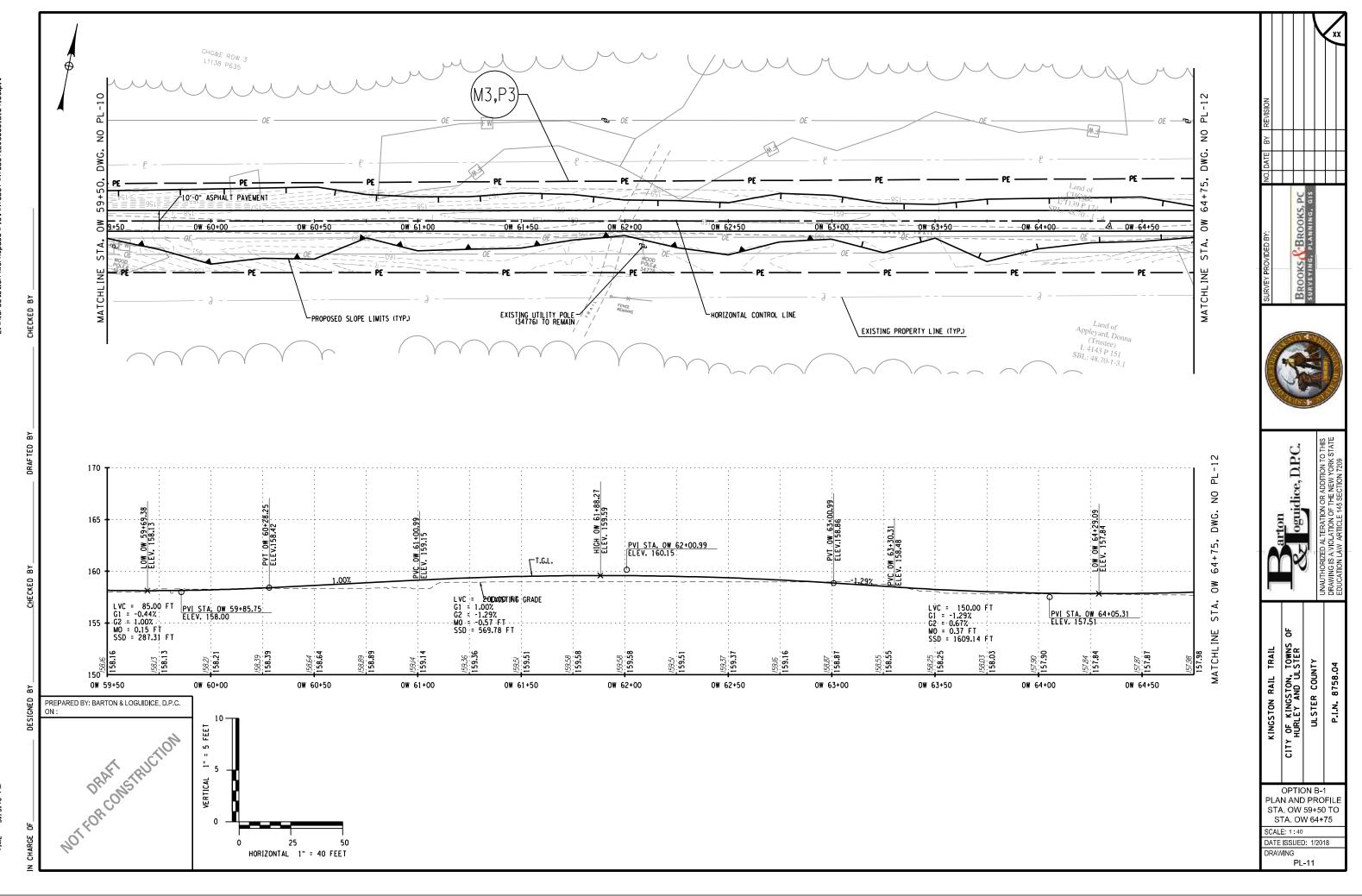


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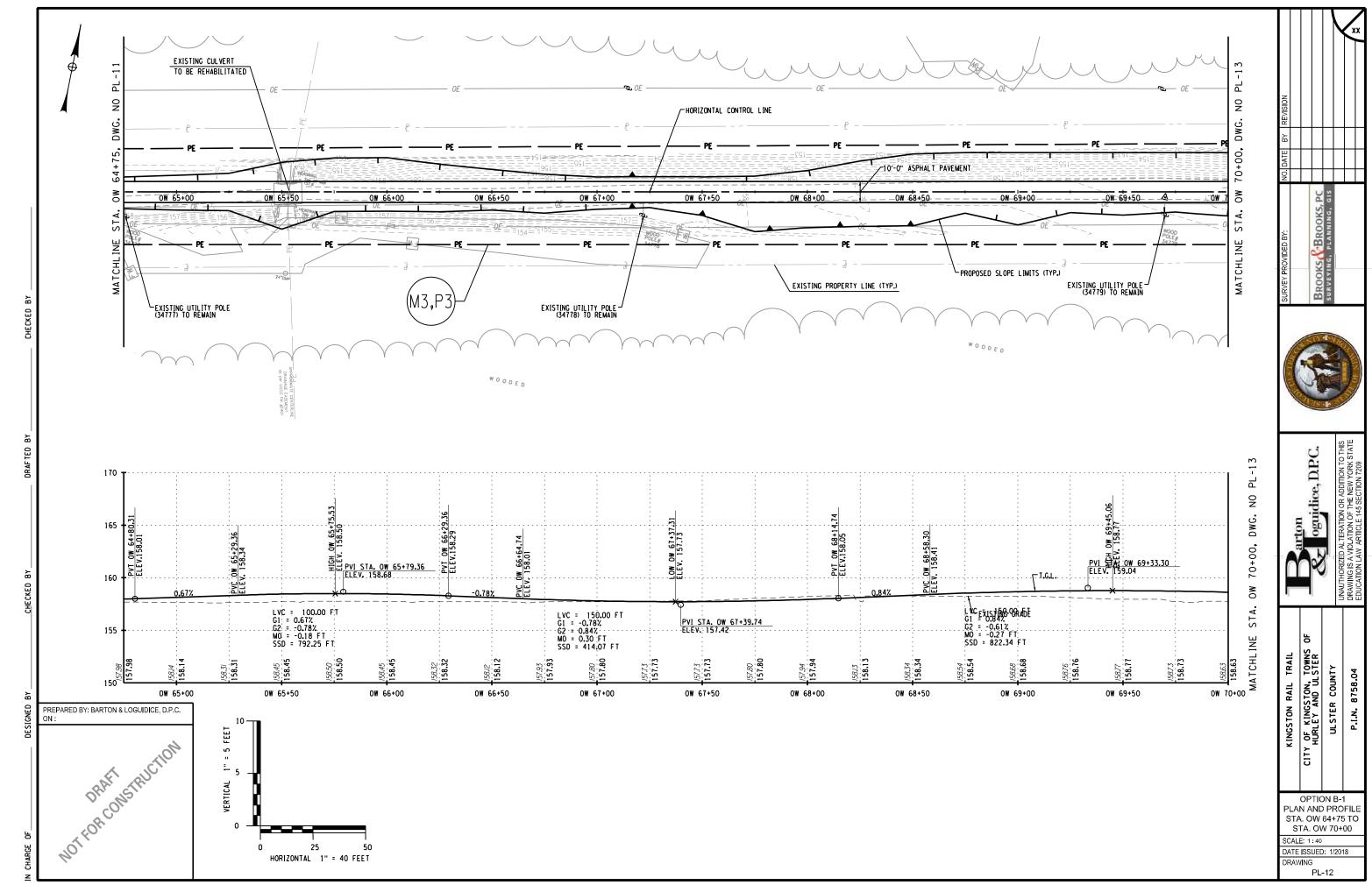






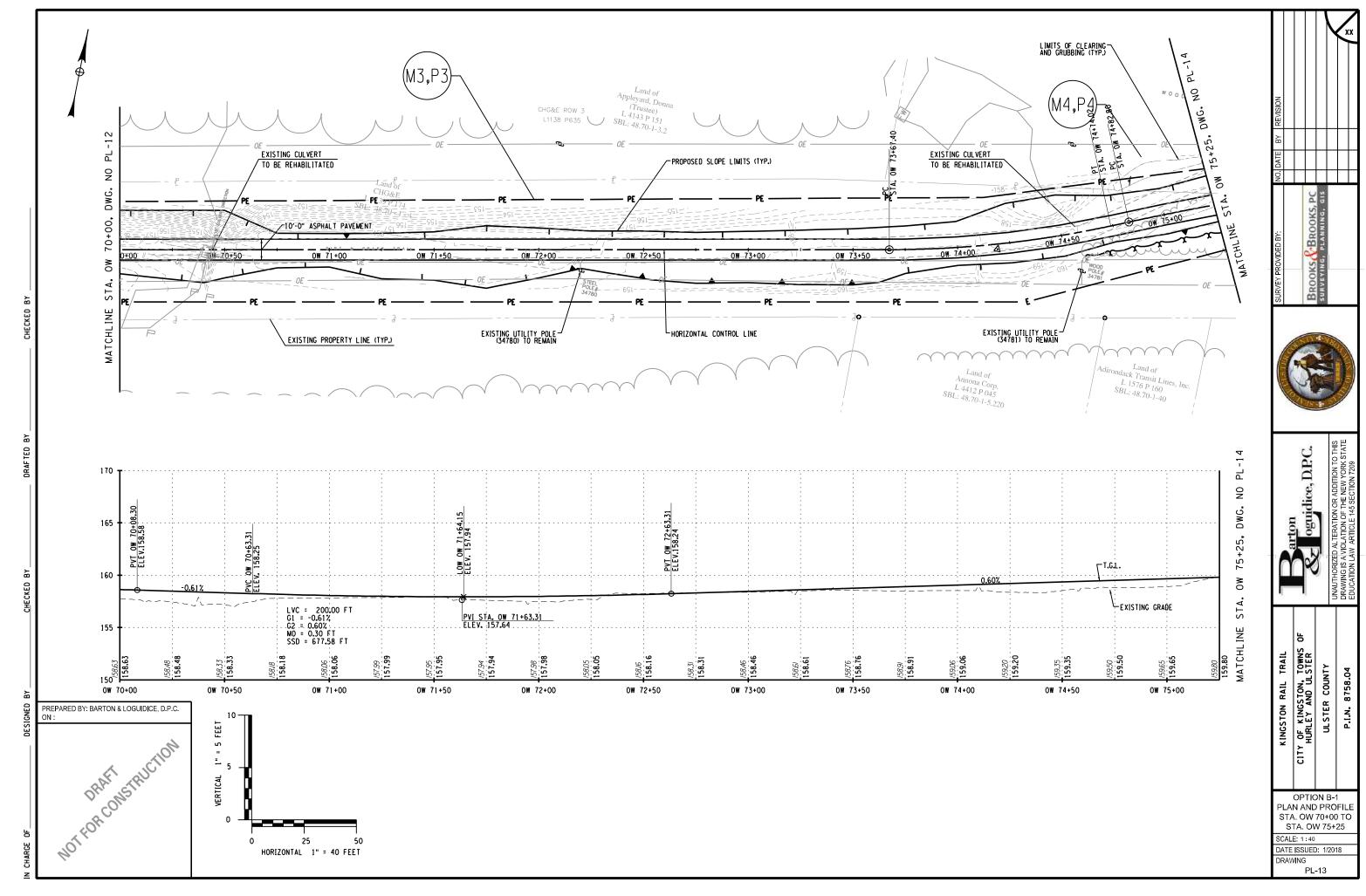
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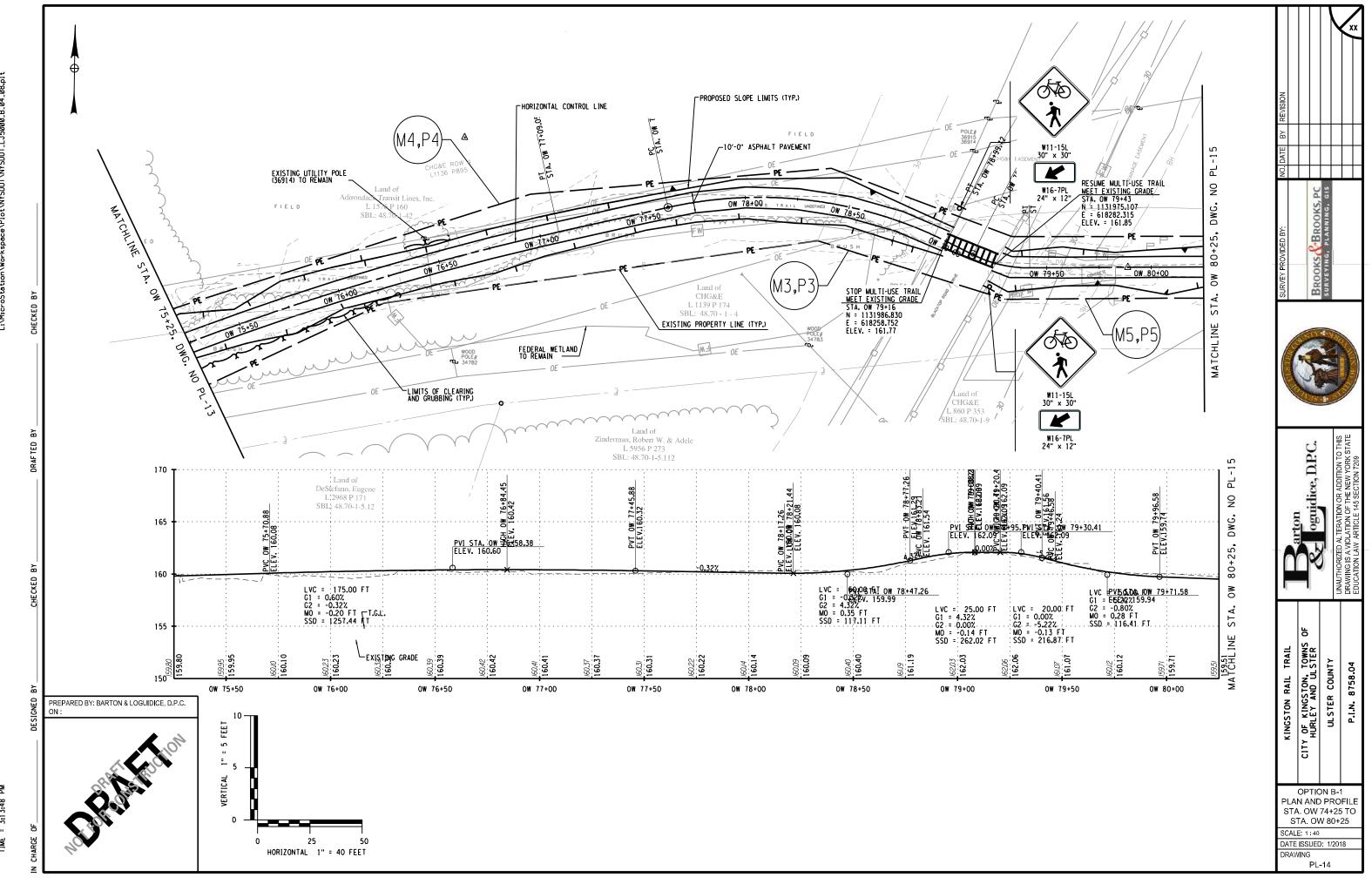
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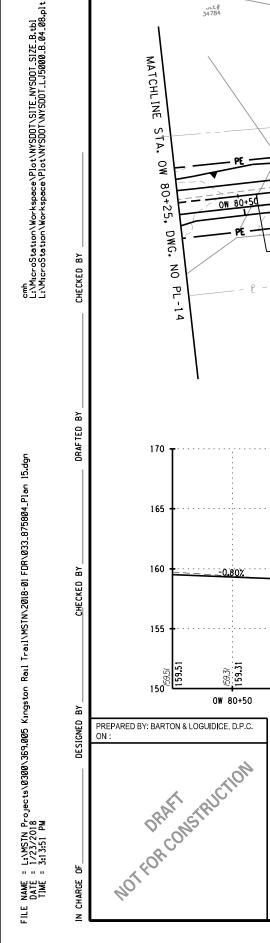
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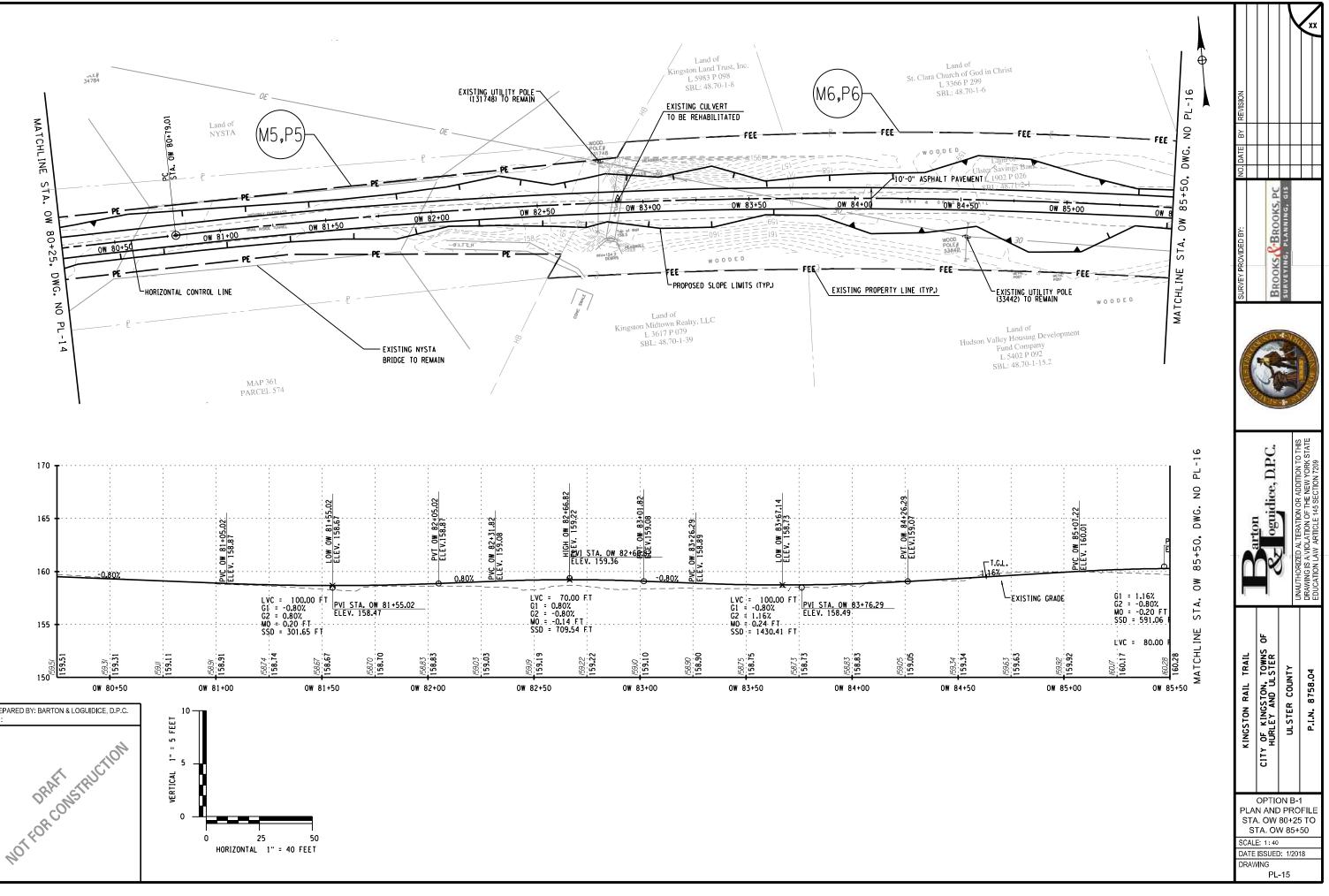
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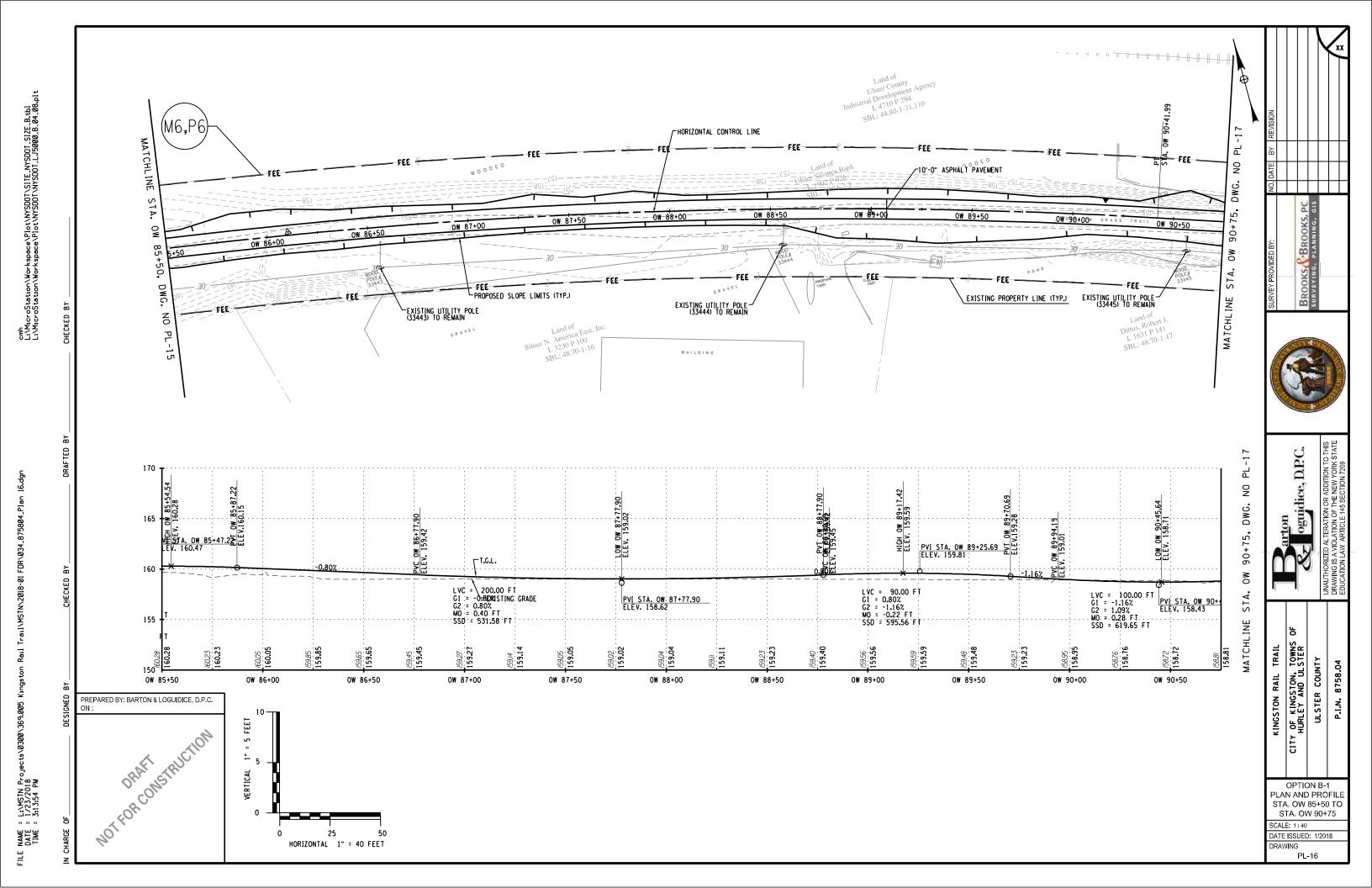


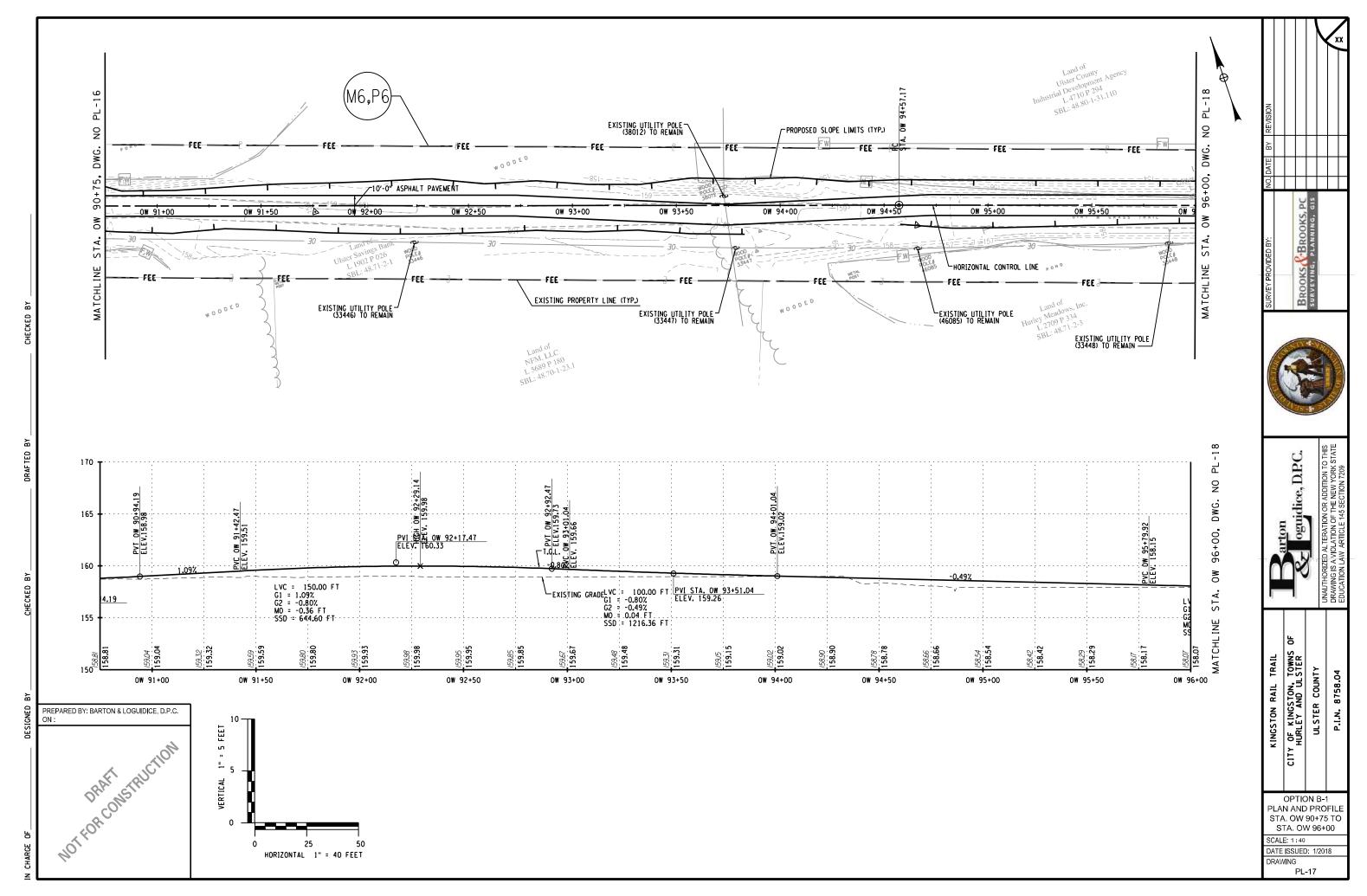
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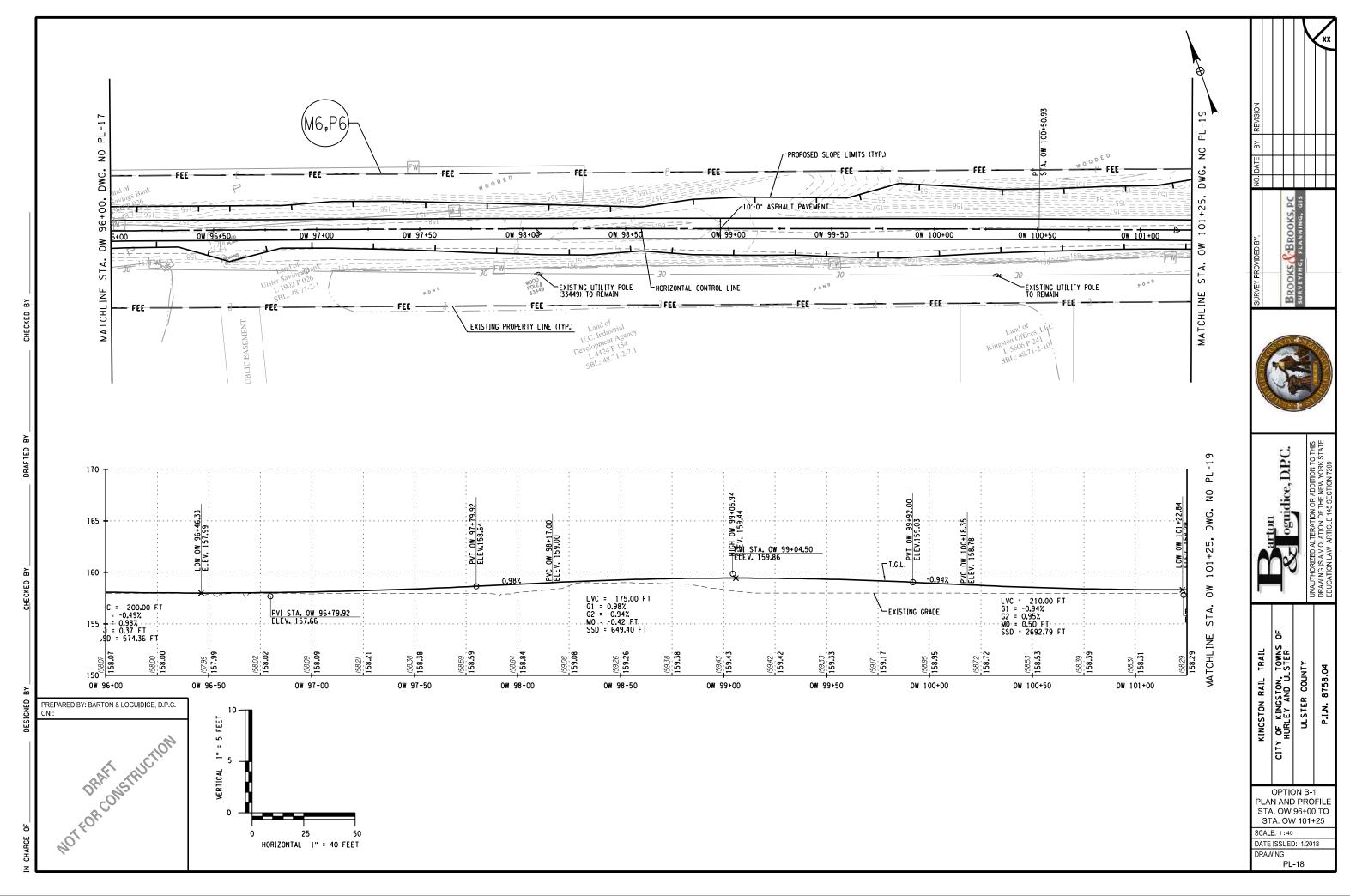






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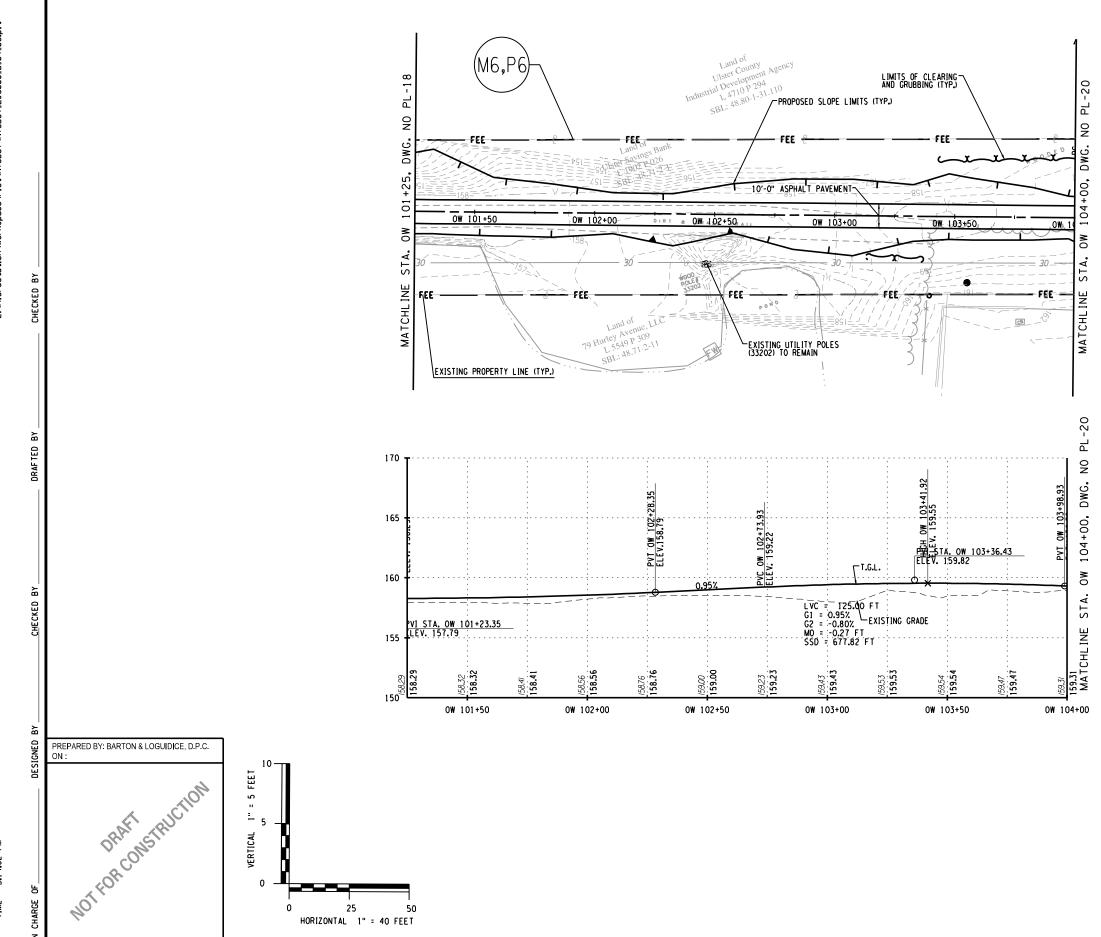
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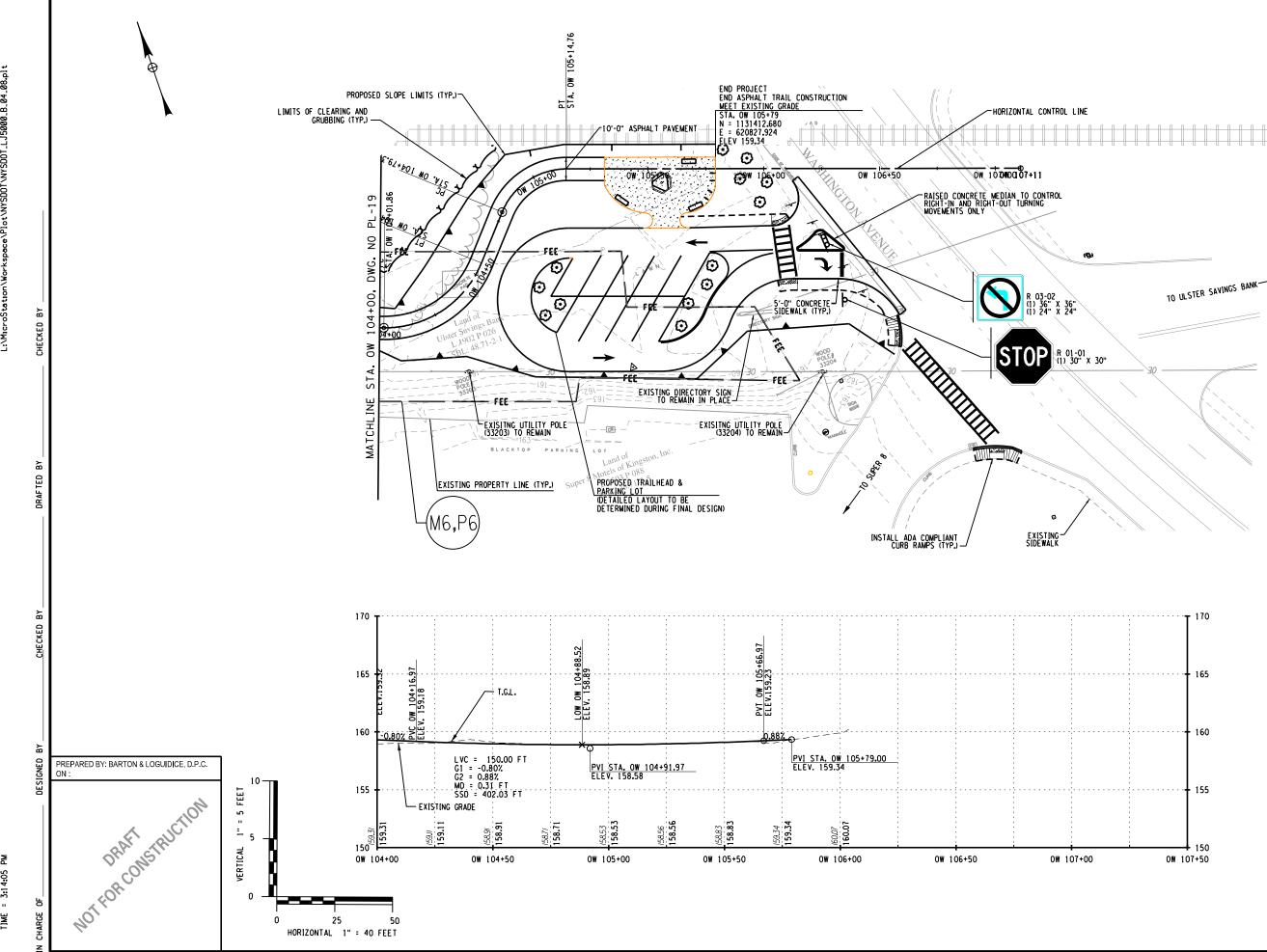
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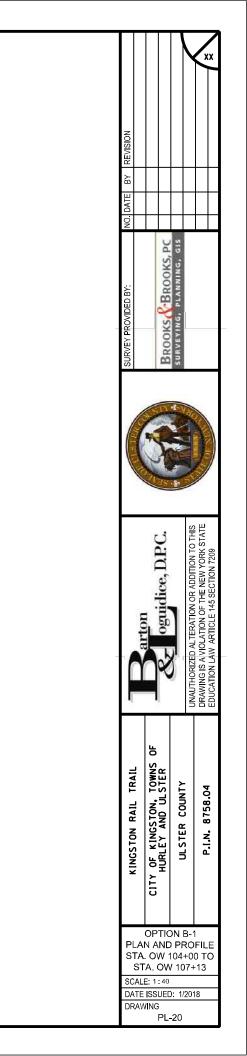


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Appendix B

Environmental Information



May 9, 2017

Leo W. O'Brien Federal Building 11A Clinton Avenue, Suite 719 Albany, NY 12207 518-431-4127 Fax: 518-431-4121 New York.FHWA@dot.gov

> In Reply Refer To: HED-NY

Ms. Sandra Jobson Environmental Manager New York State Department of Transportation, Region 8 4 Burnett Boulevard Poughkeepsie, NY 12063

Subject: PIN 8758.04 – Threatened and Endangered Species Concurrence Kingston Rail Trail Towns of Hurley & Ulster, City of Kingston, Ulster County

Dear Ms. Jobson:

We have reviewed the documentation New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) Region Eight submitted on March 21 regarding ESA consultation for the subject project. Based on the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Headquarters Programmatic Biological Opinion, FHWA has determined that the project, as proposed by NYSDOT is "*Likely to Adversely Affect*" the federally listed Indiana Bat and the Northern Long-eared Bat. This determination was made based on the proposed tree clearing outside of 100 feet from the existing road.

Mitigation for this project will be completed through a mutually agreed upon in-lieu-fee (ILF) program to the effect of \$855.90 to conserve 0.15 acres of Indiana Bat habitat. NYSDOT may choose to conduct an acoustic survey in accordance with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) 2016 Summer Guidance for Indiana Bats

(https://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/inba/survey/pdf/2016IndianaBatSummerSur veyGuidelines11April2016.pdf). Specifically, Step 5 of this process explains acoustic survey methodology. Approval from the USFWS to conduct the survey would need to be sought before beginning, and surveys typically take place during the spring season. If acoustic surveys show that Indiana Bats are not present on the site, FHWA can revise the effect determination to "*No Effect*" and therefore, mitigation would no longer be required.

FHWA sought concurrence from USFWS for the removal of trees for the project. A response was provided in a letter dated May 3 approving mitigation through the use of the ILF program. All tree clearing must take place between October 31 and March 31. The extent of tree clearing must not exceed the agreed upon total of 0.3 acres and no more than 0.1 acres may be outside 100 feet of the existing road.

FHWA also concurs with NYSDOT Region Eight's recommendation that the subject project will have "*No Effect*" on the federally listed Bog Turtle.

Section 7 consultation is complete. If at any time during construction the presence of these federally listed species, or their habitat, is discovered or suspected, construction activities must be halted. Activities cannot resume until FHWA and USFWS are consulted.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (518) 431-8892.

Sincerely,

cross

Sara J. Gross, P.E. Area Engineer

cc: D. Holsopple, Local Projects, NYSDOT, Region 8
L. Gorney, Local Projects, NYSDOT, Region 8
D. Hitt, Director, Office of Environment, NYSDOT MO
C. Ippoliti, Office of Environment, NYSDOT MO

Federal Environmental Approval Worksheet

PIN: 8758.04	Comp. by: Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C.	Date Comp.: 6/2/17	FUNDING TYPE: STP Flex Funds
use trail along the	he project will establish approxima abandoned Ontario & Western (O	&W) Railroad corridor.	NEPA CLASS: Class II C list CE
The trail would provide a link between the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster.			SEQR TYPE: Unlisted
LOCALITY (Villag Ulster	e, Town, City): City of Kingston, To	own of Hurley, Town of	COUNTY: Ulster

Purpose of this Worksheet:

- Communicate project National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) classification to Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).
- Identify additional required FHWA environmental determinations, approvals and/or concurrences required before the Categorical Exclusion (CE) determination can be made.
- Reflect the documentation in the Design Approval Document (DAD) and enable the approving authority (per PDM Exhibit 4-2) to make the CE determination.

Categorical Exclusion (CE) - a category of actions which do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment and which have been found to have no such effect in procedures adopted by a Federal agency (40 CFR 1508.4). Actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant environmental effect are excluded from the requirement to prepare an Environmental Assessment (EA) or Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) (23 CFR 771.115(b)).

Instructions (see also "FEAW_Instructions.doc"):

Complete the worksheet prior to the end of Design Phase I. If project parameters or site condition changes result in potential resource impacts, re-do worksheet prior to Design Approval to confirm NEPA determination and recertify (on page 4).

Step 1: Unusual Circumstances Threshold Determination – 23 CFR 771.117(b)

Any action which normally would be classified as a CE but could involve unusual circumstances (or even uncertainty) will require consultation with FHWA to determine if the CE classification is proper or whether an EA or EIS is required.

Do any, or the potential for any, unusual circumstances exist?

1. 2.	Significant environmental impacts; Substantial controversy on environmental grounds;	YES□ NO⊠ YES□ NO⊠
3.	Significant impact on properties protected by Section 4(f) of the DOT Act or Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act; or	YES NO
4.	Inconsistencies with any Federal, State, or local law, requirement or administrative determination relating to the environmental aspects of the action.	YES NO

If yes to any of the above, contact the Main Office Project Liaison (MOPL) (see PDM Exhibit 4-1). If after consultation with FHWA it is determined that the project cannot be progressed as a CE, skip to step 4 and see PDM Chapter 4 for NEPA Class I (EIS) or Class III (EA) processing.

• If no to all, then this project qualifies as a Categorical Exclusion (CE); proceed to step 2.

Project ID Number: 8758.04

Step 2: Other FHWA environmental actions required prior to CE Determination

Classification as a CE does not exempt the project from further environmental review. Compliance with Federal Statutes, Regulations and Executive Orders (EO's) must be documented. Refer to the Department's Project Development Manual (PDM) and Environmental Manual (TEM) to determine the requirements.

2.1	Other required FHWA environmental independent determinations	FHWA Independent Determination and/or Concurrence Required & Received	Date determination/ concurrence issued	FHWA Independent Determination and/or Concurrence not required or resource not present
		A	В	С
EO ²	1990 Protection of Wetlands Individual Finding		Date Issued	
ESA	Section 7 Threatened and Endangered Species	\square	5/9/2017	
	ion 106 (National Historic Preservation Act)		Click here to enter a date.	\boxtimes
	ion 4(f) (Park, Wildlife Refuge, Historic Sites, and onal Wild and Scenic Rivers)		Date Issued	\boxtimes
2.2	Other FHWA environmental compliance and/or approvals/concurrence required	Resource present and threshold exceeded		Resource not present, or present but threshold not exceeded
	1988 Floodplains			\square
EO 2	13112 Invasive Species			
EO 2	2898 Environmental Justice			
	Drinking Water Act Section 1424(e)			
US / #23	Army Corps of Engineers, Section 404/10 NWP			
Sect	ion 6(f) (Land and Water Conservation Funds)			
Migr	atory Bird Treaty Act			
23C	R772 Type I Noise abatement			\square
2.3	Other Environmental Issues requiring FHWA notification	Resource present and threshold exceeded		Resource not present, or present but threshold not exceeded
	Army Corps of Engineers, Section 404/10 idual Permit			
Natio	onal Wild and Scenic Rivers			
U.S. Coast Guard Bridge Permit				
	wn hazardous waste site (only EPA National ity list)			
Proje	ect on or affecting Native American Lands			\boxtimes

For all categories above, refer to the **Table Thresholds** document.

Federal Environmental Approval Worksheet

After completion of Tables 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3, proceed to step 3.

Project ID Number: 8758.04

Step 3: Who makes the NEPA CE Determination?

FHWA Regulations describe two types of CEs; CEs listed in 23 CFR 771.117(c) [aka the C list], and CEs such as those listed in 23 CFR 771.117 (d) [aka the D list]. NYSDOT can make the CE determination for C list projects once all required approvals and concurrences have been secured. FHWA retains the NEPA determination for D list projects. FHWA makes the CE determination programmatically through NYSDOT for D list projects that meet the <u>July 15, 1996 FHWA NY</u> <u>Division NEPA Programmatic Categorical Exclusion memo criteria</u>. To determine by whom, FHWA or NYSDOT, and how the CE determination is made, follow the instructions beginning in section 3.1 of the following table.

	CONDITION	ACTION				
3	Determine whether FHWA or NYSDOT makes the CE determination.					
3.1	If the project is an action that would normally be a CE in 23 CFR 771.117(c) (see the drop down list), check the "Yes" box. If not, check the "No" box.	 If yes, NYSDOT can make the CE determination once all the approvals and coordinations required are complete. 1. Is the project an action that would normally be a CE in <u>23 CFR 771.117(c)</u>? YES NO "Construction of bicycle and pedestrian lanes, paths and facilities." If no, proceed to step 3.2. If yes, and the action falls under (c)(26), (c)(27), or (c)(28), proceed to step 3.1.1. Otherwise, proceed to step 3.1.2. 				
3.1.1	Determine if any additional constraints apply to the CE.	 Do ANY of the conditions described in the Table Thresholds 3.1.1 (land acquisition, major traffic disruptions, changes in access control, floodplain encroachment, National Wild & Scenic Rivers) apply to the action? YES NO If yes, the (c)(26), (c)(27) and (c)(28) constraints have not been met – proceed to step 3.2. If no, do ANY of the following apply: A check in Column A in Table 2.1 for Section 106, and a finding of Adverse Effect? A check in Column A in Table 2.1 for 4(f), and impacts are not de minimis? A check in Column A in Table 2.3 for Section 404/10? A check in Column A in Table 2.3 for USCG Bridge Permit? Do ANY of the above apply to the action? YES NO If yes, the (c)(26), (c)(27) and (c)(28) constraints have not been met – proceed to step 3.2. If no, the (c)(26), (c)(27) and (c)(28) constraints have not been met – proceed to step 3.2. 				

Federal Environmental Approval Worksheet

Project ID Number: 8758.04

3.1.2	Determine if any of the required environmental determinations, compliance and/or approvals/ concurrences are outstanding.	 If there are: outstanding environmental determinations (Table 2.1:checks in column A without dates in column B) and/or circumstances requiring demonstration of applicable EO compliance or issues requiring FHWA environmental review (checks in column A in Table 2.2) The project will use Memo Shell 2 (FHWA needs to review this project). Proceed to step 4. If the project does not meet the conditions above proceed to step 3.1.3.
3.1.3	Determine if any issues are present that require FHWA notification.	 any issues requiring FHWA environmental notification (checks in column A in Table 2.3); then The project will use Memo Shell 3 (FHWA must be notified of this project). Proceed to step 4. If the project does not meet the conditions above proceed to step 3.1.4.
3.1.4	No Determinations, Approvals, Concurrences or Notifications required.	The project will use Memo Shell 1 (memo to file). Proceed to step 4.
3.2	The project is a D list CE as per 23 CFR 771.117(d). Choose appropriate entry from drop down list. If "other" or (d)(13) provide an explanation.	Certain actions eligible for categorical exclusion require NYSDOT to transmit documentation and a determination that a CE applies. Examples of activities that may proceed as a CE are listed in <u>23 CFR 771.117(d)</u> (D list). Activities not directly listed on the D List also have the potential to proceed as a CE with submitted documentation (Other). Activities that may normally be classified as a C-list CE under 23 CFR 771.117(c)(26), (c)(27), or (c)(28) must meet the constraints at <u>23 CFR 771.117(e)</u> , or they revert to the D-list as (d)(13). The project is an action that would normally be a CE in 23 CFR 771.117(d). <u>Choose an item</u> . Other or (d)(13): provide explanation here Proceed to step 3.2.1 .
3.2.1	Determine if any of the required environmental determinations, compliance and/or approvals/ concurrences are outstanding and/or notification is required.	 If there are: any outstanding environmental determinations (any checks in column A without dates in column B in Table 2.1); and/or any circumstances requiring demonstration of applicable EO compliance (any checks in column A in Table 2.2); and/or issues requiring FHWA environmental notification (any checks in column A in Table 2.3); then The project will use Memo Shell 4 (MOPL and FHWA need to review this project). Proceed to Step 4.
3.2.2	Design Approval Document sent to FHWA	If the project: does not meet the conditions above (3.2.1), then the project has met the criteria established as per the programmatic agreement dated July 15, 1996. The project will use Memo Shell 5 (memo to file). Proceed to Step 4.

Project ID Number: 8758.04

Step 4: Summary and Recommendation

- This project does qualify to be progressed as a Categorical Exclusion.
- The NEPA Determination is being made by FHWA
- · All outstanding FHWA environmental approvals will be obtained and are listed here: None

List outstanding FHWA environmental approvals here:

All other environmental, social and economic factors that affect the project's NEPA classification, of Title 23 CFR 771.117 Environmental Impact and Related Procedures and the July 1996 FHWA NY Division NEPA Programmatic Categorical Exclusion memo must still be addressed, for example, the project:

- · does not change the functional class;
- · does not add mainline capacity;
- · is not on new location;
- will not change travel patterns;
- acquires only minor amounts of ROW (temporary or permanent);
- does not cause displacements; does not change access control;
- is air quality exempt;
- · is consistent with the NYS Coastal Management Program; and
- the analysis satisfies the requirements of the Farmland Protection Policy Act.

I certify that the information provided above is true and accurate and recommend the project be processed as described above.

Project Manager/Designer	Def. Res	Date _	June 2, 2017
Print Name and Title:	aniel J. Rourke, P.E., Managing Engineer		
Regional Environmental Unit Supervi	sor	Da	te
Print Name and Title:			
Regional Local Project Liaison		Date	
Print Name and Title			

Changes that may have occurred since the preparation of the worksheet which would **create the need to go through the Worksheet again** include but are not limited to: a change in the scope of the proposed project; a change in the social, economic or environmental circumstances or the setting of the project study area (i.e. the affected environment); a change in the federal statutory environmental standards: discovering new information not considered in the original process; and a significant amount of time has passed (equal or greater than three years).

NEPAssist

SEPA University Protection

8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

Мар



Geographic coordinates:

POLYGON (41.929703,-74.059669,41.929740,-74.059667,41.930778,-74.057629,41.931065,-74.057114,41.931544,-74.056041,41.932050,-74.055206,41.932641,-74.054090,41.933215,-74.053168,41.933566,-74.053017,41.934939,-74.052266,41.935705,-74.051365,41.936232,-74.050936,41.936567,-74.050443,41.937381,-74.049048,41.938036,-74.047932,41.938595,-74.04304,41.938036,-74.043062,41.930303,-74.041087,41.938036,-74.047932,41.938595,-74.04304,41.938036,-74.043062,41.930303,-74.041087,41.938036,-74.047932,41.938036,with buffer 0 miles

^	
~	

Note: The information in the following reports is based on publicly available databases and web services. The National Report uses nationally available datasets and the State Reports use datasets available through the <u>EPA Regions</u>. Click on the hyperlinked question to view the data source and associated metadata.

National Report 🥨	
Project Area	0.05 sq mi
Within an Ozone 8 - hr Non-Attainment Area?	<u>no</u>
Within a PM2.5 Non-Attainment Area?	<u>no</u>
Within a Lead Non-Attainment Area?	<u>no</u>
Within a Federal Land?	no
Within an impaired stream?	no
Within an impaired waterbody?	no
Within a waterbody?	no
Within a stream?	no
Within an NWI wetland?	<u>click here</u> May take several minutes
Within a Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) site?	<u>no</u>
Within a RADInfo site?	no
Within a Brownfields site?	<u>no</u>
Within a Superfund site?	<u>no</u>
Within a Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) site?	no
Within a water discharger (NPDES)?	no
Within an air emission facility?	no
Within a hazardous waste (RCRA) facility?	no
Within a school?	<u>no</u>
Within an airport?	no
Within a hospital?	<u>no</u>

Within a historic property on the National Register of Historic Places?	no
Save to Excel Save as PDF	
New York Report 🤍	
Within a Great Lakes Area of Concern?	no
Within the Great Lakes basin?	no
Within Managed Natural Resources Area(s)?	no
Within an American Heritage River?	ves
Within a RCRA 2020 facility?	no
Demographic Reports	
USFWS IPaC Report	

Last updated on Friday, January 22, 2016

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project Information

Instructions for Completing

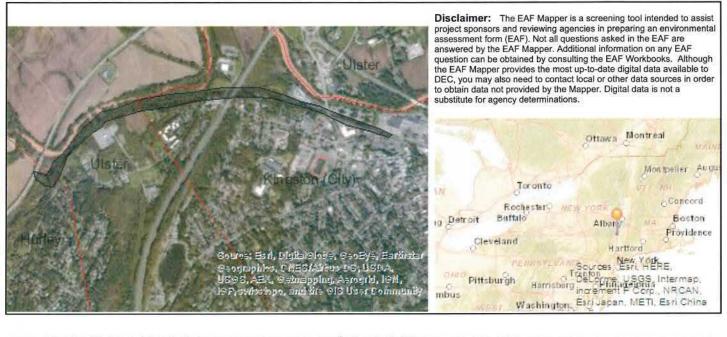
Part 1 - Project Information. The applicant or project sponsor is responsible for the completion of Part 1. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification. Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information.

Complete all items in Part 1. You may also provide any additional information which you believe will be needed by or useful to the lead agency; attach additional pages as necessary to supplement any item.

Part 1 - Project an	d Sponsor Information					8		
Name of Action or	and the second se							
PIN 8758.04 - Kingstor	n Rail Trail							
Project Location (d	escribe, and attach a location	map):			5			
City of Kingston, Town:	s of Hurley and Ulster, Ulster Cou	nty, New York						
Brief Description o	f Proposed Action:							
Ulster. The trail is prop Route 209, through the	vill establish approximately 2.0 mil posed to follow the abandoned On existing NYS Thruway underpase ne west side of Washington Avenu	tario & Western (C s, to Washington A	O&W) Railroa Avenue (State	d corridor Bike Ro	r from the existin ute 28) in Kingst	g O&W Rail on. Included	Trail along	g US otion is a
Name of Applicant	or Sponsor	1 12		Telenh	one: 845-340-3	3340		
Christopher White, Dep	NOT THE REPORT OF A REPORT OF A							
			E-Mail: cwhi@ulster.ny.us					
Address: 244 Fair Street, PO Bo	x 1800	5						
City/PO: Kingston					p Code:			
1. Does the proposed action only involve the legislative adoption of a plan, local law, ordinance,						NO	YES	
administrative ru						62		_
	ative description of the intent the municipality and proceed to					ources that		
2. Does the propos	ed action require a permit, app	proval or fundin	g from any	other go	vernmental Ag	gency?	NO	YES
If Yes, list agency(s) name and permit or approval: NYSDEC - permits								
		NYSDOT - fund	0 0 1	proval				\checkmark
3 a Total acreage o	f the site of the proposed action	ACOE - permits	ŝ	12.8	9 acres			
	o be physically disturbed?	511:	2		3 acres			
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguou y the applicant or project spon		vned	0.06	4 acres			
4. Check all land u	ses that occur on, adjoining an	nd near the prop	osed action					
🔽 Urban	Rural (non-agriculture)	Industrial	1		Residential	(suburban))	
Forest		Aquatic	Other ((specify)	: Railroad			
	d							

		YES	N/A
a. A permitted use under the zoning regulations?		\checkmark	
b. Consistent with the adopted comprehensive plan?		\checkmark	
6. Is the proposed action consistent with the predominant character of the existing built or natural	1	NO	YES
landscape?			\checkmark
7. Is the site of the proposed action located in, or does it adjoin, a state listed Critical Environmental Area? If Yes, identify:	? 1	NO	YES
If Yes, identify:	= J	\checkmark	
8. a. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels?	I	NO	YES
		\checkmark	
b. Are public transportation service(s) available at or near the site of the proposed action?			\checkmark
c. Are any pedestrian accommodations or bicycle routes available on or near site of the proposed action	1?		
9. Does the proposed action meet or exceed the state energy code requirements?	I	NO	YES
If the proposed action will exceed requirements, describe design features and technologies:	Ĩ	\checkmark	
		V	
10. Will the proposed action connect to an existing public/private water supply?	1	NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing potable water:	1	\checkmark	
No need to connect to any water supply		V	
11. Will the proposed action connect to existing wastewater utilities?	ľ	NO	YES
If No, describe method for providing wastewater treatment:	1		
No need to connect to existing wastewater treatment		\checkmark	
12. a. Does the site contain a structure that is listed on either the State or National Register of Historic	ľ	NO	YES
Places?		\checkmark	
b. Is the proposed action located in an archeological sensitive area?			\checkmark
13. a. Does any portion of the site of the proposed action, or lands adjoining the proposed action, contain	I	NO	YES
wetlands or other waterbodies regulated by a federal, state or local agency?			\checkmark
b. Would the proposed action physically alter, or encroach into, any existing wetland or waterbody? If Yes, identify the wetland or waterbody and extent of alterations in square feet or acres:	[\checkmark	
The trail is located within a freshwater wetland mapped area, however there is an existing established railroad/trail corridor	r_		
and wetlands have been flagged to indicate no impact along this corridor. The proposed project will follow the existing railroad corridor and will result in no impact.	-		
14. Identify the typical habitat types that occur on, or are likely to be found on the project site. Check all t ☐ Shoreline		ply:	
\Box Wetland \Box Urban \Box Suburban	55		
15. Does the site of the proposed action contain any species of animal, or associated habitats, listed	1	NO	YES
by the State or Federal government as threatened or endangered?	ī		\checkmark
16. Is the project site located in the 100 year flood plain?	1	NO	YES
	П		\checkmark
17. Will the proposed action create storm water discharge, either from point or non-point sources?	ľ	NO	YES
If Yes, a. Will storm water discharges flow to adjacent properties?]		\checkmark
b. Will storm water discharges be directed to established conveyance systems (runoff and storm drains)?	,		
If Yes, briefly describe:			
Storm water collected along the trail edges will be conveyed to previously established discharge points. The water will als be able to infiltrate the soil along the ditches as well as the embankments.	0		
	-		

18. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that result in the impoundment of water or other liquids (e.g. retention pond, waste lagoon, dam)?	NO	YES
If Yes, explain purpose and size:	\checkmark	
19. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the location of an active or closed solid waste management facility?	NO	YES
If Yes, describe:	\checkmark	
20. Has the site of the proposed action or an adjoining property been the subject of remediation (ongoing or completed) for hazardous waste?	NO	YES
If Yes, describe: Based on the NYSDEC Environmental Navigator, a Brownfield Cleanup Program site is located in the vicinity of the western terminus of the project. The site name is Utility Platers, Inc./Kingston Diagnostics.		\checkmark
I AFFIRM THAT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE IS TRUE AND ACCURATE TO THE KNOWLEDGE	BEST O	F MY
Applicant/sponsor name: Christopher White Date: 2/19/20 Signature: Churft White	016	



Part 1 / Question 7 [Critical Environmental Area]	No
Part 1 / Question 12a [National Register of Historic Places]	No
Part 1 / Question 12b [Archeological Sites]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 13a [Wetlands or Other Regulated Waterbodies]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
Part 1 / Question 15 [Threatened or Endangered Animal]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 16 [100 Year Flood Plain]	Yes
Part 1 / Question 20 [Remediation Site]	Yes

1

Agency	Use	Only	IIf app	licable	
		~	a npp		ł

Project: Date:

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Impact Assessment

Part 2 is to be completed by the Lead Agency.

Answer all of the following questions in Part 2 using the information contained in Part 1 and other materials submitted by the project sponsor or otherwise available to the reviewer. When answering the questions the reviewer should be guided by the concept "Have my responses been reasonable considering the scale and context of the proposed action?"

		No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
1.	Will the proposed action create a material conflict with an adopted land use plan or zoning regulations?	\checkmark	
2.	Will the proposed action result in a change in the use or intensity of use of land?	\checkmark	
3.	Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of the existing community?	\checkmark	
4.	Will the proposed action have an impact on the environmental characteristics that caused the establishment of a Critical Environmental Area (CEA)?	\checkmark	
5.	Will the proposed action result in an adverse change in the existing level of traffic or affect existing infrastructure for mass transit, biking or walkway?	\checkmark	
6.	Will the proposed action cause an increase in the use of energy and it fails to incorporate reasonably available energy conservation or renewable energy opportunities?	\checkmark	
7.	Will the proposed action impact existing: a. public / private water supplies?	\checkmark	
	b. public / private wastewater treatment utilities?	\checkmark	
8.	Will the proposed action impair the character or quality of important historic, archaeological, architectural or aesthetic resources?	\checkmark	
9.	Will the proposed action result in an adverse change to natural resources (e.g., wetlands, waterbodies, groundwater, air quality, flora and fauna)?	\checkmark	
10.	Will the proposed action result in an increase in the potential for erosion, flooding or drainage problems?	\checkmark	
11.	Will the proposed action create a hazard to environmental resources or human health?	\checkmark	

Agency Use On	ly [If applicable]
---------------	--------------------

marting documentation

Project:	
Date:	Ī

Short Environmental Assessment Form Part 3 Determination of Significance

For every question in Part 2 that was answered "moderate to large impact may occur", or if there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action may or will not result in a significant adverse environmental impact, please complete Part 3. Part 3 should, in sufficient detail, identify the impact, including any measures or design elements that have been included by the project sponsor to avoid or reduce impacts. Part 3 should also explain how the lead agency determined that the impact may or will not be significant. Each potential impact should be assessed considering its setting, probability of occurring, duration, irreversibility, geographic scope and magnitude. Also consider the potential for short-term, long-term and cumulative impacts.

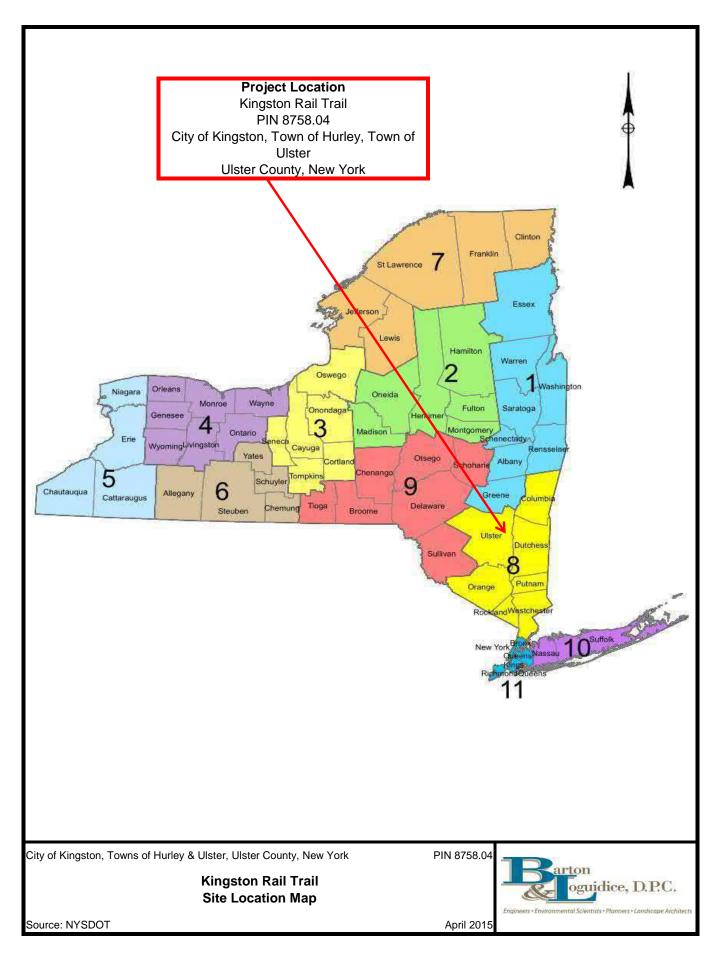
that the proposed action may result in one or more pote environmental impact statement is required.	
Check this box if you have determined, based on the info that the proposed action will not result in any significant	prmation and analysis above, and any supporting documentation, adverse environmental impacts.
Ulster County Legislature	3/30/2016
Name of Lead Agency	Date
Kenneth J. Ronk, Jr.	Chairman
Print or Type Name of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency	Title of Responsible Officer
Signature of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency	Signature of Preparer (if different from Responsible Officer)

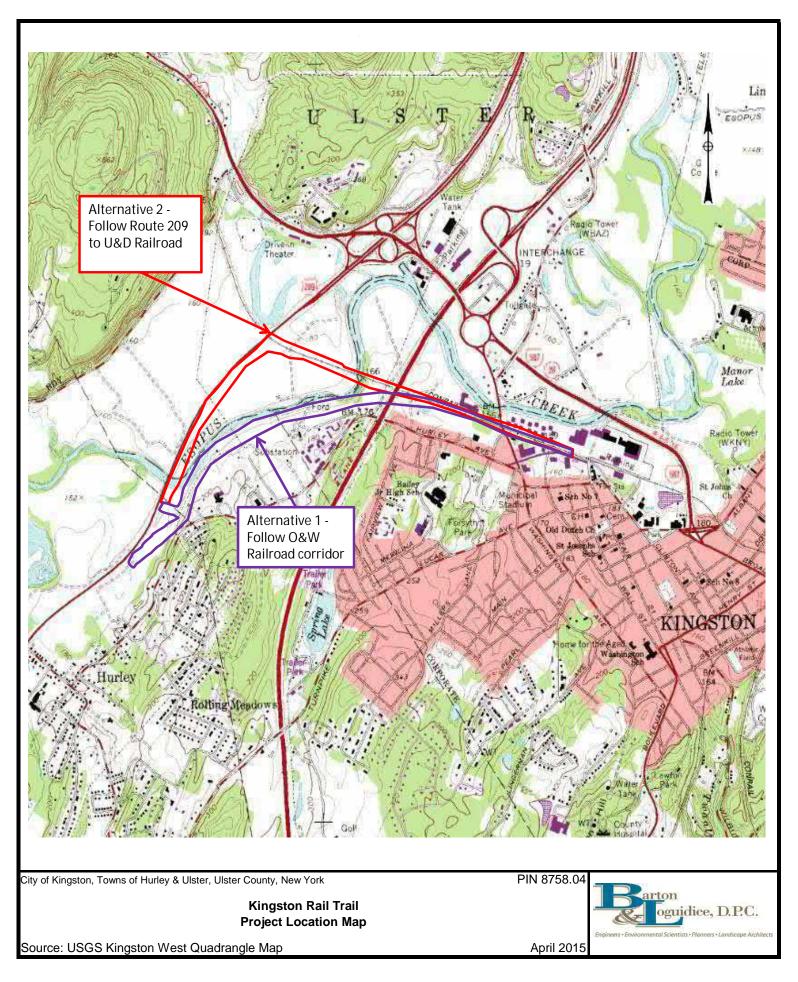
and the

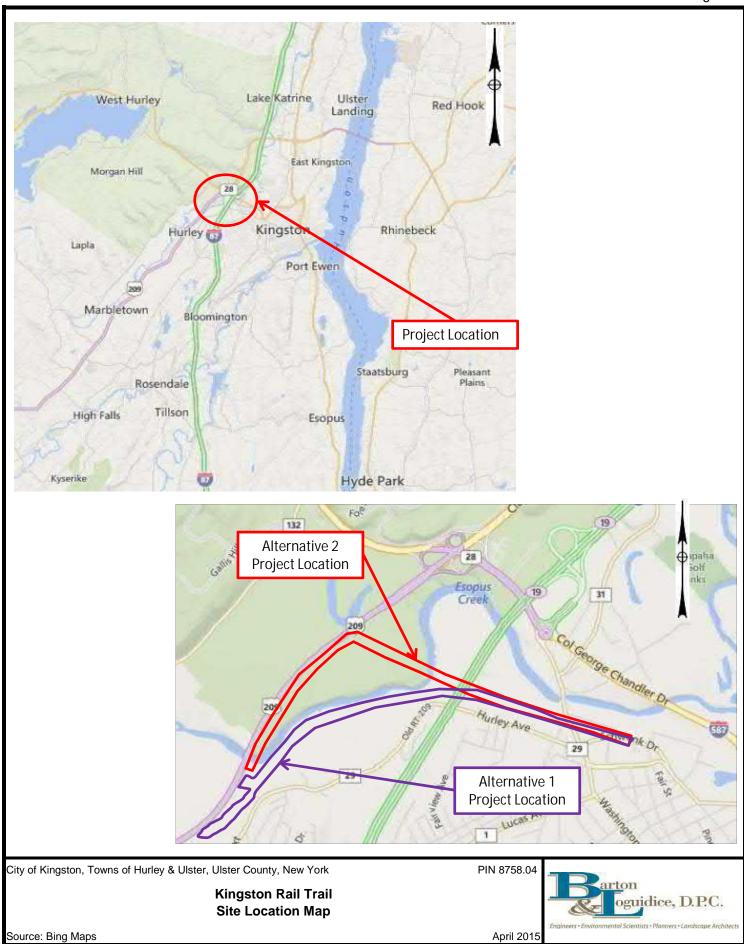
and any busic shares and a

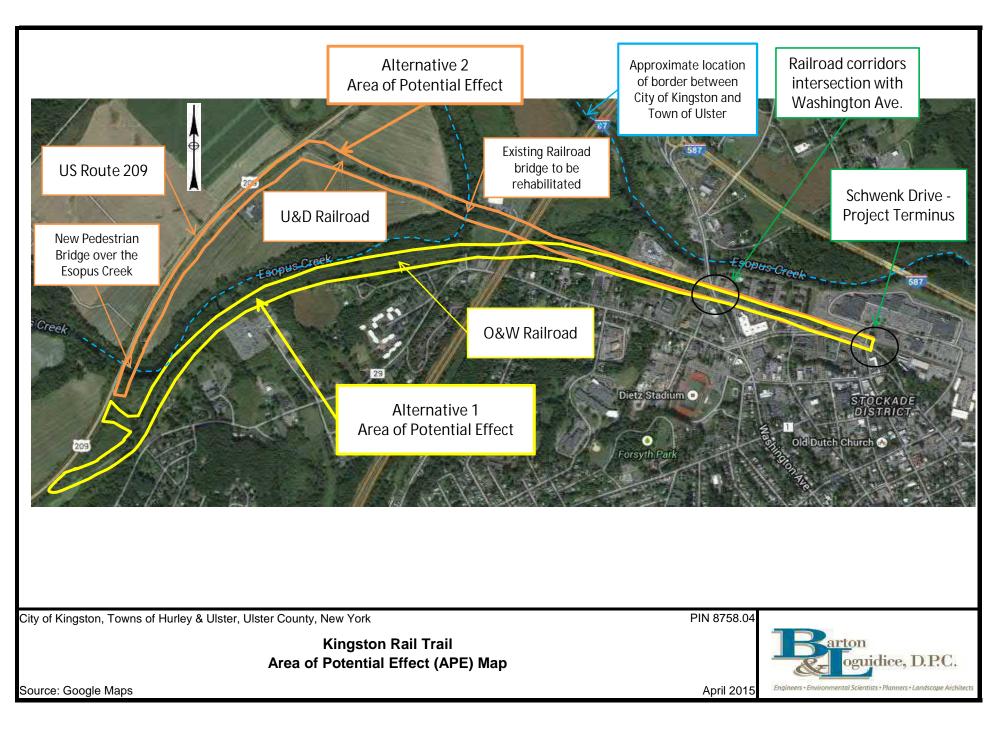
1 . .

PRINT FORM











Looking South along US Route 209 at Hurley Rail Trail parking lot. Both Alternative 1 and 2 terminate at this location.

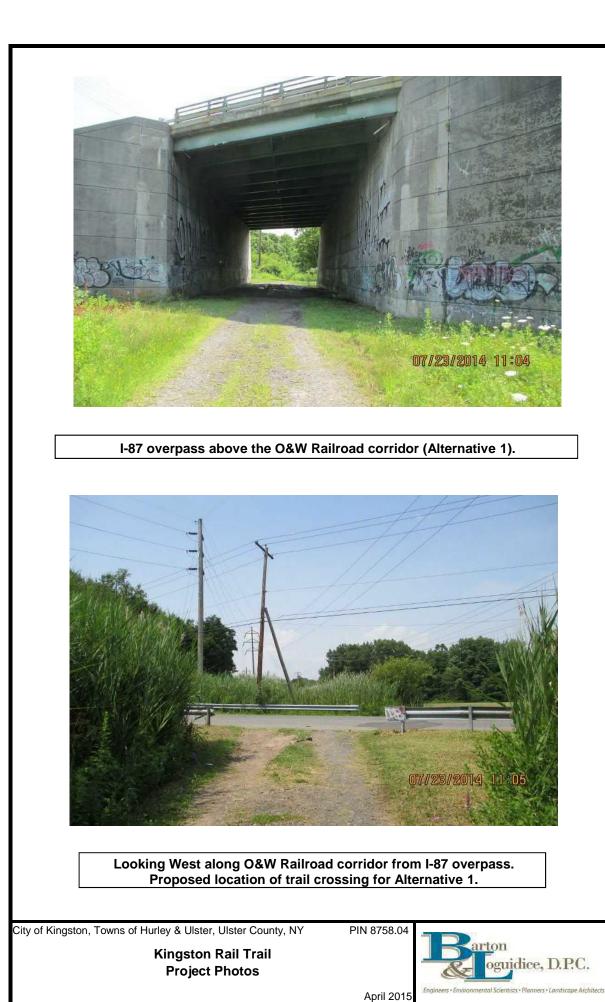


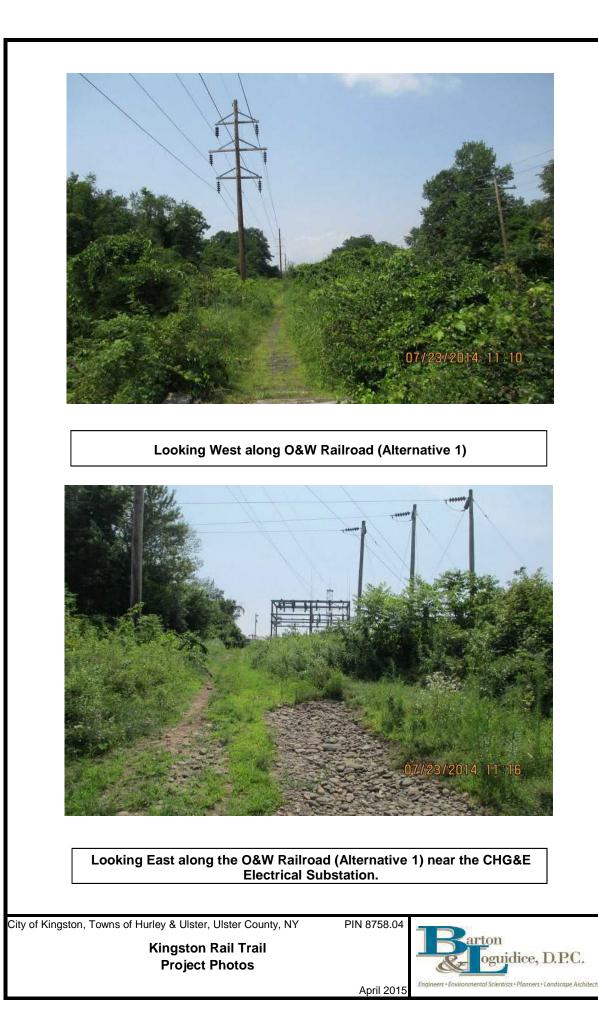
Looking North adjacent to US Route 209 bridge over Esopus Creek. Proposed location of pedestrian bridge for Alternative 2.

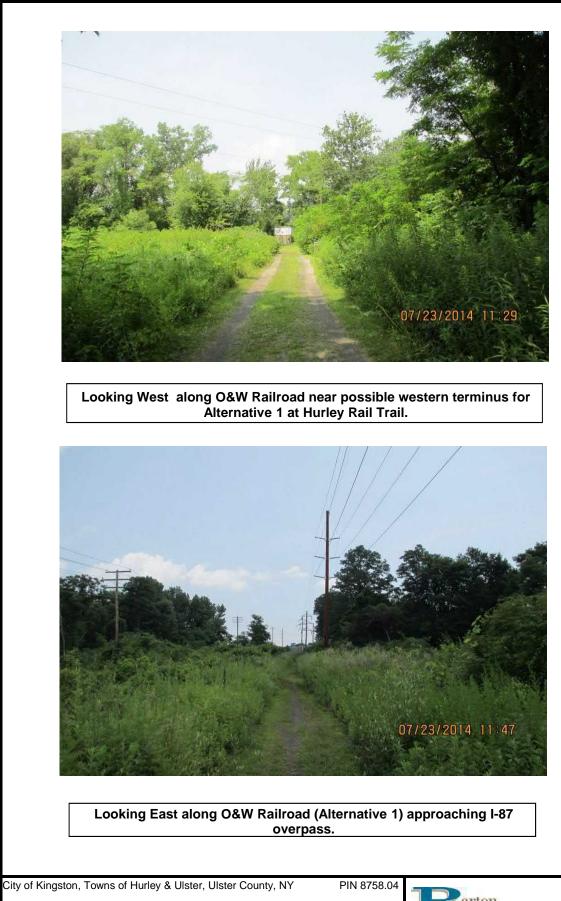
City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, NY

PIN 8758.04













Looking East along county-owned U&D Railroad (Alternative 2) through the I-87 overpass



Looking West along U&D Railroad (Alternative 2) through the I-87 overpass with U&D Railroad trestle bridge over the Esopus Creek in the

City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, NY

PIN 8758.04

Kingston Rail Trail Project Photos



12



Looking North along US Route 209 near NYS Police Station. Alternative 2 is proposed along the east side of roadway.



Looking South along US Route 209 near NYS Police Station. Alternative 2 will proceed along the east side of US Route 209.

City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, NY

PIN 8758.04





Looking East along U&D Railroad. Alternative 2 is proposed to proceed along the county-owned railroad.



Looking East at the existing U&D Railroad bridge over the Esopus Creek. The existing structure will be rehabilitated for Alternative 2.

City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, NY

PIN 8758.04



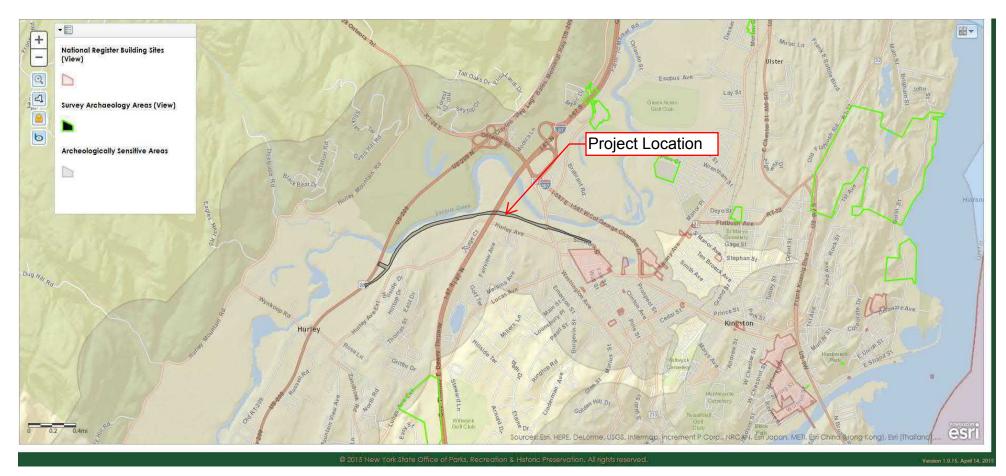


Looking North along US Route 209 at Hurley Rail Trail parking lot. Alternative 2 is proposed to begin at this location.

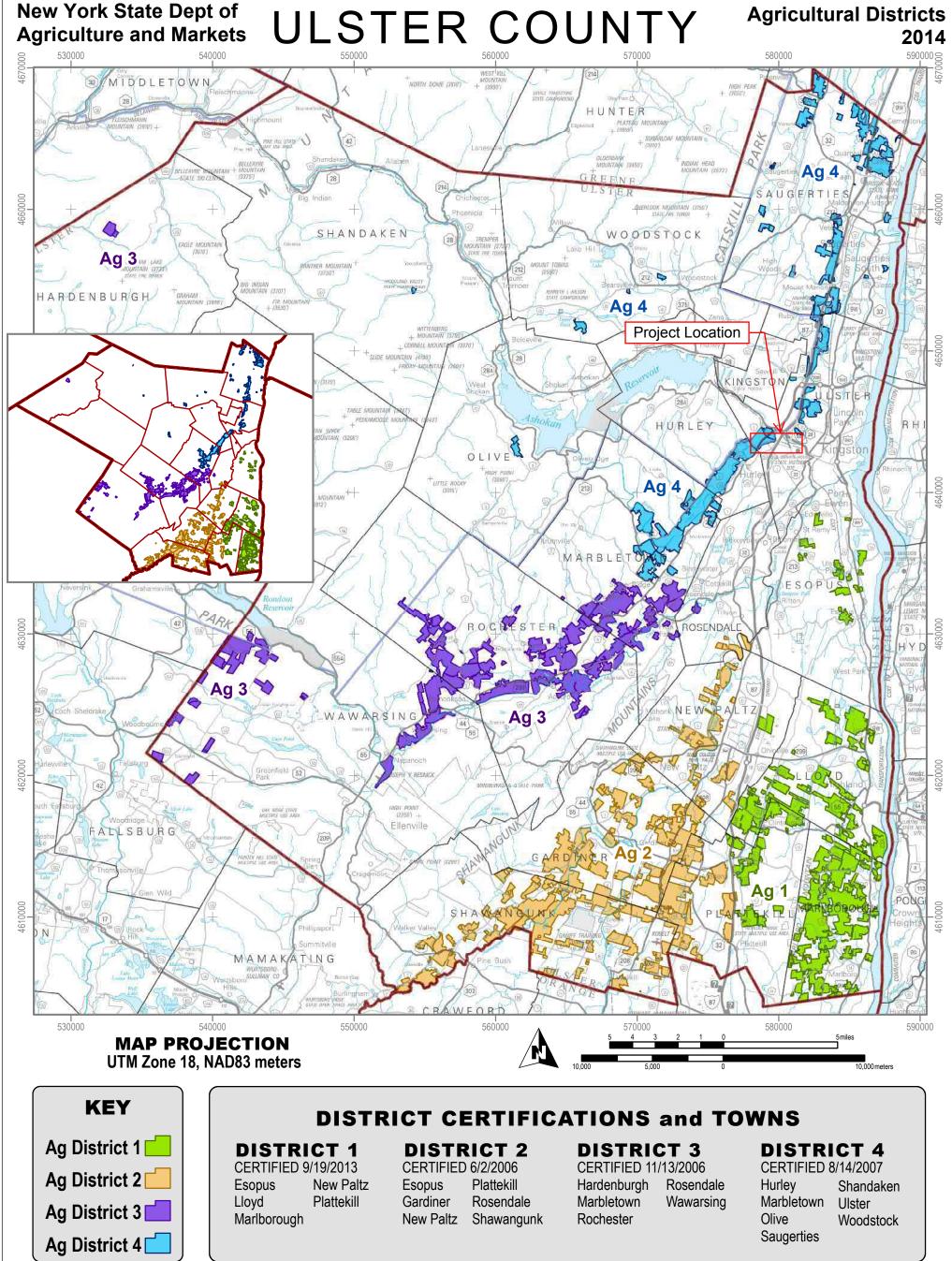
City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, NY

PIN 8758.04





PIN 8758.04 – Kingston Rail Trail Alternative #1 – O&W Railroad Corridor NYSOPRHP Cultural Resource Information System



MAP SOURCE INFORMATION

Map created at Cornell IRIS (Institute for Resource Information Sciences) <http://iris.css.cornell.edu> for the NYS Department of Agriculture and Markets

Agricultural Districts boundary data is available at CUGIR (Cornell University Geospatial Information Repository) website:

<http://cugir.mannlib.cornell.edu>

Base Map: state250_bw.tif 1998 Scale: 1:250,000; County boundaries imported from the file nyshore.e00 from the NYSGIS Clearinghouse website: <http://gis.ny.gov>

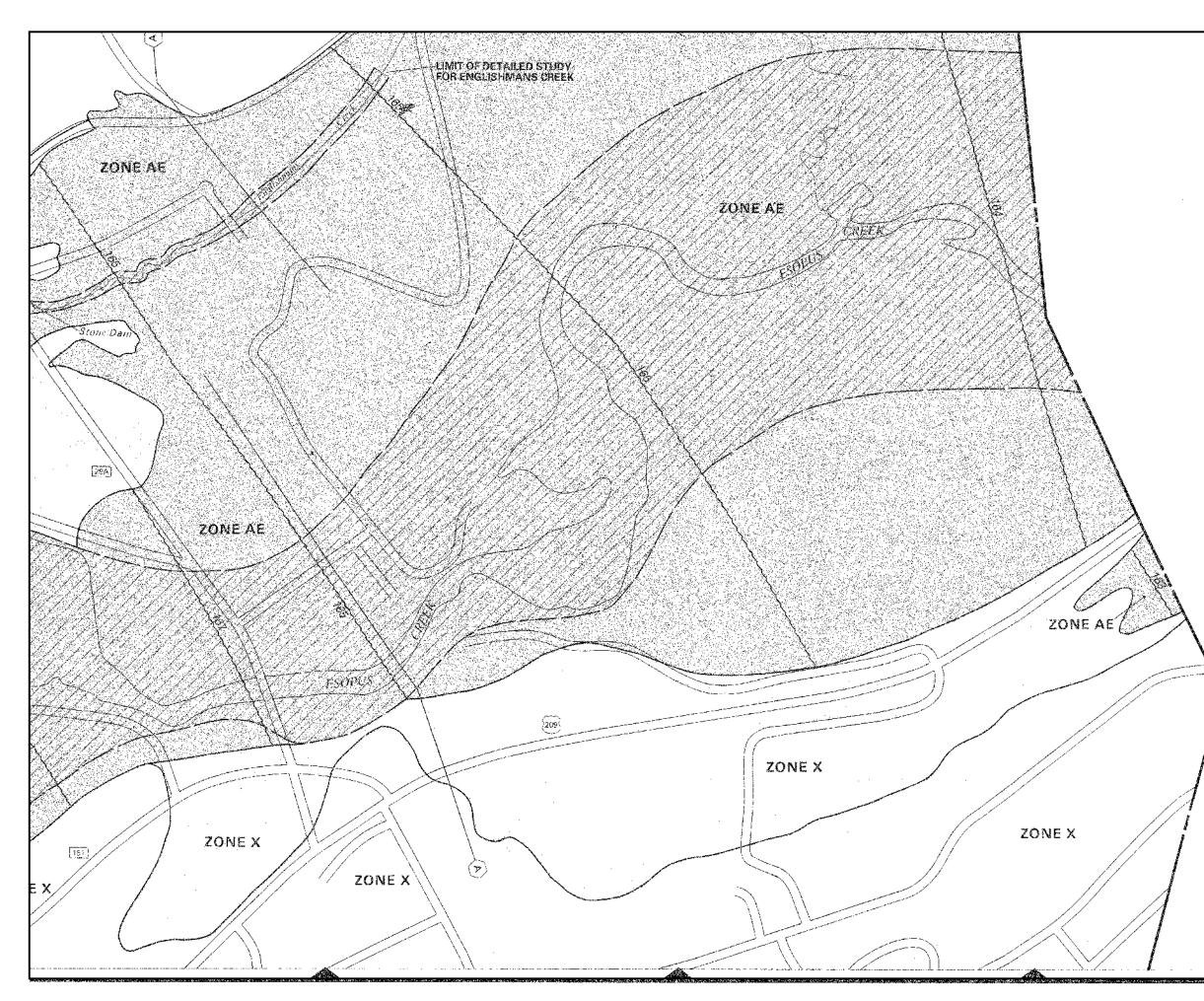
Contains data copyrighted by the **NYS Office of Cyber Security**

DISCLAIMER

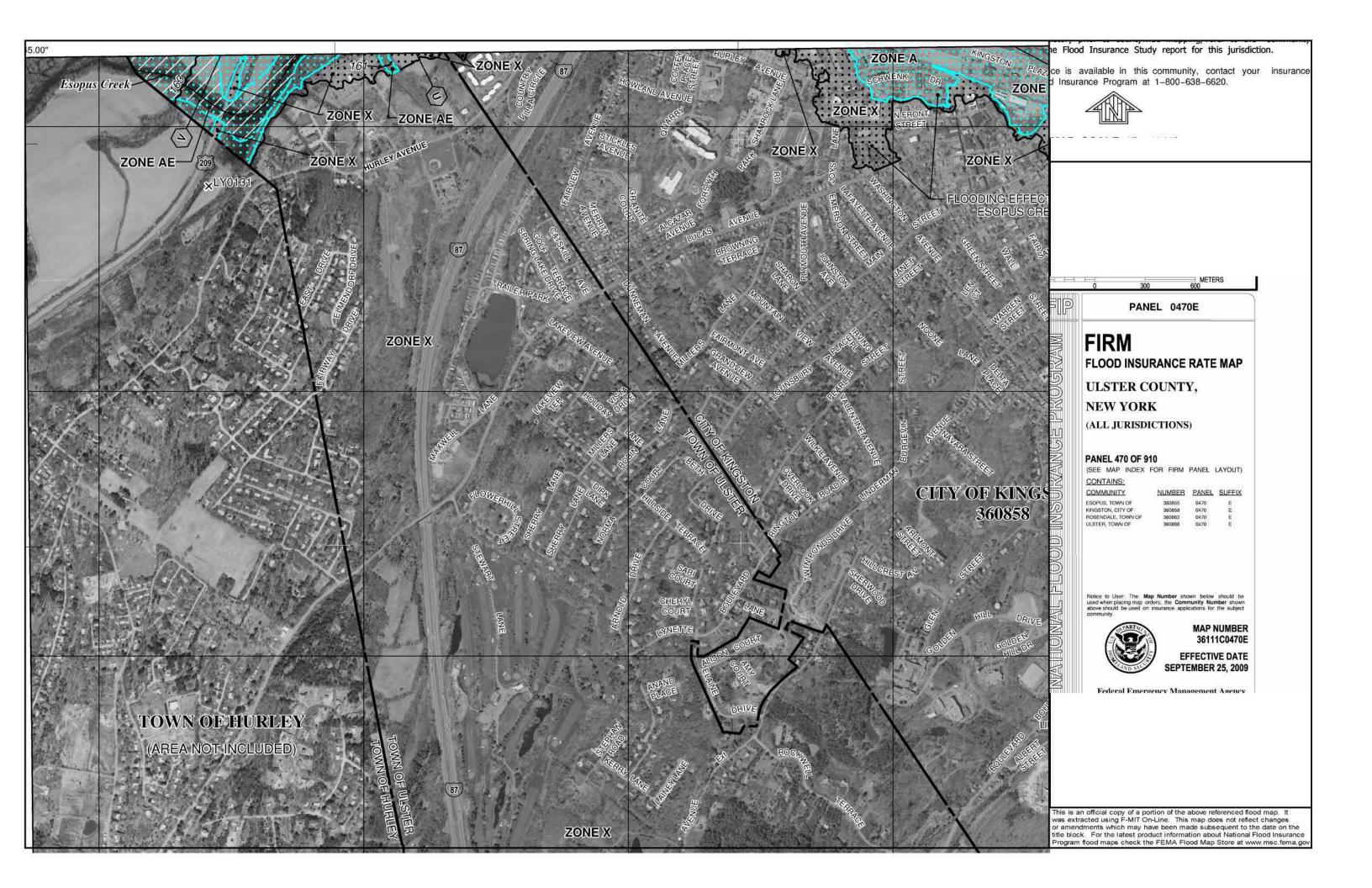
This is a general reference to Agricultural District boundaries; not a legal substitute for actual tax parcel information.

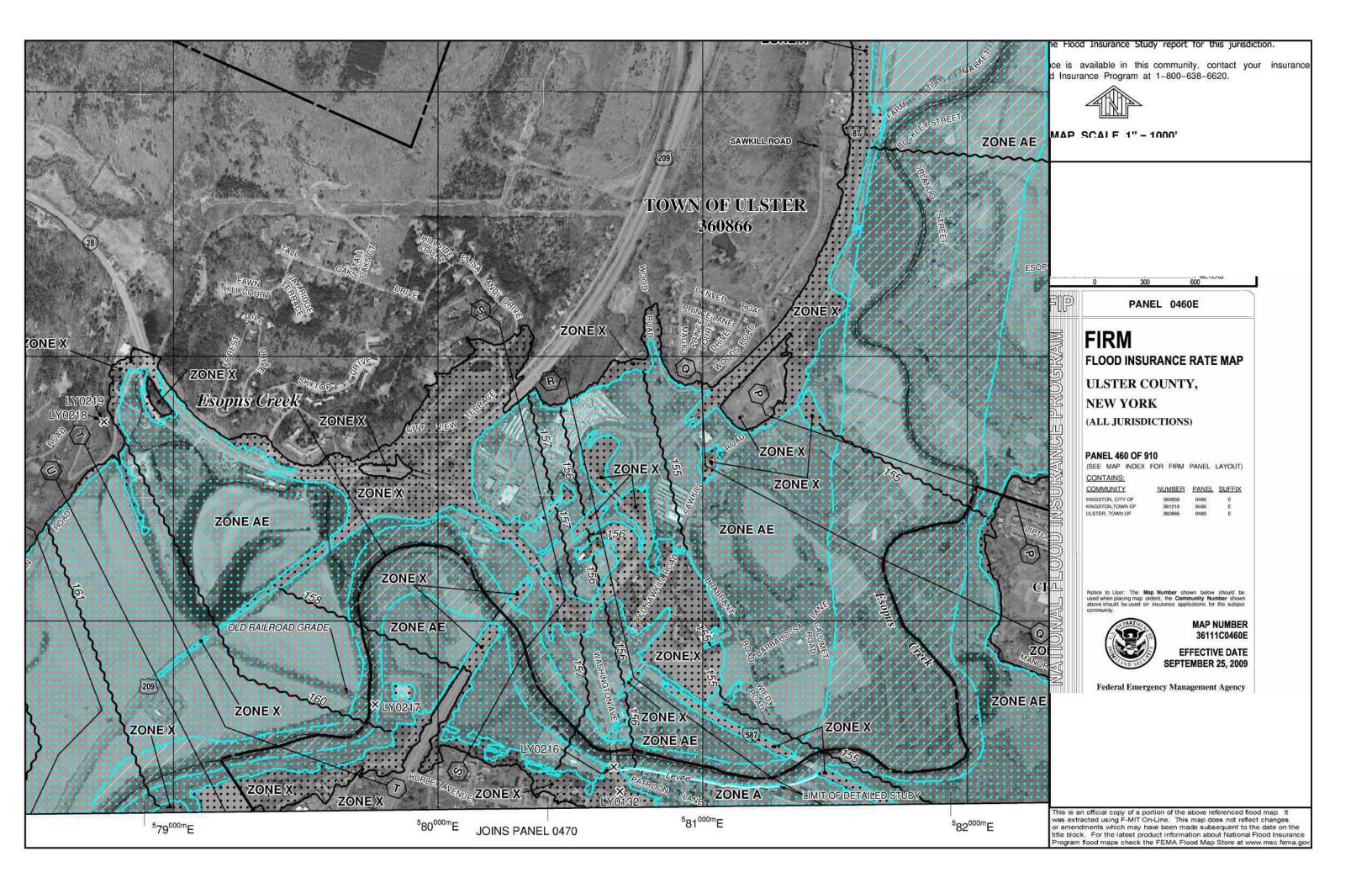
Boundaries as certified prior to January 2014

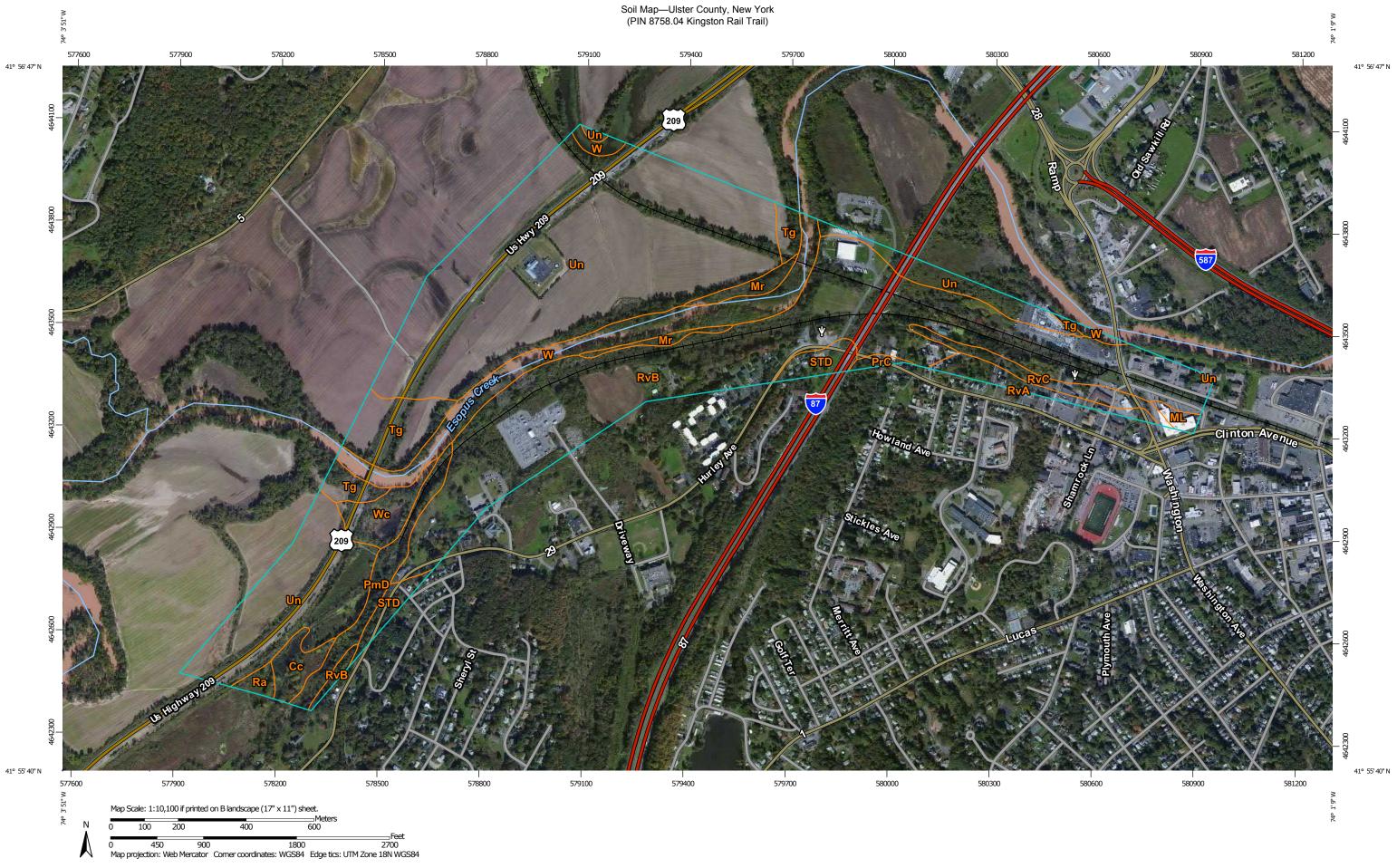
Open Enrollment Annual Additions are not included in this data. Check with county agencies to confirm the status of individual parcels.



	To determine if flood insurance is available in this cor insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Pro APPROXIMATE SCALE 500 0
or amendments which title block. For the la	A TIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROBRAM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP IOWN OF HURLEY, NEW YORK USTER COUNTY PANEL 9 OF 10 SEE MARINUES FOR PALES NOT PRINT (*) PANEL 9 OF 10 SEE MARINUES FOR PALES NOT PRINT (*) PAREL 9 OF 10 PAREL 9 PAREL 9





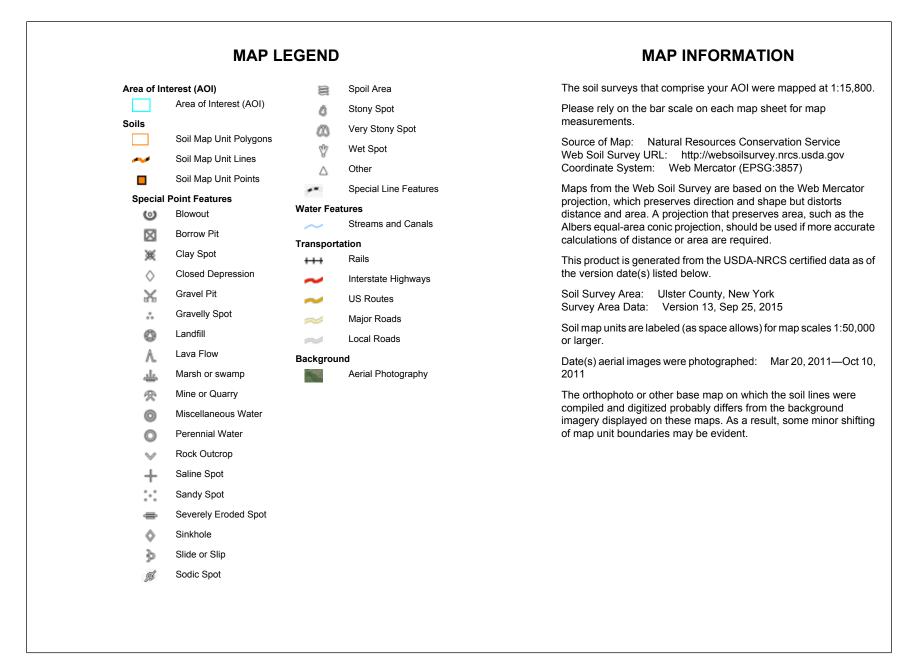


Natural Resources **Conservation Service**

USDA

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

12/29/2015 Page 1 of 3



USDA

Map Unit Legend

Ulster County, New York (NY111)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Сс	Canandaigua silt loam	5.0	1.3%
ML	Made land	1.5	0.4%
Mr	Middlebury silt loam	4.8	1.2%
PmD	Plainfield-Riverhead complex, moderately steep	9.7	2.5%
PrC	Plainfield-Rock outcrop complex, rolling	1.1	0.3%
Ra	Raynham silt loam	1.8	0.5%
RvA	Riverhead fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	5.9	1.6%
RvB	Riverhead fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	120.6	31.6%
RvC	Riverhead fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	6.5	1.7%
STD	Stockbridge-Farmington-Rock outcrop complex, hilly	7.6	2.0%
Тд	Tioga fine sandy loam	18.1	4.7%
Un	Unadilla silt loam	164.1	42.9%
W	Water	28.1	7.3%
Wc	Wayland mucky silt loam	7.2	1.9%
Totals for Area of Interest		382.0	100.0%

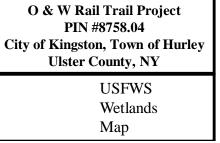


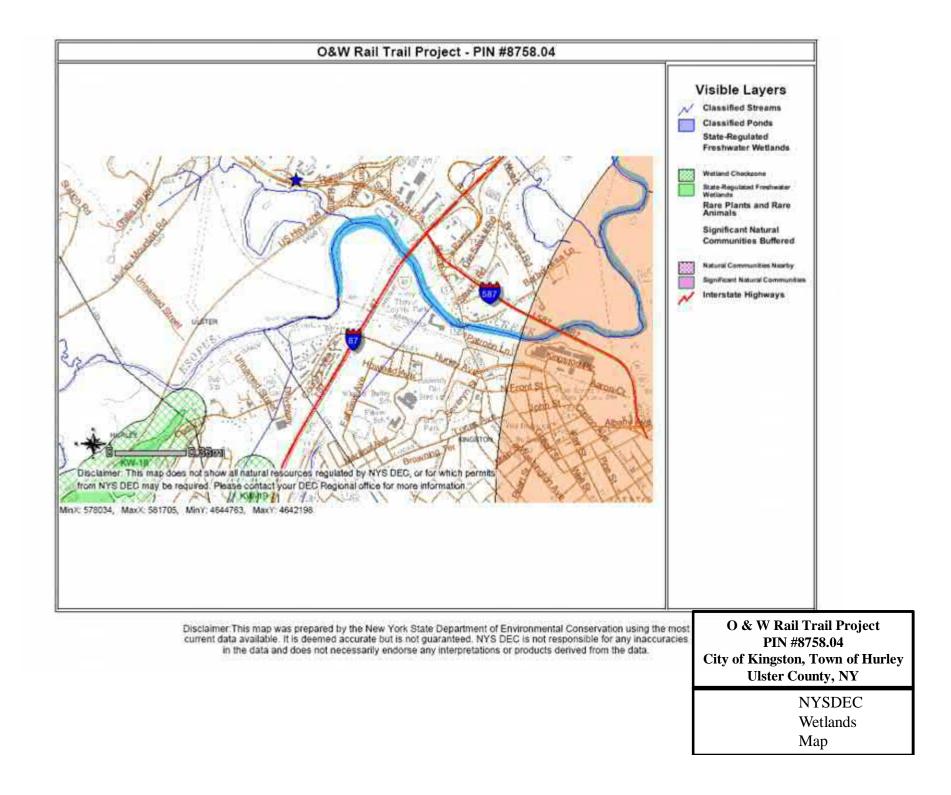
NYSDEC Wetland KW-18

> O & W Rail Trail Project PIN #8758.04 City of Kingston, Town of Hurley Ulster County, NY

> > Water Features Map Alternative 1









September 14, 2015

Patricia Cole Deputy Field Supervisor New York Field Office U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045

Re: Informal Section 7 Consultation for the Kingston Rail Trail Project (PIN 8758.04), City of Kingston, Town of Hurley, Ulster County, New York

Dear Ms. Cole:

Barton and Loguidice, D.P.C., has been contracted to provide engineering services for Ulster County for the establishment of approximately 1.7 miles of a bicycle and pedestrian trail which would provide a link between the City of Kingston and the Hurley Rail Trail. Foit-Albert Associates, P.C., has been contracted to provide environmental documentation and reviews for this project. The engineering services include the preparation of a Project Design Approval Document in accordance with New York Department of Transportation requirements, and preparation of the Full Environmental Assessment Form - Part 1 for SEQRA review.

Two alternatives will be developed for the location of the trail along two potential right-of-way (ROW) corridors. Alternative 1 will extend from the existing Hurley Rail Trail on U.S. Route 209, proceed along the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad right-of-way (ROW), and terminate at Washington Avenue. Alternative 2 will begin from the Hurley Rail Trail parking lot, extend north along U.S. Route 209 to the county-owned Ulster & Delaware (U&D) Railroad, proceed east along the U&D railroad corridor, and terminate at Kingston Plaza near the intersection of Schwenk Drive and Fair Street. Additional improvements include the development of trailhead parking, utility access points, and signage, including maps and safety rules at the trailheads. Signage and pedestrian crossing signals may be necessary, as may improvements to access along the existing corridor. Rehabilitation of the existing railroad trestle bridge along the U&D corridor over the Esopus Creek and the construction of a new pedestrian structure adjacent to the existing U.S. Route 209 bridge over the Esopus Creek will be evaluated as part of Alternative 2. Enclosed, please find location maps depicting the approximate project limits for both options.

The purpose of this letter is to provide the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service – New York Field Office (USFWS) notice of the project and to initiate informal consultation with USFWS under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) to determine whether any federally threatened, endangered, candidate, or proposed species, or their designated critical habitats could be affected.

The USFWS Information, Planning and Conservation (IPaC) online planning tool Trust Resource List generated for the proposed project (see **Attachment 1**) lists the following Federally-listed species as having the potential to occur within the vicinity of the Proposed Action: Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) - endangered, the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) – threatened, and the bog turtle (*Clemmys muhlenbergii*) - threatened.



Ms. Patricia Cole September 14, 2015 Page 2

The limited amount of tree clearing that would occur for the Proposed Action would only occur during the October 1 to March 31 tree clearing window to minimize adverse effects to northern long-eared bat and the Indiana bat, would result in minimal habitat loss, and would not result in fragmentation of a contiguous woodland area. For these reasons, the project may affect but is unlikely to adversely affect the northern long-eared bat and the Indiana bat or the habitats on which these species depend. We request your concurrence with this determination.

All work will be completed in existing ROW and previously disturbed and developed areas. Please advise if additional work will be required with respect to the bog turtle habitat and if the species is known to occur within the project limits and adjacent forested and scrub-shrub wetlands.

If you have questions or require additional information regarding this request, please contact me at (518) 605-4878 or gnugent@foit-albert.com. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Georgeanna Nugent Lussier Project Scientist



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New York Field Office 3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045 Phone: (607) 753-9334 Fax: (607) 753-9699 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo



To: <u>Georgeanna Nugent Lussier</u>	Date: Oct 29, 2015
USFWS File No: 151505	

Regarding your: × Letter Fax Email

Dated: Sep 14, 2015

For project: Kingston Rail Trail Project

Located: link between City of Kingston and the Hurley Rail Trail

In Town/County: City of Kingston, Ulster County

Pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*), the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:

- Acknowledges receipt of your "no effect" and/or no impact determination. No further ESA coordination or consultation is required.
- × Acknowledges receipt of your determination. Please provide a copy of your determination and supporting materials to any involved Federal agency for their final ESA determination.
- Is taking no action pursuant to ESA or any legislation at this time, but would like to be kept informed of project developments.

As a reminder, until the proposed project is complete, we recommend that you check our website (http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm) every 90 days from the date of this letter to ensure that listed species presence/absence information for the proposed project is current. Should project plans change or if additional information on listed or proposed species or critical habitat becomes available, this determination may be reconsidered.

USFWS Contact(s): Jandie Deron	10/29/15
5	
Supervisor: Patucia Cole	Date: 10/29/15



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New York Ecological Services Field Office 3817 LUKER ROAD CORTLAND, NY 13045 PHONE: (607)753-9334 FAX: (607)753-9699 URL: www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm



Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2016-SLI-0782 Event Code: 05E1NY00-2016-E-01719 Project Name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W January 22, 2016

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). This list can also be used to determine whether listed species may be present for projects without federal agency involvement. New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list.

Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the ESA, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC site at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list. If listed, proposed, or candidate species were identified as potentially occurring in the project area, coordination with our office is encouraged. Information on the steps involved with assessing potential impacts from projects can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (

http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the Services wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and

http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the ESA. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

Official Species List

Provided by:

New York Ecological Services Field Office 3817 LUKER ROAD CORTLAND, NY 13045 (607) 753-9334_ http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2016-SLI-0782 **Event Code:** 05E1NY00-2016-E-01719

Project Type: TRANSPORTATION

Project Name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

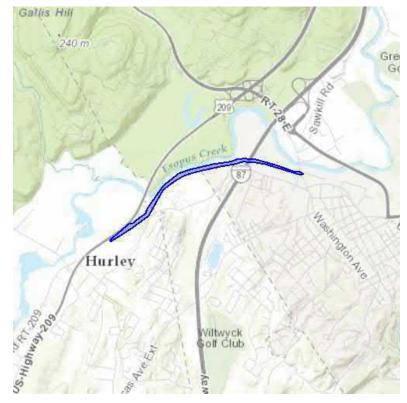
Please Note: The FWS office may have modified the Project Name and/or Project Description, so it may be different from what was submitted in your previous request. If the Consultation Code matches, the FWS considers this to be the same project. Contact the office in the 'Provided by' section of your previous Official Species list if you have any questions or concerns.



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

Project Location Map:



Project Coordinates: MULTIPOLYGON (((-74.059665 41.929672, -74.056264 41.931668, -74.055706 41.931748, -74.054762 41.932354, -74.053518 41.933009, -74.053153 41.933599, -74.052702 41.934222, -74.050342 41.936568, -74.047745 41.93818, -74.045728 41.938707, -74.043454 41.93909, -74.041737 41.939425, -74.038798 41.939713, -74.037703 41.94, -74.036459 41.940064, -74.034527 41.94, -74.031073 41.939266, -74.027597 41.938404, -74.026867 41.93834, -74.026202 41.938085, -74.026674 41.937973, -74.032854 41.939394, -74.03457 41.939617, -74.036673 41.939713, -74.038004 41.939409, -74.040364 41.93909, -74.044698 41.93842, -74.045943 41.938117, -74.04708 41.937829, -74.048453 41.937223, -74.050428 41.936105, -74.052069 41.933807, -74.052949 41.932689, -74.054419 41.931883, -74.055878 41.931165, -74.057702 41.930199, -74.05944 41.929393, -74.059665 41.929672)))

Project Counties: Ulster, NY



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

Endangered Species Act Species List

There are a total of 3 threatened or endangered species on your species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Critical habitats listed under the **Has Critical Habitat** column may or may not lie within your project area. See the **Critical habitats within your project area** section further below for critical habitat that lies within your project. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Mammals	Status	Has Critical Habitat	Condition(s)
Indiana bat (<i>Myotis sodalis</i>) Population: Entire	Endangered		
Northern long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	Threatened		
Reptiles			
Bog Turtle (<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>) Population: northern	Threatened		



United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service

Project name: 8758.04 - Option B-1, O&W

Critical habitats that lie within your project area

There are no critical habitats within your project area.

http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac, 01/22/2016 07:43 AM

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Fish, Wildlife & Marine Resources New York Natural Heritage Program 625 Broadway, 5th Floor, Albany, New York 12233-4757 Phone: (518) 402-8935 • Fax: (518) 402-8925 Website: www.dec.ny.gov



March 08, 2016

Daniel Carey Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. 10 Airline Drive, Suite 200 Albany, NY 12205

Re: Kingston Rail Trail Town/City: City Of Kingston, Hurley, County: Ulster. Ulster.

Dear Daniel Carey:

In response to your recent request, we have reviewed the New York Natural Heritage Program database with respect to the above project.

Our database has no records of rare or state-listed animals or plants, or significant natural communities directly at your site. Enclosed is a report of state-listed animals documented in the vicinity.

For most sites, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted; the enclosed report only includes records from our database. We cannot provide a definitive statement as to the presence or absence of all rare or state-listed species or significant natural communities. Depending on the nature of the project and the conditions at the project site, further information from on-site surveys or other sources may be required to fully assess impacts on biological resources.

Our database is continually growing as records are added and updated. If this proposed project is still under development one year from now, we recommend that you contact us again so that we may update this response with the most current information.

The presence of the plants and animals identified in the enclosed report may result in this project requiring additional review or permit conditions. For further guidance, and for information regarding other permits that may be required under state law for regulated areas or activities (e.g., regulated wetlands), please contact the appropriate NYS DEC Regional Office, Division of Environmental Permits, as listed at www.dec.ny.gov/about/39381.html.

Sincerely,

Chalony.

Andrea Chaloux Environmental Review Specialist New York Natural Heritage Program



The following state-listed animals have been documented in the vicinity of your project site.

The following list includes animals that are listed by NYS as Endangered, Threatened, or Special Concern; and/or that are federally listed or are candidates for federal listing.

For information about any permit considerations for your project, please contact the Permits staff at the NYSDEC Region 3 Office at dep.r3@dec.ny.gov, (845) 256-3054. For information about potential impacts of your project on these species and how to avoid, minimize, or mitigate any impacts, contact the Region 3 Wildlife staff at Wildlife.R3@dec.ny.gov, (845) 256-3098.

The following species have been documented within 0.5 mi of the project site. Individual animals may travel 1 mi from documented locations.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	NY STATE LISTING	FEDERAL LISTING	
Birds				
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Threatened		14124
Breeding				

The following species have been documented within 3 mi of the project site. Individual animals may travel 5 mi from documented locations. The main impact of concern for bats is the removal of potential roost trees.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	NY STATE LISTING	FEDERAL LISTING	
Mammals				
Northern Long-eared Bat	Myotis septentrionalis	Threatened	Threatened	14175
Seven (7) hibernacula have been documented within 5 mi of the project site.				

This report only includes records from the NY Natural Heritage database. For most sites, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted, and we cannot provide a definitive statement as to the presence or absence of all rare or state-listed species. Depending on the nature of the project and the conditions at the project site, further information from on-site surveys or other sources may be required to fully assess impacts on biological resources.

If any rare plants or animals are documented during site visits, we request that information on the observations be provided to the New York Natural Heritage Program so that we may update our database.

Information about many of the listed animals in New York, including habitat, biology, identification, conservation, and management, are available online in Natural Heritage's Conservation Guides at www.guides.nynhp.org, and from NYSDEC at www.dec.ny.gov/animals/7494.html.



February 8, 2016

Information Services Natural Heritage Program New York State Department of Environmental Conservation 625 Broadway, 5th Floor Albany, New York 12233-4757

 Re: Kingston Rail Trail City of Kingston, Towns of Hurley & Ulster, Ulster County, New York
 Subj: Request for Information
 File: 369.005.121

Dear Sir or Madam:

Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. (B&L) has been retained by Ulster County for preliminary design services concerning the alternatives for Kingston Rail Trail. The preferred alignment consists of the construction of a dedicated 2.0 mile shared-use path along the O&W Railroad Corridor extending from the existing O&W Rail Trail to Washington Avenue or Kingston Plaza in the City of Kingston, Ulster County.

This alternative is proposed to follow the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad corridor for 2.0 miles from the existing O&W Rail Trail along US Route 209, through the existing NYS Thruway underpass, to Washington Avenue (State Bike Route 28) in Kingston. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue and a traffic signal to assist trail users and others crossing Washington Avenue. East of Washington Avenue, extending the trail approximate 0.37 miles to Kingston Plaza is also being investigated where additional property investigations and encroachment issues would need to be resolved.

B&L is currently conducting environmental screenings of the project site and this documentation is being provided to initiate the NYSDEC's review of endangered and threatened species for this project. We ask for your determination if there are records of state listed (or proposed for inclusion) endangered or threatened species in the vicinity of the project area.

Enclosed is a project location map. The western terminus for Alternative 1 is approximately located at the coordinates 41.929849° N latitude and 74.059325° W longitude (O&W Rail Trail tie-in) and eastern terminus at 41.938254° N latitude and 74.026815° W longitude (Washington Avenue) or 41.936601° N latitude and 74.020014° W longitude (Kingston Plaza).

Thank you for your assistance with this project.

Very truly yours, BARTON & LOGUIDICE, D.P.C.

Daniel P Carey, I.E. Engineer III

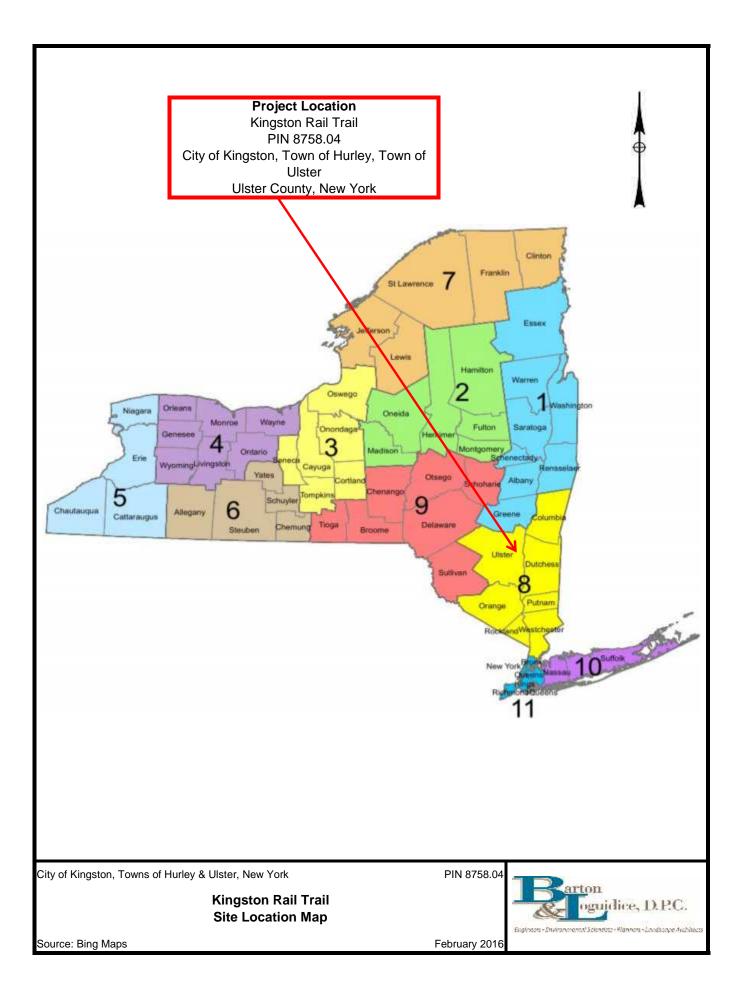
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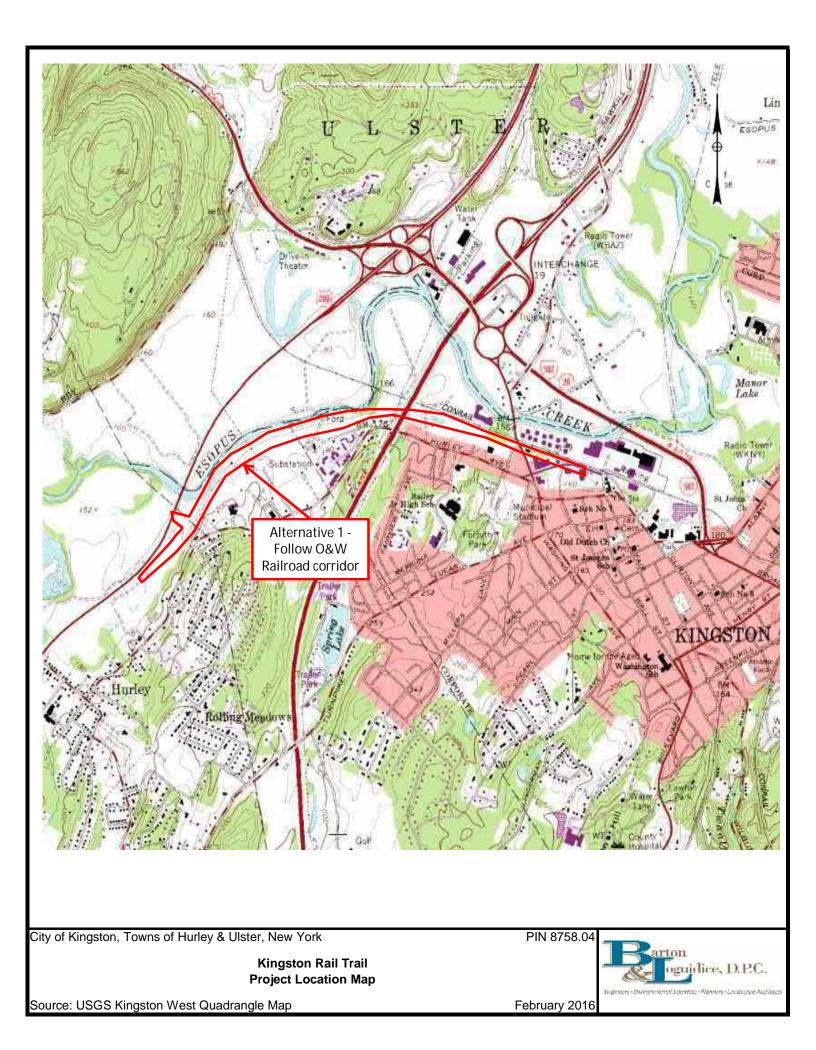
Enclosures: Project Location Map (State) Project Location Map (USGS) Project Location Map (Site) Project Location Map (APE)

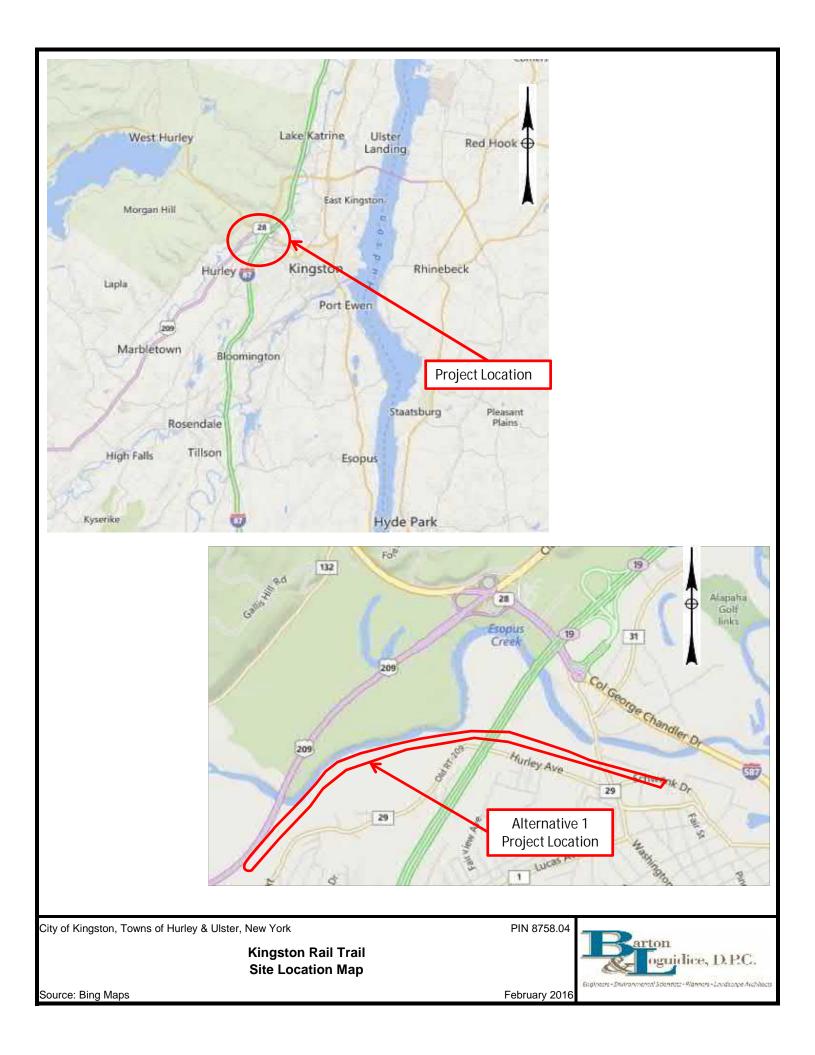
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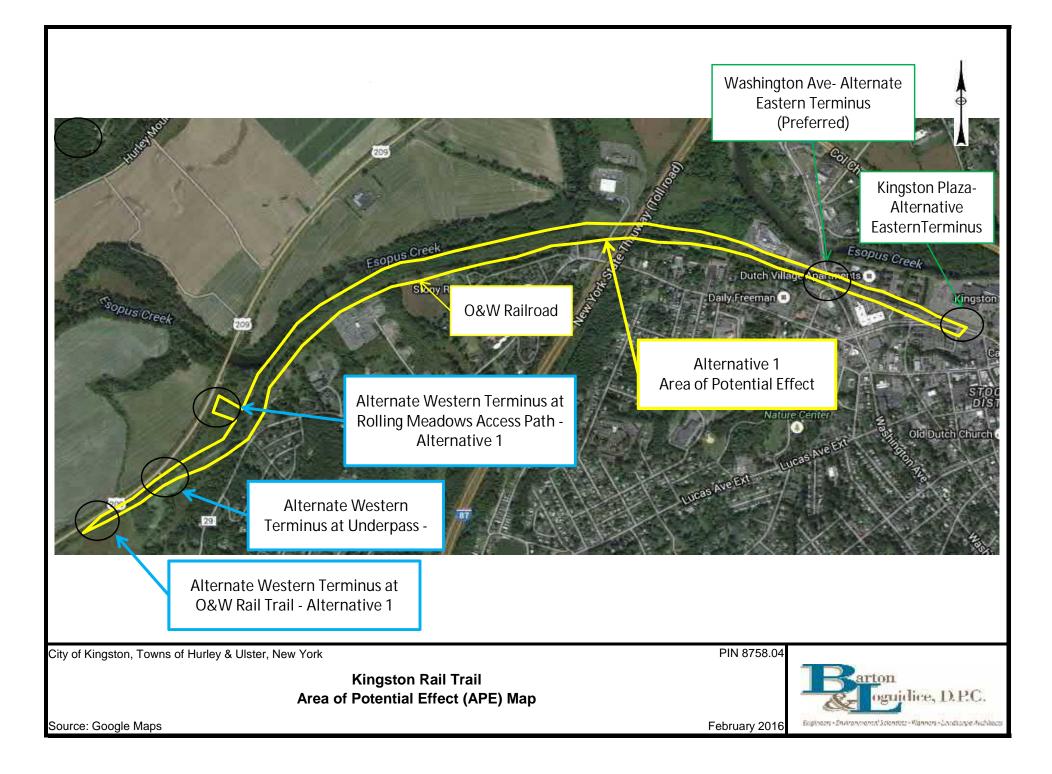
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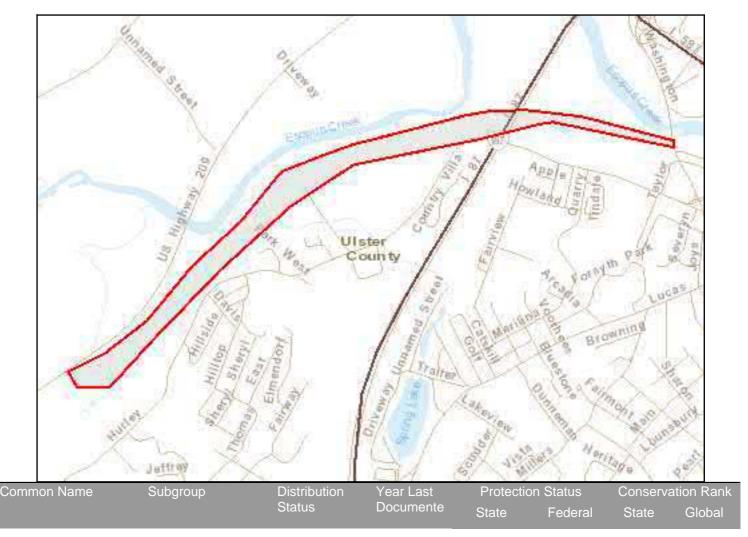






New York Nature Explorer User Defined Results Report

Criteria: Selected Map Area



Note: Restricted plants and animals may also have also been documented in one or more of the Towns or Cities in which your user-defined area is located, but are not listed in these results. This application does not provide information at the level of Town or City on state-listed animals and on other sensitive animals and plants. A list of the restricted animals and plants documented at the corresponding county level can be obtained via the County link(s) on the original User Defined Search Results page. Any individual plant or animal on this county's restricted list may or may not occur in this particular user-defined area.

This list only includes records of rare species and significant natural communities from the databases of the NY Natural Heritage Program. This list is not a definitive statement about the presence or absence of all plants and animals, including rare or state-listed species, or of all significant natural communities. For most areas, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted, and this list should not be considered a substitute for on-site surveys.

3/22/16 10:18 AM

Wetland Delineation Report

FOR

Kingston Rail Trail City of Kingston, Towns of Ulster and Hurley Ulster County, NY PIN #8758.04

Prepared For:

Mr. Christopher White Deputy Director of Planning Ulster County Planning Department 244 Fair Street, PO Box 1800 Kingston, New York 12402

September 2016

Prepared by:



Architecture. Engineering. Surveying.

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FIGURES

Figure 1:	Site Location Map
Figure 2:	Site Aerial Photograph
Figure 3:	Kingston West Topographic Quadrangle Map
Figure 4:	NYSDEC Wetlands Map
Figure 5:	USFWS NWI Map
Figure 6:	Surface Water Features
Figure 7:	Wetland Delineation Map

APPENDICES

- A. Photographic Log
- B. USDA Custom Soil Resource for Ulster County, NY
- C. Site Plans, Wetland Boundaries, and Impact Maps

SECTION 1 WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT

1.0 Wetland Delineation Activities

1.1 **Project Summary**

Foit-Albert Associates Architecture, Engineering, and Surveying, P.C. (FA), has been contracted by Barton and Loguidice to assess wetlands and waters of the U.S. (WUS) subject to federal or state jurisdiction for the Kingston Rail Trail project in the Towns of Ulster and Hurley, Ulster County, New York (Figures 1 and 2). According to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations described in Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 CFR Section 328.3 and 40 CFR Section 230.3) respectively, wetlands are "...areas that are inundated or saturated with surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions."

Currently within the State of New York, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) and USACE are typically the lead agencies responsible for verifying the accuracy of freshwater wetland delineations and authorizing encroachments into freshwater wetlands. The USACE regulates all jurisdictional wetlands within the state while the NYSDEC only regulates wetlands that are greater than 12.4 acres in size and identified on the New York State Freshwater Wetland Maps. The New York State Freshwater Wetland Map for this area depicts New York State Freshwater Wetland KW-18 on the western side of the project (Figure 4). Due to the presence of mapped State-regulated wetlands adjacent to the project limits, we expect the NYSDEC to be the lead agency responsible for verifying wetland boundaries and determining the jurisdictional status of wetlands at the project site. The USACE will also verify the jurisdictional status of the additional wetlands identified at the Site.

This report presents the results of Foit-Albert's associated wetland delineation of the project area.

Project Name: Kingston Rail Trail

Project Location: Towns of Ulster and Hurley, Ulster County

Project Scientist and Firm:

Georgeanna Nugent Lussier Foit-Albert Associates Hanover Square 435 New Karner Road Albany, NY 12205 (518) 452-1037/cell (518) 605-4878 gnugent@foit-albert.com

Kingston Rail Trail Towns of Ulster and Hurley, Ulster County, NY



Owner / Operator Name and Address:

Mr. Christopher White Deputy Director of Planning Ulster County Planning Department 244 Fair Street, PO Box 1800 Kingston, New York 12402

1.2 Project Description & Background

The project site appears on the Kingston West, NY Quadrangle of the U.S. Geological Survey Map (Figure 3). The project proposes to establish approximately 1.8 miles of a bicycle and pedestrian trail link between the City of Kingston and Towns of Hurley and Ulster, in Ulster County. Two alternatives were originally evaluated for the location of the trail along two potential right-of-way (ROW) corridors. Alternative 1 establishes the trail along the Ontario & Western (O&W) railroad ROW. Alternative 2 establishes the trail along the county-owned Ulster & Delaware (U&D) railroad ROW and along the east side of U.S. Route 209. Bridge rehabilitation and bridge construction involving two crossings over the Esopus Creek was also evaluated as part of Alternative 2. Additional improvements include the development of trailhead parking, utility access points, as well as, signage and potential pedestrian crossing signals. Alternative 1 was identified as the preferred alternative and would have less impacts to wetlands and WUS; this report summarizes the findings of the wetland and WUS within the project limits.

Alternative 1 extends approximately 1.8 miles from the existing Hurley Rail Trail parking lot on US Route 209 following the O&W railroad corridor to Washington Avenue. The total length of Alternative 1 is 1.8 miles. The vertical limits of disturbance will be approximately 1 ft. for the establishment of the trail foundation. In spot locations, the vertical limits will vary slightly for the establishment of drainage swales adjacent to the trail. The horizontal limit of disturbance will be 18 ft. wide, centered on the existing railroad ballast. Alternative 1 follows the existing O&W railroad corridor with the proposed trail to be constructed on the existing railroad ballast, therefore it is assumed that the entire project lies within previously disturbed areas.

There is one existing structure along the Alternative 1 route. The structure is an existing overpass which carries I-87 over the O&W Railroad. The overhead structure and abutments will not be impacted by this project. The trail will be located on the O&W Railroad corridor and will require right-of-way acquisitions and easements from Central Hudson Gas & Electric and Ulster Savings Bank.

Alternative 1, along the O&W Railroad corridor, is located within an archeological sensitive area according to the New York State Historic Preservation Office (NYSHPO) Cultural Resource Information System (CRIS) website. The proposed western terminus for Alternative 1, is approximately 400 feet away from the limits of the Kingston Stockade Historic District in the City of Kingston. Based on the findings, the proposed Alternative 1 would not have an impact to historic or archeological resources.

Photographs of the Site are located in Appendix A.





1.3 Methods

The wetland delineation was conducted by FA Staff Georgeanna Nugent Lussier in August 2015, in accordance with the 1987 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Delineation Manual (USACE, 1987), the Interim Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, and the 1995 New York State Freshwater Wetlands Delineation Manual (NYSDEC, 1995). These documents are used as guidance to evaluate jurisdictional wetland limits under the USACE and the NYSDEC regulatory programs. These methodologies generally involve the review of three parameters (vegetation, soils, and hydrology) when making a wetland determination.

An initial assessment of the Site was made using the following resources:

- Ulster County online Map Viewer (Ulster County, 2015);
- USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map (Kingston West, New York Quadrangle) (Figure 3);
- New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Wetland Maps (NYSDEC, 2015) (Figure 4);
- United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetland Inventory Maps (USFWS, 2015) (Figure 5);
- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Ulster County Soil Survey (Appendix B);
- Aerial Photography from 1952, 1961, 1974, 2003, and 2012; and
- Base survey mapping provided by Barton and Loguidice.

Based on the results of the initial assessment, the project area was visually inspected in the field to evaluate the jurisdictional limits of the wetlands and waters of the State of NY and the United States.

Dominant species in each vegetation layer were evaluated in terms of their wetland indicator status according to the "National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands (Northeast)" (USFWS, 1988).

Wetland-upland boundaries were defined based on vegetation, hydrology, and soil characteristics, and marked using blue wetland flagging tape and also delineated using a handheld Trimbell 8000 GPS unit.



1.4 Results

Foit-Albert Associates conducted a cursory review of existing literature and data to determine the extent of possible wetlands that may exist in the Project area. Based on the review of the existing mapping and literature of the Site it was determined that a Site investigation was necessary to delineate the boundaries and jurisdictionally of the wetlands and waters of the US and New York. The results of this investigation are found in the following sections.

1.4.1 On-Site Wetland Delineation and Characteristics

Several wetland areas and two tributaries were identified and delineated at the Site (Figures 6 and 7). Photographs of the wetland areas are found in Appendix A. While in the field, wetland boundaries were flagged and drawn onto a topographic map and the points were later surveyed and defined by a handheld GPS unit.

1.4.2 Literature and Mapping Results

This section summarizes the results of the literature and mapping review of the Site.

1.4.2.a NYSDEC Mapping (Figures 4 and 6)

A review of the NYSDEC Freshwater Wetlands map indicates one mapped NYSDEC wetland is located within the Site boundaries (Figure 4). The wetland is identified as KW-18 with a wetland class of 2, and is approximately 57 acres in size.

Esopus Creek is classified by the NYSDEC as Classification B(T) resource. The NYSDEC defines the function of this resource as waters for supporting swimming and other recreation, but not for drinking water. This resource may also support a trout population.

Tributaries 861-104 (Appendix C, PL-10) and 861-110 (Appendix C, PL-16) are classified by the NYSDEC as Classification D which is the lowest classification and standard which supports a best usage of fishing but not fish propagation (Figure 6).

1.4.2.b USFWS National Wetland Inventory (NWI) Mapping (Figure 5)

According to the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) map, several jurisdictional wetlands associated with Esopus Creek are located within the Site boundaries (Figure 5). The vegetative communities follow the Cowardin system identified in the National Wetland Inventory mapping process. The codes indicate palustrine, riverine and freshwater emergent wetlands within the project area (Cowardin, et. al., 1979).



1.4.2.d Ulster County Soil Survey (Appendix B)

The United States Department of Agriculture's Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has mapped the soils for the Site. Soils mapped within the Site boundaries include the following (Appendix B).

Soil Name	Slope Range (%)	Hydric Criterion
ML, Made land	NA	2, 3
Mr, Middlebury silt loam	NA	2, 3, 4
PmD, Plainfield-Riverhead complex	NA	NA
RvB, Riverhead fine sandy loam	3-8%	2
RvC, Riverhead fine sandy loam, 8 to	8-15%	NA
STD, Stockbridge-Farmington-Rock outcrop complex, hilly	NA	NA
Tg, Tioga fine sandy loam	NA	2, 3, 4
Un, Unadilla silt Ioam	0-3%	2
Wc, Wayland mucky silt loam	NA	2, 3

Table 1 – Select Soil Types Properties in Project area

Hydric Criterion: 1. All Histels except Folistels and Histosols except Folists; or

2. Map unit components in Aquic suborders, great groups, or subgroups, Albolls suborder, Historthels great group, Histoturbels great group, or Andic, Cumulic, Pachic, or Vitrandic subgroups that:

a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or

b. Show evidence that the soil meets the definition of a hydric soil;

3. Map unit components that are frequently ponded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season that:

a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or

b. Show evidence that the soil meets the definition of a hydric soil; or

4. Map unit components that are frequently flooded for long duration or very long duration during the growing season that:

a. Based on the range of characteristics for the soil series, will at least in part meet one or more Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, or

b. Show evidence that the soils meet the definition of a hydric soil.



1.4.3 Wetland Functions and Values

Function and values for project area wetlands were assessed using the USACE New England Divisions Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement (ACOE, 1999). The apparent primary function of all project area wetlands is Floodflow Alteration. During periods of heavy rain or spring snow melt, the wetlands serve as natural reservoirs or channels for conveying excess water and slowing the movement of water through the watershed.

2.0 Wetland Delineation Results and Opinion

Wetlands were delineated along the entire 1.8 mile corridor on both sides of the trail; the results of the delineation are presented in Appendix C and the characteristics are summarized in the table below.

Wetland	Appendix C Plan Sheets	Hydrology	Soils	Vegetation Type
NYSDEC KW-18	PL-1 to PL-3	Standing water	Unadilla silt Ioam	Emergent and forested
Tributary 861- 104	PL-10	Stream channel	Riverhead fine sandy loam and Middlebury silt loam	Forested
Freshwater Pond	PL-12 to PL-14	Standing water	Riverhead fine sandy loam	Emergent
Tributary 861- 110	PL-15	Stream channel	Riverhead fine sandy loam	Forested
Freshwater Pond	PL-16	Standing water	Riverhead fine sandy loam	Emergent
Freshwater Pond	PL-17 to PL-20	Standing water	Riverhead fine sandy loam	

Table 2 – Wetland Characteristics

In Foit-Albert Associates professional opinion, the wetlands may be under the jurisdiction of the USACE pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act as they are directly connected to Esopus Creek. NYSDEC Wetland KW-18 is approximately 57 acres in size and located within the project boundaries; the NYSDEC confirmed the boundary and jurisdictionality of this wetland in June 2016. Based on the proposed construction activities (Appendix C), there will be approximately 70 square feet of temporary impact and 320 square feet of permanent impact to NYSDEC Wetland KW-18. The total proposed temporary and permanent impacts for the project include the following (Appendix C):



Impact Type	Wetland Impact	
Temporary	1,115 sq ft 0.025 ac	
Permanent	890 sq ft 0.02 ac	

 Table 3 – Total Proposed Wetlands and Waters of the US Impacts

3.0 Summary and Conclusions

Total proposed wetland impacts are less than 0.10 acre; it is recommended that the necessary notifications be made to the USACE regarding any proposed alterations to wetlands and watercourses pursuant to the requirements of the Nationwide Permit. All wetlands on the Project area may be subject to the jurisdiction of the USACE regulatory program. Foit-Albert Associates recommends that the jurisdiction limits of the delineated wetlands be confirmed by the USACE through a preliminary Jurisdictional Determination (JD) within three (3) years of this study. At the end of three (3) years from the date of this report, wetland flag locations will no longer be valid.

A preliminary JD will help to establish potential USACE wetland boundaries and limits. No site development or other activities with the potential to impact the wetlands on the Project area are conducted prior to obtaining a preliminary JD within, or nearby these flagged wetland areas.

There is a NYSDEC jurisdictional wetland (KW-18) in the project area; therefore, a NYSDEC freshwater wetland permit will be required. The boundaries of this wetland were confirmed with the NYSDEC in June 2016. Based on the proposed construction activities, there will be approximately 70 square feet of temporary impact and 320 square feet of permanent impact to this wetland.

Esopus Creek is classified by the NYSDEC as a Classification B(T) resource and the two tributaries within the project limits are classified as D resources. A NYSDEC 401 Water Quality Certifications is anticipated prior to construction of proposed improvements.



4.0 References

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- Cowardin, L. M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, E.T. LaRoe, 1979. "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States", U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C., Jamestown, ND, http://npwrc.usgs.gov/resource/1998/classwet/classwet.htm, website accessed August 2015.
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- USGS, 1980. Kingston West, New York Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series (Topographic), 1959, Photorevised 1980.
- Wetland Training Institute, Inc, 1995. Field Guide for Wetland Delineation; 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. Glenwood, NM. WTI 02-1 143pp. 1995.



5.0 Limitations

This report was prepared by Foit-Albert Associates Architecture, Engineering, and Surveying, P.C., at the request of and for the sole benefit of Ulster County, or any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with Ulster County. The conclusions and recommendations offered in this report are based on the data obtained from a limited number of sample points. Soil conditions typically vary even over short distances. Thus, the nature and extent of variations outside the surficial and subsurface investigation may not become evident except through further investigation.

This report is the exclusive and present use of Ulster County, or any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with Ulster County. Conclusions stated herein refer only to the specific Site at the time of the investigation.



FIGURES:

- Figure 1: Site Location Map
- Figure 2: Site Aerial Photograph
- Figure 3: Kingston West Topographic Quadrangle Map
- Figure 4: NYSDEC Wetlands Map
- Figure 5: USFWS NWI Map
- Figure 6: Surface Water Features
- Figure 7: Wetland Delineation Map

FIGURE 1 SITE LOCATION MAP

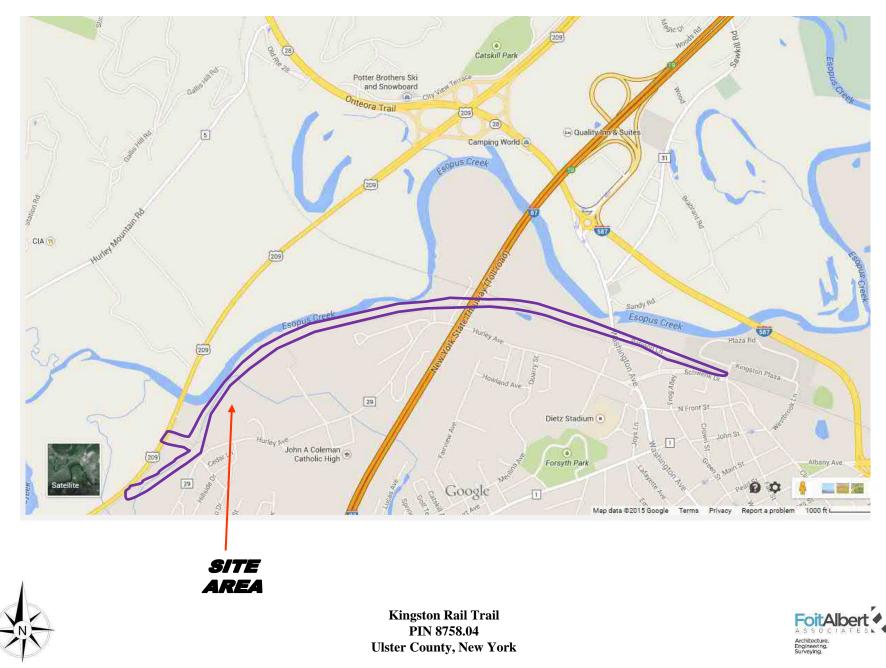
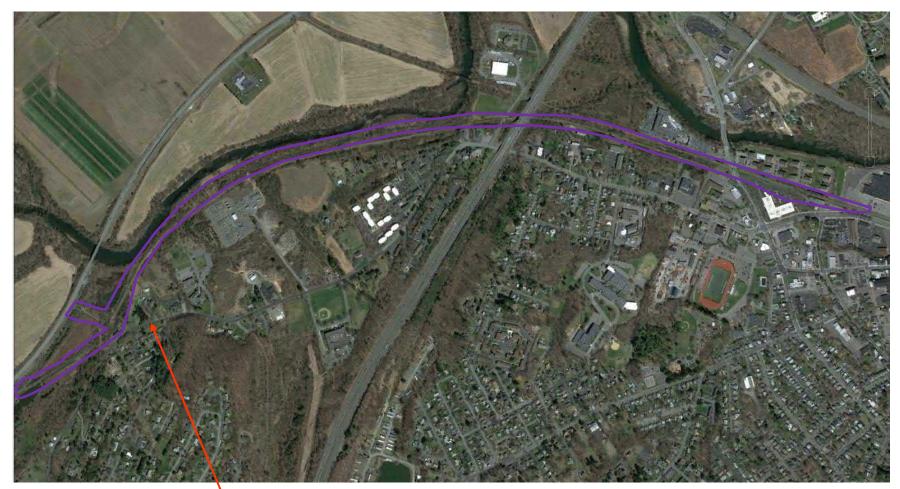


FIGURE 2 SITE AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH



Google Earth July 2016

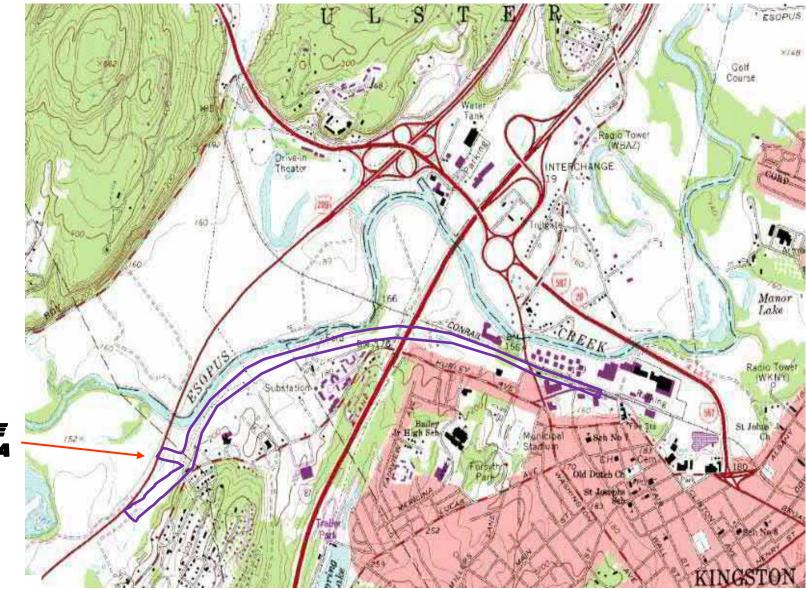
SITE AREA



Kingston Rail Trail PIN 8758.04 Ulster County, New York



FIGURE 3 KINGSTON WEST TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLE MAP



SITE AREA

Kingston Rail Trail PIN 8758.04 Ulster County, New York



FIGURE 3 NYSDEC WETLANDS MAP

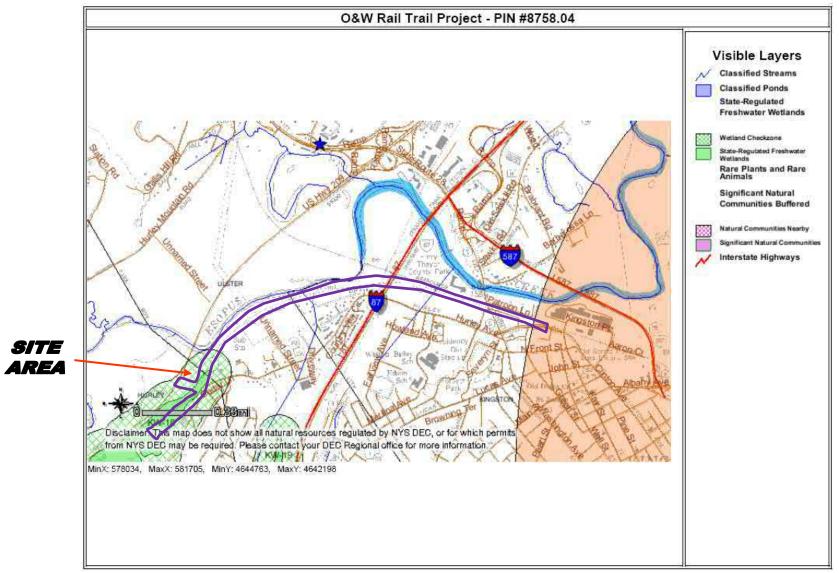
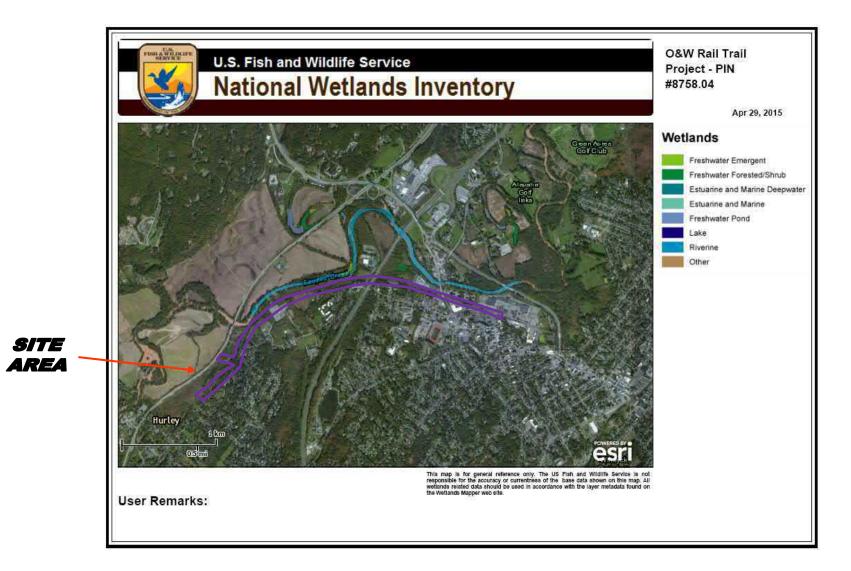






FIGURE 5 USFWS NWI MAP

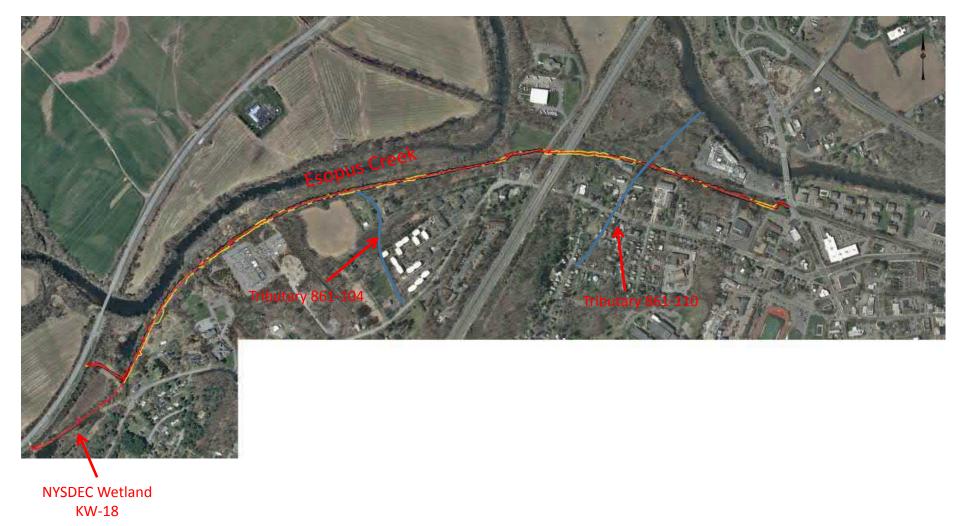




Kingston Rail Trail PIN 8758.04 Ulster County, New York



FIGURE 6 SURFACE WATER FEATURES

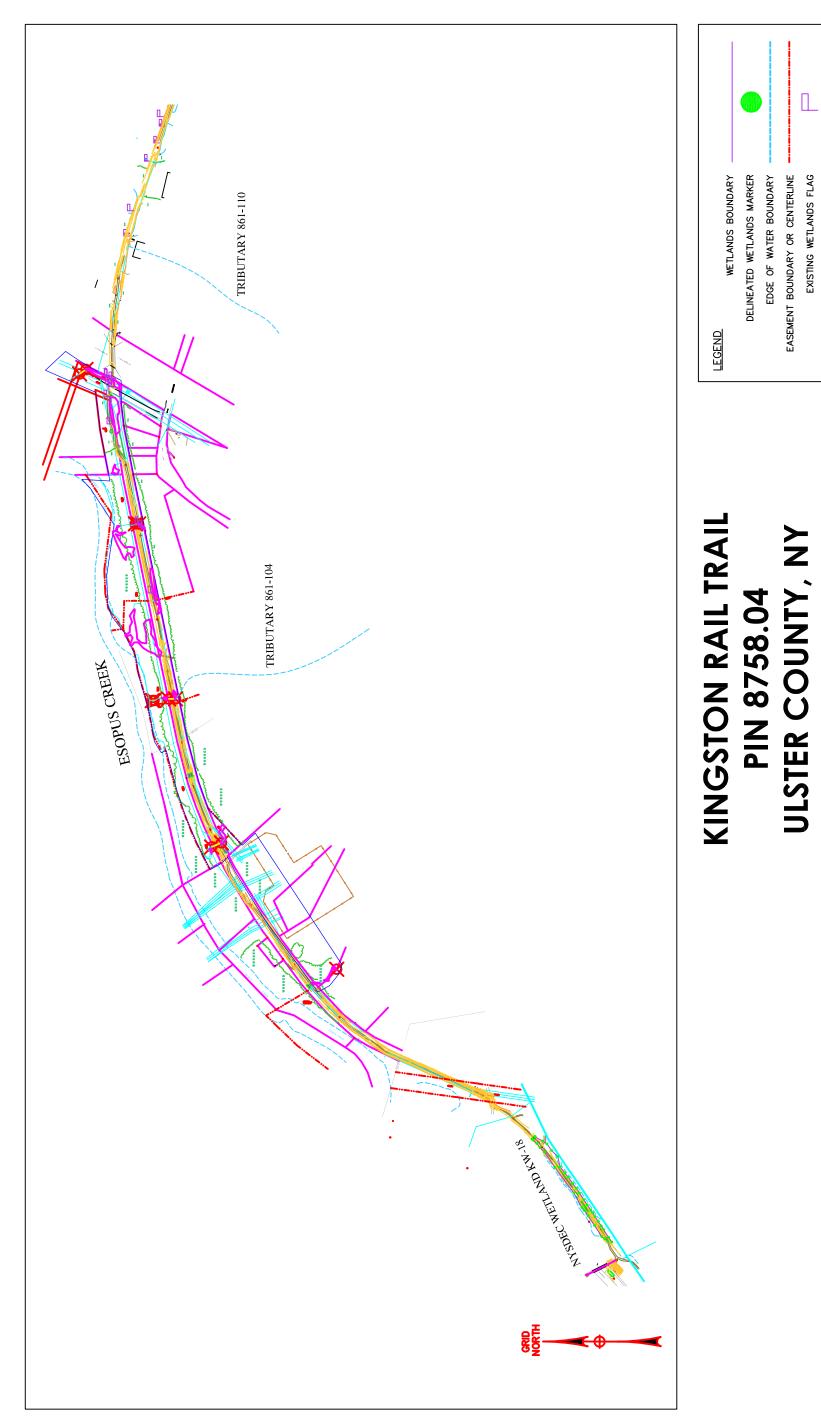




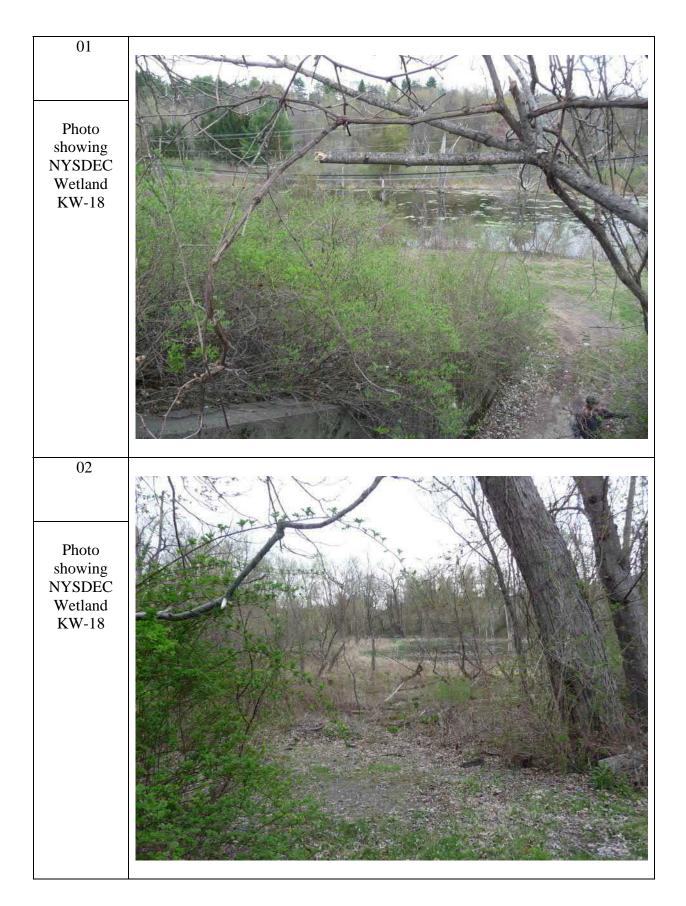
Kingston Rail Trail PIN 8758.04 Ulster County, New York

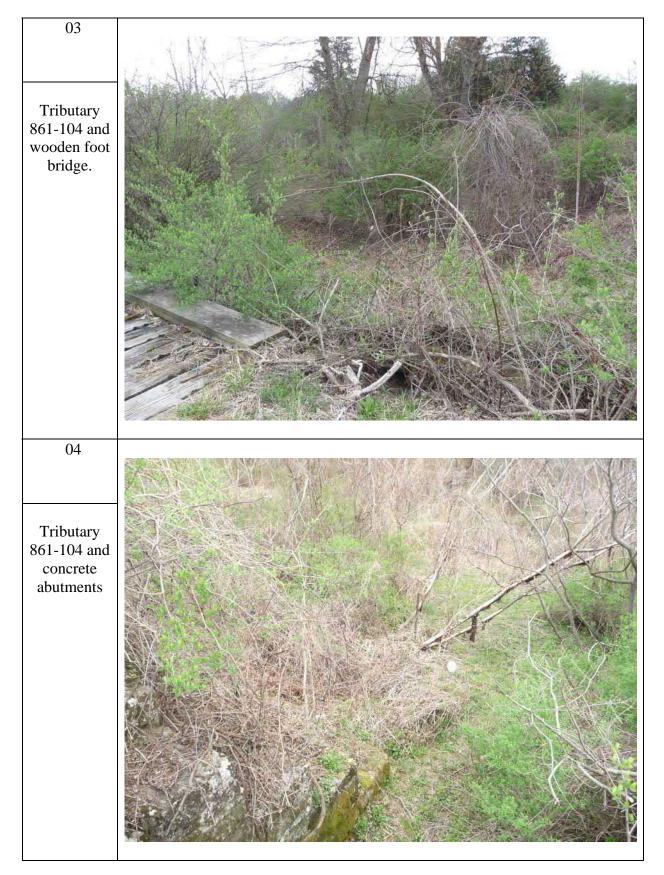


FIGURE 7 WETLAND DELINEATION MAP

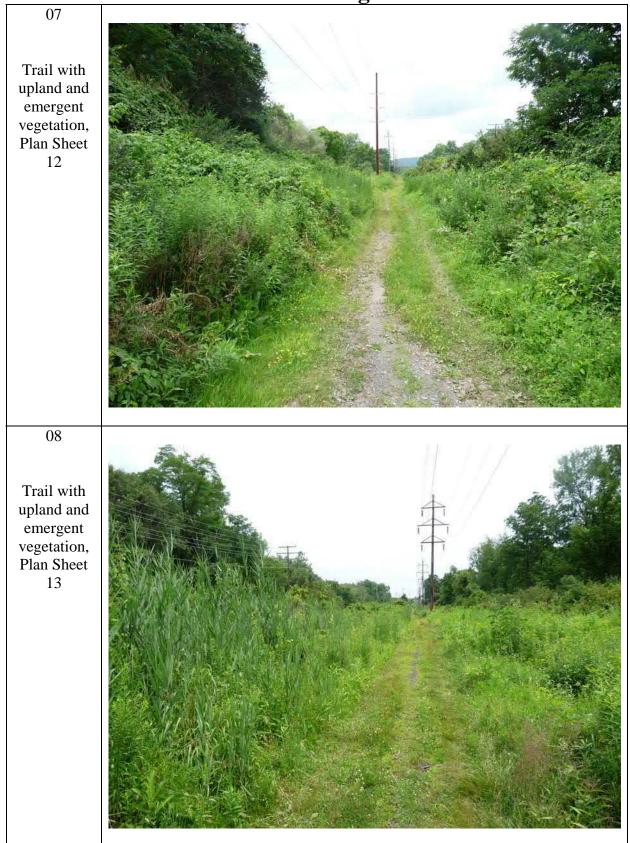


APPENDIX A Photographic Log

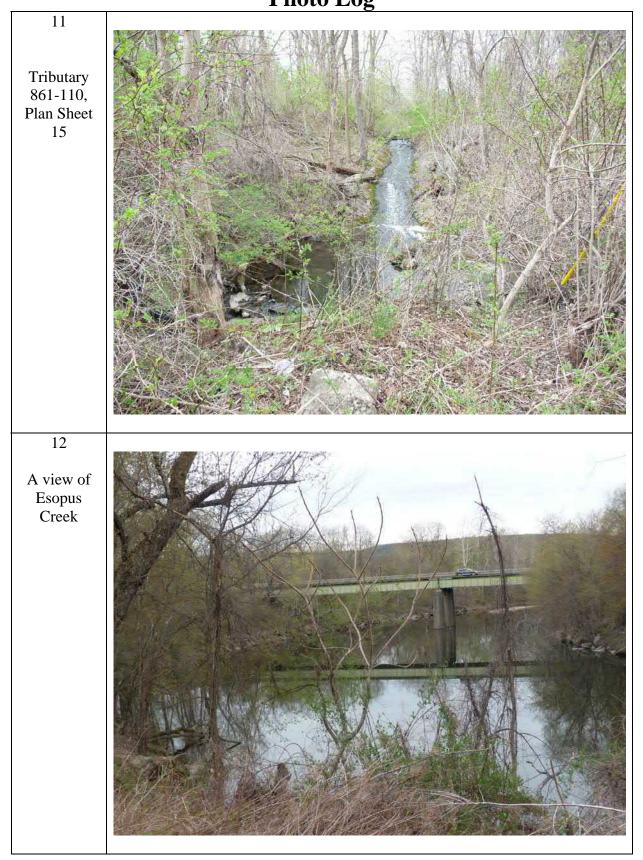




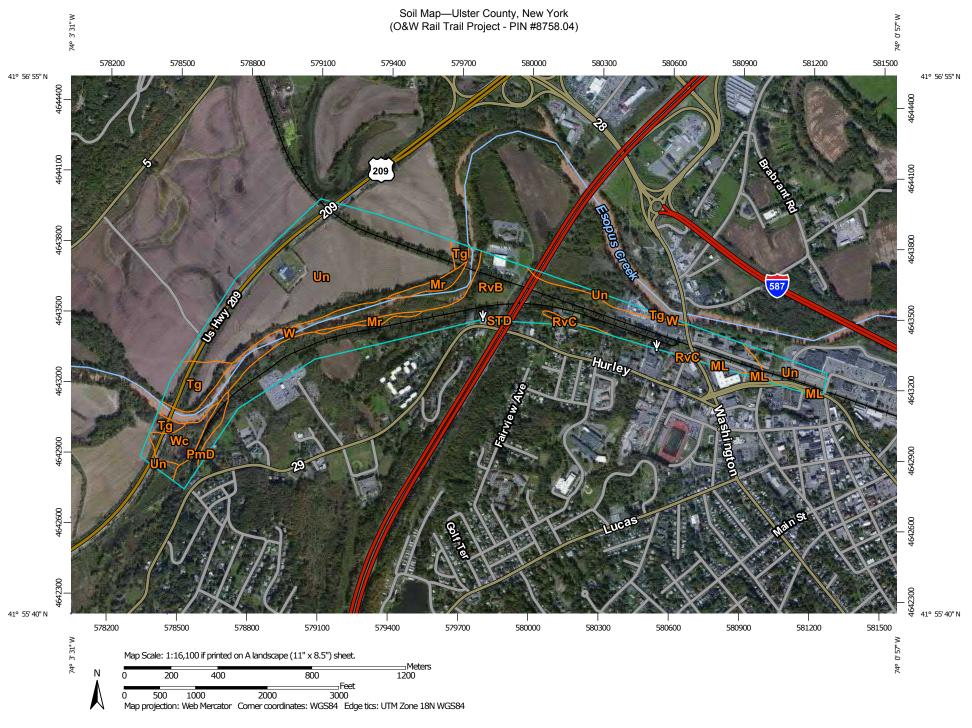




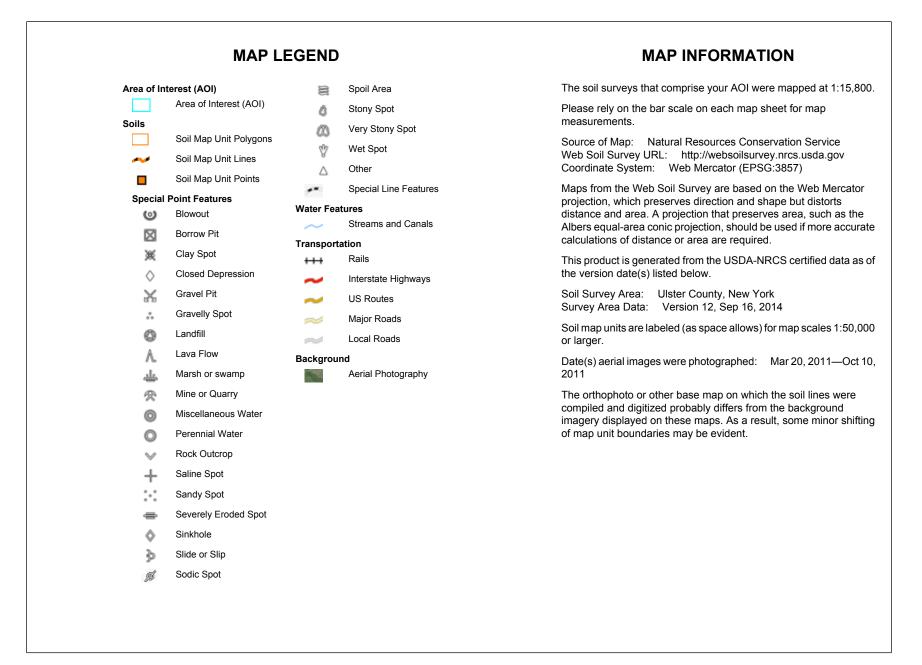




APPENDIX B USDA Custom Soil Resource for Ulster County, NY



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



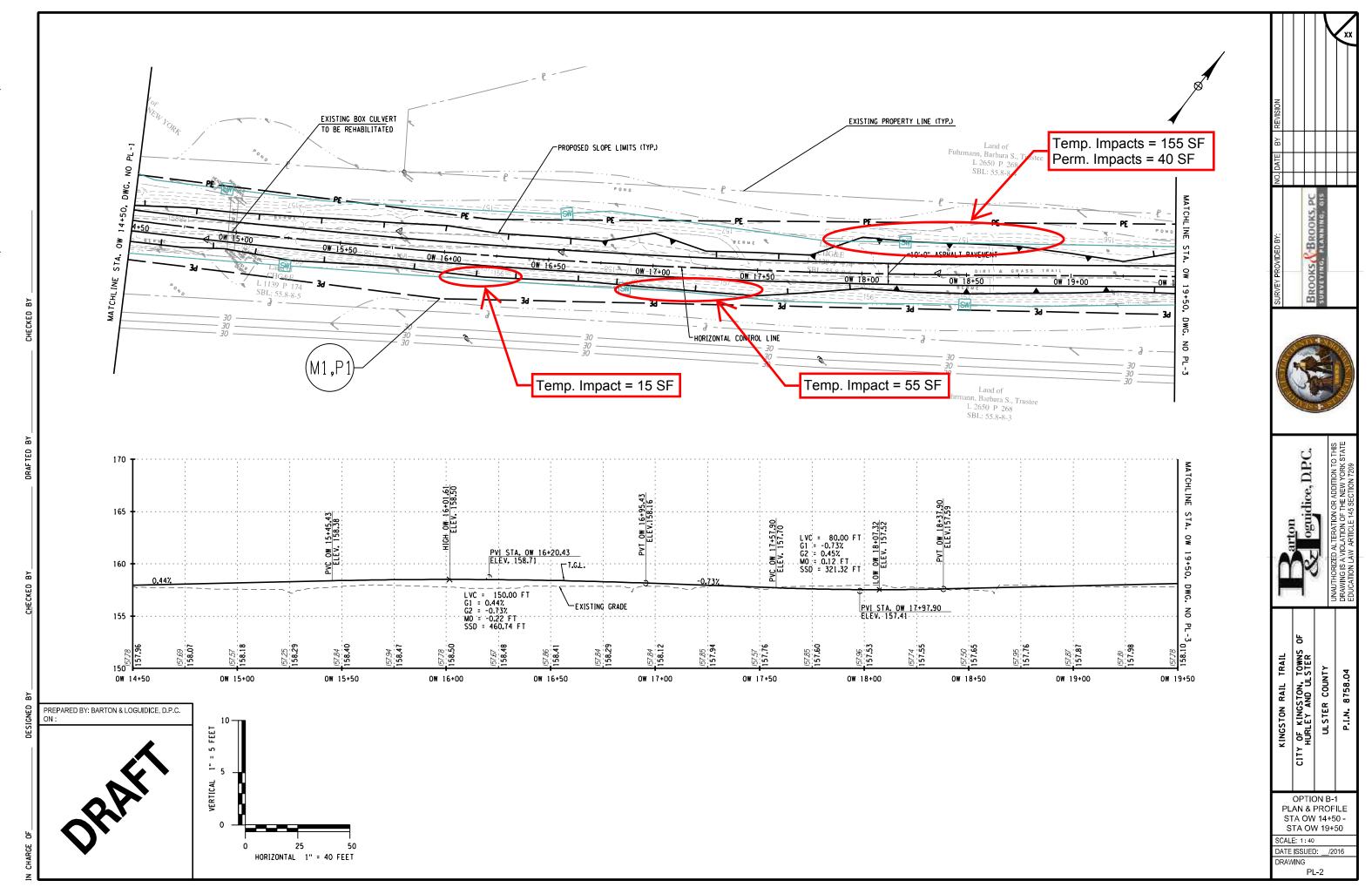
USDA

Map Unit Legend

Ulster County, New York (NY111)						
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
ML	Made land	0.8	0.3%			
Mr	Middlebury silt loam	4.8	2.0%			
PmD	Plainfield-Riverhead complex, moderately steep	4.7	1.9%			
RvB	Riverhead fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	80.0	32.8%			
RvC	Riverhead fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	1.3	0.5%			
STD	Stockbridge-Farmington-Rock outcrop complex, hilly		0.0%			
Tg	Tioga fine sandy loam	13.4	5.5%			
Un	Unadilla silt loam	107.2	43.9%			
W	Water	24.6	10.1%			
Wc	Wayland mucky silt loam	7.2	3.0%			
Totals for Area of Interest		244.0	100.0%			

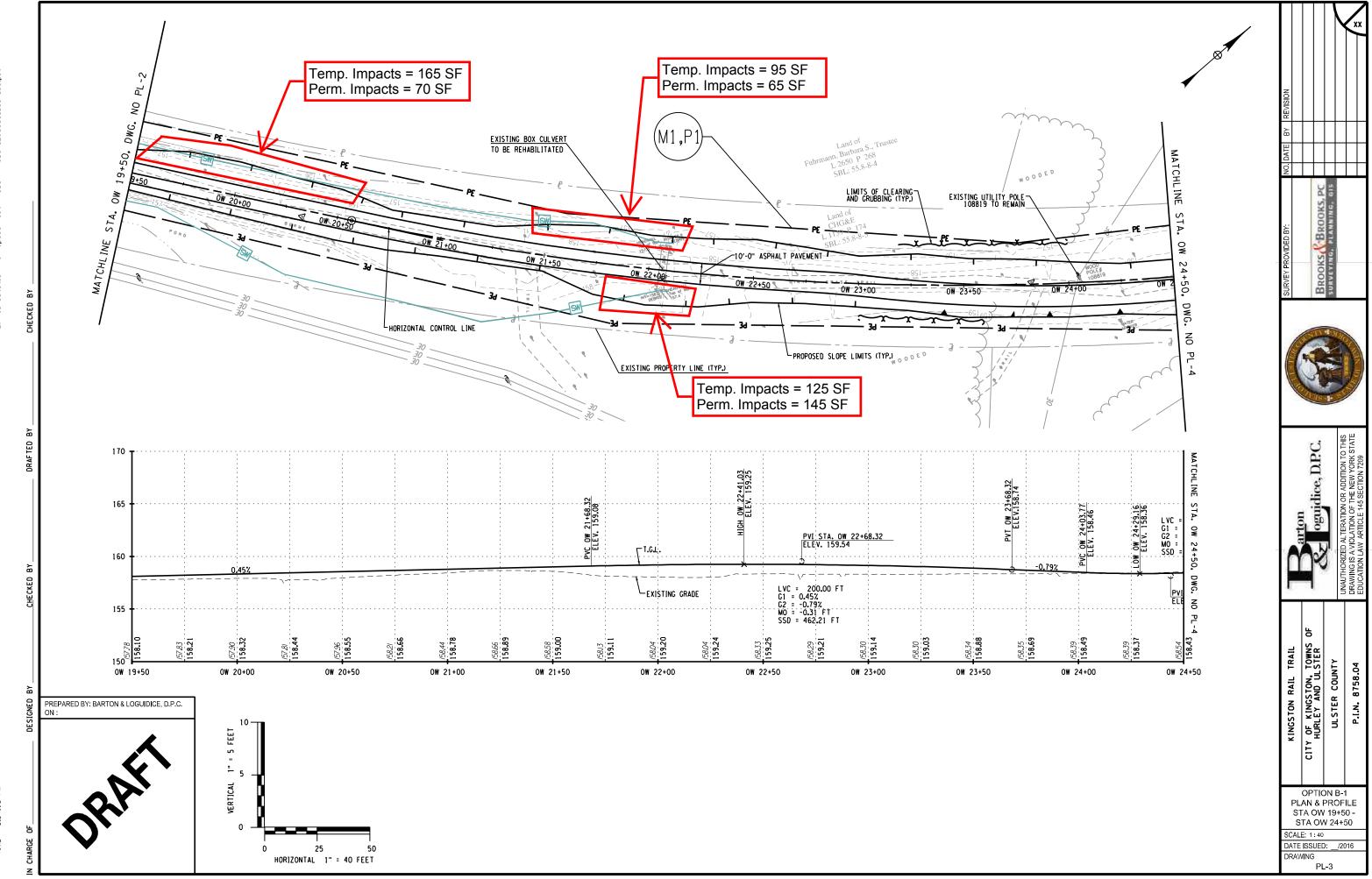
APPENDIX C

Site Plans, Wetland Boundaries, and Impact Maps



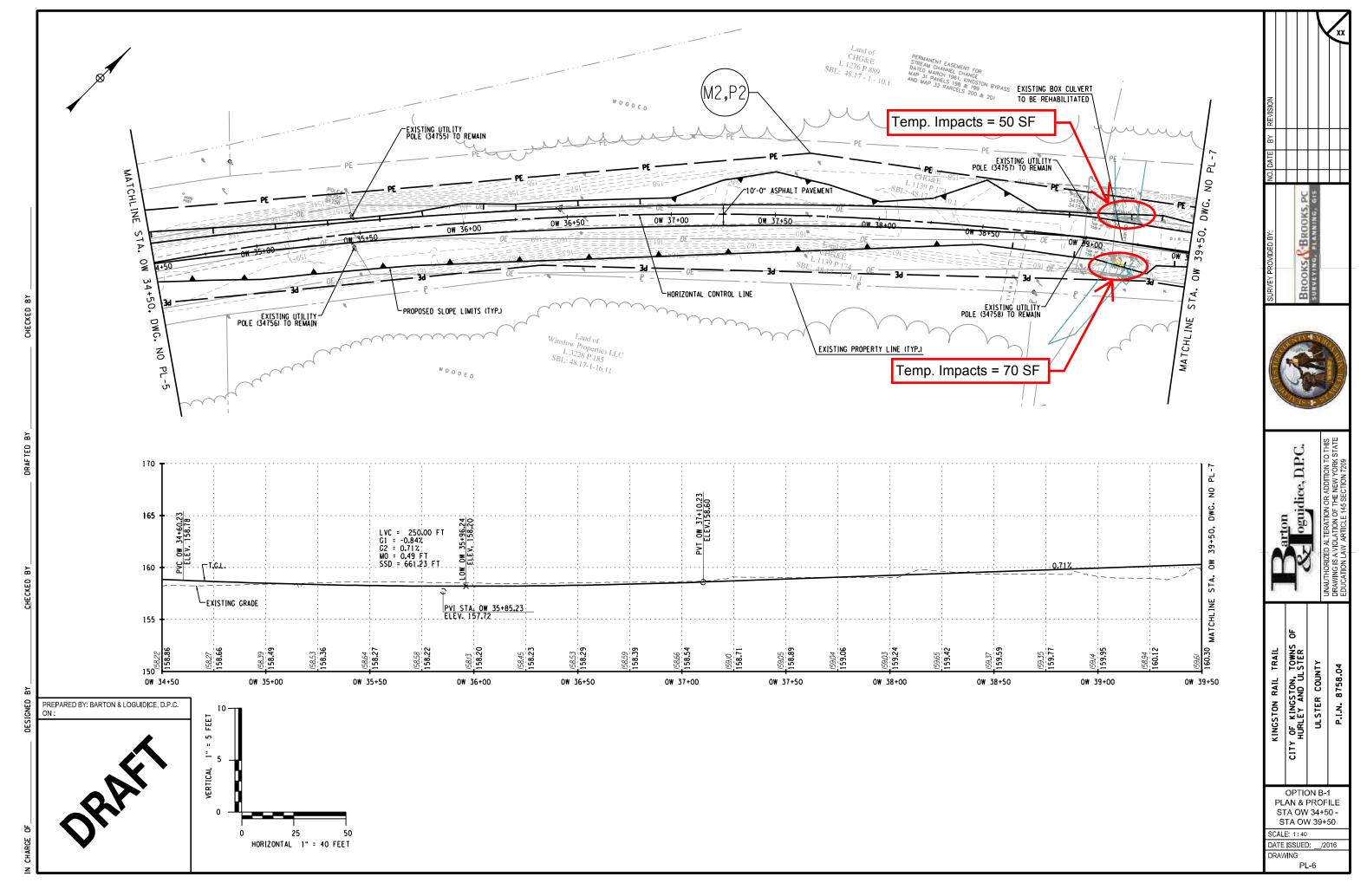
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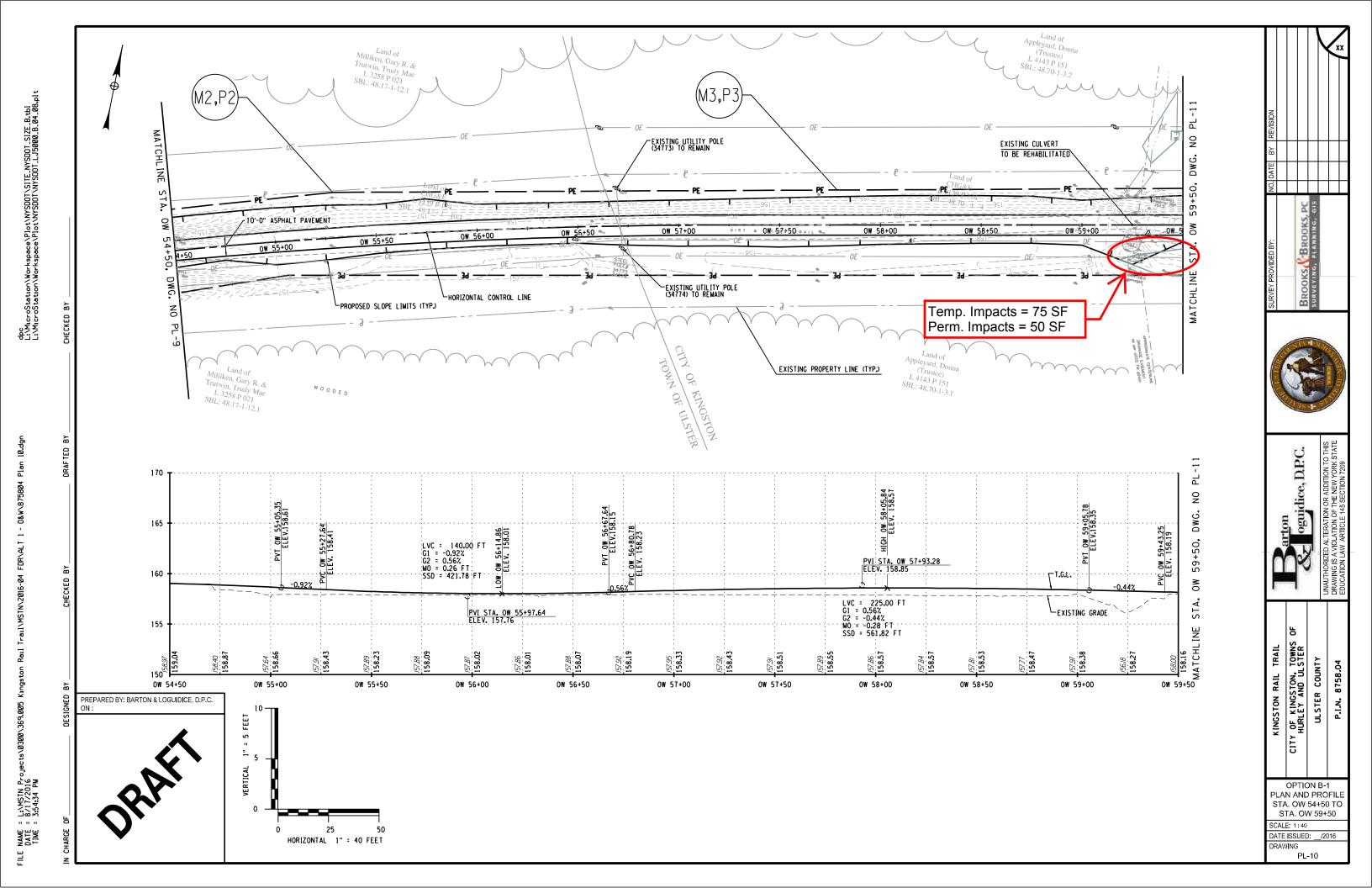
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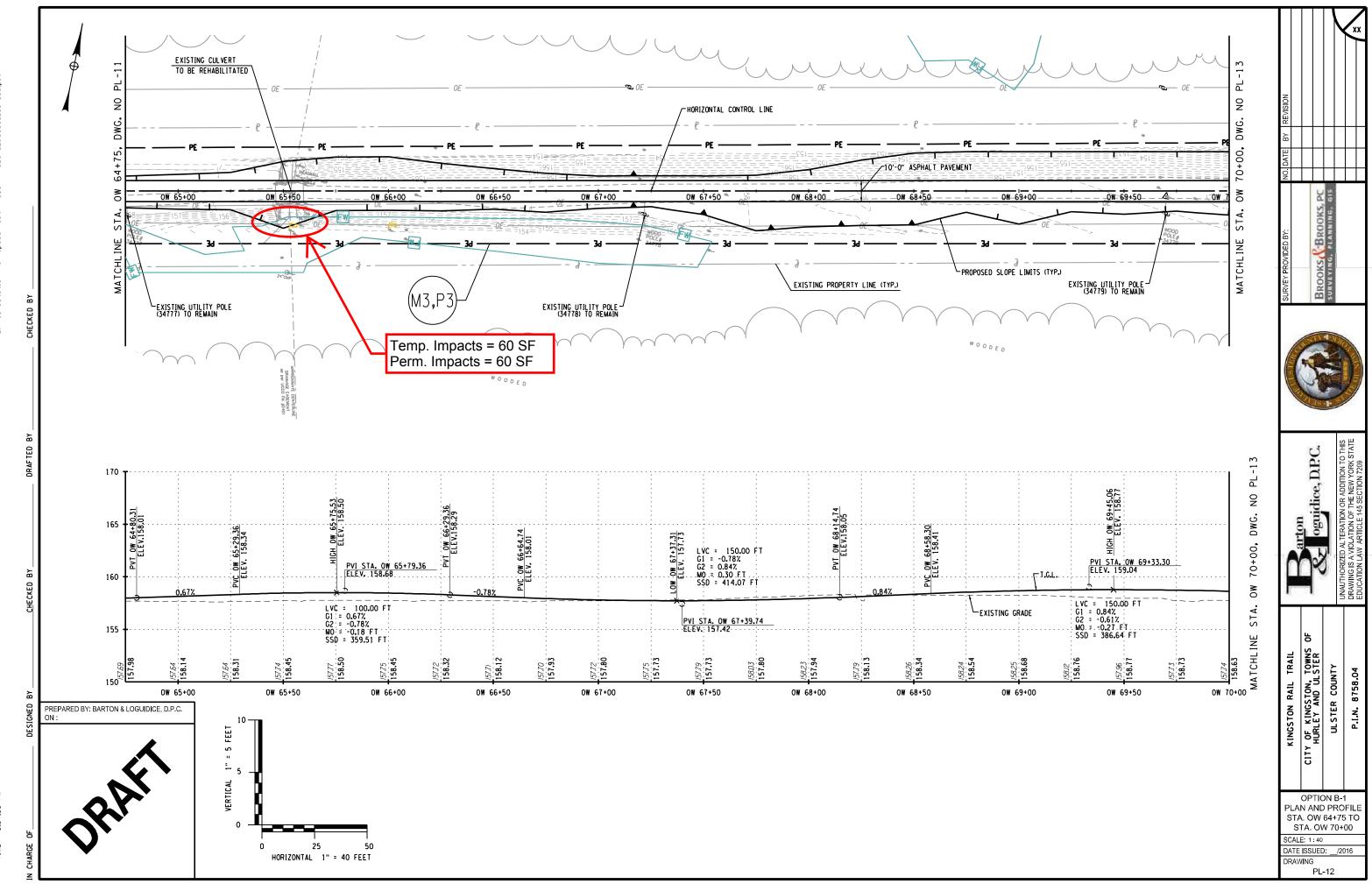
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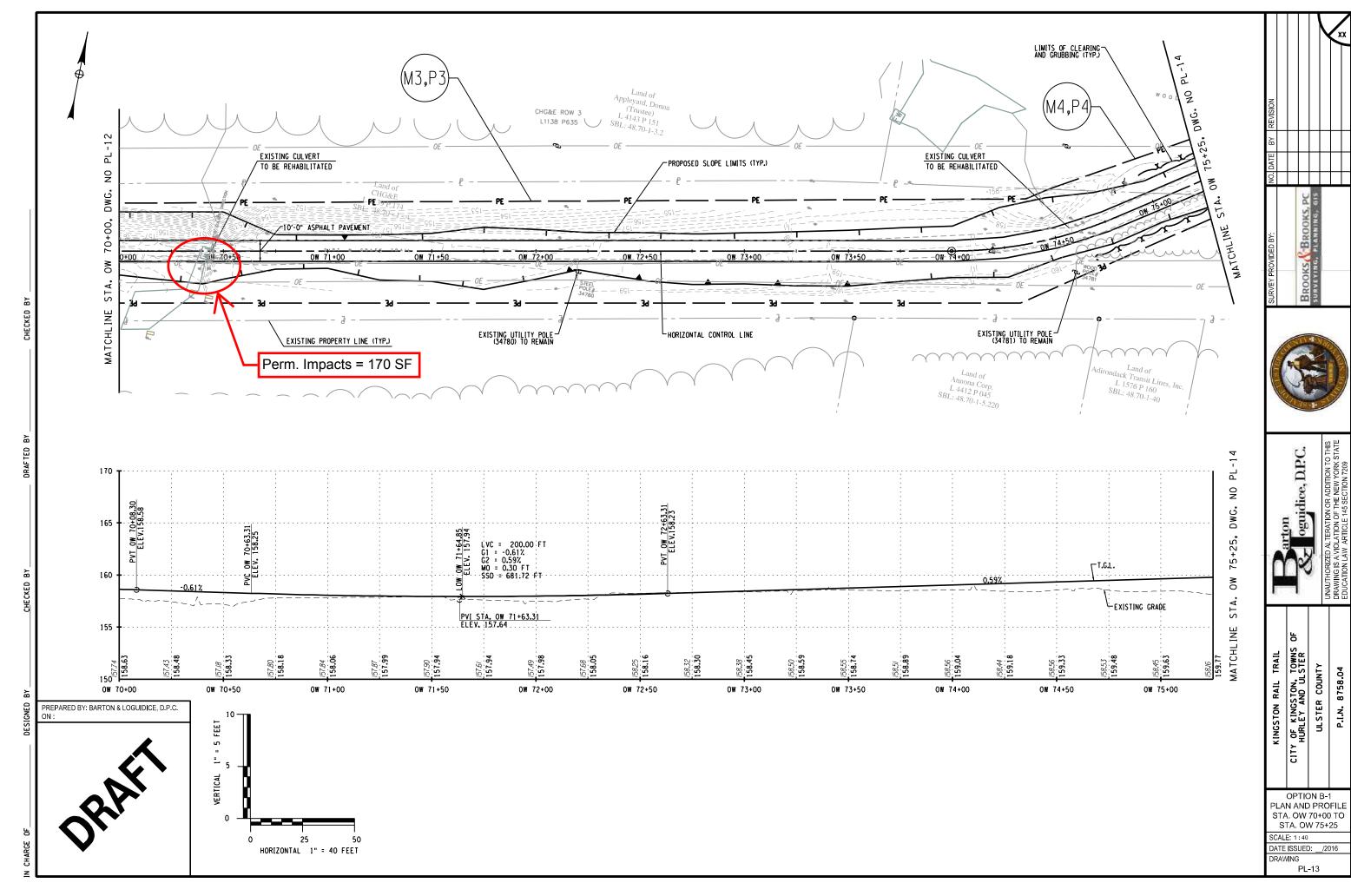
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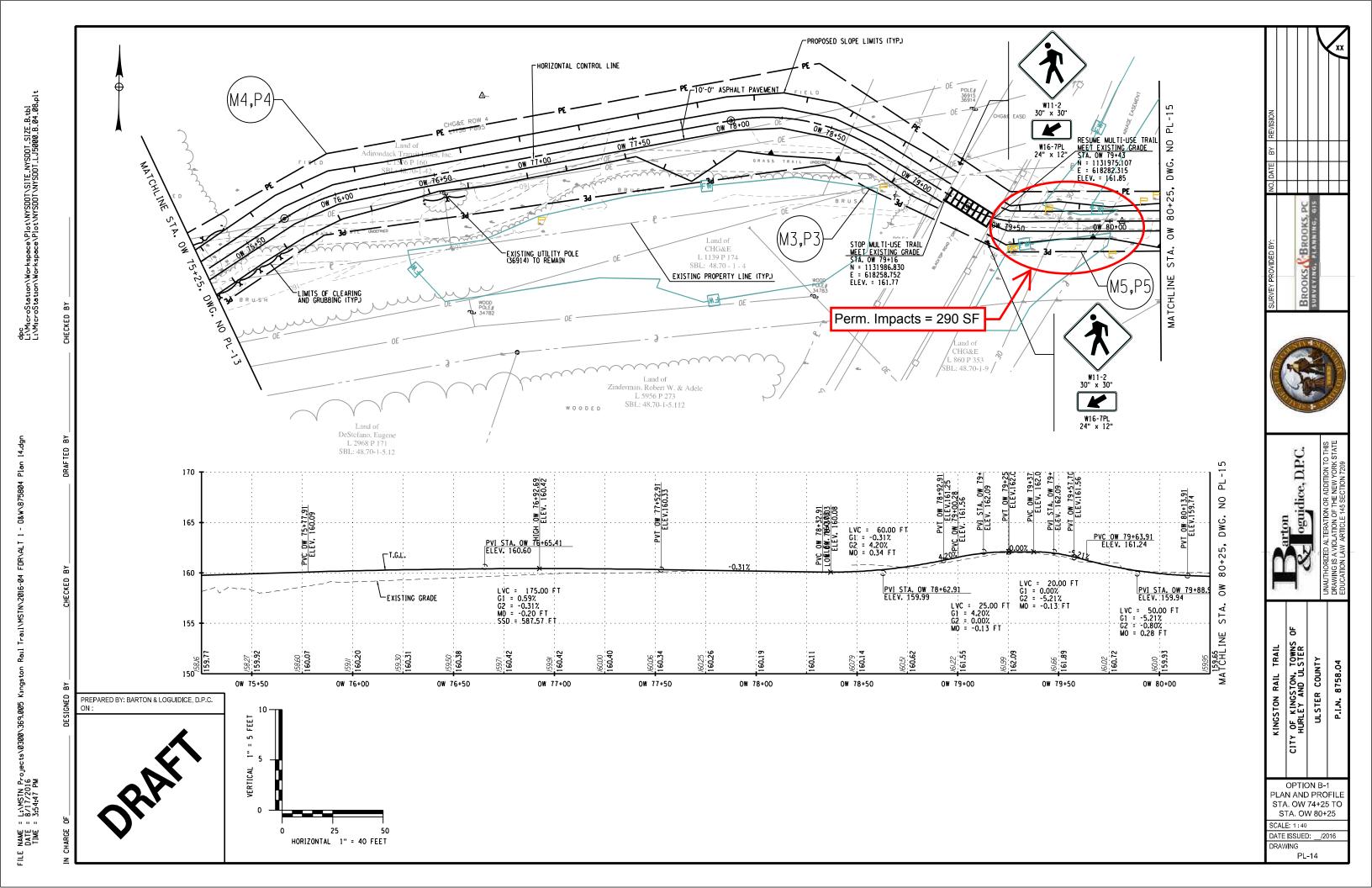
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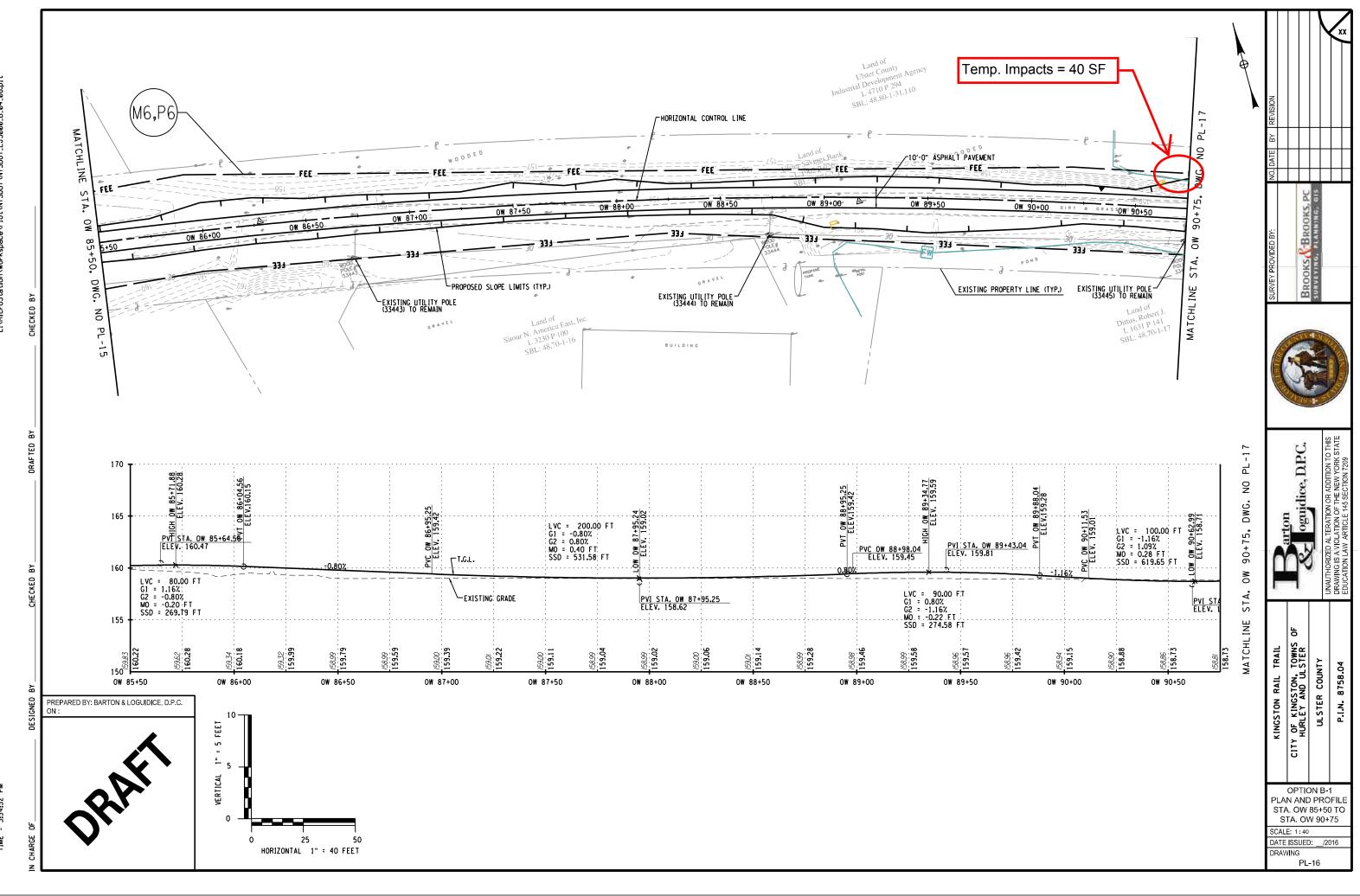
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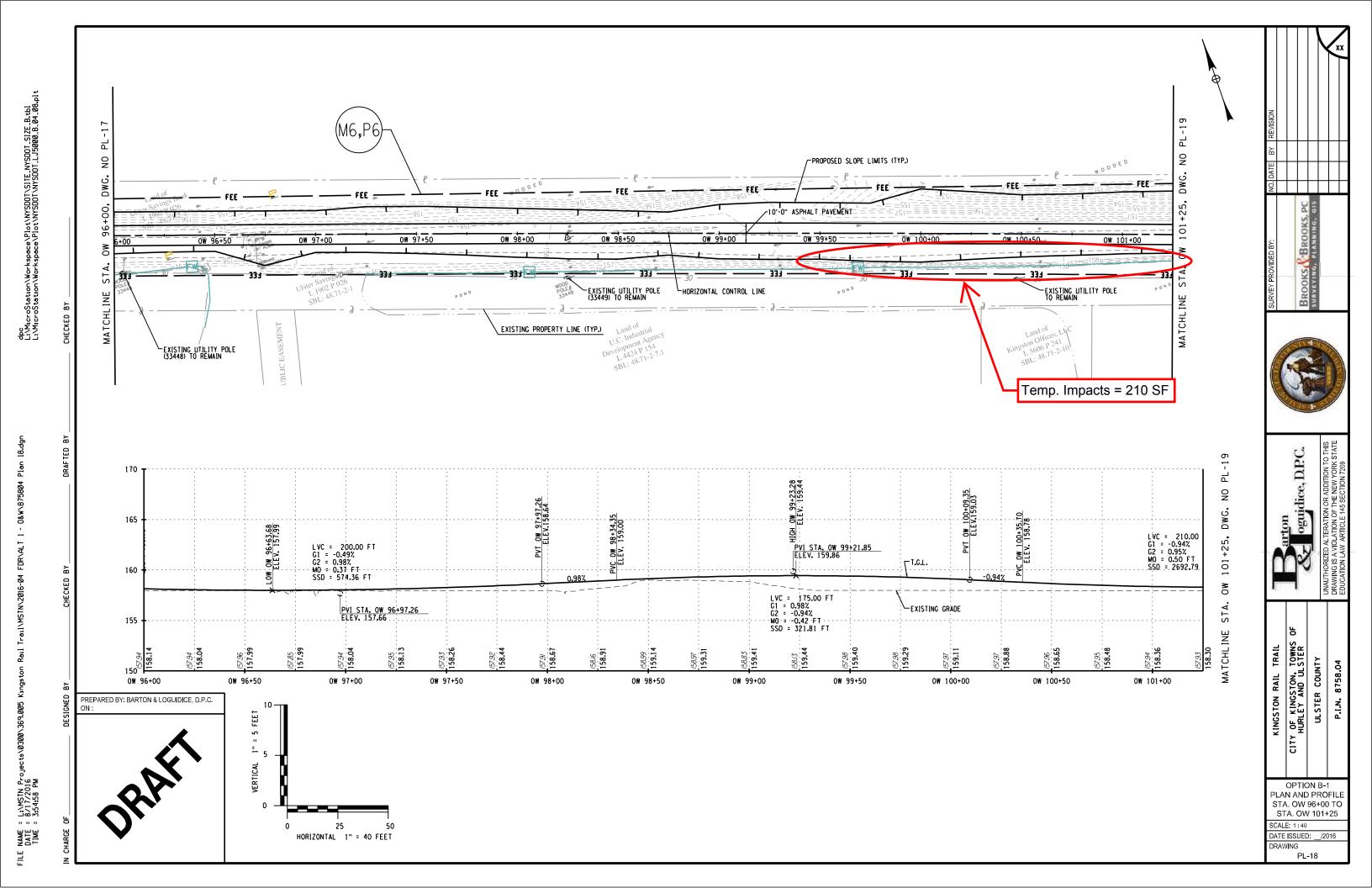
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Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C.

Memo To:	Project File	Date:	October 18, 2016
From:	Corinne I. Steinmuller Environmental Scientist II	Project No.:	369.005.121
Subject:	Addendum to Kingston Rail Trail Wetlar	nd Delineation Re	port

Project Area and Description

Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. (B&L) has been retained by Ulster County for engineering and design of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail (PIN 8758.04) in the Towns of Ulster and Hurley and in the City of Kingston, Ulster County, New York. The project is on the approved Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The objectives of this project are to establish an off-road pedestrian/bicycle facility to provide alternative means of transportation and link the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster. This alternative is proposed to follow the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad corridor for 2.0 miles from the existing O&W Rail Trail along U.S. Route 209 through the existing NYS Thruway underpass to Washington Avenue (State Bike Route 28) in Kingston. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue and a traffic signal to assist trail users and others crossing Washington Avenue.

Primary land usage surrounding the project corridor is residential and municipal. Much of the surrounding area is young successional forest adjacent to a maintained power line corridor and wetlands.

Initial Delineation

Initial wetland delineation was completed by Foit-Albert Associates in August of 2015. A total of 16 wetlands were identified within the project assessment area. A site visit was completed with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to confirm the boundaries of two of the wetlands that were determined to be subject to State jurisdiction as part of Wetland KW-18. The remaining wetlands were identified as having a significant nexus to Esopus Creek, thereby qualifying for Federal jurisdiction.

Supplemental Effort

On October 7, 2016, an Environmental Scientist from B&L's Ecology Group performed a site visit to confirm the initially delineated wetland boundaries and to collect field data to support the delineated wetland boundaries and characterize the wetlands. Since field data sheets were not completed under the initial wetland delineation effort, field data sheets were completed for each



wetland identified under the supplemental effort to document the field observations that supported the wetland determination for each area.

Wetland Delineation Methodology

The background data described in the initial delineation report was reviewed prior to undertaking the wetland field investigations. The Routine Wetlands Determination Method with Onsite Inspection from the *Wetlands Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) was used to identify wetlands located within the assessment area that are subject to jurisdiction by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and/or NYSDEC. Assessments of vegetative communities, soils, and hydrology were made within the corridor to determine the wetland boundaries in the field.

The first step in the wetland delineation was to determine whether normal conditions were present at the study area. The study area was then examined for evidence of natural or human induced alteration of vegetation, soils, or hydrology. These investigations were followed by collecting vegetation, hydrology, and soils data from selected data collection points to determine the location of the wetland boundary.

The presence of wetland vegetation was determined by evaluating the indicator status of dominant plant species in each vegetative stratum (i.e., herbaceous layer, shrub/sapling layer, tree layer, and woody vine layer). The quadrat sizes selected for each vegetative stratum were a 5-foot radius for herbaceous vegetation, 15-foot radius for shrub/saplings, and a 30-foot radius for trees and woody vines. Dominant plant species were determined using visual percent aerial coverage estimates. The most abundant plant species (when ranked in descending order of abundance and cumulatively totaled) that immediately exceeded 50 percent of the total dominance measure for a given stratum, plus any additional species comprising 20 percent or more of the total dominance measure for that stratum, were considered to be dominant species for the stratum.

The wetland indicator status (obligate - OBL, facultative wetland - FACW, facultative - FAC, facultative upland - FACU, or upland - UPL) for all dominant plant species identified in the sample plots was determined from the National Wetland Plant List: 2016 Update (Lichvar, 2016). The wetland vegetation criterion was deemed to be met if greater than 50 percent of the dominant plants in a sample plot had an indicator status of OBL, FACW, and/or FAC. Plant community data recorded from the sample plot are included on the field data sheet provided in Appendix A.

The presence of primary hydrologic indicators (such as inundation, watermarks, drift lines, or drainage patterns) or secondary hydrologic indicators (such as oxidized root channels, water stained leaves, or the FAC neutral test) was determined by making visual observations within the



sample plots and surrounding areas. Soil saturation was determined by hand digging a 12 to 16inch deep soil test hole with a soil spade and observing the depth of saturation. Free water in the test pit was also recorded at the point to which water rose or entered in the hole. Hydrologic data gathered in the field at the sample plot were recorded on the field data sheet provided in Appendix A.

The presence of hydric soil indicators was determined by obtaining soil samples from the hand dug soil test holes. Munsell Soil Color Charts (2009 Edition) were used to determine soil matrix and concentration colors. Soil color information and other observations made at the sample plot were recorded on the field data sheet provided in Appendix A.

A wetland determination was made at each sample plot after characterizing vegetation, hydrologic, and soil indicators. If the vegetation, hydrology, and hydric soil criteria were met, the area was determined to be a wetland. If one or more of the criteria were not met, the area was determined to be non-wetland. The boundaries of additional identified wetlands or extensions of the previously identified wetlands were surveyed in the field using a hand-held Trimble GeoXH 6000 series Global Positioning System (GPS) with decimeter accuracy. The wetland boundaries were later added to the Geographic Information System (GIS) base mapping and the initially collected wetland data for the site to prepare the Wetland Delineation Results maps (Figures 1-8). Representative photographs taken of the identified wetlands are provided in Appendix B.

Results

The initial wetland delineation completed by Foit-Albert Associates in June of 2016 identified a total of 16 wetlands within the project assessment area. Wetlands identified by VHB, Inc. in September 2014, provided by Central Hudson Gas & Electric, were utilized in this effort. B&L performed a supplemental site visit on October 7, 2016 to confirm the initially delineated wetland boundaries and to collect field data to support the delineated wetland boundaries and characterize the wetlands.

Two of the wetlands identified under the initial delineation effort (Streams 1 and 2) were determined during the supplemental effort to not have hydric soils to support their identification as wetlands within the project corridor. Therefore, these two areas were eliminated as wetlands and more appropriately determined to be stream channels (bedrock streams with rocky banks) that qualify as Waters of the U.S. under USACE jurisdiction. The boundaries of two initially identified wetlands (Wetland A and Wetland E) were expanded under the supplemental effort as a result of wetland field indicators observed outside of the initially delineated wetland boundary. In addition, two wetlands (Wetland D and Wetland L) were identified under the supplemental effort that were not identified during the initial delineation effort. The boundaries of these two



new wetlands were flagged and surveyed, and field data were recorded on field data sheets to document the qualifying observations.

Each wetland identified under the initial and supplemental efforts was sequentially labelled alphabetically from A to N. Table 1 (below) presents the coordinates of each identified wetland. Table 2 (below) summarizes the observed field indicators of each wetland that resulted in its identification as a wetland, and summarizes the regulatory jurisdiction of each wetland. Figures 1-8 show the final wetland resource mapping. The results of these efforts have been included in the updated plan sheets for the project.

Stream resources identified under the initial and supplemental efforts were sequentially labelled numerically from 1 to 5. Table 1 (below) presents the coordinates of each identified stream. All streams were unmapped except Stream 3, which was identified as NYSDEC Waters Index No. H-171-22, a tributary of the Esopus Creek. This stream is classified as a Class D stream with D Standards. Therefore, none of the stream resources are subject to NYSDEC jurisdiction. However, all meet Federal jurisdiction as they were determined to be tributaries of the Esopus Creek due to their northerly flow.

Table 1. Wetland Locations					
Resource ID	Lat/Long Coordinates (NAD83)				
А	41°55'51.52"N, 74° 3'22.60"W				
В	41°55'55.77"N, 74° 3'17.81"W				
С	41°56'17.18"N, 74° 2'48.04"W				
D	41°56'20.34"N, 74° 2'35.39"W				
E	41°56'21.06"N, 74° 2'32.80"W				
F	41°56'20.80"N, 74° 2'28.19"W				
G	41°56'21.38"N, 74° 2'22.75"W				
Н	41°56'23.46"N, 74° 2'13.33"W				
I	41°56'23.39"N, 74° 2'10.03"W				
J	41°56'21.77"N, 74° 1'57.26"W				
К	41°56'22.20"N, 74° 1'55.30"W				
L	41°56'20.59"N, 74° 1'49.17"W				
М	41°56'19.58"N, 74° 1'47.30"W				
N	41°56'18.50"N, 74° 1'43.28"W				
Stream 1	41°56'11.63"N, 74° 3'0.19"W				
Stream 2	41°56'18.96"N, 74° 2'42.67"W				
Stream 3	41°56'20.08"N, 74° 2'36.41"W				
Stream 4	41°56'20.92"N, 74° 2'28.28"W				



Table 1. Wetland Locations				
Resource ID	Lat/Long Coordinates (NAD83)			
Stream 5	41°56'21.95"N, 74° 2'22.59"W			

Table 2. Wetland Data Plot Information and Wetland Jurisdictional Criteria							
Wetland ID	Cover Type	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicator(s) ¹	Wetland Hydrology Indicators ²	Hydric Soil Indicator(s) ³	Regulatory Jurisdiction		
А	Emergent/scrub-shrub	Rapid Test	A2, A3, B6, C2, C9, D2, D5	F6	NYSDEC & USACE		
В	Emergent/scrub-shrub	Rapid Test	A2, A3, B6, C2, C9, D2, D5	F6	NYSDEC & USACE		
С	Emergent	Dominance Test, Prevalence Index	A1, A2, A3, D5	S5	USACE		
D	Scrub-shrub	Rapid Test	A2, A3, D5	F6	USACE		
Е	Emergent	Rapid Test	A2, A3, C9, D2, D5	S5, S7	USACE		
F	Emergent/scrub-shrub	Rapid Test	A1, A2, A3, D2, D3, D5	S5	USACE		
G	Emergent	Dominance Test, Prevalence Index	A2, A3, D5	F6	USACE		
Н	Emergent	Rapid Test	A2, A3, C2, C9, D5	A11, F6	USACE		
I	Emergent	Rapid Test	A3, B10, D2, D5	F6	USACE		
J	Emergent	Dominance Test, Prevalence Index	A2, A3, B6, C2, D2, D5	A11, F3	USACE		
К	Emergent	Rapid Test	A2, A3, B6, C2, D2, D5	F6	USACE		
L	Emergent	Rapid Test	A1, A2, A3, D2, D5	F6	USACE		
М	Emergent	Rapid Test	A2, A3, B6, C2, D2, D5	F6	USACE		
Ν	Emergent	Dominance Test, Prevalence Index	A2, A3, B6, C2, D2, D5	F6	USACE		
,	¹ Refer to Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators in the <i>Regional Supplement 2012</i> ² Refer to Wetland Hydrology Indicators in the <i>Regional Supplement 2012</i>						

³ Refer to Hydric Soil Indicators in the *Regional Supplement 2012*

Literature Cited

Foit-Albert Associates. 2016. Wetland Delineation Report. Kingston Rail Trail.

- Environmental Laboratory. 1987. *Wetlands Delineation Manual*. Technical Report Y-87. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mass.
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- Munsell Color. 2009. *Munsell Soil Color Charts*. Macbeth Division of Kollmorgen Instruments Corporation, Baltimore, Maryland.



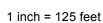
 U.S Army Corps of Engineers. 2012. Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeastern Region (Version 2.0), ed. J.S.
 Wakeley, R. W. Lichvar, C.V. Noble, and J.F. Berkowitz. ERDC/EL TR 12-1.
 Vicksburg, MS: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.

CIS/akg Attachments

Figures







Ulster County

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New York

Project No. 369.005











Wetland Delineation Summary

Ulster County

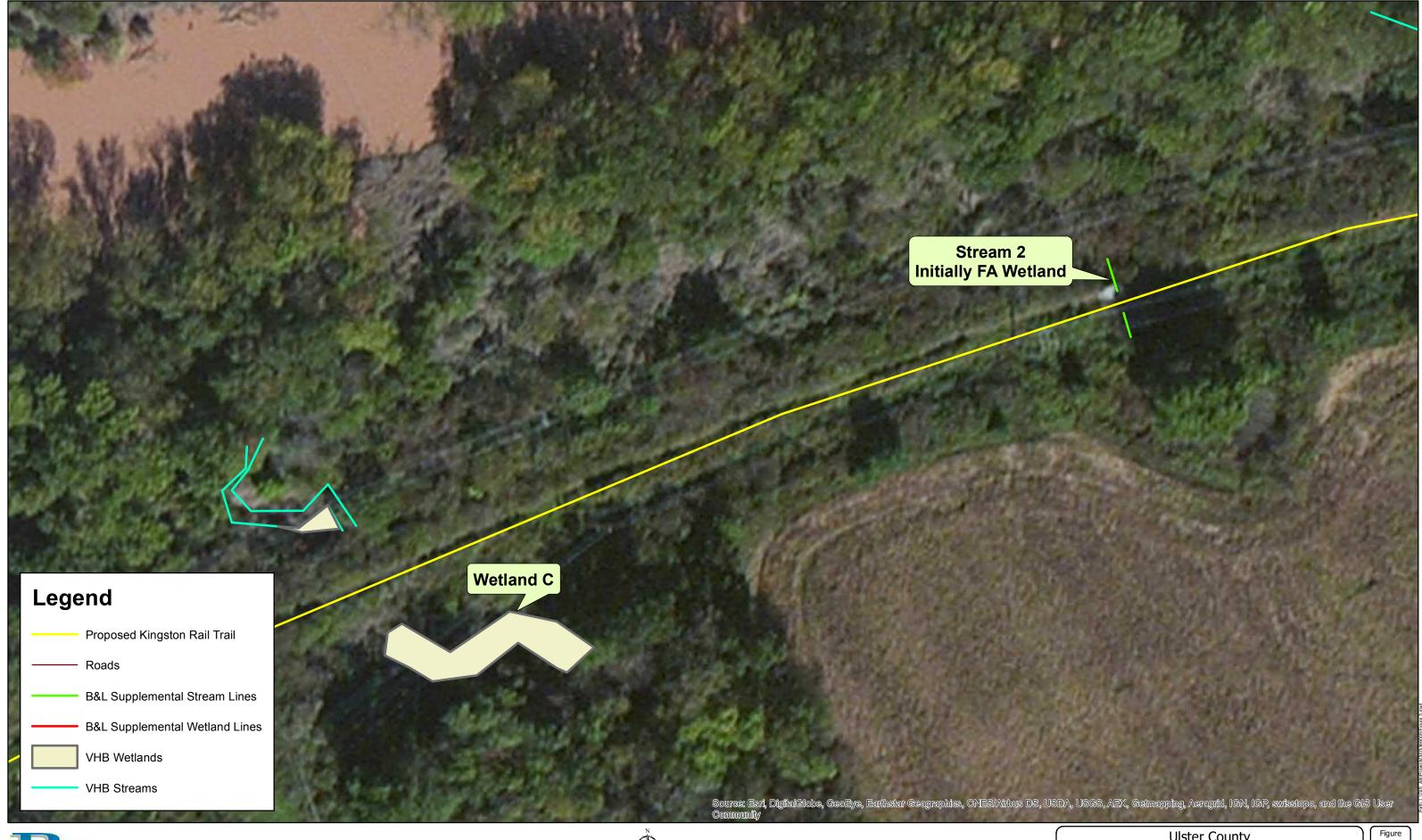
10/2016

New York

Project No. 369.005

Figure

2







3

Project No. 369.005

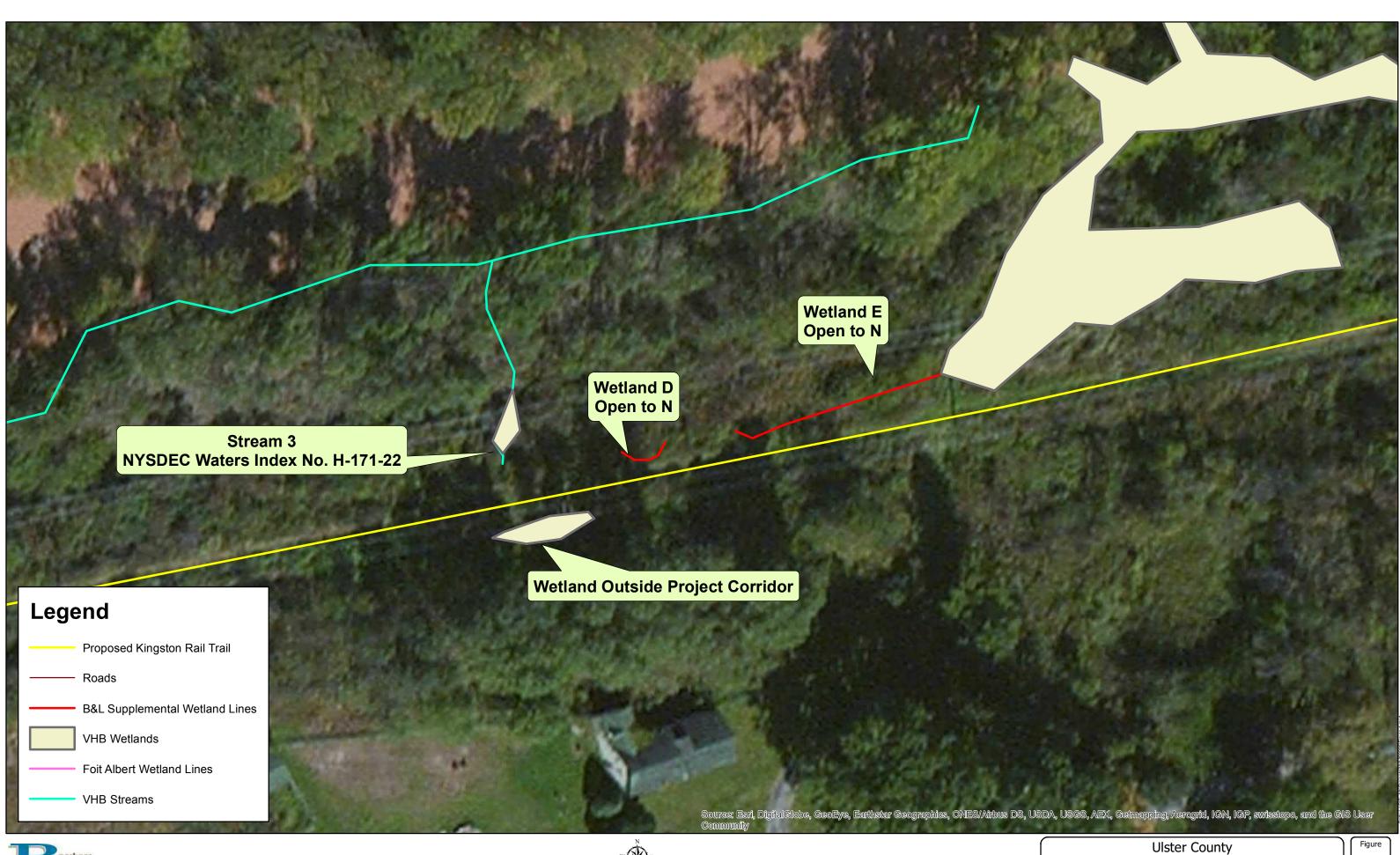
Ulster County

Wetland Delineation Summary

Ulster County

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New York







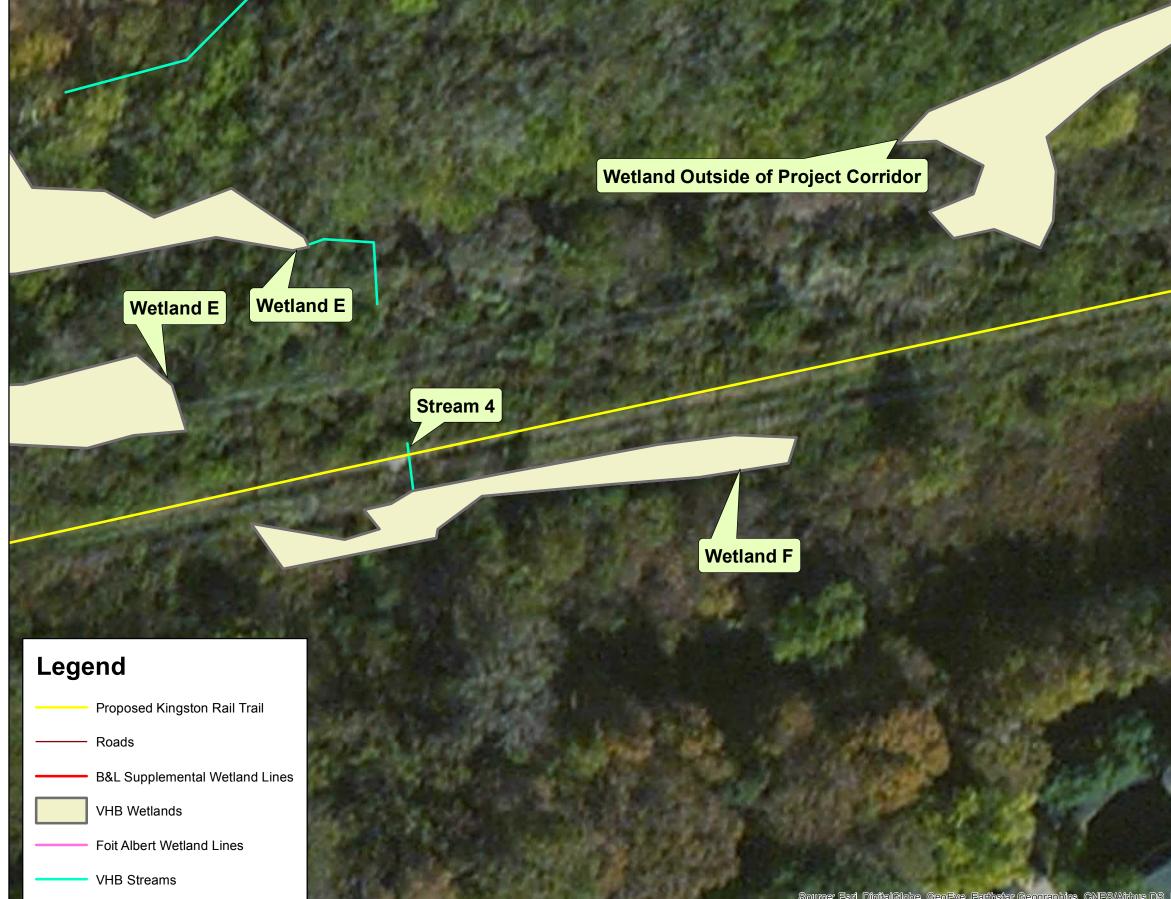
Wetland Delineation Summary

Ulster County

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New York

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Figure

5

Project No. 369.005

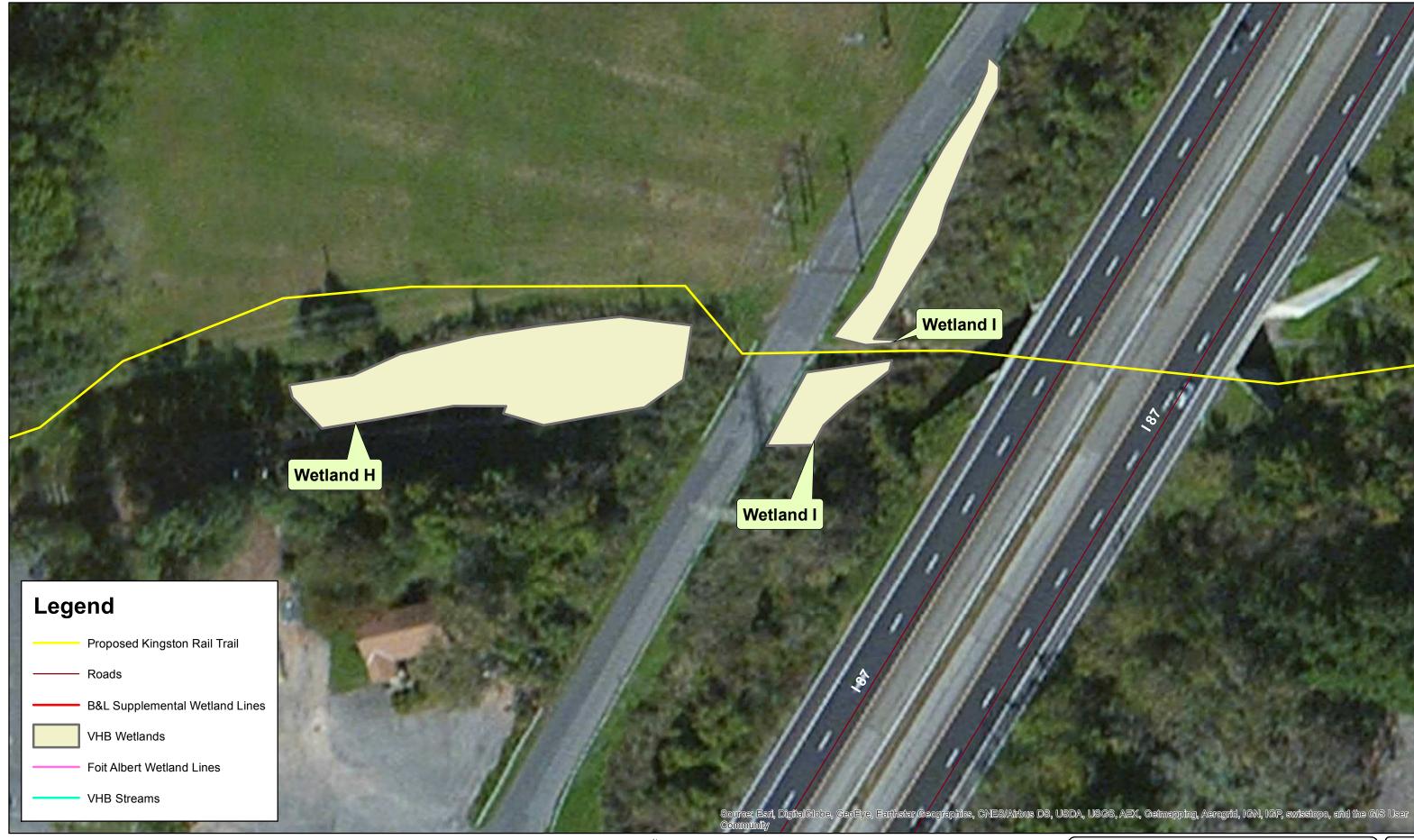
Ulster County

Wetland Delineation Summary

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Wetland Delineation Summary

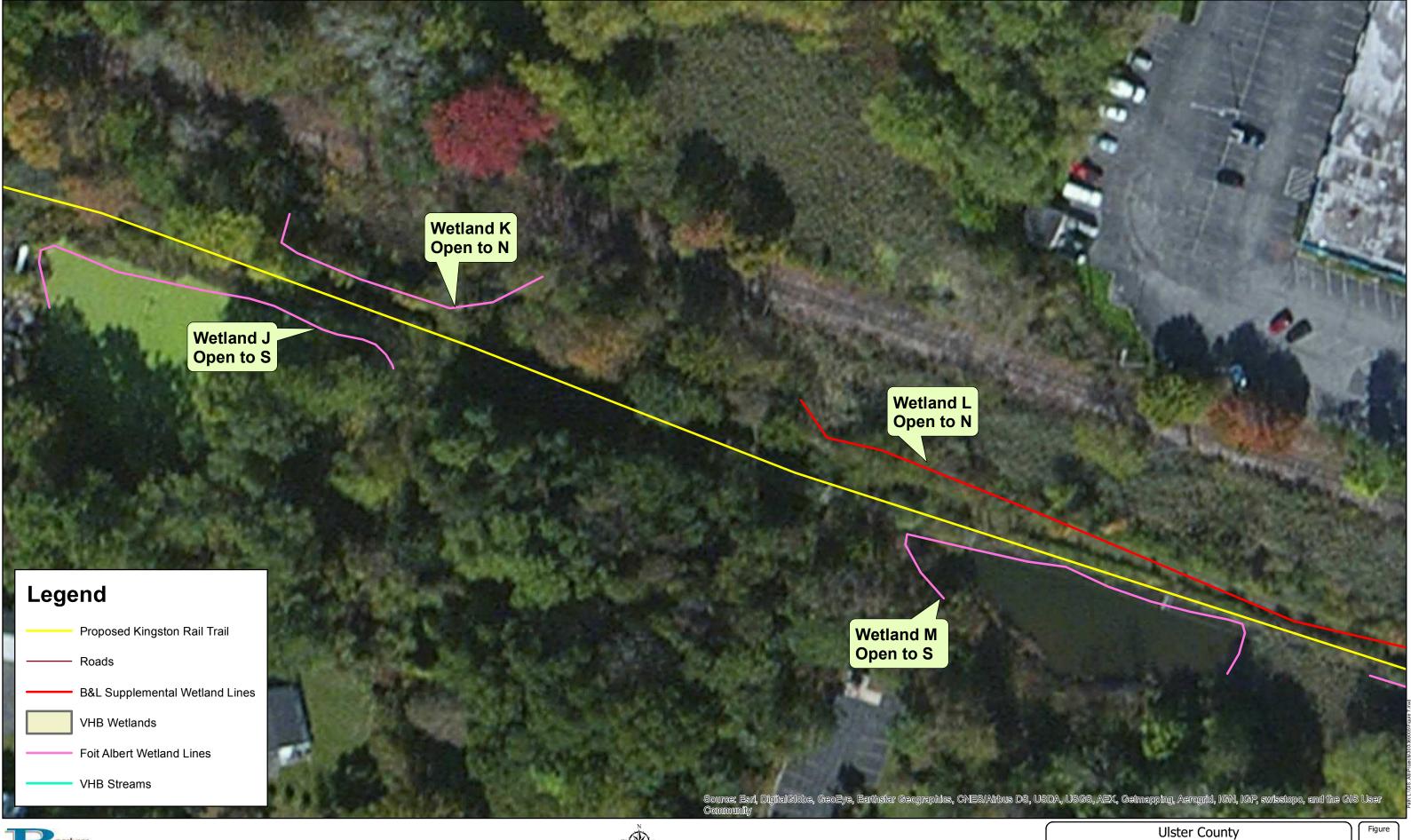
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New York

Project No. 369.005







Wetland Delineation Summary

Ulster County

10/2016

New York

7 Project No. 369.005









Figure

8

Project No. 369.005

DA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User

Ulster County

Wetland Delineation Summary

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Appendix A

Field Data Sheets

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail		City/County: King	Sampling Date: 10/7/16	
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County			State: NY	Sampling Point: A
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller		Section,	Township, Range:	
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of	of slope	Local relief (concave, co	nvex, none): Concave	Slope %:
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R	Lat: <u>41°5</u>	55'51.52"N Lo	ng: 74° 3'22.60"W	Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>Cc</u>			NWI classification	: PEM/SS
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the	e site typical for this time	me of year? Yes	No X (If no,	explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H	lydrologysigni	ificantly disturbed? Are "N	Iormal Circumstances" pres	sent? Yes No X
Are Vegetation, Soil, or H	lydrologynatu	rally problematic? (If nee	eded, explain any answers i	n Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta	ach site map sho	owing sampling point lo	cations, transects, in	nportant features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X No	Is the Sample	d Area	
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a Wetla	ind? Yes X	No

Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X	No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:	Wetland A
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures Typically, this is a ponded wetland. The ur		,	of surface water and lowered water	table during the second site visit.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; c	X Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)	
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)	
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3	3) X Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)	
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	_	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present? Yes No	X Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 6		
Saturation Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0 Wet	land Hydrology Present? Yes X No	
Saturation Present? Yes X No (includes capillary fringe)	Depth (inches): 0 Wet	land Hydrology Present? Yes X No	
(includes capillary fringe)			
(includes capillary fringe)			
(includes capillary fringe)			
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitori			
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitori Remarks:			
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(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitori Remarks:			
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitori Remarks:			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: A

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer saccharinum	20	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant Chasics
2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
3.				Total Number of Dominant
4.				Species Across All Strata: (B)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species
6.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1. Cornus alba	10	Yes	FACW	FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5				Column Totals: (A)(B)
6				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	10	=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	20	Yes	OBL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
	20	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			
Plot area normally ponded. No live emergent plants.				

SOIL	
------	--

SOIL								Sampling Point A
Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de	oth needed to doci	ument ti	he indica	ator or c	onfirm the absence of	f indicators.)
Depth	 Matrix			x Featur				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-6	10YR 2/2	95	10YR 6/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Organic content 25%
6-16	10YR 2/2	85	10YR 6/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/8	10	С	M		Prominent redox concentrations
16-22	10YR 4/2	80	10YR 6/8	10	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/8	10	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
							· ·	
	oncentration, D=Depl	etion RM		MS-Mas	ked Sand	Grains	² Location: P	
Hydric Soil I				10-11123	Keu Oan	d Oranis.		or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol			Polyvalue Belo	w Surfa	co (S8) (uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
	vipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B		ce (00) (rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
				,				
Black His			Thin Dark Surf	. ,		•	/	ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydroge	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S	Sands (S	611) (LRI	R K, L)	Polyvalu	ie Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Stratified	Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky	Mineral	(F1) (LR	R K, L)	Thin Dar	rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Depleted	Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Loamy Gleyed	Matrix (F2)		Iron-Mar	nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Matri	x (F3)			Piedmor	nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
	lucky Mineral (S1)		X Redox Dark Su	` '	6)			podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
	ileyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark	•	,			rent Material (F21)
	•		'		()			()
	edox (S5)		Redox Depress		8)			allow Dark Surface (F22)
	Matrix (S6) face (S7)		Marl (F10) (LR	.R K, L)			Other (E	xplain in Remarks)
			etland hydrology mu	ust be pr	esent, u	nless dist	turbed or problematic.	
Restrictive L Type:	_ayer (if observed):							
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Preser	nt? Yes X No
Remarks:	,						,	
This data for								CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils
version 7.0 N	/arch 2013 Errata. (h	ttp://www	.nrcs.usda.gov/Inter	met/FSE	_DOCUI	MENTS/r	nrcs142p2_051293.doc	:x)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: B
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	Section, Township, Range:
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R Lat: 41°55'55.7	7"N Long: 74° 3'17.81"W Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: Un	NWI classification: PEM/SS
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysignificantly	y disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology X_naturally pr	roblematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing	g sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No	within a Wetland? Yes X No
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland B
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate rep	ort.)
Normal hydrology not present due to dry year.	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	X Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)		
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Re	oots (C3)	X Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soil	s (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8	3)		X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		Ι	
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 5		
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0	Wetla	nd Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)	! ``` `` /		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ections), if	available:
		,,	
Remarks:			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point:

В

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer saccharinum	15	Yes	FACW	
				Number of Dominant SpeciesThat Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
			. <u> </u>	
5 6.		. <u> </u>		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
		·		Prevalence Index worksheet:
/	15	=Total Cover		
Copling/Chrub Ctratum (Distaire) 15)	15			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)	10	Mar		OBL species x 1 =
1. Cornus alba		Yes	FACW	FACW species x 2 =
2. <u>Salix spp.</u>	5	Yes		FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4		·		UPL species x 5 =
5		·		Column Totals: (A)(B)
6		·		Prevalence Index = B/A =
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	15	=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	35	Yes	OBL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3.				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree Mody plants 2 in (7.6 cm) or more in
9.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10.				
11.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.				
	35	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2.				
3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	arate sheet.)	-		

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de				tor or co	onfirm the absence o	f indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			x Featur				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 2/2	100					Loamy/Clayey	Orangic content 10%
4-10	10YR 2/2	95	10YR 6/8	5	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
10-18	10YR 2/2	90	10YR 6/8	10	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
18-22	10YR 4/2	90	10YR 6/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/8	5	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
17							21	N. Dave Linia v M. Matain
	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RIV	Reduced Matrix, N	IS=Mas	ked Sand	Grains.		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil			Poharoluo Polo	w Surfo	aa (S9) (I			•
Histosol			Polyvalue Belo		ce (58) (I	LKK K,		uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	,				rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Hi	· · /		Thin Dark Surfa	•			, <u> </u>	ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydroge	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S	Sands (S	611) (LRF	R K, L)	Polyvalu	e Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
Stratified	Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky	Mineral	(F1) (LRI	R K, L)	Thin Dai	rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Depleted	Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Loamy Gleyed	Matrix (F2)		Iron-Mar	nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Matri					nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
	lucky Mineral (S1)		X Redox Dark Su	` '	6)			podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
				•	,			
	leyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark		()			ent Material (F21)
	edox (S5)		Redox Depress	•	8)			allow Dark Surface (F22)
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	R K, L)			Other (E	xplain in Remarks)
Dark Su	face (S7)							
³ Indicators of	f hydrophytic vegetat	ion and w	etland hydrology mu	ıst be pi	resent, ur	nless dist	urbed or problematic.	
Restrictive I	_ayer (if observed):							
Type:								
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
Remarks:	· · · · ·							
			0				rcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils
	haich 2013 Linaia. (i	nnp.//www	.mcs.usua.yov/mer	nevr SL			105142p2_051295.000	,,,)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/10					
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County		Sampling Point: C				
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller		Section, Township, Range:				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	Local relief (cond	cave, convex, none): Concave	Slope %:			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R	Lat: 41°56'17.18"N	Long: 74° 2'48.04"W	Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB		NWI classification:	PEM			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic	cal for this time of year?	Yes No X (If no,	explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" pres	sent? Yes No X			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	X naturally problematic?	(If needed, explain any answers ir	n Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map showing sampling po	oint locations, transects, im	portant features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes		Sampled Area	No			

Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X No	within a Wetland? Yes X No
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland C
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedur Hydrology not indicative of normal cond	1 1 /	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
X_Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)	
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)		Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	ots (C3)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)	
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		Microtopographic Relief (D4)	
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2			
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2			
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0	d Hydrology Present? Yes X No		
(includes capillary fringe)				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monit	oring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	vailable:	
Remarks:				
Riparian wetland. Stream running through still h Creek.	had good flow of water despite dry year.	Stream ev	ventually outlets 200 ft. northwest into the Esopus	
Cleek.				

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: C

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species
2.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
6				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0% (A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species60 x 1 =60
1				FACW species 25 x 2 = 50
2				FAC species5 x 3 =15
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5				Column Totals: 90 (A) 125 (B)
6				Prevalence Index = B/A =1.39
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	60	Yes	OBL	<u>X</u> 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^{1}$
2. Impatiens capensis	20	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Solanum dulcamara	5	No	FAC	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. Solidago gigantea	5	No	FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	90	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				
1,				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
2.				
3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)									
Depth Matrix			Redox Features						
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-3	10YR 2/2						Loamy/Clayey		
3-6	10YR 2/2	90	5YR 5/8	10	C	Μ	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
6-8	10YR 2/2	80	5YR 5/8	20	С	М	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
¹ Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Mas	ked Sand	d Grains.	² Location: Pl	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Hydric Soil I	ndicators:						Indicators for	or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
Histosol			Polyvalue Belo		ce (S8) (I	LRR R,	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)		
	ipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	,				airie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)	
Black His			Thin Dark Surf					cky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)	
	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S			-		e Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)	
	Layers (A5)	(111)	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L)				Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)		
	Below Dark Surface rk Surface (A12)	(ATT)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3)				Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)		
	ucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Surface (F6)				Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)		
	leyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark Surface (F7)				Red Parent Material (F21)		
X Sandy G			Redox Depress					allow Dark Surface (F22)	
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)					xplain in Remarks)	
	face (S7)							xplain in Remarks)	
		ion and w	etland hydrology mu	ust be pr	esent, ur	nless dist	urbed or problematic.		
Restrictive L Type:	.ayer (if observed): Roc	L							
Depth (in		8					Hydric Soil Presen	nt? Yes X No	
Remarks:	·						-		
	n is revised from No	rthcentral	and Northeast Reg	ional Su	pplemen	t Version	2.0 to include the NRC	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils	
version 7.0 N	larch 2013 Errata. (h	ttp://www	.nrcs.usda.gov/Inter	net/FSE		MENTS/n	rcs142p2_051293.doc	x)	

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16							
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: D							
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	Section, Township, Range:							
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope Local re	elief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:							
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R Lat: 41°56'20.34"N	Long: <u>74° 2'35.39"W</u> Datum: <u>NAD83</u>							
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB	NWI classification: PSS							
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year?	Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysignificantly disturbed	ed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X							
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologynaturally problemat	tic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)							
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.								
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area							

Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No	within a Wetland? Yes X No
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X	No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland D
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedure Hydrology not indicative of normal condi		,	

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)				
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)				
X High Water Table (A2)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)				
X Saturation (A3)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)				
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots ((C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6	Geomorphic Position (D2)			
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)			
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8))	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 3				
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0 W	/etland Hydrology Present? Yes X No			
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monit	toring well, aerial photos, previous inspection	s), if available:			
Remarks:					
See remarks above.					

Sampling Point: _____D

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
5 6				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1. Cornus alba	60	Yes	FACW	FACW species x 2 =
2.				FAC species x 3 =
3.				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	60	=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Impatiens capensis	30	Yes	FACW	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. Lythrum salicaria	10	Yes	OBL	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Onoclea sensibilis	5	No	FACW	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4.				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.				
6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8 9				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.	45	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)	45			
1				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
2				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
	:	=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)										
Depth Matrix			Redox Features							
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks		
0-3	10YR 2/1	100					Loamy/Clayey			
3-8	10YR 2/1	90	10YR 7/6	10	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations		
8-14	10YR 2/2	90	10YR 7/6	10	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations		
14-24	10YR 4/2	80	10YR 7/6	20	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations		
							<u> </u>			
¹ Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Depl	letion, RM	I=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Masl	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: P	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.		
Hydric Soil								or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :		
Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Belo	ow Surfa	ce (S8) (I	LRR R,	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)			
Histic Ep	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	5)			Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)			
Black Hi			Thin Dark Surf							
	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S				Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)			
	Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky			R K, L)	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)			
· ·	Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)				Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)			
	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Matrix (F3)				Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)			
	lucky Mineral (S1)		X Redox Dark Surface (F6)				Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)			
	leyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark Surface (F7)				Red Parent Material (F21)			
	edox (S5)		Redox Depressions (F8) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)				Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Other (Explain in Remarks)			
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	(R K, L)			Other (E	xplain in Remarks)		
Dark Su	face (S7)									
³ Indicators of	f hvdrophytic vegetat	ion and w	etland hydrology mu	ust be pr	esent. ur	nless dist	urbed or problematic.			
	_ayer (if observed):			·			·			
Type:										
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Preser	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No		
Remarks:										
								CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils		
Version 7.0 N	larch 2013 Errata. (r	nttp://www	/.nrcs.usda.gov/Intel	rnet/FSE		VIENIS/N	rcs142p2_051293.doc	:x)		
1										

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail		ounty: Kingston/UI	ster	Sampling Date:	10/7/2016				
Applicant/Owner: Ulster Coun	nty			State: NY	Sampling Poin	it: E			
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmull	er	Section, Townsh	nip, Range:						
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:							
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	R Lat:	41°56'21.06"N	Long: 74°	° 2'32.80"W	Datum:	NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB				NWI classification	n: PEM				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)									
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal C	Circumstances" pre	sent? Yes	No X			
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology X	X naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)							
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.									
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No Is th	e Sampled Area						
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No with	in a Wetland?	Yes X	No				
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X	No If ye	s, optional Wetland	d Site ID: Wetlar	nd E				
Remarks: (Explain alternative pro	ocedures here or in a s	eparate report.)							

Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year.

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)				
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
X High Water Table (A2)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)						
X Saturation (A3)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)						
Water Marks (B1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)						
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	oots (C3)	X Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)				
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)				
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)				
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)				
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		Microtopographic Relief (D4)				
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B	3)		X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)				
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):						
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 10						
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0	Wetlan	d Hydrology Present? Yes X No				
(includes capillary fringe)	· · · · · · · ·						
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor Remarks:	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	hitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	hitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				
Remarks:	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if a	available:				

Sampling Point: E

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3. 4.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
5. 6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	60	Yes	OBL	$3 - Prevalence Index is \leq 3.0^{1}$
2. Phragmites australis	30	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Onoclea sensibilis	5	No	FACW	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. Scirpus atrovirens	2	No	OBL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				
				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
•				
				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
9				diameter at breast height (DDH), regardless of height.
				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	97	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

SOIL	
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Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)									
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features						
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-4	10YR 2/1	100					Loamy/Clayey		
4-12	10YR 2/1	80	7.5YR 5/8	20	<u> </u>	Μ	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
12-18	10YR 2/2	80	7.5YR 5/8	20	С	M	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
18-22	10YR 4/2	85	7.5YR 5/8	15	С	M	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
					_	_	·		
					—	—			
¹ Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM		/IS=Masl	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: P	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
	MLRA 149B Thin Dark Surf High Chroma S Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matri Redox Dark Su Depleted Dark Redox Depress Marl (F10) (LR	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 14 High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)			 Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22) Other (Explain in Remarks) 				
Restrictive L Type: Depth (ir	.ayer (if observed):						Hydric Soil Presei	nt? Yes X No	
Remarks:		rthocatra	and Northaast Dar	ional Cu	nolomor	+ \/oroio-			
This data form is revised from Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement Version 2.0 to include the NRCS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils version 7.0 March 2013 Errata. (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_051293.docx)									

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: F
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	Section, Township, Range:
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	_ocal relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R Lat: 41°56'20.80"	N Long: 74° 2'28.19"W Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB	NWI classification: PEM/SS
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of ye	ear? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysignificantly of	disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology X naturally prob	blematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing	sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No	Is the Sampled Area

Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes Yes	X X	No No	within a Wetland? Yes X No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland F
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedur Hydrology not indicative of normal cond			,	

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is requi	ired; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
X Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roo	ts (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils ((C6) X Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	X Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B	7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2	
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 4	
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	onitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspect	ions), if available:
Remarks:		
Associated with stream corridor that drains	230 feet north toward the Esopus Creek.	

Sampling Point: F

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3 4				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
5 6				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1. Alnus incana	15	Yes	FACW	FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	15	=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	40	Yes	OBL	$3 - Prevalence Index is \leq 3.0^{1}$
2. Onoclea sensibilis	15	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Polygonum sagittatum	15	Yes	OBL	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
	15	165		
4.				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6			·	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	70	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1.				height.
2.				
3.				Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Pomarka: (Include photo numbers here or on a sono				
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sneet.)			

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dep	oth needed to doc	ument tl	he indica	ator or co	onfirm the absence of	f indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix			x Featur					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-4	10YR 2/1	100					Loamy/Clayey		
4-8	10YR 2/1	80	7.5YR 6/8	20	С	М	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
8-12	10YR 2/2	80	7.5YR 6/8	_20	C	Μ	Sandy	Prominent redox concentrations	
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Depl	letion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Mas	ked Sand	d Grains.	² Location: Pl	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Hydric Soil	Indicators:						Indicators for	or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
Histosol	(A1)		Polyvalue Belo	ow Surfa	ce (S8) (I	LRR R,	2 cm Mu	ck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)	
	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	,				airie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)	
	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Surf					cky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)	
	en Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma					e Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)	
	d Layers (A5)	<i></i>	Loamy Mucky			R K, L)		k Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)	
	d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Loamy Gleyed		F2)			nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)	
	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Matri					It Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)	
	/lucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Su	`	,			bodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)	
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark		` '			ent Material (F21)	
X Sandy R			Redox Depres	•	8)		Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)		
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	R K, L)			Other (E:	xplain in Remarks)	
Dark Su	rface (S7)								
³ Indicators o	f hydrophytic vegetat	tion and w	etland hydrology mi	ust be pr	esent, ur	nless dist	urbed or problematic.		
	Layer (if observed):								
Type:	Bedro	ock							
Depth (ii	nches):	12					Hydric Soil Presen	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No	
Remarks:									
			0					CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils	
version 7.0 M	March 2013 Errata. (r	nttp://www	.nrcs.usda.gov/Inter	rnet/FSE	_DOCU	VIEN I S/n	rcs142p2_051293.doc	x)	

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16			
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: G			
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	Section, Township, Range:			
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R	Lat: 41°56'21.38"N Long: 74° 2'22.75"W Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB	NWI classification: PEM			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic	cal for this time of year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	X naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	X No Is the Sampled Area			
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	X No within a Wetland? Yes X No			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	X No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland G			
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due failed culvert that crosses the proposed trail alignr	to dry year. Appears that this wetland normally drains to the north toward the Esopus through a			

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	_	Drainage Patterns (B10)		
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	_	Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	_	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	oots (C3)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	_	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	_	Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	_	Microtopographic Relief (D4)		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8	3)	_	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):				
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 6				
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2	Wetland	Hydrology Present? Yes X No		
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspe	ctions), if av	/ailable:		
Remarks:					
See remarks above.					

Sampling Point:

G

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:2 (A)
3 4				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.0%</u> (A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species 50 x 1 = 50
1				FACW species 40 x 2 = 80
2				FAC species 10 x 3 = 30
3				FACU species x 4 =0
4.				UPL species 0 x 5 = 0
5.				Column Totals: 100 (A) 160 (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = $B/A = 1.60$
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	50	Yes	OBL	X 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$
2. Impatiens capensis	30	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Urtica dioica	10	No	FAC	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. Onoclea sensibilis	10	No	FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.				
6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8.				
9.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	100	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2				I hadro a ha dia
3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

SOIL	
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Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dep		Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)					
Depth	Matrix			x Featur					
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-3	10YR 2/2						Loamy/Clayey		
3-8	10YR 2/2	95	7.5YR 5/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
8-14	10YR 2/2	85	7.5YR 5/8	5	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			10YR 7/6	10	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations	
14-24	10YR 4/2	90	7.5YR 5/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			10YR 7/6	5	С	M		Prominent redox concentrations	
					·				
·									
1									
Type: C=Co Hydric Soil	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Mas	ked Sand	d Grains.		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Black Hi Hydroge Stratifiec Depletec Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy R Sandy R Dark Sur	bipedon (A2)		Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B)5 cm Mucky Peat or PeHigh Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L)Polyvalue Below SurfaceLoamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L)Thin Dark Surface (S9)Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)Iron-Manganese MasseDepleted Matrix (F3)Piedmont Floodplain SX Redox Dark Surface (F6)Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MDepleted Dark Surface (F7)Red Parent Material (FRedox Depressions (F8)Very Shallow Dark SurMarl (F10) (LRR K, L)Other (Explain in Remaind)				Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) rent Material (F21) nallow Dark Surface (F22)		
	Layer (if observed):								
Туре:									
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No	
							2.0 to include the NR ircs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils cx)	

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail		City	/County: Kingsto	n/Ulster		Sampling Date:	10/7/1	16
Applicant/Owner: Ulster Cour	nty	State: NY Sampling Point:					ıt:	Н
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmul	ler		Section, Tov	wnship, Range:				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Plain	Local relief	(concave, conve	x, none): Neither		Slop	e %:	
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	<u>₹R</u> Lat:	41°56'23.46"N	Long:	74° 2'13.33"W		Datum:	NAD 8	83
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB				NWI classific	cation:	PEM		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions	s on the site typical for	this time of year?	Yes	No <u>X</u> ((If no, e	xplain in Remark	<s.)< td=""><td></td></s.)<>	
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Norm	nal Circumstances	s" prese	nt? Yes	No	Х
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology X	naturally problematic?	(If needed	l, explain any ans	wers in	Remarks.)		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS	 Attach site map 	showing samplin	g point locati	ions, transect	ts, imp	portant featu	ıres, e	etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No Is	the Sampled Ar	ea				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No w	vithin a Wetland?	Yes_	Х	No		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X	No If	yes, optional We	tland Site ID: W	/etland l	<u>н </u>		
Demonstration (Events in alternations are	and the second second second second							

Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year.

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	ed; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Ro	bots (C3) X Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6) Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8	8)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 6	
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 3	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspec	ctions), if available:
Remarks:		
See remarks above.		

Sampling Point: H

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3. 4.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
5. 6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Phragmites australis	80	Yes	FACW	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. Lythrum salicaria	5	No	OBL	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
4				
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6 7				be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				
9.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10 11				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	85	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:30) 1.				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
2.				
3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separ	ate sheet.)			

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dep	oth needed to docu	ument th	ne indica	tor or co	onfirm the absence o	f indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/1						Loamy/Clayey	
4-12	10YR 3/1	90	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
12-18	10YR 4/1	90	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
18-23	10YR 4/2	85	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/8	5	С	Μ		Prominent redox concentrations
·								
1								
Hydric Soil	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Masi	ked Sand	Grains.		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRI Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Matrix (F3) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (M						rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) e Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) ent Material (F21) allow Dark Surface (F22)		
Restrictive I Type:	Layer (if observed):							
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
			•				2.0 to include the NR(ircs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils x)

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail		City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sa					
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	/		State: NY	Sampling Point:			
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	r	Se	ection, Township, Range:				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.):	Toe of slop	Local relief (conca	ive, convex, none): Minor concave	Slope %:			
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R	≀ Lat:	41°56'23.39"N	Long: 74° 2'10.03"W	Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB			NWI classification:	PEM			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions c	on the site typical for t	his time of year?	Yes No X (If no,	explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed?	Are "Normal Circumstances" pres	ent? Yes <u>No X</u>			
Are Vegetation, Soil	, or Hydrology X	naturally problematic?	(If needed, explain any answers ir	n Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS -	Attach site map	showing sampling poi	nt locations, transects, im	portant features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No Is the Sa	ampled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No within a	Wetland? Yes X	No			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes X	No If yes, op	otional Wetland Site ID: Wetland	11			
Remarks: (Explain alternative proc	edures here or in a se	eparate report.)					

Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year.

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
Surface Water (A1)	X Drainage Patterns (B10)		
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)		Moss Trim Lines (B16)
X Saturation (A3)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Water Marks (B1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	s (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B	8)		X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):		
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 4	Wetland	Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)		Trottaile	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe)	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe)	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe)	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:
(includes capillary fringe) Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mor	· · · · <u></u>		vailable:

Sampling Point:

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:(B)
5. 6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	:	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2.				FAC species x 3 =
3.				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Phragmites australis	80	Yes	FACW	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2.				4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3				
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8 9				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12	80	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1.				height.
2.				
3.				Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			
	,			

SOIL	
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Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the de	oth needed to doc	ument tl	he indica	tor or co	onfirm the absence o	f indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-3	10YR 3/1						Loamy/Clayey	
3-8	10YR 3/2	90	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
8-16	10YR 3/2	90	7.5YR 4/6	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/6	5	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
16-22	10YR 4/2	90	7.5YR 4/6	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/6	5	<u> </u>	Μ		Prominent redox concentrations
		etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Mas	ked Sand	l Grains.		L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
¹ Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Matrix (F3) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) X Redox Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Stripped Matrix (S6) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.						ack (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) acky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) the Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) rganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) ent Material (F21) allow Dark Surface (F22)		
Type:								
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
							2.0 to include the NR(nrcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils :x)

Project/Site: Kingsto	on Rail Trail			City/County: Kingsto	n/Ulster	S	Sampling Date:	10/7/16
Applicant/Owner:	Ulster County	у			State:	NY	Sampling Poin	nt: J
Investigator(s): Corin	ne Steinmulle	r		Section, To	wnship, Range:			
Landform (hillside, terr	race, etc.):	Toe of slope	Local re	elief (concave, conve	x, none): <u>Conca</u>	ve	Slop	be %:
Subregion (LRR or ML	_RA): <u>LRR F</u>	<u>२</u> La	at: 41°56'21.77"N	Long:	74° 1'57.26"W		Datum:	NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name:	RvB				NWI classif	fication:	PEM	
Are climatic / hydrolog	jic conditions	on the site typical fo	or this time of year?	Yes	No X	(If no, ex	kplain in Remark	ks.)
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology	significantly disturbe	ed? Are "Norn	nal Circumstance	es" preser	nt? Yes	No X
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology X	naturally problemati	ic? (If needed	d, explain any ans	swers in F	Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF F	INDINGS -	· Attach site ma	ap showing samp	ling point locat	ions, transec	cts, imp	ortant featu	ıres, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation	on Present?	Yes X	< No	Is the Sampled A	rea			
Hydric Soil Present?		Yes X	K No	within a Wetland	? Yes	X	No	
Wetland Hydrology P	'resent?	Yes <u>X</u>	< No	If yes, optional We	tland Site ID: <u>\</u>	Wetland J	<u> </u>	
Remarks: (Explain a Hydrology not indicat	•		a separate report.) Iry year. Wetland norm	ally ponded.				

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	X Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)	
X High Water Table (A2)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)	
X Saturation (A3)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	(C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6	3) X Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B	8)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 3	
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0 W	/etland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge mor	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspection	is), if available:
December Recercica Data (erroam gaage; mer	intering weak, dental prioteed, provided inopedation	
Remarks:		
Remarks:		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of pla	Sampling Point: J			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
5.				Barrowt of Deminent Creation
6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.0%</u> (A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species 60 x 1 = 60
1. Lythrum salicaria	30	Yes	OBL	FACW species $20 \times 2 = 40$
2. Onoclea sensibilis	10	Yes	FACW	FAC species 10 x 3 = 30
3. Urtica dioica	5	No	FAC	FACU species 0 x 4 = 0
4.				UPL species $0 \times 5 = 0$
5.				
6				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.44</u>
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
	45	=Total Cover		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				X 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	30	Yes	OBL	X_3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. Onoclea sensibilis	10	Yes	FACW	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Urtica dioica	5	No	FAC	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8.				_
9.				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Conting (should be Weadly plants loss than 2 in DDU
11				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
	45	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2				
3.				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	rate sheet.)			

SOIL	
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Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the dep	pth needed to doc	ument t	he indica	itor or co	onfirm the absence o	of indicators.)	
Depth				ox Featur	res				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-2	10YR 2/2			,			Loamy/Clayey		
2-6	10YR 2/2	90	10YR 5/8	10	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
6-10	10YR 3/2	90	10YR 5/8	10	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
10-18	10YR 4/2	85	10YR 5/8	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			7.5YR 5/6	10	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations	
18-24	10YR 5/2	85	10YR 5/8	8	С	M	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			7.5YR 5/6	7	С	M		Prominent redox concentrations	
				·					
	oncentration, D=Depl	lotion PM						PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Hydric Soil I				/IS=Iviasi	Keu Sano	I Grains.		for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
Histosol			Polyvalue Belo	ow Surfa	re (S8) (RR R.		uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)	
	oipedon (A2)		Polyvalde Beld			_IXIX IX;		Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)	
Black His			Thin Dark Surf	,		MIRA		ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)	
	n Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S					ue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)	
	l Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky			-	Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)		
	Below Dark Surface	ο (Δ11)	Loamy Gleved			、 ∩, ∟ /	Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)		
·	ark Surface (A12)	3 (ATT)	X Depleted Matri	`	[[2]			inganese Masses (F12) (LKK K, L, K) int Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)	
	lucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Dark Su		5)				
	ileyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark	•	,		Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Red Parent Material (F21)		
	• • • •				. ,		Very Shallow Dark Surface (F22)		
	edox (S5)		Redox Depres	•	8)				
	Matrix (S6)		Marl (F10) (LR	(R K, L)			Other (E	Explain in Remarks)	
Dark Sur	rface (S7)								
	f hydrophytic vegetat Layer (if observed):		etland hydrology mu	ust be pr	resent, ur	iless dist	urbed or problematic.		
Type:	.ayer (il observeu).								
Depth (ir	iches):						Hydric Soil Prese	ent? Yes <u>X</u> No	
Remarks:									
This data for							2.0 to include the NR arcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils cx)	

Project/Site: Kingsto	ton Rail Trail City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampl						Sampling Date:	10/7/	16	
Applicant/Owner:	Ulster Count	.y	State: NY Sampling Point: K							
Investigator(s): Corin	nvestigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller Section, Township, Range:									
Landform (hillside, ter	race, etc.):	Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:							
Subregion (LRR or ML	_RA): <u>LRR [</u>	<u>R</u> L	_at: _4	41°56'22.20"N	Long:	74° 1'55.30"	'W	Datum:	NAD	83
Soil Map Unit Name:	RvB					NWI cla	assification:	PEM		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)							ks.)			
Are Vegetation	, Soil	_, or Hydrologysignificantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No						Х		
Are Vegetation	, Soil	, or Hydrology X naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)								
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.										
Hydrophytic Vegetati	on Present?	Yes	x	No	Is the Sampled Ar	rea				
Hydric Soil Present?		Yes	Х	No	within a Wetland?	within a Wetland? Yes X No				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland K										
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year. Wetland normally ponded.										

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Wetland Hydrology Indicators:						
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	X_Surface Soil Cracks (B6)						
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)						
X High Water Table (A2)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)						
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)					
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)					
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roo	ts (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)					
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)					
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils ((C6) X Geomorphic Position (D2)					
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)					
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)					
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8	3)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)					
Field Observations:							
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):						
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 6						
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No					
(includes capillary fringe)							
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mon	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspect	ions), if available:					
Remarks:							
See remarks above.							

Sampling Point:

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Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. 2.				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species
6.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	ⁱ	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5				Column Totals: (A)(B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	20	Yes	OBL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. Polygonum sagittatum	10	Yes	OBL	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
		·		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
4 5.				
				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6.				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
	30	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2.				
3.				Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
···		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separ	ate sheet)			

SOIL	
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Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dep	oth needed to doc	ument th	ne indica	tor or co	onfirm the absence o	f indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks	
0-3	10YR 2/2						Loamy/Clayey		
3-10	10YR 2/2	90	10YR 5/8	10	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
10-18	10YR 3/2	90	10YR 5/8	5	С	Μ	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			7.5YR 5/6	5	С	Μ		Prominent redox concentrations	
18-22	10YR 3/2	80	10YR 5/8	15	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations	
			7.5YR 5/6	5	С	Μ		Prominent redox concentrations	
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Masl	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: P	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.	
Hype: 0=0001centration, D=Depiction, N Hydric Soil Indicators:			Polyvalue Belo MLRA 149B Thin Dark Surf High Chroma S Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matri X Redox Dark Si Depleted Dark Redox Depres Marl (F10) (LR	i) Sands (S9) Sands (S Mineral (Matrix (Matrix (x (F3) urface (F Surface sions (F8 Sin K, L)	(LRR R 111) (LRI (F1) (LRI F2) 6) (F7) 3)	(MLRA 1 R K, L) R K, L)	2 cm Mu Coast P 5 cm Mu Polyvalu Thin Dai Iron-Mar Piedmor Mesic S Red Par Very Sh Other (E	or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) rent Material (F21) allow Dark Surface (F22) Explain in Remarks)	
Туре:	Layer (if observed):								
Depth (inches):							Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No		
							2.0 to include the NR(nrcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils cx)	

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail		City/County:	Sampling Date: 10/7/16				
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County			State: NY	Sampling Point: L			
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller		Sect	ion, Township, Range:				
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of	of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:					
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R	Lat:	41°56'20.59"N	Long: 74° 1'49.17"W	Datum: NAD 83			
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>RvB</u>			NWI classification	n: PEM			
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the	site typical for th	this time of year? Yes	sNoX(If no,	explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hy	ydrology	significantly disturbed? Are	e "Normal Circumstances" pres	sent? Yes No X			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hy	ydrology X	naturally problematic? (If	needed, explain any answers i	in Remarks.)			
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Atta	ch site map	showing sampling point	locations, transects, ir	nportant features, etc.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes X	No Is the Sam	pled Area				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes X	No within a We	etland? Yes X	Νο			

 Wetland Hydrology Present?
 Yes X
 No
 If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
 Wetland L

 Remarks:
 (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
 Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year.

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
X Surface Water (A1) Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
X High Water Table (A2) Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)			
X Saturation (A3) Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)			
Water Marks (B1) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)			
Sediment Deposits (B2) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)			
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)			
Iron Deposits (B5) Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)			
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)			
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)			
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 2				
Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 4				
Saturation Present? Yes X No Depth (inches): 0 Wetlan	nd Hydrology Present? Yes X No			
(includes capillary fringe)				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if	available:			
Remarks:				
See remarks above.				

Sampling Point: L

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer saccharinum	25	Yes	FACW	Number of Dominant Species
2.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3				Total Number of Dominant
4				Species Across All Strata:(B)
5				Percent of Dominant Species
6				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	25	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2		·		FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5		·		Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.		<u> </u>		Prevalence Index = B/A =
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)	70	X	54014	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. <u>Phragmites australis</u>	70	Yes	FACW	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2.		·		4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
3.		·		
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5 6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
•				
				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
9		·		
11.				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12.		·		
	70	=Total Cover		Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)		•		
1.				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
2.				
3.				Hydrophytic Versetation
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	arate sheet.)			•

L

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dep	oth needed to doc	ument ti	he indica	tor or co	onfirm the absence o	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Featur	es			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 2/2						Loamy/Clayey	
4-12	10YR 2/2	95	7.5YR 4/6	5	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
12-18	10YR 3/2	90	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
18-24	10YR 3/2	85	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 7/6	5	<u> </u>	M		Prominent redox concentrations
					_			
·								
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Masl	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: F	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil Histosol Histic Ep Black Hi Hydroge Stratified Depleted Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy R Stripped Dark Su	Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 1 High Chroma Sands (S11) (LRR K, L) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Matrix (F3) X Redox Dark Surface (F6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Redox Depressions (F8) Marl (F10) (LRR K, L)				2 cm Mu Coast P 5 cm Mu Polyvalu Thin Da Iron-Mai Piedmon Mesic S Red Par Very Sh Other (E	or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) rent Material (F21) allow Dark Surface (F22) Explain in Remarks)		
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):							
Type:								
Depth (ii	nches):						Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
							2.0 to include the NR rcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils cx)

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16						
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: M						
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller Section, Township, Range:							
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:						
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R Lat: 41	I°56'19.58"N Long: 74° 1'47.30"W Datum: NAD 83						
Soil Map Unit Name: RvB	NWI classification: PEM						
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	s time of year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysig	gnificantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X						
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology _ X _ na	aturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)						
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X	No Is the Sampled Area						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X	No within a Wetland? Yes X No						
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X	No If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland M						
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year. Wetland normally ponded.							

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	X Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)	
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roo	ots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils	(C6) X Geomorphic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (E	38)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):	
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 4	
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No
(includes capillary fringe)		
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mo	nitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspec	tions), if available:
Remarks:		
See remarks above.		

Sampling Point: M

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1 2				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3. 4.				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: (B)
5. 6.				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
		=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2.				FAC species x 3 =
3.				FACU species x 4 =
4.				UPL species x 5 =
5.				Column Totals: (A) (B)
6.				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7.				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	20	Yes	OBL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. Scirpus atrovirens	15	Yes	OBL	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3.				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4.				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5.				
6.				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
	35	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2				Hydrophytic
3				Vegetation
4				Present? Yes <u>X</u> No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	rate sheet.)			

Depth	Matrix			x Featur			onfirm the absence o	, maioatoroly
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-2	10YR 2/1						Loamy/clayey	
2-8	10YR 2/2	95	10YR 7/6	5	С	Μ	Loamy/clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
8-18	10YR 2/2	90	10YR 7/6	5	С	Μ	Loamy/clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			7.5YR 4/6	5	С	Μ		Prominent redox concentrations
18-22	10YR 4/2	90	10YR 7/6	2	С	Μ	Loamy/clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			7.5YR 4/6	8	<u> </u>	M		Prominent redox concentrations
¹ Type: C=Cc	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, N	/IS=Mas	ked Sand	Grains.	² Location: P	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Black His Hydroger Stratified Depleted Thick Da Sandy M Sandy G Sandy Re Stripped Dark Sur	ipedon (A2) stic (A3) n Sulfide (A4) I Layers (A5) I Below Dark Surface rk Surface (A12) ucky Mineral (S1) leyed Matrix (S4) edox (S5) Matrix (S6) face (S7)	ion and w	Polyvalue Belo MLRA 149B Thin Dark Surf High Chroma S Loamy Mucky Loamy Gleyed Depleted Matri X Redox Dark Su Depleted Dark Redox Depres Marl (F10) (LR) Sands (S Mineral Matrix (x (F3) urface (F Surface sions (F R K, L)) (LRR R 611) (LRF (F1) (LRF F2) 66) (F7) 8)	, MLRA 1 R K, L) R K, L)	Coast P 5 cm Mu Polyvalu Thin Dau Iron-Mar Piedmor Mesic S Red Par Very Sh	uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) ucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) ie Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) inganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) int Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) rent Material (F21) allow Dark Surface (F22) Explain in Remarks)
Туре:	ayer (if observed):						Undria Sail Draaa	
Depth (in Remarks:							Hydric Soil Prese	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
This data forr			0				2.0 to include the NR0 rcs142p2_051293.doc	CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils ex)

Project/Site: Kingston Rail Trail	City/County: Kingston/Ulster Sampling Date: 10/7/16					
Applicant/Owner: Ulster County	State: NY Sampling Point: N					
Investigator(s): Corinne Steinmuller	Section, Township, Range:					
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Toe of slope	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %:					
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R Lat: 41°5	6'18.50"N Long: 74° 1'43.28"W Datum: NAD 83					
Soil Map Unit Name: <u>RvB</u>	NWI classification: PEM					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this ti	me of year? Yes No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologysigni	ificantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No X					
Are Vegetation, Soil, or HydrologyX_ natu	Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology X naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)					
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.						
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No Is the Sampled Area						
Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No	within a Wetland? Yes X No					
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No	If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: Wetland N					
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separa Hydrology not indicative of normal conditions due to dry year.	· ,					

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is require	X_Surface Soil Cracks (B6)			
Surface Water (A1)	Drainage Patterns (B10)			
X High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines (B16)		
X Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	X Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)		
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C	C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)		
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	X Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic Relief (D4)		
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8	3)	X FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present? Yes	No X Depth (inches):			
Water Table Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 2			
Saturation Present? Yes X	No Depth (inches): 0 We	etland Hydrology Present? Yes X No		
(includes capillary fringe)				
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, mon	itoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections	s), if available:		
Remarks:				
See remarks above.				

Sampling Point:

Ν

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. Acer saccharinum	30	Yes	FACW	Number of Deminant Creation
2.				Number of Dominant SpeciesThat Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A)
3.				Total Number of Dominant
4.				Species Across All Strata: (B)
5.				Percent of Dominant Species
6.				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:(A/B)
7.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
	30	=Total Cover		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				OBL species x 1 =
1				FACW species x 2 =
2				FAC species x 3 =
3				FACU species x 4 =
4				UPL species x 5 =
5				Column Totals: (A)(B)
6				Prevalence Index = B/A =
7				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
		=Total Cover		X 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				2 - Dominance Test is >50%
1. Lythrum salicaria	40	Yes	OBL	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
2. scirpus atrovirens	20	Yes	OBL	4 - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
3. Onoclea sensibilis	10	No	FACW	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
6				be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
7				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
8				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in
9				diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
10				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
11				and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
12				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
	70	=Total Cover		of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30)				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
1				height.
2.				Hydrophytic
3.		. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		=Total Cover		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a sepa	irate sheet.)			

SOIL	
------	--

SOIL								Sampling Point N
Profile Des	cription: (Describe	to the de	pth needed to doc	ument ti	he indica	ator or c	onfirm the absence o	f indicators.)
Depth	Matrix	-		ox Featur				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 2/2				С	М	Loamy/Clayey	
4-10	10YR 3/2	90	10YR 5/6	10	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
10-16	10YR 3/2	80	10YR 5/6	15	С	М	Loamy/Clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			7.5YR 4/6	5	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
16-24	10YR 4/2	80	10YR 7/6	5	С	М	Loamy/clayey	Prominent redox concentrations
			7.5YR 4/6	10	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
			10YR 4/6	5	С	М		Prominent redox concentrations
¹ Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Dep	letion, RM	Reduced Matrix, N	√S=Mas	ked Sand	d Grains.		L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators:						Indicators for	or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	I (A1)		Polyvalue Belo	ow Surfa	ce (S8) (LRR R,	2 cm Mu	uck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B)
Histic E	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B	3)			Coast Pr	rairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Black H	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Surf	face (S9)) (LRR R	, MLRA	149B) 5 cm Mu	icky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	en Sulfide (A4)		High Chroma S	. ,	, (•	,	le Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
						-		
	d Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky			R K, L)		rk Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Deplete	d Below Dark Surface	ə (A11)	Loamy Gleyed	I Matrix (F2)		Iron-Mar	nganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Thick D	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Matri	ix (F3)			Piedmor	nt Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
Sandv N	Mucky Mineral (S1)		X Redox Dark Su	urface (F	6)		Mesic S	podic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark	•	,			ent Material (F21)
			·		· · ·			
Sandy F	Redox (S5)		Redox Depres	sions (F8	8)			allow Dark Surface (F22)
	d Matrix (S6) Irface (S7)		Marl (F10) (LR	(R K, L)			Other (E	xplain in Remarks)
Dark 30								
			etland hydrology mu	ust be pr	resent, ui	nless dist	turbed or problematic.	
Type:	Layer (if observed):							
Depth (i	inches):						Hydric Soil Preser	nt? Yes <u>X</u> No
Remarks:								
This data for								CS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils
version 7.0 I	March 2013 Errata. (r	http://www	.nrcs.usda.gov/intei	rnet/FSE		VIEN I S/r	nrcs142p2_051293.doc	:x)

Appendix B

Site Photographs

Representative Corridor Photographs



Photo 1. Trail beginning, looking north.



Photo 2. Wetland A, looking east.



Photo 3. Wetland B, looking west.



Photo 4. Wetland outside of disturbance limits, adjacent to the Esopus Creek north of project.



Photo 5. Wetland H, looking east.



Photo 6. Wetland J, looking south.



Photo 7. Wetland M, looking east.



Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C.

Memo To:	Project File	Date:	March 21, 2017
From:	Corinne I. Steinmuller Environmental Scientist II	Project No.:	369.005.121
Subject:	Threatened and Endangered Species Hab Kingston Rail Trail	itat Assessment	

Project Area and Description

Barton & Loguidice (B&L) has been retained by Ulster County for engineering and design of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail (PIN 8758.04) in the Towns of Ulster and Hurley and the City of Kingston, Ulster County, New York. The project is on the approved Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The objectives of this project are to establish an off-road pedestrian/bicycle facility to provide alternative means of transportation and link the City of Kingston and the Towns of Hurley and Ulster. This alternative is proposed to follow the abandoned Ontario & Western (O&W) Railroad corridor for 2.0 miles from the existing O&W Rail Trail along U.S. Route 209 through the existing NYS Thruway underpass to Washington Avenue (State Bike Route 28) in Kingston. Included in this option is a potential trailhead on the west side of Washington Avenue and a traffic signal to assist trail users and others crossing Washington Avenue.

Primary land usage surrounding the project corridor is residential and municipal. Much of the surrounding area is young successional forest adjacent to a maintained power line corridor and wetlands.

Federally Protected Species

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) New York Field Office's website was reviewed to determine whether any federally listed endangered, threatened, or candidate species are reported to inhabit the proposed project corridor. The USFWS' Information, Planning and Conservation (IPaC) System reported three federally protected species that could potentially inhabit the project area: Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis* – Endangered), northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis* – Threatened), and the bog turtle (*Clemmys muhlenbergii* – Threatened). A printout of the IPaC results is included as Attachment A.

Critical Habitat

A review of designated critical habitat areas within New York State was completed and no such areas exist within or adjacent to the project area.



New York State Protected Species

The Natural Heritage Program (NHP) was contacted for information regarding the reported presence of any endangered species, threatened species, species of special concern, or significant natural communities within or adjacent to the project corridor. A response was received from the NHP on March 8, 2016 that indicated records of breeding bald eagles within 0.5 miles of the project corridor and seven known hibernacula of northern long-eared bat within 5 miles of the project corridor. The NHP's response letter is included for review as Attachment B.

Availability of Suitable Habitat

A habitat assessment of the project area was completed by B&L's ecology staff on October 7, 2016. The main objective of the habitat assessment was to identify the presence of any state or federally protected species within or adjacent to the project corridor, or the presence of suitable habitat for any of the reported species.

Northern long-eared (NLEB) and Indiana (IBAT) bats

These bat species select roosting trees based on the tree's location, position within the landscape, bark characteristics, and ability to provide cavities or crevices. Suitable roosting and foraging habitat for the bats includes mixed age stands of trees greater than 3" diameter at breast height (DBH), with foraging habitat containing areas of open water. Trees and shrubs within the corridor included: northern catalpa (*Catalpa speciosa*), silver maple (*Acer saccharinum*), white ash (*Fraxinus americana*), red oak (*Quercus rubra*), and staghorn sumac (*Rhus typhina*). A small section of wooded vegetation will require removal where the trail will connect by switchback to the existing Kingston O&W trail along Route 209. The DBH range was between 1-25 inches with the majority below 3 inches. Twenty to 30 dead trees may be removed as well just north of this area. These trees lacked bark, had less than 9 inch DBHs, and were devoid of crevices. Based on the presence of trees greater than 3 inches in DBH, potential roosting habitat exists for the NLEB and IBAT in the project corridor. Project photographs showing the characteristics of the assessed areas are included in Attachment C.

Bog turtle

The bog turtle, the smallest of the emydid turtles, spends much of the time buried in the mud and, therefore, has a reputation for being secretive. While they prefer fens, highly acidic wetlands and areas of soft, deep mud are considered suitable habitat. Several wetland complexes are adjacent to, but not within, the proposed areas of disturbance for the project. While the wetlands were open canopy, they lacked the microtopographic relief characteristic of bog turtle habitat and necessary for basking and hibernation. No wetlands were identified as having the preferred mucky soils and many of them were sandy. Additionally, the invasive species common



reed (*Phragmites australis*) and purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*) were common and there was a lack of diverse vegetation, including a lack of sedges (*Carex* spp.) often associated with bog turtle habitat.

Bald Eagle Review

The bald eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*) was removed from the federal endangered species list in 2007, but is still afforded federal protection under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) and state protection under the Environmental Conservation Law. Accordingly, the project corridor was assessed to determine whether potential impacts to this species may occur. During coordination with the NHP, bald eagles were noted within 0.5 miles of the project corridor. A review of the 2000-2005 New York State Breeding Bird Atlas Survey (BBA) indicated no historical sightings of bald eagles in the project area. The proposed project will have no adverse effects on large bodies of water or shoreline areas that bald eagles typically use for foraging. Results of this record review are included as Attachment D.

Breeding Bird Atlas

During the review of Survey Blocks 5764C and 5764D of the 2000-2005 BBA, one threatened and two NYS species of special concern were observed near the project corridor. Table 1, below, lists bird species observed in the BBA Survey Blocks mentioned above, which include the project area. Results of the Breeding Bird Atlas query are included in Attachment D.

NYSDEC Nature Explorer

The New York Nature Explorer contains information regarding natural resources, including threatened and endangered species and significant and natural communities. Review of the NYSDEC Nature Explorer query resulted in no findings of rare, threatened, or endangered species in the project corridor. Results of this query are provided in Attachment E.



	Table 1: 2000-2005 New York State Breeding Bird Atlas Results						
Species Name	Survey Block	Behavior Code*	NYS Legal Status	Suitable Habitat	Suitable Habitat Within proposed areas of disturbance?		
Cooper's hawk (Accipiter cooperii)	5764C	X1	Special Concern	Forest and woodland birds, often found in woodlots adjacent to forest openings, or along edge habitats, and near streams, lakes, and other bodies of water.	Yes		
Red-shouldered hawk (<i>Buteo lineatus</i>)	5764C	X1	Special Concern	Forest birds that prefer an open sub-canopy for hunting. Can be found in suburban areas with mixed forest and housing.	Yes		
Least Bittern (Ixobrychus exilis)	5764D	X1	Threatened	Marsh birds that suspend their nest structures between sturdy emergent vegetation.	Yes		
(Ixobrychus exilis)					Yes		

Discussion and Effect Determinations

Based on the site observations documented during the habitat assessment for the proposed Kingston Rail Trail project, the following presents effects determinations for the species identified as potentially inhabiting/utilizing the project corridor:

Indiana and northern long-eared bats

According to the USFWS' 2016 Indiana bat summer survey guidelines (this document also applies to the northern long-eared bat), suitable habitat was identified within the project corridor due to tree presence and numerous wetlands and streams identified throughout the project corridor. Seven NLEB hibernacula were identified within 5 miles of the project corridor, outside the USFWS implemented 0.25 mile cutting restriction. A small (about 0.3 acre) area of live trees and shrubby vegetation, as well as 30 dead trees, are proposed for removal for the project. Tree removal is proposed to occur within the USFWS Conservation Cutting Timeline window of between October 1 and March 31 during any given year in accordance. Additionally, Best Management Practices are recommended to be utilized to protect water quality during the project. Implementation of the BMPs and performing tree removals during USFWS' recommended clearing window for the protection of bats, the proposed project is recommended to have a determination of May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect the NLEB and IBAT. See Attachment F for USFWS' Federal Highway Administration concurrence forms.



Bald Eagle

Bald eagles prefer habitat along large bodies of water and shoreline area. Esopus Creek is north of the project corridor, in places only 60 feet away. Review of the BBA did not indicate eagle observations, but the NHP response indicated the presence of bald eagles within 0.5 miles of the project corridor. While this project does not require a BGEPA permit as it is not within 660 ft. of a known nest, bald eagles will travel within 1 mile of known nest locations. Some noise disturbance may result during the project construction period in the corridor that would disturb bald eagle foraging, but this project is unlikely to disturb nesting bald eagles. Therefore, this project is concluded not to impact bald eagles.

Bog Turtle

Since the characteristics of wetlands in areas adjacent to the project corridor lack the characteristics that support bog turtles, a determination of No Effect is recommended for this threatened species.

BBA Species

Suitable habitat was found for the Cooper's hawk, red-shouldered hawk, and the least bittern, which were observed in the project area during the Breeding Bird Survey in 2009. However, due to the temporary nature of construction as well as limited ground disturbance, a determination of no effect is recommended for these species.

In addition, no observations of other protected species, unique plant assemblages, or significant natural communities were noted within or adjacent to the project limits. A Species Conclusion Table is included as Attachment G to summarize the results and determinations of this assessment.

CIS/akg Attachments

Figure 1

Aerial Project Corridor Map







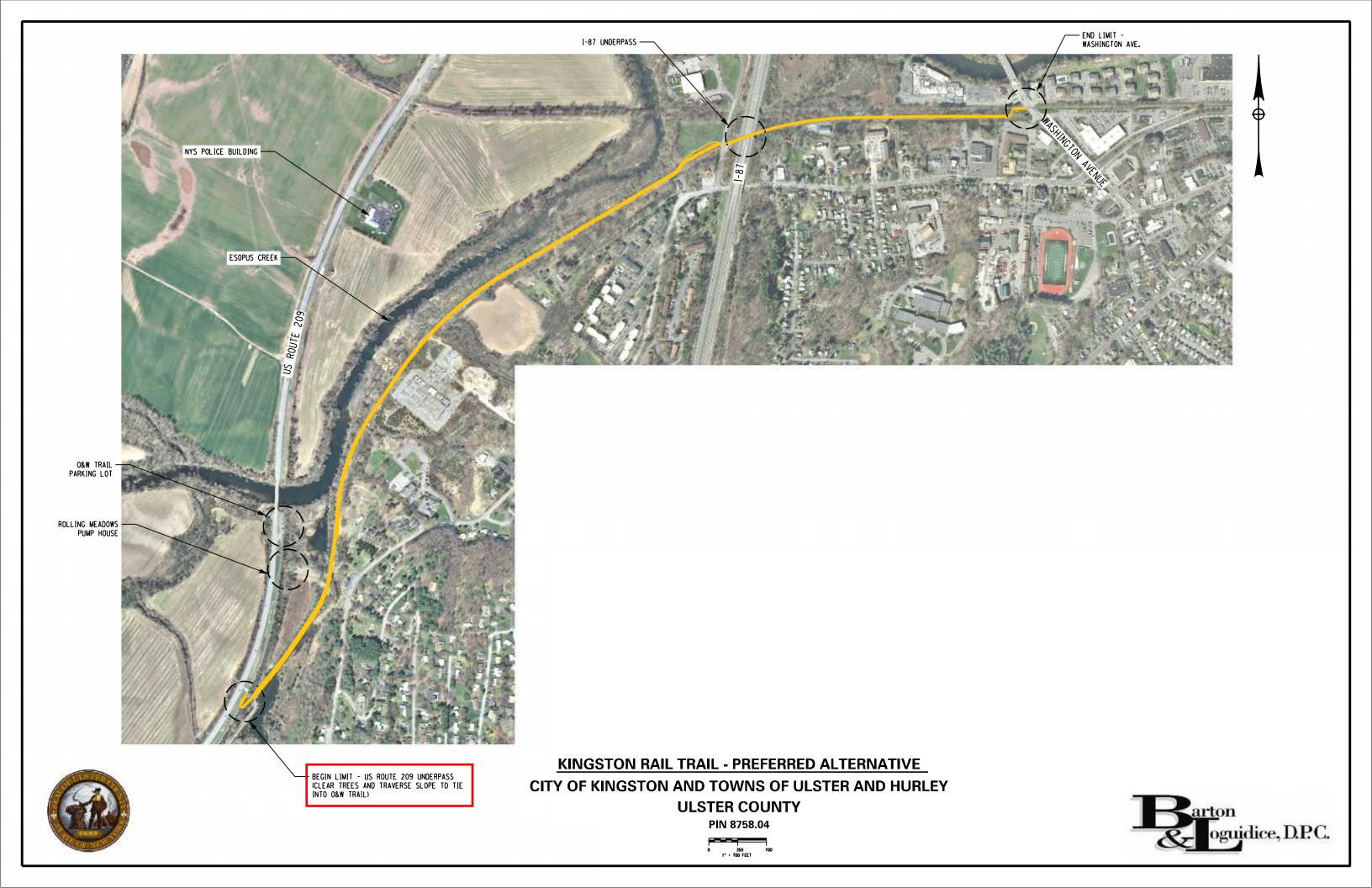
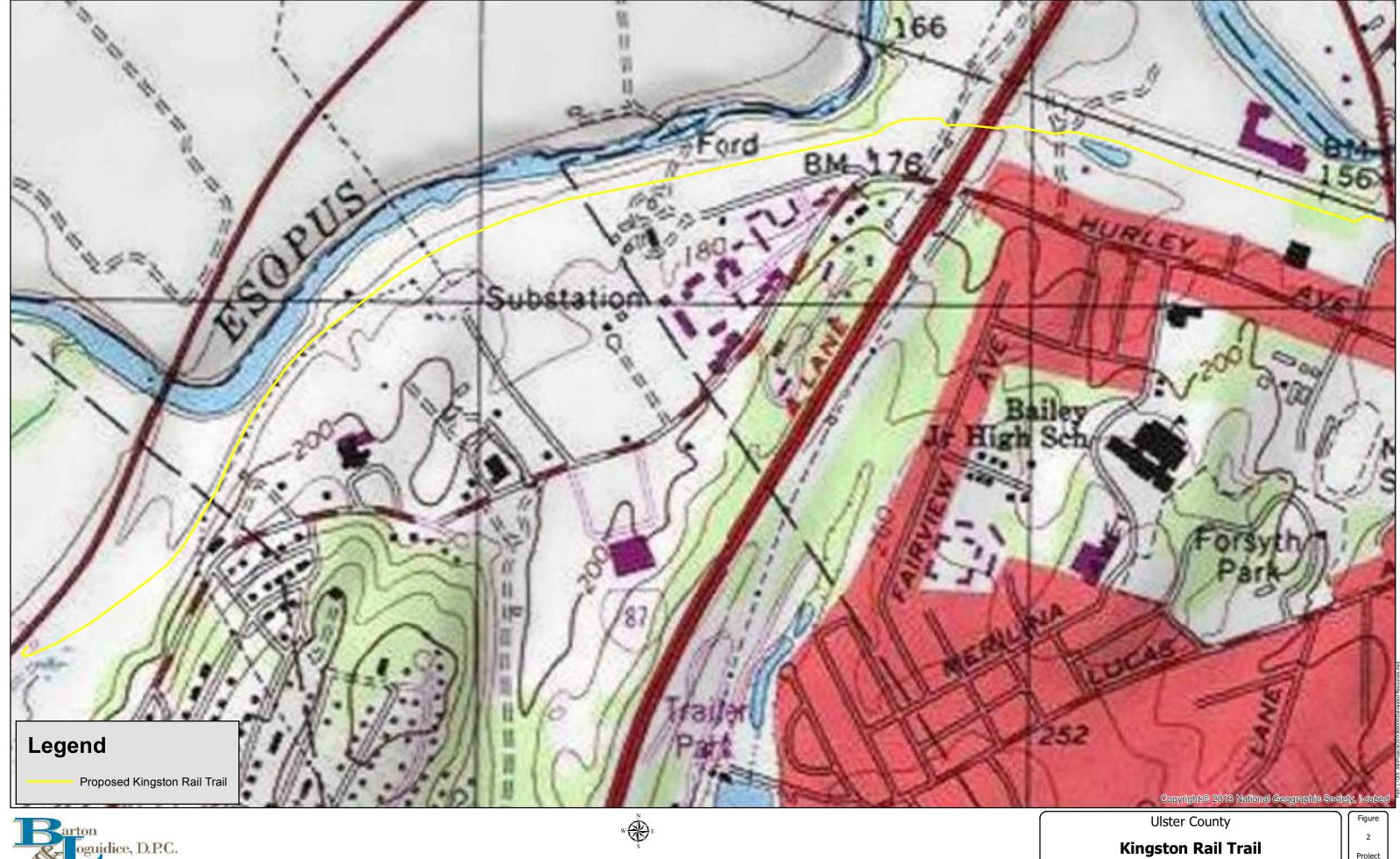


Figure 2

Topographic Project Corridor Map





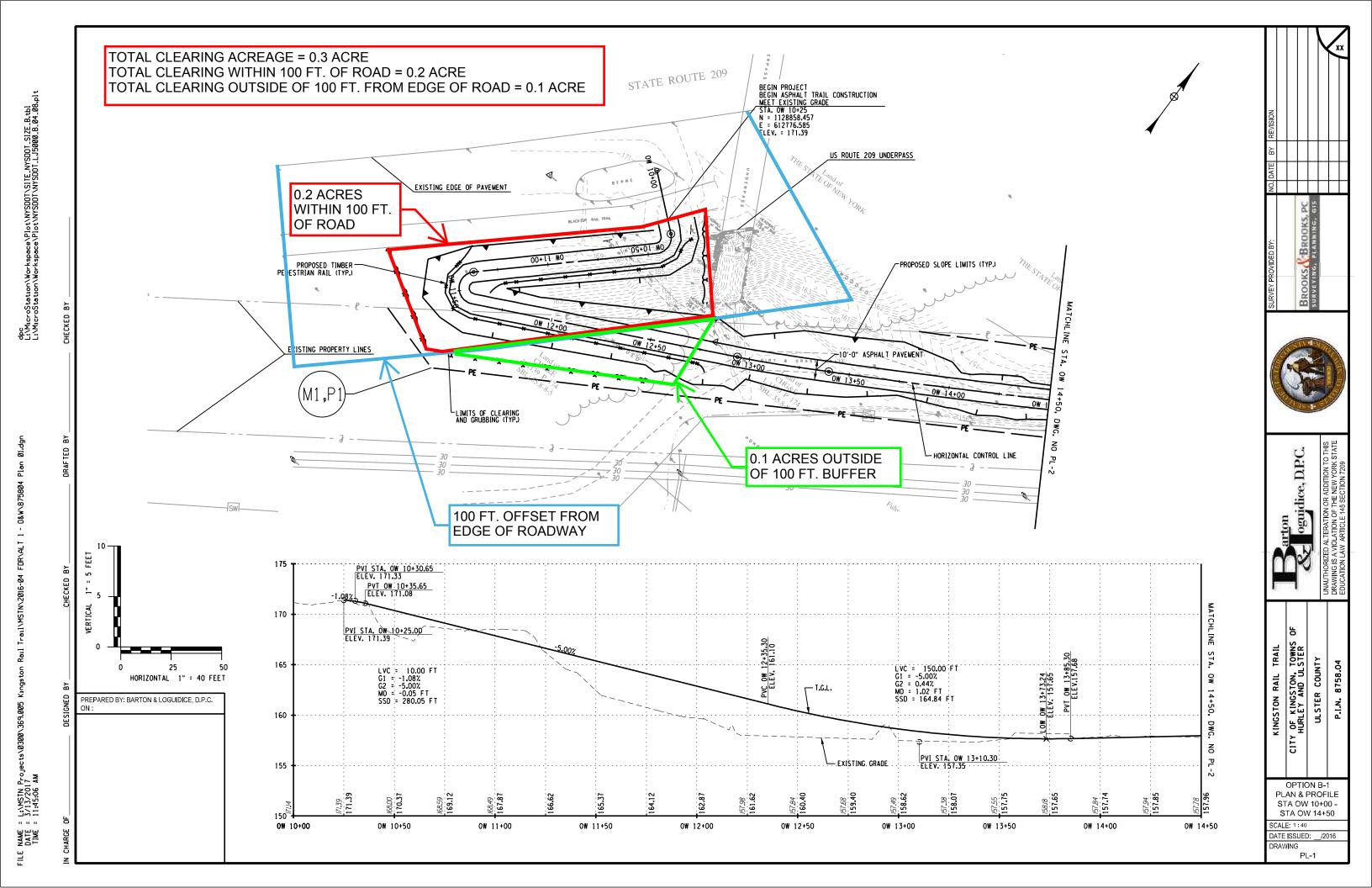


New York

Project No. 369.005

Ulster County

10/2016



Attachment A

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Information, Planning and Consultation (IPaC) System Results



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New York Ecological Services Field Office 3817 LUKER ROAD CORTLAND, NY 13045 PHONE: (607)753-9334 FAX: (607)753-9699 URL: www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm



Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2016-SLI-1236 Event Code: 05E1NY00-2016-E-02767 Project Name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail March 21, 2016

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*). This list can also be used to determine whether listed species may be present for projects without federal agency involvement. New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list.

Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the ESA, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC site at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list. If listed, proposed, or candidate species were identified as potentially occurring in the project area, coordination with our office is encouraged. Information on the steps involved with assessing potential impacts from projects can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 *et seq.*), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (

http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the Services wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and

http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the ESA. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment



Project name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Official Species List

Provided by:

New York Ecological Services Field Office 3817 LUKER ROAD CORTLAND, NY 13045 (607) 753-9334_ http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm

Consultation Code: 05E1NY00-2016-SLI-1236 **Event Code:** 05E1NY00-2016-E-02767

Project Type: TRANSPORTATION

Project Name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Please Note: The FWS office may have modified the Project Name and/or Project Description, so it may be different from what was submitted in your previous request. If the Consultation Code matches, the FWS considers this to be the same project. Contact the office in the 'Provided by' section of your previous Official Species list if you have any questions or concerns.



Project name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Project Location Map:



Project Coordinates: The coordinates are too numerous to display here.

Project Counties: Ulster, NY



Project name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Endangered Species Act Species List

There are a total of 3 threatened or endangered species on your species list. Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Critical habitats listed under the **Has Critical Habitat** column may or may not lie within your project area. See the **Critical habitats within your project area** section further below for critical habitat that lies within your project. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

Mammals	Status	Has Critical Habitat	Condition(s)
Indiana bat (<i>Myotis sodalis</i>) Population: Entire	Endangered		
Northern long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	Threatened		
Reptiles			
Bog Turtle (<i>Clemmys muhlenbergii</i>) Population: northern	Threatened		



Project name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Critical habitats that lie within your project area

There are no critical habitats within your project area.

http://ecos.fws.gov/ipac, 03/21/2016 12:44 PM

Attachment B

Natural Heritage Program (NHP) Response

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Fish, Wildlife & Marine Resources New York Natural Heritage Program 625 Broadway, 5th Floor, Albany, New York 12233-4757 Phone: (518) 402-8935 • Fax: (518) 402-8925 Website: www.dec.ny.gov



March 08, 2016

Daniel Carey Barton & Loguidice, D.P.C. 10 Airline Drive, Suite 200 Albany, NY 12205

Re: Kingston Rail Trail Town/City: City Of Kingston, Hurley, County: Ulster. Ulster.

Dear Daniel Carey:

In response to your recent request, we have reviewed the New York Natural Heritage Program database with respect to the above project.

Our database has no records of rare or state-listed animals or plants, or significant natural communities directly at your site. Enclosed is a report of state-listed animals documented in the vicinity.

For most sites, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted; the enclosed report only includes records from our database. We cannot provide a definitive statement as to the presence or absence of all rare or state-listed species or significant natural communities. Depending on the nature of the project and the conditions at the project site, further information from on-site surveys or other sources may be required to fully assess impacts on biological resources.

Our database is continually growing as records are added and updated. If this proposed project is still under development one year from now, we recommend that you contact us again so that we may update this response with the most current information.

The presence of the plants and animals identified in the enclosed report may result in this project requiring additional review or permit conditions. For further guidance, and for information regarding other permits that may be required under state law for regulated areas or activities (e.g., regulated wetlands), please contact the appropriate NYS DEC Regional Office, Division of Environmental Permits, as listed at www.dec.ny.gov/about/39381.html.

Sincerely,

Chalony.

Andrea Chaloux Environmental Review Specialist New York Natural Heritage Program



The following state-listed animals have been documented in the vicinity of your project site.

The following list includes animals that are listed by NYS as Endangered, Threatened, or Special Concern; and/or that are federally listed or are candidates for federal listing.

For information about any permit considerations for your project, please contact the Permits staff at the NYSDEC Region 3 Office at dep.r3@dec.ny.gov, (845) 256-3054. For information about potential impacts of your project on these species and how to avoid, minimize, or mitigate any impacts, contact the Region 3 Wildlife staff at Wildlife.R3@dec.ny.gov, (845) 256-3098.

The following species have been documented within 0.5 mi of the project site. Individual animals may travel 1 mi from documented locations.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	NY STATE LISTING	FEDERAL LISTING	
Birds				
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Threatened		14124
Breeding				

The following species have been documented within 3 mi of the project site. Individual animals may travel 5 mi from documented locations. The main impact of concern for bats is the removal of potential roost trees.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	NY STATE LISTING	FEDERAL LISTING	
Mammals				
Northern Long-eared Bat	Myotis septentrionalis	Threatened	Threatened	14175
Seven (7) hibernacula have	been documented within 5 mi of the	project site.		

This report only includes records from the NY Natural Heritage database. For most sites, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted, and we cannot provide a definitive statement as to the presence or absence of all rare or state-listed species. Depending on the nature of the project and the conditions at the project site, further information from on-site surveys or other sources may be required to fully assess impacts on biological resources.

If any rare plants or animals are documented during site visits, we request that information on the observations be provided to the New York Natural Heritage Program so that we may update our database.

Information about many of the listed animals in New York, including habitat, biology, identification, conservation, and management, are available online in Natural Heritage's Conservation Guides at www.guides.nynhp.org, and from NYSDEC at www.dec.ny.gov/animals/7494.html.

Attachment C

Project Corridor Photographs



Photo 1. Existing trail to be paved, looking north.

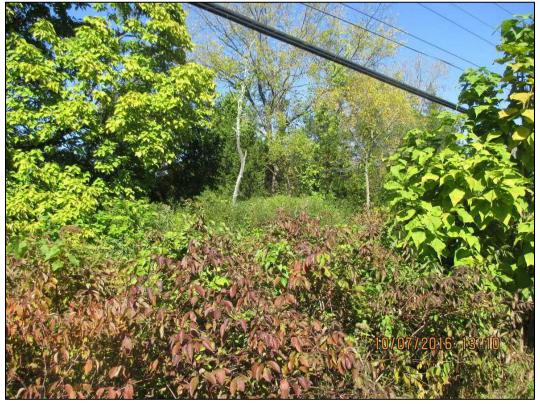


Photo 2. Area of potential clearing, looking west. Existing trail on top of berm.



Photo 3. NYSDEC mapped wetland KW-18, looking east.



Photo 4. KW-18 looking northeast.



Photo 5. Existing path looking west, connecting the rail trail on Route 209 to the proposed trail.



Photo 6. Dead trees that may be removed to achieve proper trail width.



Photo 7. Majority of corridor, looking north.



Photo 8. Continuation.



Photo 9. Trail looking northeast at the Ulster Town Line.



Photo 10. Phragmites dominated wetland adjacent to corridor.



Photo 11. Phragmites dominated wetland near 1-87 overpass, looking east.



Photo 12. Wetland located south of corridor near terminus of trail at Washington Avenue.



Photo 13. Wetland south of corridor, looking east.

Attachment D

2000-2005 New York State Breeding Bird Atlas Survey Results

List of Species Breeding in Atlas Block 5764C Behavior						
Common Name	Scientific Name	Code	Date	NY Legal Status		
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis	FL	5/26/2002	Game Species		
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa	X1	7/3/2002	Game Species		
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos	D2	6/14/2002	Game Species		
Wild Turkey	Meleagris gallopavo	X1	5/26/2002	Game Species		
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	X1	7/13/2001	Protected		
Green Heron	Butorides virescens	FL	7/8/2002	Protected		
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura	X1	7/13/2001	Protected		
Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii	X1	<mark>7/3/2002</mark>	Protected-Special Concern		
Red-shouldered Hawk	Buteo lineatus	X1	<mark>5/26/2002</mark>	Protected-Special Concern		
Broad-winged Hawk	Buteo platypterus	X1	7/7/2003	Protected		
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis	P2	5/26/2002	Protected		
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	P2	7/13/2001	Protected		
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius	D2	5/26/2002	Protected		
American Woodcock	Scolopax minor	D2	4/5/2002	Game Species		
Rock Pigeon	Columba livia	X1	6/11/2002	Unprotected		
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura	FL	7/3/2002	Protected		
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	X1	7/13/2001	Protected		
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	Archilochus colubris	X1	6/8/2001	Protected		
Belted Kingfisher	Megaceryle alcyon	X1	7/3/2002	Protected		
Red-bellied Woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	D2	7/3/2002	Protected		
Downy Woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	FL	7/13/2001	Protected		
Hairy Woodpecker	Picoides villosus	FY	5/26/2002	Protected		
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus	X1	7/13/2001	Protected		
Pileated Woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus	T2	7/7/2003	Protected		
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Contopus virens	FY	7/7/2003	Protected		
Acadian Flycatcher	Empidonax virescens	T2	7/3/2002	Protected		
Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii	S2	6/12/2002	Protected		
Least Flycatcher	Empidonax minimus	X1	7/23/2001	Protected		
Eastern Phoebe	Sayornis phoebe	FL	7/23/2001	Protected		
Great Crested Flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	B2	6/11/2002	Protected		
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	DD	7/8/2002	Protected		
Blue-headed Vireo	Vireo solitarius	D2	7/7/2003	Protected		
Warbling Vireo	Vireo gilvus	S2	6/11/2002	Protected		
Red-eyed Vireo	Vireo olivaceus	S2	7/23/2001	Protected		
Blue Jay	Cyanocitta cristata	FL	7/8/2002	Protected		
American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	FY	7/8/2002	Game Species		
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	FL	7/7/2003	Protected		
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	X1	6/14/2002	Protected		
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica	ON	5/26/2002	Protected		

		Behavior		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Code	Date	NY Legal Status
Black-capped Chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	FY	5/26/2002	Protected
Tufted Titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	FL	7/8/2002	Protected
White-breasted Nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis	FL	6/29/2003	Protected
Brown Creeper	Certhia americana	X1	6/12/2002	Protected
Carolina Wren	Thryothorus ludovicianus	FL	7/13/2001	Protected
House Wren	Troglodytes aedon	FL	7/7/2003	Protected
Eastern Bluebird	Sialia sialis	FL	7/8/2002	Protected
Veery	Catharus fuscescens	X1	5/26/2002	Protected
Hermit Thrush	Catharus guttatus	X1	6/11/2002	Protected
Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	FY	7/7/2003	Protected
American Robin	Turdus migratorius	FL	7/13/2001	Protected
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	FL	7/13/2001	Protected
Northern Mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	FY	6/29/2003	Protected
Brown Thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	X1	5/26/2002	Protected
European Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	FL	7/13/2001	Unprotected
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	FY	6/29/2003	Protected
Blue-winged Warbler	Vermivora pinus	X1	7/13/2001	Protected
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia	FL	7/3/2002	Protected
Black-throated Green Warbler	Dendroica virens	X1	7/23/2001	Protected
Black-and-white Warbler	Mniotilta varia	D2	6/29/2003	Protected
American Redstart	Setophaga ruticilla	FY	7/7/2003	Protected
Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorum	FY	6/11/2002	Protected
Ovenbird	Seiurus aurocapilla	DD	7/7/2003	Protected
Northern Waterthrush	Seiurus noveboracensis	FL	7/7/2003	Protected
Louisiana Waterthrush	Seiurus motacilla	D2	5/26/2002	Protected
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	FY	6/29/2003	Protected
Eastern Towhee	Pipilo erythrophthalmus	D2	6/11/2002	Protected
Chipping Sparrow	Spizella passerina	FL	7/13/2001	Protected
Field Sparrow	Spizella pusilla	X1	7/3/2002	Protected
Savannah Sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	X1	5/26/2002	Protected
Song Sparrow	Melospiza melodia	FY	7/3/2002	Protected
Swamp Sparrow	Melospiza georgiana	X1	6/11/2002	Protected
Dark-eyed Junco	Junco hyemalis	X1	7/23/2001	Protected
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea	T2	7/3/2002	Protected
Northern Cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	FY	7/23/2002	Protected
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Pheucticus Iudovicianus	FL	7/13/2001	
		FL DD	6/29/2003	Protected
Indigo Bunting	Passerina cyanea			Protected
Red-winged Blackbird Common Grackle	Agelaius phoeniceus Quiscalus quiscula	NY FY	7/8/2002	Protected Protected

List of Species Breeding in Atlas Block 5764C					
Common Name	Scientific Name	Behavior Code	Date	NY Legal Status	
Brown-headed Cowbird	Molothrus ater	FL	7/13/2001	Protected	
Orchard Oriole	Icterus spurius	X1	6/11/2002	Protected	
Baltimore Oriole	Icterus galbula	FL	7/3/2002	Protected	
House Finch	Carpodacus mexicanus	FL	6/29/2003	Protected	
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristis	T2	7/13/2001	Protected	
House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	NE	7/13/2001	Unprotected	

List of Species Breeding in Atlas Block 5764D					
Common Name	Scientific Name	Behavior Code	Date	NY Legal Status	
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis	FL	5/8/2001	Game Species	
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa	FL	6/10/2001	Game Species	
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos	FL	6/6/2001	Game Species	
Mallard x Am. Black Duck Hybrid	Anas platyrhynchos x A. rubripes	X1	6/23/2000	Game Species	
Wild Turkey	Meleagris gallopavo	FL	6/20/2005	Game Species	
Least Bittern	lxobrychus exilis	X1	<mark>7/7/2004</mark>	Threatened	
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	X1	6/23/2000	Protected	
Green Heron	Butorides virescens	NE	6/30/2000	Protected	
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura	X1	6/23/2000	Protected	
Broad-winged Hawk	Buteo platypterus	T2	7/21/2001	Protected	
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis	FL	7/7/2004	Protected	
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus	DD	6/24/2000	Protected	
American Woodcock	Scolopax minor	D2	3/23/2002	Game Species	
Rock Pigeon	Columba livia	NE	5/6/2000	Unprotected	
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura	NE	5/29/2000	Protected	
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythropthalmus	S2	5/20/2004	Protected	
Eastern Screech-Owl	Megascops asio	ON	5/15/2001	Protected	
Great Horned Owl	Bubo virginianus	P2	2/15/2001	Protected	
Barred Owl	Strix varia	S2	6/20/2005	Protected	
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	P2	6/10/2002	Protected	
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	Archilochus colubris	P2	6/4/2001	Protected	
Red-bellied Woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus	ON	6/13/2002	Protected	
Downy Woodpecker	Picoides pubescens	FL	6/24/2000	Protected	
Hairy Woodpecker	Picoides villosus	X1	6/24/2000	Protected	
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus	FL	6/30/2000	Protected	
Pileated Woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus	B2	5/10/2002	Protected	
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Contopus virens	T2	6/8/2001	Protected	
Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii	T2	6/4/2001	Protected	

List of Species Breeding in Atlas Block 5764D				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Behavior Code	Date	NY Legal Status
Least Flycatcher	Empidonax minimus	X1	6/6/2001	Protected
Eastern Phoebe	Sayornis phoebe	FL	6/24/2000	Protected
Great Crested Flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	S2	6/6/2001	Protected
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	FL	8/4/2004	Protected
Yellow-throated Vireo	Vireo flavifrons	X1	7/8/2002	Protected
Warbling Vireo	Vireo gilvus	T2	6/30/2000	Protected
Red-eyed Vireo	Vireo olivaceus	NY	7/2/2002	Protected
Blue Jay	Cyanocitta cristata	FY	6/29/2000	Protected
American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	FL	6/23/2000	Game Species
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	FY	6/10/2001	Protected
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	N2	5/8/2001	Protected
Cliff Swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	ON	6/4/2001	Protected
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica	NE	6/30/2000	Protected
Black-capped Chickadee	Poecile atricapillus	FL	6/5/2002	Protected
Tufted Titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	FL	6/18/2002	Protected
White-breasted Nuthatch	Sitta carolinensis	FL	6/24/2000	Protected
Carolina Wren	Thryothorus Iudovicianus	DD	8/13/2002	Protected
House Wren	Troglodytes aedon	ON	6/5/2000	Protected
Marsh Wren	Cistothorus palustris	FL	8/4/2004	Protected
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea	B2	5/6/2000	Protected
Eastern Bluebird	Sialia sialis	FL	6/24/2000	Protected
Veery	Catharus fuscescens	S2	6/24/2000	Protected
Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	FY	6/30/2000	Protected
American Robin	Turdus migratorius	FY	6/3/2000	Protected
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	FY	7/17/2000	Protected
Northern Mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	FY	6/4/2000	Protected
Brown Thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	D2	7/2/2002	Protected
European Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	ON	5/6/2000	Unprotected
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	FL	6/23/2000	Protected
Blue-winged Warbler	Vermivora pinus	S2	6/1/2000	Protected
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia	FY	6/23/2000	Protected
Chestnut-sided Warbler	Dendroica pensylvanica	FY	6/6/2001	Protected
Black-throated Green Warbler	Dendroica virens	X1	6/8/2001	Protected
Pine Warbler	Dendroica pinus	Т2	6/13/2002	Protected
Prairie Warbler	Dendroica discolor	S2	6/24/2000	Protected
Black-and-white Warbler	Mniotilta varia	S2	6/23/2000	Protected
American Redstart	Setophaga ruticilla	P2	6/23/2000	Protected
Ovenbird	Seiurus aurocapilla	S2	6/3/2000	Protected
Louisiana Waterthrush	Seiurus motacilla	X1	4/27/2002	Protected

Behavior					
Common Name	Scientific Name	Code	Date	NY Legal Status	
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	D2	6/3/2000	Protected	
Eastern Towhee	Pipilo erythrophthalmus	S2	6/24/2000	Protected	
Chipping Sparrow	Spizella passerina	FY	6/1/2000	Protected	
Song Sparrow	Melospiza melodia	FY	6/3/2000	Protected	
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea	S2	6/24/2000	Protected	
Northern Cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis	FL	5/25/2000	Protected	
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Pheucticus Iudovicianus	FL	7/2/2002	Protected	
Indigo Bunting	Passerina cyanea	P2	6/1/2000	Protected	
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	FY	6/30/2000	Protected	
Common Grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	FS	6/3/2000	Protected	
Brown-headed Cowbird	Molothrus ater	FL	6/30/2000	Protected	
Baltimore Oriole	Icterus galbula	FY	6/30/2000	Protected	
Purple Finch	Carpodacus purpureus	X1	6/11/2002	Protected	
House Finch	Carpodacus mexicanus	FL	6/4/2001	Protected	
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristis	D2	6/4/2001	Protected	
House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	FY	6/1/2000	Unprotected	

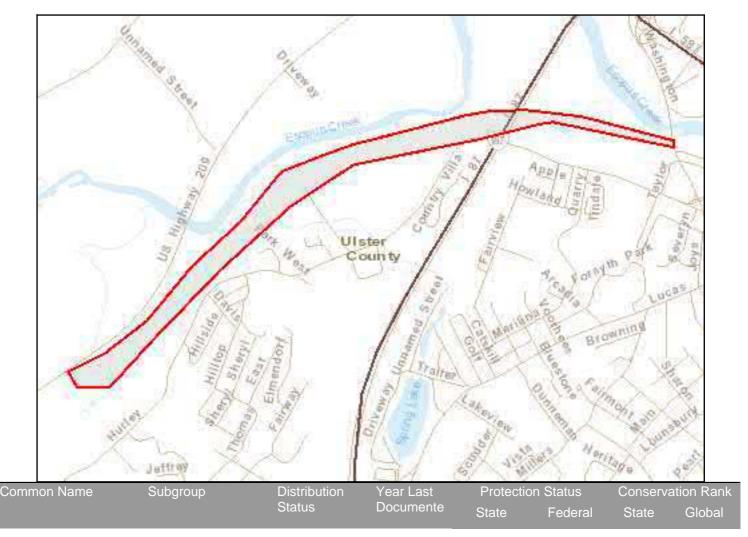
Current Date: 10/11/2016

Attachment E

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Nature Explorer Results

New York Nature Explorer User Defined Results Report

Criteria: Selected Map Area



Note: Restricted plants and animals may also have also been documented in one or more of the Towns or Cities in which your user-defined area is located, but are not listed in these results. This application does not provide information at the level of Town or City on state-listed animals and on other sensitive animals and plants. A list of the restricted animals and plants documented at the corresponding county level can be obtained via the County link(s) on the original User Defined Search Results page. Any individual plant or animal on this county's restricted list may or may not occur in this particular user-defined area.

This list only includes records of rare species and significant natural communities from the databases of the NY Natural Heritage Program. This list is not a definitive statement about the presence or absence of all plants and animals, including rare or state-listed species, or of all significant natural communities. For most areas, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted, and this list should not be considered a substitute for on-site surveys.

3/22/16 10:18 AM

Attachment F

FHWA Bat Forms

Section 7 ESA Process: ESA Transmittal Sheet

Step 3: Documentation. Please complete the appropriate boxes below and complete the documentation as described.

	ESA Does Not Apply	No Effect, Activity-Based	No Effect, No Suitable Habitat	MA, NLAA, 14-Day Form	MA, 30 Day Form	MA, NLAA, Traditional 7- step Process	Bridge/Bat Survey Form	MA, LAA
Northern Long-eared Bat								
Indiana Bat					NA			
Bog Turtle			\boxtimes	NA	NA		NA	
Mollusks (Dwarf Wedge Mussel, Rayed Bean, Clubshell, Chittenango Ovate Amber Snail)				NA	NA		NA	
Karner Blue Butterfly	\square			NA	NA		NA	
Sturgeon (Shortnose, Atlantic)				NA	NA		NA	
Other listed species (Please List)	\square			NA	NA		NA	
Documentation Required	The IPaC report is included in the Design Report.	Record the corresponding number(s) of the activity in the box above. This sheet and the IPaC printout are included in the Design Report.	NYSDOT submits "No Suitable Habitat Determination" to FHWA for "No Effect" Concurrence.	NYSDOT submits 14-day Form to the USFWS w/ cc: to Area Engineer.	NYSDOT submits 30-day Form to FHWA, who submits it to USFWS for concurrence.	NYSDOT submits either BE or BA to FHWA, who submits to USFWS for concurrence.	NYSDOT submits Bridge/Bat Survey Form to FHWA.	NYSDOT submits BA to FHWA for Initiation of Formal Consultation with USFWS.

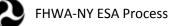
Instructions for Use: This Summary Sheet is sent to FHWA for concurrence for all submissions, except "ESA Does Not Apply" and "No Effect, Activity-Based". A submittal package should include all documentation for all species requiring concurrence so that FHWA can make one ESA determination. **SEE EACH SPECIESSPECIFIC PACKAGE FOR SPECIFIC DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SUBMITTALS**. Also, FHWA requires documentation of compliance with ESA in the Design Report.

C FHWA-NY ESA Process

Y

IBat Suitable Habitat Assessment Form for Trees (IBat SHAFT)

Project Name:	Kingsto	n Rail Trail		PIN:	8758.04
Acres Proposed to b	e Cut:	0.30 acre	Lat/ Lo	- ong:	41.562468N, -74.2687W
Project Description:	New t	rail along the abando	oned O&W Railroad c	orridor	r for 1.8 mi from existing Hurley
Rail Trail parking lot	to Wash	ington Ave in Kingsto	on		
All work within form	ner rail b	ed and existing dirt t	trail area.		
Summary of NYNHP	Databas	e Results (proximity	to known hibernacula	a, roos	t trees, maternity colonies and forage
locations): Seven h	ibernacu	la documented with	in 5 miles of the proje	ect site	<u>.</u>
Results of Field-base	d IBat Su	uitable Bat Habitat A	ssessment:		
	exhibit s	igns of exfoliating ba			at is made up of trees greater than 5" dbh, cavities, OR that also is mixed with larger
and are c Does the adjacent loose agg	loser tha Tree Rei areas of gregates	an 1000' from other f moval Area contain a agricultural fields, ol	orested/wooded hab ny of the following: a d fields, and pastures n live trees and/or sna	itat? djacen , and fo	ating bark, cracks, crevices, and/or cavities, Yes t and interspersed emergent wetlands and orests and woodlots (range from dense to ater or equal to 5" dbh that have exfoliating
If the answer is yes t	o any of				and yes to the elevation question, then the rea.
Determination	n: 🖂	Suitable IBat Habita	at		o Suitable IBat Habitat
	*N	Aust complete Range	ewide 14-Day Form,	*\	You can conclude "No Effect, No
	tra	aditional informal or	formal consultation.	Su	uitable Habitat."
Characterization/De	scription	of the Habitat:	Early successional h	abitat	of individual trees located within 1000 feet of
forested and woode	d habita	t. Wetlands are loca	ted adjacent and witl	nin the	project boundaries.
The project area is s	parsely p	oopulated by human	made structures.		
Comments (include s	•		ble, such as areas are	below	900' in elevation, no roost trees for IBat were
Name (individual cor	npleting	the field assessment	:): Corinne St	einmu	iller
Signature:	at	h			Date: 10/11/2016
Phone Number:	518	-218-1801 x 2033	Email Ado	dress:	csteinmuller@bartonandloguidice.com
Indiana Bat				F	



IBat LAA Consultation Form (30-Day Form)

This form is for the following:

- 1. Projects in the following locations:
 - a. Inside the range of the Indiana bat (using IPaC and NYNHP Data); AND
 - b. Projects with either suitable IBat habitat (using the IBat SHAFT), with positive acoustical records of bats (from a Summer Bat Survey), or with assumed IBat habitat.

AND

- 2. Projects that meet all of the following requirements:
 - Tree removal within suitable IBat habitat between April 1 and April 30 or August 1 and September 30 <u>AND/OR</u> tree removal that is between 100 and 300 feet from the pavement edge proposed for any time of year; AND
 - b. Projects that provide required compensatory mitigation for IBat (if you are not providing mitigation, you must go through formal consultation with the USFWS).

<u>NOTE:</u> Projects within 100-feet of the edge of pavement with tree removal proposed for October 1 to March 31 can use the 14-Day Form for May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect determination.

All Projects: 30-Day Form Requirements:	YES	NO
1. Could the project disturb hibernating IBats in a known hibernaculum?		x
Could the project alter the entrance or interior environment of a known hibernaculum?		x
3. Does the project remove any trees or involve construction within 0.5 miles of a known hibernaculum at any time of year?		x
4. Would the project cut or destroy (during any time of year) known occupied maternity roost trees, or any other trees, or involve any construction activities within a 0.25-mile radius from the maternity roost tree, or known forage location?		x

You are eligible to use this form if you have answered no to questions 1-4. The remainder of the form will be used by the USFWS to determine if additional consultation is required.

All Projects: Project/ Habitat Details

Project Name: Kingston Rail Trail	PIN: 8758.04
Lat/Long:41.56N, -71.27W	Region: <u>8</u>
Project Description: <u>New Trail along the abandoned O&W Railroa</u> Trail to Washington Avenue	ad corridor for 1.8 mi. from existing O&W Rail
FWS Consultation Code (from IPaC Trust Resources Report "link" Distance to known hibernacula: <u>None reported</u>	"): <u>05ENY00-2016-SLI-2406</u>
Distance to known roost sites, maternity colonies, or forage sites	s: None Reported
Did NYSDOT determine that suitable habitat exists by using the I If YES, please attach a copy of the SHAFT Form to this docume	
Did a Summer Bat Survey indicate acoustical IBat records? If YES, please attach a copy of the Summer Bat Survey results	YES NO
If NO to either question, is NYSDOT assuming IBat habitat?	YES NO

Bridge Projects

Description of project components that are outside the FHWA Rangewide Programmatic BO, such as the creation of daylight-like conditions through lighting changes:





Note: The completion of the Bridge/Bat Survey Form within 1 year of the project is required for bridge projects- please see the form for instructions.

Tree Removal Projects- Complete the following table:

Tree removal acreage based on time of year and location	The following counties: Monroe, Seneca, Montgomery, Nassau, Suffolk, Rockland		All Other Counties in New York State	
on time of year and location	April 1 to September 30	October 1 to March 31	April 1 to September 30	October 1 to March 31
Acreage of tree removal between 0 and 100 feet from edge of road/rail ballast	Acres (x1.5)	NLAA: Use 14- Day Form	Acres (x1.25)	0.2 Acres
Acreage of tree removal between 100-300 ft from edge of road/rail ballast	Acres (x2.25)	Acres (x1.75)	Acres (x2.0)	<u>0.1</u> Acres (x1.5)

To estimate acreage: If > 0.5 acres: identify the perimeter and area of the project impact with GPS/GIS. If < 0.5 acres: Can count number of suitable and multiply by 0.09 acres/tree or use GPS/GIS.

All Projects: Compensatory Mitigation

Using the multiplier (X.XX) in each box above, enter the Compensatory Mitigation Acres for all types of tree removal, all times of year, in total: 0.15 acres. \$5,706

The cost of using the USFWS In-Lieu-Fee program is $\frac{$2,980}{$2,980}$ per acre. Multiply Compensatory Mitigation Acres (total) from above times $\frac{$2,980}{$5,706}$ per acre for the amount to be contributed to the ILF: $\frac{$855.90}{$5,706}$.

Note: ILF payments must be made prior to project construction except for projects that do not require letting prior to construction (payments must be made within three months of project's completion).

All Projects: Effects Determination

Is the determination that NYSDOT is concluding "Likely to Adversely Affect" the IBat? (YES



If the USFWS does not respond within 30 days from submittal of this form, FHWA may presume that its determination is informed by the best available information and that its project responsibilities under 7(a)(2) with respect to the IBat are fulfilled. FHWA understands that the USFWS presumes that all activities are implemented as described herein.

FHWA will report any departures from the described activities to the appropriate USFWS Field Office. Involved parties will promptly notify the appropriate USFWS Field Office upon finding a dead, injured, or sick IBat.

Name (individual completing the form)/ Agency (NYSDOT or Local):	Corinne Steinmuller / Barton & Loguidice D.P.C.
--	---

Phone Number: 518-218-1801 x2033	Email Address:	csteinmuller@bartonandloguidice.com
NYSDOT Signature:		Date:

NYSDOT Signature:

FHWA Contact (name/email): _____

<u>Procedure:</u> NYSDOT submits this form to the FHWA Area Engineer, requesting their concurrence with the LAA determination. The NYSDOT signature is required to be the Regional Unit Supervisors for all projects, including local projects. The submission is to be one email with a project location map, with the project's Action Area clearly delineated on the map. If FHWA concurs with the determination, NYSDOT's email will be forwarded to the USFWS (cc: to the NYSDOT contact).

The USFWS has 30 calendar days to comment or request additional information, and will "reply to all". If FHWA/NYSDOT is not notified within 30 days, Section 7 consultation for the IBat is complete. The Area Engineer will then issue an ESA Concurrence Letter to NYSDOT.



FHWA-NY ESA Process

NLEB Suitable Habitat Assessment Form for Trees (NLEB SHAFT)

Project Name:	Kingston Rail Trail	PIN:	8758.04		
Acres Proposed to be	e Cut: 0.30	Lat/Long:	41.562468N, -74.2687W		
Project Description: New trail along the abandoned O&W Railroad corridor for 1.8 mi from existing Hurley					
Rail Trail parking lot t	o Washington Ave in Kingston				
All work within form	er rail bed and existing dirt trail area.				
Summary of NYNHP Database Results (Proximity to known hibernacula, roost trees, maternity colonies and forage					
locations): Se	ven hibernacula documented within 5 m	niles of the proje	ect site.		

Results of Field-based NLEB Suitable Bat Habitat Assessment:

- Does the Tree Removal Area contain forested/wooded habitat that is made up of trees greater than 3" dbh, that also exhibit signs of exfoliating bark, cracks crevices, and/or cavities, OR that also is mixed with larger trees? Yes Comment:
- Does the Tree Removal Area have individual trees that have exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, and/or cavities, and are closer than 1000' from other forested/wooded habitat? **Yes**
- Does the Tree Removal Area contain any of the following: adjacent and interspersed emergent wetlands and adjacent areas of agricultural fields, old fields, and pastures, and forests and woodlots (range from dense to loose aggregates of trees) that contain live trees and/or snags greater or equal to 3" dbh that have exfoliating bark, cracks, crevices, and/or cavities? **Yes**

If the answer is yes to any of the above questions, the determination is that "Suitable NLEB Habitat" exists within the Tree Removal Area.

Determination:	🔀 Suitable NLEB Habitat	No Suitable NLEB Habitat
	*Must complete Rangewide 14-Day Form,	*You can conclude "No Effect", No Suitable
	30- Day Form, or Formal Consultation.	Habitat.

Characterization/Description of the Habitat:	Early successional habitat of individual trees located within 1000'
	feet of
• · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

forested and wooded habitat. Wetlands are located adjacent and within the project boundaries.

The project area is sparsely populated by human made structures.

Comments (include specific bat species, if applicable, such as no roost trees for northern long-eared bat specifically were noted by NYNHP):

Name (individual co	mpleting the field assessment):	Corinne Steinmuller/Barton and Loguidice, D.P.C						
Signature:	adel		Date:	10/11/16				
Phone Number:	518-218-1801 x 2033	Email Address:	csteinmuller@bartonandlog	guidice.com				

Northern Long Eared Bat

Fill-able Form v. April 2016

Rangewide Bat Consultation Form

In submitting this form, FHWA ensures that the proposed project(s) adhere to the criteria of the rangewide programmatic informal BA. NYSDOT submits this form to the USFWS requesting their concurrence with NYSDOT's determination, with a cc: to the FHWA Area Engineer. The USFWS has 14 calendar days to comment or request additional information, and will "reply to all". If FHWA/NYSDOT is not notified within 14 days, Section 7 consultation for bat species is complete under the rangewide programmatic informal consultation. The Area Engineer will then issue an ESA Concurrence Letter to NYSDOT.

Project Name: Kingston Rail Trail	PIN: <u>8758.04</u>
Lat/Long <u>: 41.562468N, -74.2687W</u>	Region: NYSDOT Region 8
Project Description <u>: New trail along the abandoned (</u> Existing Hurley Rail Tral parking lot to Washington)	
FWS Consultation Code (Taken from IPaC project search)	: <u>05E1NY00-2016-SLI-2406</u>

Does the project contain documented forage or roost sites? If it does, NYSDOT must instead use the 7step traditional process found at: at <u>http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/step1.htm</u>. YES <u>NO</u>

Acres of trees to be cut, or number of trees to be cut: 0.30 acre

1	If the project is a bridge project, will current permanent lighting and roosting potent same? Also-The Bridge/Bat Survey Form is required to be completed and submit it t	
	Attachment 3.	YES NO <u>N/A</u>
2	Are trees to be cut between October 1 and March 31, and will they be marked to dis	stinguish them
	from trees that are not to be cut?	<u>YES</u> NO N/A
3	Are trees to be cut located within 100-feet of the existing road surface?	<u>YES</u> NO N/A
4	Are all other appropriate AMMs included in the project?	<u>YES</u> NO N/A

If the answers to the above four questions are YES (or N/A for some bridge projects), then the determination is "May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect" either Indiana bat or the northern long-eared bat. Is this the determination that NYSDOT is concluding? <u>YES</u> NO

If there are other species (from IPaC) that have a "May Affect" determination, please attach the determination/ paperwork. Are there other species? YES NO

Name (individual completing the form)/ Agency: Corinne Steinmuller/Barton and Loguidice, D.P.C

Phone Number: 518-218-1801 x Email Address: csteinmuller@bartonandloguidice.com 2033

ath

Signature:

Date: _^{10/11/16}

FHWA Area Engineer: _____

Attachment G

Species Conclusion Table

	Species Conclusions Table Project Name: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail Date: 03/21/17										
PotentialESA/Eagle ActSpecies Name/HabitatSpeciesCritical HabitatDeterminationCritical HabitatPresent?Present?Present?(REQUIRED)		Determination	Notes/Documentation Summary (include full rationale in your report)								
Indiana Bat (<i>Myotis sodalis</i>)	Yes	No Current Survey Conducted	No	May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect	Suitable roosting habitat was identified within the project corridor. The 4(d) rule indicates that tree removals of 1 acre or less that is not within 0.25 miles of a known bat hibernaculum or 150 feet of known occupied maternity roost trees are considered minimal impacts. Minimal impacts will have little or no impact on the ecological value and function. To reduce impacts to this species, tree removals will be completed during the USFWS' recommended cutting window: October 1 to March 31. By adhering to these cutting restrictions, a MA, LAA determination is recommended for the Indiana bat.						
Northern long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	Yes	Yes	No	May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect	The 4(d) rule indicates that tree removals of 1 acre or less which are not within 0.25 miles of a known bat hibernaculum or 150 feet of known occupied maternity roost trees are considered minimal impacts. Minimal impacts will have little or no impact on the ecological value and function. Seven hibernacula have been documented within 5 miles of the project site. Any removal of trees greater than 3" in diameter at breast height will be conducted during the USFWS' recommended cutting window: between October 1 and March 31 to avoid roosting periods. By adhering to these cutting restrictions, a MA, LAA is recommended for the northern long-eared bat. Suitable roosting habitat was identified within the project corridor.						
Bog Turtle (Clemmys muhlenbergii)	Yes	No Current Survey Conducted	No	No effect	There were no wetlands observed within the project corridor that exhibited the substrate, hydrology, and vegetation characteristics necessary to be considered suitable bog turtle habitat. Because of the absence of suitable habitat for this species, a No Effect determination is recommended.						
Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus)	Yes	Yes	No	Unlikely to disturb nesting bald eagles	The bald eagle was delisted from the federal ESA on August 8, 2007. While there are no ESA requirements for this species after this date, bald eagles continue to receive federal protection under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA). Documented within 0.5 miles of the project site. Any disturbance will be limited to temporary construction noise. No permanent habitat degradation will occur as a result of this project.						

Appendix C

Pedestrian & Traffic Information

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-2)

PIN:		8758.04	Project Location:	Ulster County				
Conte	xt:	✓ Urban/Village	Suburban, or 🔲 R	ural				
Projec	t Title:	Kingston Rail Trail						
STEP	1- APPL	ICABILITY OF CHECK	KLIST					
1.1	ians are prohibited pedestrian/bicycle	🗆 Yes 🔽 No						
		nis project a 1R* Mainte	enance project? If no ,	continue to questic	on 1.3. If yes , go to	🗌 Yes 🔽 No		
1.2	 <i>part b of this question.</i> b. Are there opportunities on the 1R project to improve safety for bicyclists and pedestrians with the following Complete Street features? Sidewalk curb ramps and crosswalks Shoulder condition and width 							
	•	Pavement markings Signing						
	Do	cument opportunities o	r deficiencies in the IP	P and <u>stop here.</u>				
	* Refe Forn	er to Highway Design Manual n" under ADA, Pavement Mai	l (HDM) Chapter 7, Exhibit 7 rkings and Shoulder Resurfa	7-1 "Resurfacing ADA an acing for guidance.	nd Safety Assessment			
1.3	Is this project a Cyclical Pavement Marking project? If no , continue to question 1.4. If yes , review <u>EI 13-021</u> * and identify opportunities to improve safety for bicyclists and pedestrians with the following Complete Streets features: • Travel lane width							
		-021, "Requirements and Gu ravel Lane and Shoulder Wic		ng Operations - Required	d Installation of CARDS			
1.4	Is this a Maintenance project (as described in the "Definitions" section of this checklist) and different from 1.2 and 1.3 projects? If no , continue to Step 2. If yes , the Project Development Team should continue to look for opportunities during the Design Approval process to improve existing bicycle and pedestrian facilities within the scope of project.							
STEP	1 prepar	ed by:			Date:			
STEP	2 - IPP L	EVEL QUESTIONS (A	t Initiation)		Comment/Action			

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-3)

 Are there public policies or approved known development plans (e.g., community Complete Streets policy, Comprehensive Plan, MPO Long Range and/or Bike/Ped plan, Corridor Study, etc.) that call for consideration of pedestrian, bicycle or transit facilities in, or linking to, the project area? <i>Contact municipal planning office, Regional Planning Group and Regional Bicycle/Pedestrian Coordinator.</i> 	☑ Yes 🗖 No	The proposed project is included in the Ulster County Transportation Council's (UCTC) 2008 Non-Motorized Transportation Plan
---	------------	--

2.2	Is there an existing or planned sidewalk, shared use path, bicycle facility, pedestrian-crossing facility or transit stop in the project area?	Ves 🗖 No	The project to extend from the existing O&W Rail Trail to the sidewalk system on Washington Avenue
2.3	 a. Is the highway part of an existing or planned State, regional or local bicycle route? <i>If no</i>, <i>proceed to question 2.4. If yes</i>, go to part b of <i>this question</i>. b. Do the existing bicycle accommodations meet the minimum standard guidelines of <u>HDM</u> <u>Chapter 17</u> or the AASHTO "Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities"? * <i>Contact</i> <i>Regional Bicycle/Pedestrian Coordinator</i> * <i>Per HDM Chapter 17- Section 17.4.3, Minimum</i> <i>Standards and Guidelines.</i> 	☐ Yes 🔽 No	
2.4	Is the highway considered important to bicycle tourism by the municipality or region?	☑ Yes 🗌 No	The project will link Kingston neighborhoods and businesses to the existing O&W Rail Trail.
2.5	Is the highway affected by special events (e.g., fairs, triathlons, festivals) that might influence bicycle, pedestrian or transit users? <i>Contact Regional Traffic and Safety</i>	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
2.6	Are there existing or proposed generators within the project area (<i>refer to the "Guidance" section</i>) that have the potential to generate pedestrian or bicycle traffic or improved transit accommodations? <i>Contact the municipal planning</i> <i>office, Regional Planning Group, and refer to the</i> <i>CAMCI Viewer, described in the "Definitions"</i> <i>section.</i>	☑ Yes 🗖 No	Forsyth Park, Dietz Stadium
2.7	Is the highway an undivided 4 lane section in an urban or suburban setting, with narrow shoulders, no center turn lanes, and existing Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) < 15,000 vehicles per day? <i>If</i> yes , consider a road diet evaluation for the scoping/design phase. Refer to the "Definitions" section for more information on road diets.	☐ Yes 🗹 No	

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-4)

2.8	Is there evidence of pedestrian activity (e.g., a worn path) and no or limited pedestrian infrastructure?	🗹 Yes 🗔 No	Corridor currently utilized by walkers, runners, and mountain bikers.				
STEP 2	prepared by:	Date:					
Bicycle/Pedestrian Coordinator has been provided an opportunity to comment: Image: Second							
ATTACH TO IPP AND INCLUDE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SCOPING/DESIGN.							

	3 - PROJECT DEVELOPMENT LEVEL QUESTIONS ing/Design Stage)	Comment/Action	
3.1	Is there an identified need for bicycle/pedestrian/ transit or "way finding" signs that could be incorporated into the project?	🗆 Yes 🔽 No	
3.2	Is there history of bicycle or pedestrian crashes in the project area for which improvements have not yet been made?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
3.3	Are there existing curb ramps, crosswalks, pedestrian traffic signal features, or sidewalks that don't meet ADA standards per <u>HDM Chapter 18</u> ?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
3.4	Is the posted speed limit is 40 mph or more and the paved shoulder width less than 4' (1.2 m) (6' in the Adirondack or other State Park)? <i>Refer to <u>EI 13-021</u>.</i>	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
3.5	Is there a perceived pedestrian safety or access concern that could be addressed by the use of traffic calming tools (e.g., bulb outs, raised pedestrian refuge medians, corner islands, raised crosswalks, mid-block crossings)?	Ves 🗌 No	Pedestrian-activated signal would improve pedestrian safety while crossing the high-volume Washington Ave.
3.6	Are there conflicts among vehicles (moving or parked) and bike, pedestrian or transit users which could be addressed by the project?	🗆 Yes 🔽 No	
3.7	Are there opportunities (or has the community expressed a desire) for new/improved pedestrian- level lighting, to create a more inviting or safer environment?	🗌 Yes 🗹 No	
3.8	Does the community have an existing street furniture program or a desire for street appurtenances (e.g., bike racks, benches)?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
3.9	Are there gaps in the bike/pedestrian connections between existing/planned generators? <i>Consider</i> <i>locations within and in close proximity of the project</i> <i>area. (Within 0.5 mi (800 m) for pedestrian facilities</i> <i>and within 1.0 mi (1600 m) for bicycle facilities.)</i>	🗹 Yes 🗌 No	There is no non-motorized transportation link between the existing O&W Trail and the City of Kingston
3.10	Are existing transit route facilities (bus stops, shelters, pullouts) inadequate or in inconvenient locations? (e.g., not near crosswalks) <i>Consult with</i> <i>Traffic and Safety and transit operator, as</i> <i>appropriate</i>	🗌 Yes 🔽 No	
3.11	Are there opportunities to improve vehicle parking patterns or to consolidate driveways, (which would benefit transit, pedestrians and bicyclists) as part of this project?	☑ Yes 🗌 No	Additional parking facilities will be provided for potential trail users

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-6)

3.12	Is the project on a "local delivery" route and/or do area businesses rely upon truck deliveries that need to be considered in design?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No						
3.13	Are there opportunities to include green infrastructure which may help reduce stormwater runoff and/or create a more inviting pedestrian environment?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No						
3.14	Are there opportunities to improve bicyclist operation through intersections and interchanges such as with the use of bicycle lane width and/or signing?	🗌 Yes 🔽 No						
STEP 3 prepared by: Date: Date:								
•	遷 CONTROL Forms.TextBox.1							

Introduction

Last Revised 06/22/2015

The intent of this checklist is to assist in the identification of needs for <u>Complete Streets</u> design features on Capital projects, including locally-administered projects.

This checklist is one tool that NYSDOT employs in its integrated approach to Complete Streets considerations. It provides a focused project-level evaluation which aids in identifying access and mobility issues and opportunities within a defined project area. For broader geographic considerations (e.g., bicycle route planning, corridor continuity), NYSDOT and other state and local agencies use a system-wide approach to identifying complete streets opportunities.

Use of this checklist is initiated during the earliest phase of a project, when information about existing conditions and needs may be limited; it is therefore likely that the Preparer will only be able to complete Steps 1 and 2 at this time. As the project progresses, and more detailed information becomes available, the Preparer will be able to complete Step 3 and continue to refine earlier answers, to give an increasingly accurate indication of needs and opportunities for Complete Streets features.

Guidance for Steps 1, 2 and 3

Based on the guidance below, the Regions will assign the appropriate staff to complete each step in the Checklist. The Preparer should have expertise in the subject matter and be able to effectively work with and coordinate comments/responses with involved Regional Groups.

- Steps 1 & 2: Preparer is from Planning; review occurs as part of the normal IPP process.
- Step 3: Preparer is Project Designer; review occurs as part of Design Approval Document review/approval process.
- For Local Projects Local Project Sponsors will be responsible for completing all steps.
- a. A check of "yes" indicates a need to further evaluate the project for Complete Streets features. Please identify in the comment box, or append at the end of the checklist, any supporting information or documentation.
- b. Answers to the questions should be checked with the local municipality, transit provider, MPO, etc., as appropriate, to ensure accuracy and evaluate needed items versus desirable items (i.e., prioritize needs).
- c. Answers to the questions should be coordinated with NYSDOT Regional program areas as appropriate (e.g.,

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-7)

Traffic and Safety, Landscape Architecture, Maintenance, etc.)

- d. This checklist should be reviewed during the development of the IPP, Scoping Document, and Design Approval Document; and revisited due to a project delay or if site conditions or local planning changes during the project development process. Continued coordination with the Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Coordinator is necessary throughout project scoping and design.
- e. It will be assumed that the Project Description and Limits will be as described in the IPP for Step I, the Scoping Document for Step 2 and the Design Approval Document for Step 3. Preparers should describe any deviations from this assumption under "Preparer's Supporting Documentation".
- f. For the purposes of this checklist, the "project area" is within 0.5 mi (800 m) for pedestrian facilities and 1.0 mi (1600 m) for bicycle facilities. In some circumstances, bicyclists may travel up to 7 miles for a unique generator, attraction or event. These special circumstances may be considered and described as appropriate.
- g. For background on Complete Streets features and terminology, please visit the following websites:

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/bicycle_pedestrian/guidance/design_guidance/design_nonmotor/highway/index.cfm http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/publications/publicroads/10julaug/03.cfm http://www.smartgrowthamerica.org/complete-streets/

- h. Refer to <u>*Highway Design Manual Chapter 18</u>*, Section 18.5.1 for further information and guidance on the use of this checklist.</u>
- i. For projects with multiple sites, Preparers may choose to prepare multiple checklists for each site.

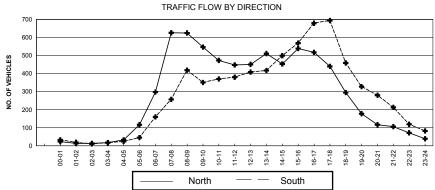
Definitions

- <u>CAMCI (Comprehensive Asset Management/Capital Investment) Viewer</u> A web-based GIS application used for planning purposes and located at <u>http://gisweb/camci/</u>.
- <u>Generator</u> A generator, in this document, refers to both origins and destinations for bicycle and/or pedestrian trips (e.g., schools, libraries, shopping areas, bus stops, transit stations, depots/terminals).
- HDM New York State Department of Transportation's Highway Design Manual.
- <u>Maintenance project</u> For the purposes of this checklist, maintenance projects are listed as the following project types: Rigid pavement repairs, pavement grooving, drainage system restoration, recharge basin reconditioning, SPDES facilities maintenance, underdrain installation, guide rail and/or median barrier upgrading, impact attenuator repair, and/or replacement, reference marker replacement, traffic management systems maintenance, repair and replace loop detectors, highway lighting upgrades, noise wall rehab/replacement, retaining wall rehab/replacement, graffiti removal/prevention, vegetation management, permanent traffic count detectors, weigh-in-motion detectors, slope stabilization, ditch cleaning, bridge washing/cleaning, bridge joint repair, bridge painting and crack sealing.
- <u>MPO (Metropolitan Planning Organization)</u> A federally mandated and federally funded transportation policymaking organization made up of representatives from local government and governmental transportation authorities.
- <u>Raised Pedestrian Refuge Medians and Corner Islands</u> Raised elements within the street at an intersection or midblock crossing that provide a clear or safety zone to separate pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized modes, from motor vehicles. See FHWA's Safety Effects of Marked vs. Unmarked Crosswalks at Uncontrolled Locations at <u>http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/publications/research/safety/04100/04100.pdf</u>.
- <u>Road diet</u> A transportation planning technique used to achieve systemic improvements to safety or provide space for alternate modes of travel. For example, a two-way, four lane road might be reduced to one travel lane in each direction, with more space allocated to pedestrian and cyclist facilities. Also known as a lane reduction or road rechannelization.
- <u>Transit facilities</u> Includes facilities such as transit shelters, bus turnouts and standing pads.
- <u>1R project</u> A road resurfacing project that includes the placement or replacement of the top and/or binder pavement course(s) to extend or renew the existing pavement design life and to improve serviceability while not

Chapter 18, Appendix A - CAPITAL PROJECTS COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST (18A-8)

- degrading safety.
- <u>2R project</u> A multicourse structural pavement and resurfacing project that may include: milling, super elevation, traffic signals, turn lanes, driveway modifications, roadside work, minor safety work, lane and shoulder widening, shoulder reconstruction, drainage work, sidewalk curb ramps, etc.

			Cl	assific	ation	Count	Aver	age V	Veekd	ay Ho	ourly	Data F	Repor	t			
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	05-06	0	89	19	1	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0 117	7.7	23.9	.9
	06-07 07-08	0 0	225 503	62 102	0 0	8 16	0 1	0 0	0 1	3 3	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 298 0 626	3.7 3.4	24.5 19.6	.9 .9
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	09-10 10-11	1 0	421 363	95 81	3 3	19 17	1 2	1 0	1 3	4	1 1	0 0	0 0	0 547 0 473	5.5 6.1	22.9 23.3	.9 .9
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	14-15	1	357	67	3	14	2	0	4	3	1	0	0	1 453	6.2	21.0	.9
	15-16 16-17	1 1	417 412	85 77	4 2	22 19	2 1	1	2 2	3 3	1 1	0 0	0 0	1 539 0 518	6.7 5.4	22.4 20.3	.9 .9
	17-18	0	356	66	1	12	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0 440	4.1	19.1	.99
	18-19 19-20	0 0	245 148	40 24	0 1	9 3	0 0	0 0	0 1	1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 295 0 178	3.4 3.4	16.9 16.9	.99 .99
	20-21	0	96	16	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0 117	4.3	17.9	.99
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	15-16	0	471	77	1	11	4	1	1	2 0	1	0	0	0 569	3.7	17.2	.9
	16-17 17-18	1 0	564 601	93 80	1 0	10 5	8 4	1 0	1 1	1	0 1	0	0	0 679 1 694	3.1 1.9	16.8 13.4	.9 .9
	18-19 19-20	1 0	400	44	1 0	6 3	5	0	1 1	1	0 0	0	0	0 459 0 328	3.1 2.7	12.6	.9 .9
	20-21	0	281 249	38 26	0	2	43	0	1 0	1	0	0	0	0 328 0 280	1.8	14.3 11.1	.9
	21-22 22-23	0 0	188 103	20 12	0 0	2 1	2 2	0 0	0 0	0	1 0	0 0	0	0 213 0 119	2.3 3.4	11.7 13.4	.9 .9
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DIRECTION	North	South	TOTAL
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	6953	6833	13786
NUMBER OF AXLES	14200	14051	28251
% HEAVY VEHICLES (F4-F13)	5.00%	5.20%	5.10%
% TRUCKS & BUSES (F3-F13)	21.00%	17.50%	19.30%
AXLE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.98	0.97	0.98

	Р	EAK HO	UR DAT	Ά	
DIRECTION	HOUR	COUNT	2-WAY	HOUR	COUNT
North	07-08	626	A.M.	08-09	1044
South	17-18	694	P.M.	16-17	1197

New York State Department of Transportation Traffic Count Hourly Report

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1	S	144	102	55	43	41	38	100	179	314	421	541	634	693	580	601	547	486	470	369	350	256	213	133	97	7407	693	12
2	M	62	43	26	41	55	109	284	567	658	673	798	822	993	925	921	954	1060	999	608	543	363	256	151	101	12012	1060	16
3		67	48	54	36	48	113	301	550	728	710	779	868	937	838	896	1009	1174	1017	628	486	384	267	240	140	12318	1174	16
4	W	70	41	42	26	51	127	315	571																			

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Ū.		0 102		0,0	0.000		11264	
81K F	ROAD NAME: N	Vashington Ave	FROM: JCT WASH AV	E&HURLEYAVE	TO: T (OWN OF ULSTER	COUNTY:	Ulster

ROUTE #:981K STATION: 860906

STATE DIR CODE: 6

PLACEMENT: 500 Ft N of Schwenk Dr

DATE OF COUNT: 07/28/2010

New York State Department of Transportation Traffic Count Hourly Report

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31	S	141	74	38	24	23	50	114	287	450		682	809	697	622	638	608	581	589	522	461	426	383	304	212	9286	809	11
1	S	167	102	29	31	37	51	95	154	265	365	435	524	597	641	612	581	658	571	477	416	393	259	181	141	7782	658	16
2	M	60	42	22	33	37	98	240	621	895	814	846	877	901	851	851	920	944	811	581	422	345	240	187		11768	944	16
3 4	W	71 67	42 35	32 30	33 31	37 45	106 96	247 249	683 648	984	865	802	773	824	874	918	927	990	797	556	463	356	266	208	140	11994	990	16

73		EEKDAY HOURS (Axle Factored, Mon 6AM 10 817 800 813 840 838 846	/l to Fri Noon) 901 922 828 602 464 370 23	ADT 75 193 141 11745
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<u>Counted</u>	Counted Counted Hours	High Hour % of day	Factor Adjustment Factor	AADT
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				10740
ROUTE #: 981K Station: 860906	ROAD NAME: Washington Ave STATE DIR CODE: 7	FROM: JCT WASH AVE&HURLEYAVE PLACEMENT: 500 Ft N of Schwenk Dr	TO: TOWN OF ULSTER	COUNTY: Ulster DATE OF COUNT: 07/28/2010

County of Ulster Traffic Count Hourly Report

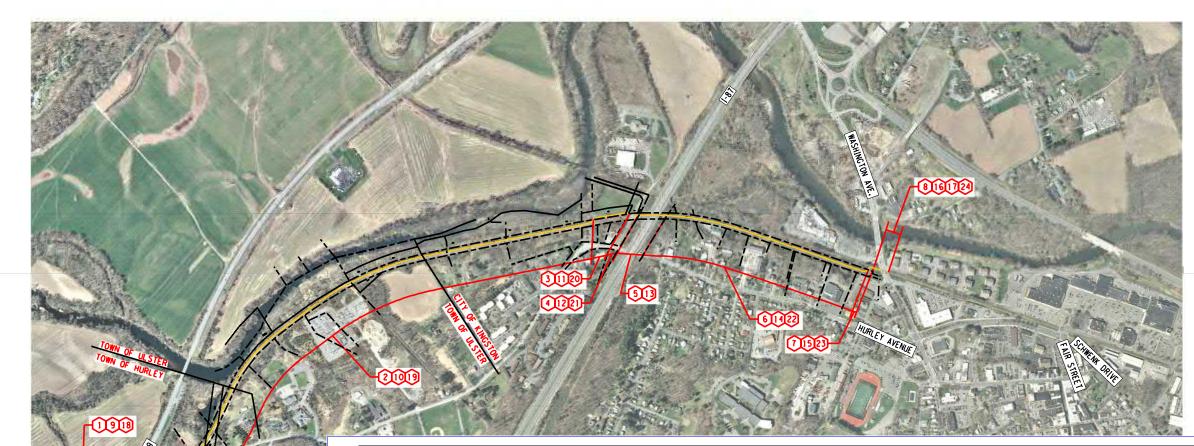
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County of Ulster Traffic Count Hourly Report

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Appendix D

Ownership and Maintenance Jurisdiction



PART NO.	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	FEATURES BEING MAINTAINED	CENTERLINE MILES	LANE MILES	AGENCY	AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE JURISDICTION
ROADWAY				1			I
1	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 10+25 - STA. OW 11+50	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.02	0.02	TOWN OF HURLEY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
2	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 11+50 - STA. OW 75+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	1.20	1.20	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
3	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 75+50 - STA. OW 79+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.07	0.07	ADIRONDACK TRANSIT LINES	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
4	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 79+00 - STA OW 79+75	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.01	0.01	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
5	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 79+75 - STA OW 82+75	UNDE RPASS STRUCTURE	0.06	0.06	NYS THRUWAY AUTHORITY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
6	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 82+75 - STA OW 104+60	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.41	0.41	ULSTER SAVINGS BANK	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
7	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 104+60 - STA OW 106+15	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.03	0.03	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
8	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	PAVEMENT, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, STRIPING, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	N.A.	N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
SNOW & ICE	E REMOVAL						
9	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 10+25 - STA. OW 11+50	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.02	0.02	TOWN OF HURLEY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
10	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 11+50 - STA. OW 75+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	1.20	1.20	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
11	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 75+50 - STA. OW 79+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.07	0.07	ADIRONDACK TRANSIT LINES	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
12	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 79+00 - STA OW 79+75	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.01	0.01	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
13	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 79+75 - STA OW 82+75	UNDERPASS STRUCTURE	0.06	0.06	NYS THRUWAY AUTHORITY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
14	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 82+75 - STA OW 104+60	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.41	0.41	ULSTER SAVINGS BANK	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
15	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 104+60 - STA OW 106+15	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.03	0.03	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
16	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	PAVEMENT, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, STRIPING, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	N.A.	N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
SIDEWALKS	S & APPURTENANCES		·				
17	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	SIDEWALKS	N.A.	N.A	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
MOWING							
18	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 10+25 - STA. OW 11+50	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.02	0.02	TOWN OF HURLEY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
19	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 11+50 - STA. OW 75+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	1.20	1.20	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
20	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA. OW 75+50 - STA. OW 79+00	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.07	0.07	ADIRONDACK TRANSIT LINES	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
21	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 79+75 - STA OW 82+75	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	0.01	0.01	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
22	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 82+75 - STA OW 104+60	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.41	0.41	ULSTER SAVINGS BANK	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
23	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	STA OW 104+60 - STA OW 106+15	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALL/RAMPS	0.03	0.03	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
24	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	SHOULDER AND SIDE SLOPES WITHIN PROPERTY BOUNDARY	N.A.	N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW

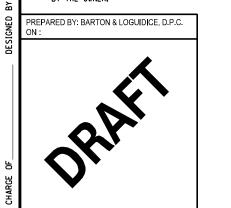
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NOTES:

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1. PART NO. REFERS TO CORRESPONDING NUMBERS ON THE PLAN

- 2. ALL EXISTING MUNICIPALITY OR PRIVATELY OWNED UTILITIES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE HIGHWAY R.O.W. WHICH REMAIN IN SERVICE UNCHANGED, AND ALL SUCH FACILITIES RELOCATED OR PROTECTED AS A PART OF THE WORK PERFORMED UNDER THIS PROJECT, WHETHER CROSSING, LOCATED WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THE R.O.W., SHALL BE WAINTAINED AS THE CASE WAY BE, BY THE MUNICIPALITY OR BY THE AGENCY OR UNIT OWNING OR HAVING CONTROL AND JURISDICTION THEREOF.
- 3. THE PORTION OF A DRIVEWAY OR SIDE STREET, CONSTRUCTED OR ADJUSTED UNDER THE PROJECT BETWEEN THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF SHOULDER OR PARKING LANE SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY. THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE ADJUSTED DRIVEWAY BEYOND THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF SHOULDER SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE OWNER.



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NO. DATE BY REVISION			*
	C. ognidice, D.P.C.	INALITHORIZED ALTERATION OF ADDITION TO THIS	DRAWING IS A VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 145 SECTION 7209
KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL	CITY OF KINGSTON, TOWNS OF HURLEY AND ULSTER	ULSTER COUNTY	P.I.N. 8758.04
JL OP SCAL	E: 1 : 1 ISSUEE /ING	CTIO B-1, C	N -



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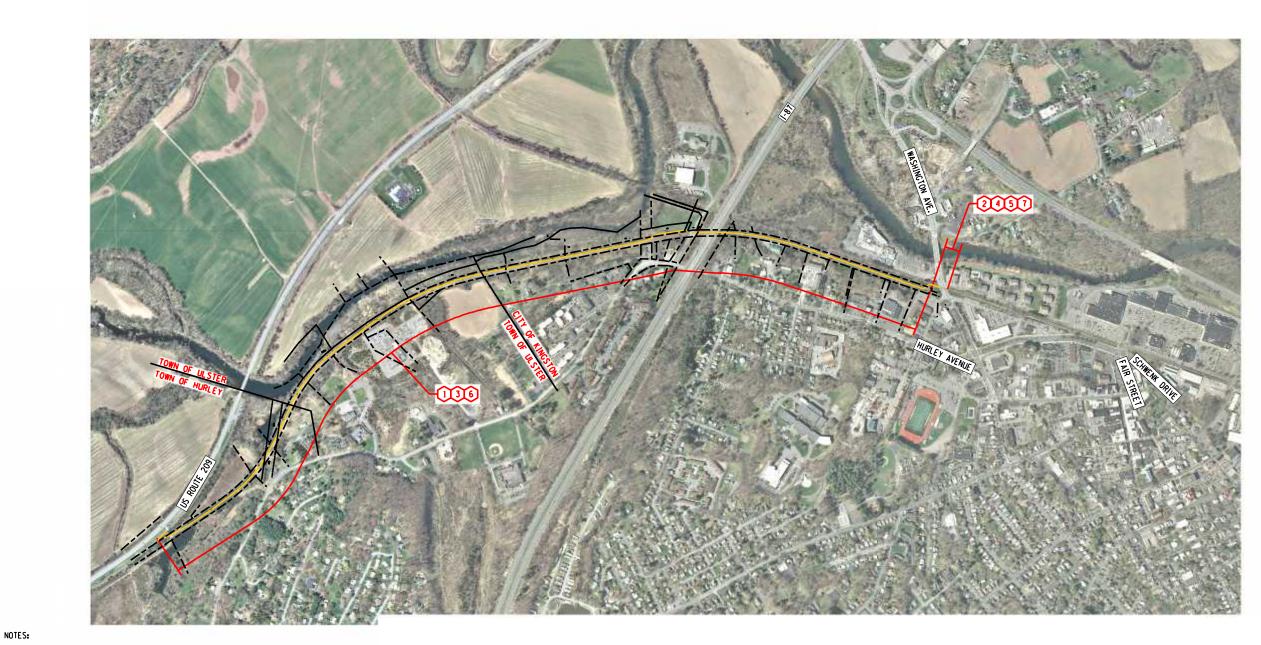
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1. PART NO. REFERS TO CORRESPONDING NUMBERS ON THE PLAN

- 2. ALL EXISTING MUNICIPALITY OR PRIVATELY OWNED UTILITIES WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE HIGHWAY R.O.W. WHICH REMAIN IN SERVICE UNCHANGED, AND ALL SUCH FACILITIES RELOCATED OR PROTECTED AS A PART OF THE WORK PERFORMED UNDER THIS PROJECT, WHETHER CROSSING, LOCATED WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THE R.O.W., SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS THE CASE MAY BE, BY THE MUNICIPALITY OR BY THE AGENCY OR UNIT OWNING OR HAVING CONTROL AND JURISDICTION THEREOF.
- 3. THE PORTION OF A DRIVEWAY OR SIDE STREET, CONSTRUCTED OR ADJUSTED UNDER THE PROJECT BETWEEN THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF SHOULDER OR PARKING LANE SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY. THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE ADJUSTED DRIVEWAY BEYOND THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF SHOULDER SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE OWNER.
- PREPARED BY: BARTON & LOGUIDICE, D.P.C.

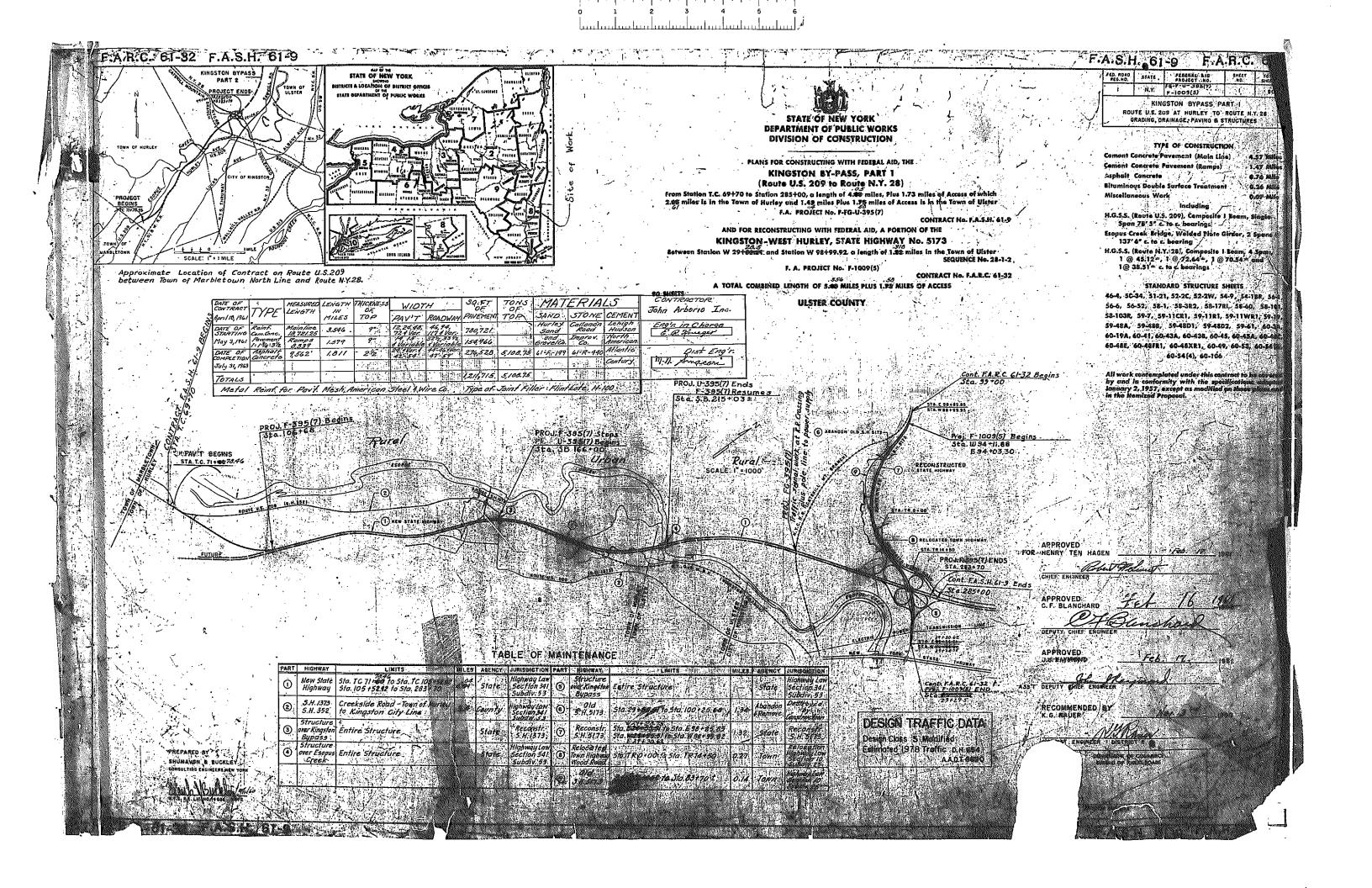
			MAINTENANCE JURISDICTION TABLE		
PART NO.	HIGHWAY	LIMITS	FEATURE(S) TO BE MAINTAINED	CENTERLINE MILES	L
ROADWAY					-
1	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	ENTIRE LIMITS	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	1.74	
2	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	PAVEMENT, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, STRIPING, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	N.A.	
SNOW & ICE	EREMOVAL				
3	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	ENTIRE LIMITS	SURFACE MATERIAL, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	1.74	
4	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	PAVEMENT, SHOULDERS, SIGNS, STRIPING, DRAINAGE, LANDSCAPING	N.A.	
SIDEWALKS	& APPURTENANCES		-		
5	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	SIDEWALKS	N.A.	ſ
MOWING					
6	O&W CORRIDOR (OPTION B-1)	ENTIRE LIMITS	SHOULDER AND SIDE SLOPES WITHIN PROPERTY BOUNDARY	1.74	ſ
7	WASHINGTON AVENUE	ENTIRE LIMITS	SHOULDER AND SIDE SLOPES WITHIN PROPERTY BOUNDARY	N.A.	ſ

LANE MILES	AGENCY	AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE JURISDICTION
1.74	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
1.74	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
N.A	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW
1.74	ULSTER COUNTY	SECTION 81, HIGHWAY LAW
N.A.	CITY OF KINGSTON	ARTICLE 3, SECTION 46, HIGHWAY LAW

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	BY REVISION					
	O. DATE B					
	SURVEY PROVIDED BY: N	BROOKS & BROOKS, PC	SURVEVING, FLAMMING, GIS			
	arton	C, oguidice, DPC.		UNAUTHORIZED ALTERATION OR ADDITION TO THIS	DRAWING IS A VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK STATE	EDUCATION LAW ARTICLE 145 SECTION 7209
	KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL	CITY OF KINGSTON, TOWNS OF HURLEY AND ULSTER	ULSTER COUNTY		PIN 8758 04	
	JL OP SCALI	E: 1 : 1 ISSUEE	CTI 3-1,	0	N - &N	/
		MJ	- 1			

Appendix E

Structures Information



STRUCTURAL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

Structures have been designed and shall be detailed in accordance with ALSHO. Specifications 1957 Edition, modified by N.Y. State D.P.W. as follows: Design Laad: H20-SIG-44, or Interstate Loading of 2-24,000 lb. ox/es #4.0°.c.c., except that slabs designed for not less than 32,000 lb.axle. Weight at Earth:130 lbs/auft. for Bridges, 120 lbs/auft for Kalls and Culverts Design Stresses: Structural Steel-bending 18,000 p.si. Concrete compression in bending 1000 p.s.i. Reinforcing Steel-Tension 18,000 p.s.i. Modular ratio. n + 10 Shear Connectors : designed for a factor of safety of 2

Earth Pressure: Equivalent fluid pressure of 38 lbs/sq. ft.

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FOUNDATION CONDITIONS

The Contractor's attention is directed to the Special Notes for each structure which appear in the proposal. Particular altention should be given to the foundation notes which briefly culline the anticipated subsurface conditions at each site and which specify certain requirements relative to construction.

Boring information and samples may be inspected at the office of the District Engineer, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Borings taken in 1958

CONCRETE

Construction Joints, other than those shown, will not be permitted without

Construction Joints, other than those shown, will not be permitted without withen permission of the Deputy Chief Engineer (Bridges). Adequate keys shall be provided at all construction joints. Concrete in tops of pedestals under bearing plates shall be placed if high integrally with the concrete of the pedestal and bush hammered to a true horizontal plane at the required elevation. Sidewolksshall not be scored on bridge.

The cost of furnishing and installing all joint materials, compressed aspestos sheet packing, aphalt rading felt, coulking compound, prefirmed expansion joint filler and lead wool shall be deemed included in the unit prices but for the concrete items except that yant Sealing Compound and Rubber Joint Material, will be poid for under Items 351 X and 357 X respectively. Unless otherwise shown all exposed edges of concrete shall be chamtered I. Bituminous Material, Item GI shall be applied to the back of all Retaining Walls

and Bridge Abulments in contact with earth above the footings and pedestals. The minimum waiting period before loads are permitted on the structural slab or the wearing surface after the Concrete is placed, shall be 10 days for loads of 2 tons to 10 tons and 28 days for loads of 10 tons to the legal load limit.

Tops of Abutment Backwalls shall be steel travel finished. Fiber Glass Resin laminate Waterproofing Hern 450 shall be applied to tops of bridge deck slabs and other surfaces wherever Asphalt Concrete Wearing Surface is to be in contact with concrete and shall extend up face of curb I above pavement

Approved corrugated metal forms may be used for the Structural Slab, provided the cover for the reinforcing steel is maintained above the crest of the con-

Stud shar connectors shall be placed on the beams after the Structural Steel has been erected and the forms have been placed tor the structural slab.

SELECTED FILL

At Structures all Embankments and Fills of Selected Fill, Item 2 EF-8 At structures all Embankments and Fills of Selected Fill, Item 2 EF-8 shall be deposited in horizontal layers not to exceed 8 inches in thickness and theorughly compacted to a minimum dry density of 100 percent of Maximum Density, as defined in the General Specifications for Excavation under "h. Embankments". Water shall be added in such amounts as the Engineer may consider necessary to obtain satisfactory compaction. The portion of Selected Fill shown on the plans which is below abutment footings shall be placed prior to pile driving and consolidated for a period of time satisfactory to the Deputy Chief Engineer (Bridges), unless otherwise specified.

specified.

The Selected Fill shown behind abutments and / or wingwalls shall be placed immediately following the completion and curing of the abutment walls and for wingwalls.

NOTES

BAR REINFORCEMENT

Dimensions relative to Bar Reinforcement are to center lines of bars unless otherwise noted.

Concrete cover measured to the face of the bar shall be: I for bridge deck slabs.

4' in bottom of footing for obutments, walls and piers. 2" in all other locations, except where otherwise shown on the plans.

Bar spacing may be varied linch where necessary but the number of bars in each 5 feet shall equal the number called for on the plans Reinforcement bar laps are to be 20 diameters, for bars with deformations conforming to ASTM - A 305, latest issue, unless otherwise noted on the plans.

STRUCTURAL STEEL

All Steel to be welded to conform to ASTM Designation A 373, except as noted on plans.

All welding not covered on the plans and specifications shall conform to AWS, Specifications for Welded Highway and Railway Bridges, 1956 Edition. Beams and girders of composite construction shall have no temporary

intermediate supports while concrete is being placed. Surfaces against which concrete is to be deposited shall not be painted.

All longitudinal beams and girders shall be cambered to dead load deflection and vertical curvature of the roadway. All rivets a fain, goen holes a dia unless otherwise noted. All Web Stiffeners to be truly vertical in fascia girders. Unless otherwise shown all fillet welds to be a fat. Camber of beams shall be measured with beams lying on their sides.

Stringers and girders shall be field welded to sole plates after bearings have been set and aligned to their proper positions on bridge seats. No paint to be applied on flange where welds are to be made. Special precoutions must be exercised where welding crosses edge

of flange to avoid any possibility of "under cut" or nicks in edge of flanae.

In addition to the electrodes permitted under Item 29A, low hydrogen electrodes meeting the requirements of A.W.S.-A.S.T.M. Classification EGO/8 may also be used for manual welding. The same precautions regarding

the care and use of E GOI8 electrodes shall be observed as are required for E GOIS and E GOI6 electrodes. When the Contractor electrodes, shall be of sufficient strength to support and hold the bolts in their proper position and not displace when concrete is poured.

When the Contractor elects to grill the finished concrete to set anchor bolts, when the contractor elects to only the ministrica contracts in the bridge seat it will be his responsibility to place the reinforcing steel in the bridge seat or pedestals to prevent interference with his drilling operations. Anchor bolts shall be set and grouted immediately after the holes predrilled. Radiographic inspection may be used to establish the soundness of

groove welds in butt joints. Any such inspection will be made without cost to the Contractor, and procedure, technique and standards of acceptance will be in accordance with the A.S.M.E.Boiler Code,

PAINTING OF STRUCTURAL STEEL

Section VIII Paragraph UW51.

The driver catalyst shall be Zirconium Manganese and Cobalt metals of the following tabulated percentages of the non-volatile vehicle by weight introduced therein as soluble organic metal salts.

	ZIRCONIUM %.	MANGANESE Z	COBALT %	
Marion Primer	0.14	0.04		
Orange Primer	0.14	0.04		
Black Paint	0.15	0.01	0.02	
Stain resistant White Paint	0.10	0.02		
Gray Paint	0.10;	0.02		
6roy-Green Paint	0.15	0.04		

Normal spreading rates for paints M19A thru M24A shall be in the range of the 400 to 500 sq. ft. per gal., so as to provide wet film thickness of 2.5 to 3.5 mils.

Paint shall be opplied only when the air temperature is at or above 40° Fahr. and relative humidity is less than 85%.

SPECIFICATIONS

New York State Department of Public Works Division of Construction by the supplementary specifications, shall govern the construction of this Contract.

CIVIL NOTES

Elevations refer to the datum of the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, which is Mean Sea Level at Sondy Hook.

The North Indicated on and referred to in this set of plans is the Grid North of the East Zone of the New York State Traverse Mercator Coordinate System. Azimuths measured from the North. The principal Meridian of East Zone is West Longitude 74*-20'- 00";

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UTILITY NOTE

Telephone and electrical poles and cables will be removed or relocated by others.

CEMENT AND AGGREGATES

Cement: Type 2A- For Items IBX,85CA,85CB,85CC ¢85CT. Type 2A - For Items 47BR and 47 BRC Type 2A and N-for Items 47,47C,97BB,97BC, 102DI-A,102DI-B 102DI-C,102M-E,102X,105 and 20X.

Aggregates: Type A or B shall be used as coarse aggregate and Type a, b or c, fine aggregate shall be used in all concrete items.

GRADING NOTE

All grading shall be defined by the Typical Sections except as directed by the Engineer and/or as indicated on the plans. The cost of furnishing and placing water used for sodding will be paid for under Items IW and IWA of the Highway Portion of the Contract.

EXCAVATION NOTE

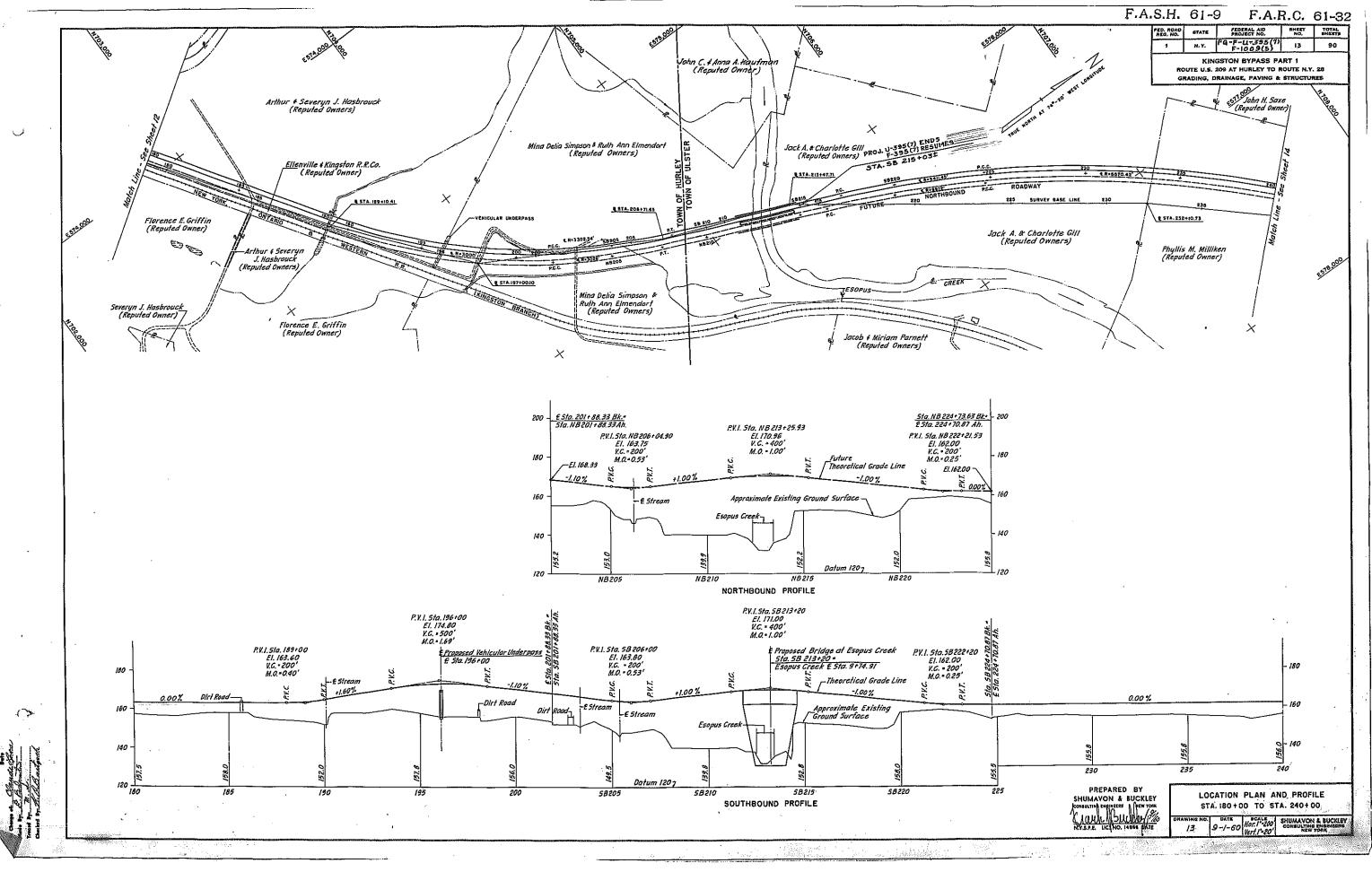
The cost of any pumping, bailing and draining necessary during construction to keep the excavation free from water shall be included in the unit prices bid for the excavation items, except where item 82 is shown on the plans, it shall be included in the price bid for Item 82.

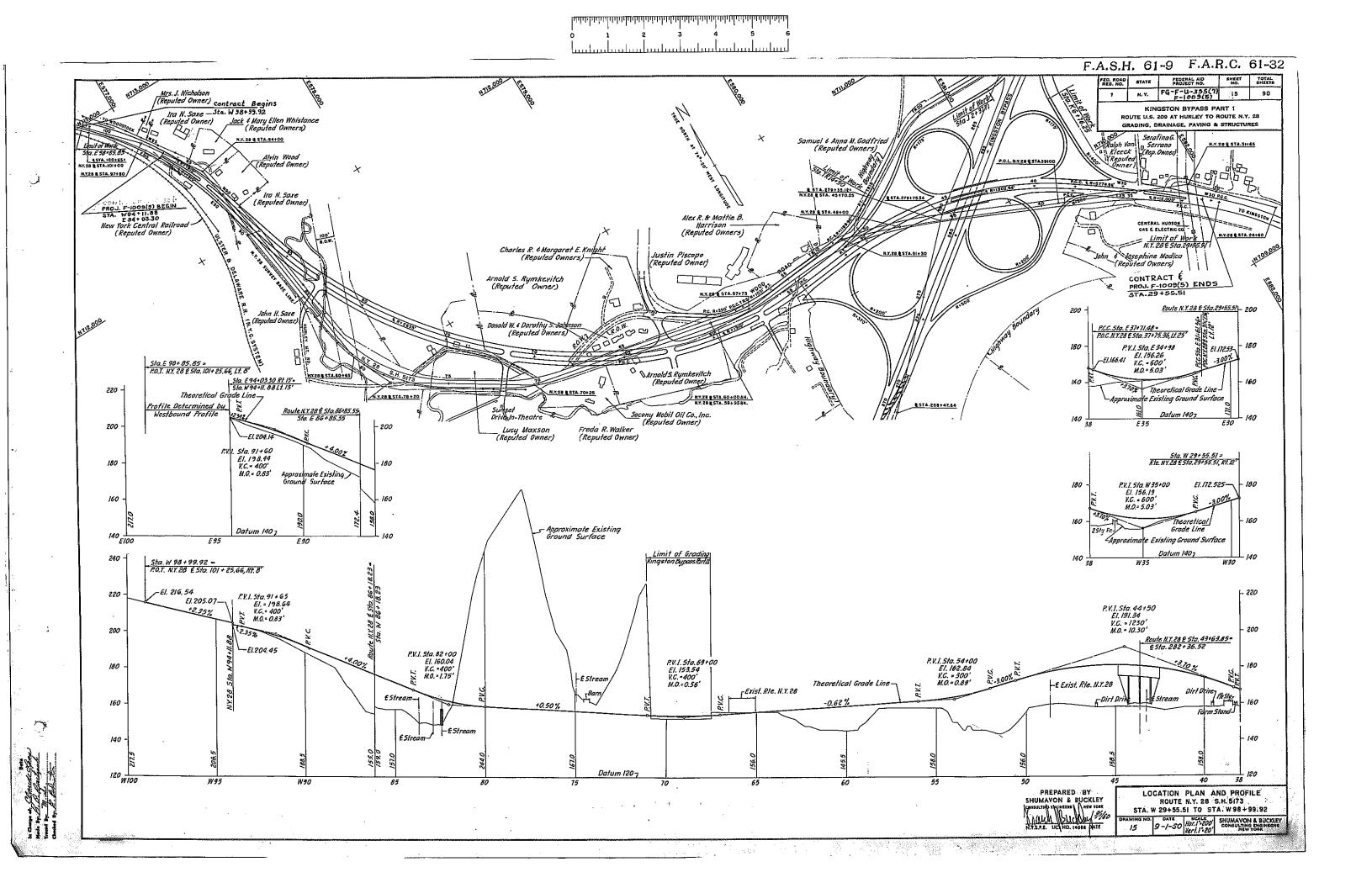
MAINTAINING TRAFFIC

The contractor shall perform his work in such a manner so as to maintain two way vehicular and pedestrian traffic at all times while maintaining full access to adjacent private property. See Specifications for Item 76.

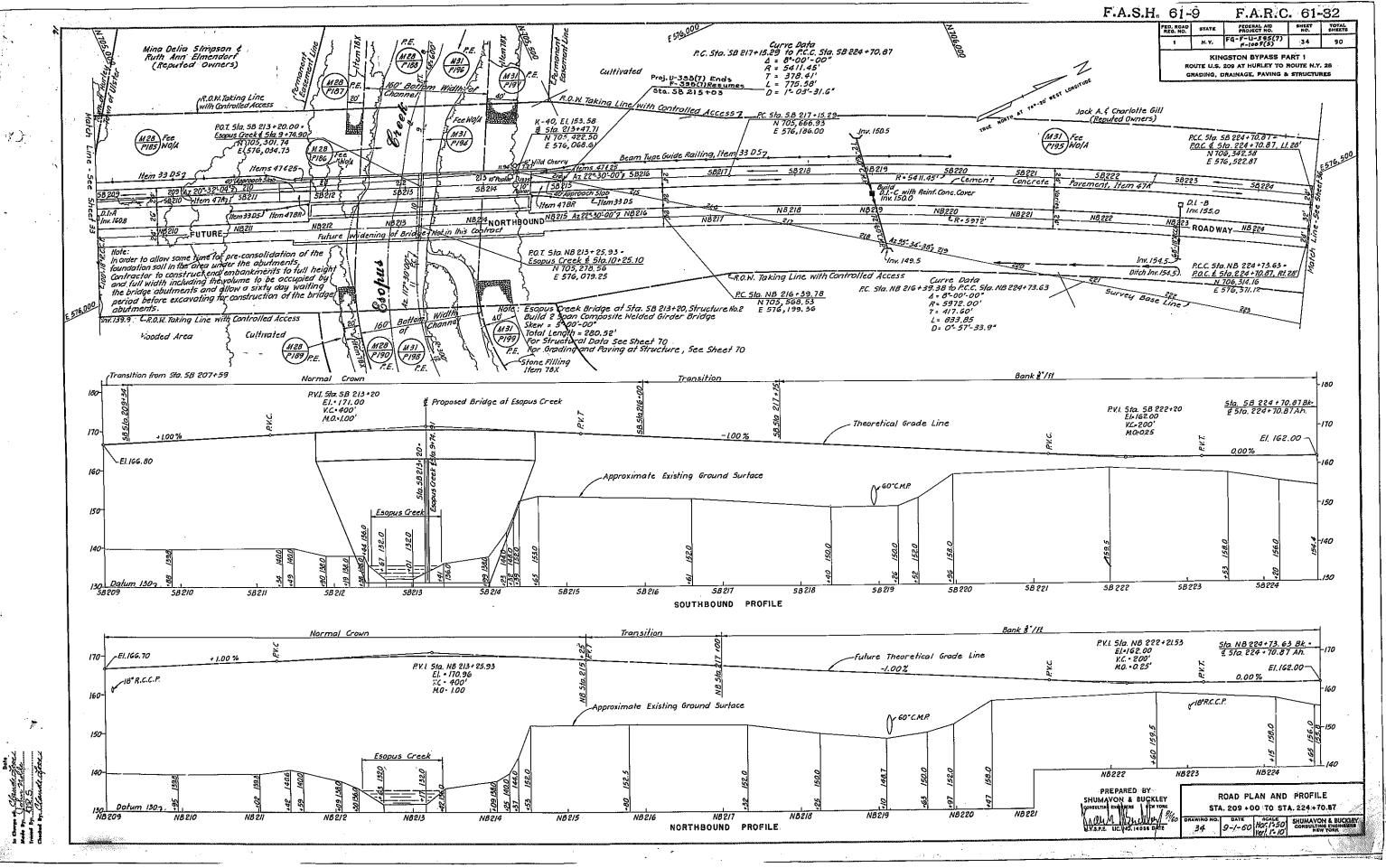
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	FED. RD40 HEG.NO.	STATE		RAL AID ECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL BHEETS	•				
	1	N.Y.		u-385(7) 1009(5)	10	90					
KINGSTON BYPASS PART I											
ROUTE U.S. 209 AT HURLEY TO ROUTE N.Y. 28 Grading, Drainage, Paving & Structures											
SYMBOLS											
				·		1					
			EXIST	ING	PROPOSE	D_					
Property Line		-		-			ļ				
City or Town Line Right of Way Taking Line		_				•					
Water Main		_									
Water Valve		_		 							
Hydrant			А		¥	1					
Storm Drain					Future						
Drop Inlet			D	······································			1				
Manhole Headwall		-		•		-					
Utility Company Pole			T ~		т ••						
Utility Company Pole with	Light		*								
Tree			ø								
Edge of Woods			~~~~			1					
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Temporary Pavement					<u>، معامی</u> ۴۰۵	4					
Boring and Number					•						
ABBREVIATIONS											
R.C.C.P. Reinforced Concrete Culvert Pipe											
CMP Corrugated Metal Pipe											
C.M.P.A. Corrugated Metal Pipe Arch DT-A Drop Inlet - A' denotes Type M H Manhole											
Inv. Invert Elevation											
CHGAF Central Hudson Gas and Electric Corporation											
R.O.W. Right of Way N.I.C. Not in Contract											
N.F. Near Fac F.F. Far Face											
E.F. Each Fac A.O.B.E. As ordere	d by the i	Enginee	r				·				
I.O.B.E. If ordered	d by the l	Enginee									
					•						
PREPARED BY											
			NOTES	AND SY	MBOLS	.9// 97.3					
KIGILA BULLENU 9160 DRAWING NO.			PATE	SCALE	SHUMAYO	N & BUCKLEY					
N.Y.S.P.E. LC. NO. 1403 DA	ie		9-1-60	No Scale	CONBULTIN	N & BUCKLEY					
		1995 - P	1.1		891 - 1979 ⁻						

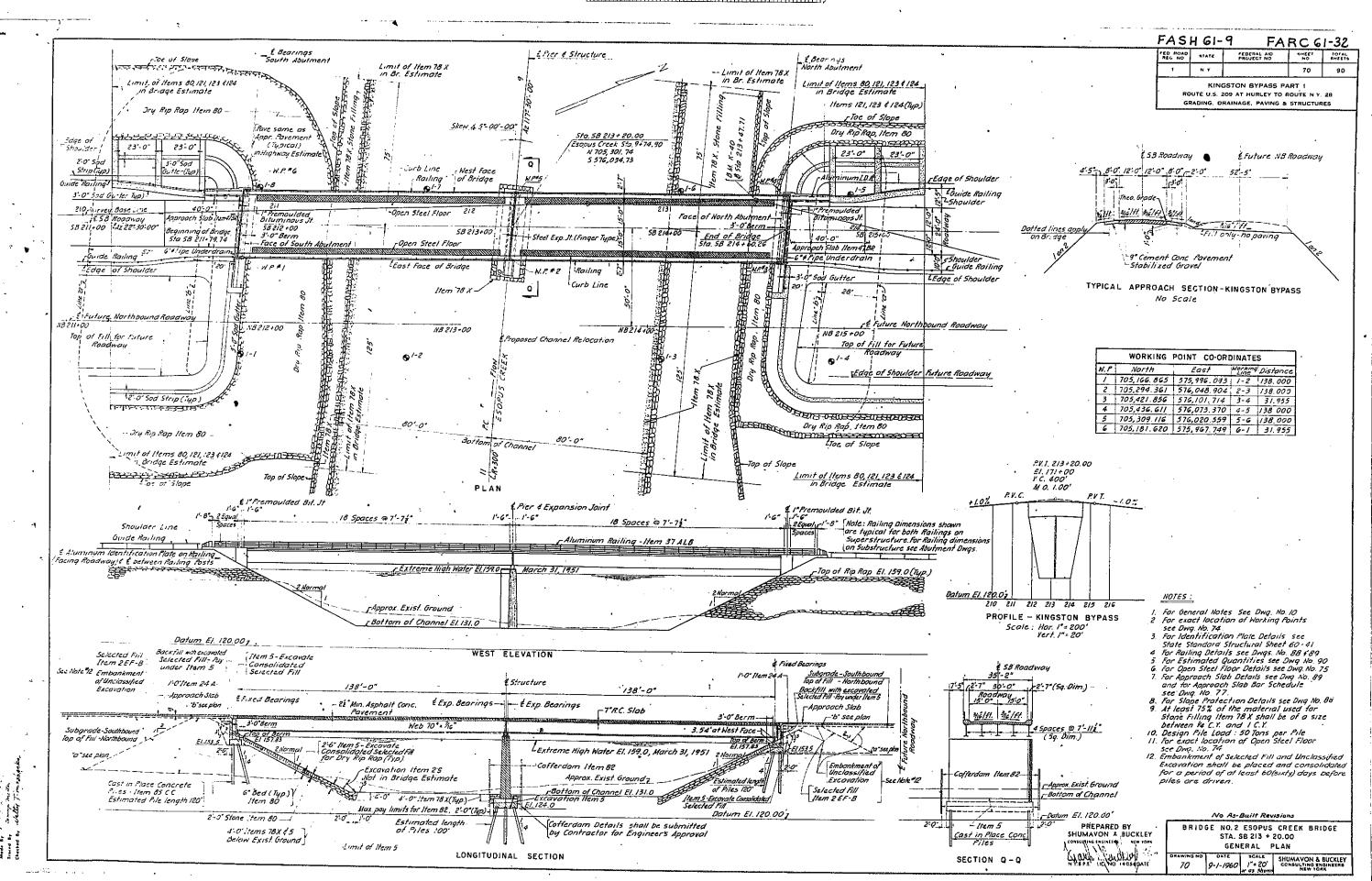


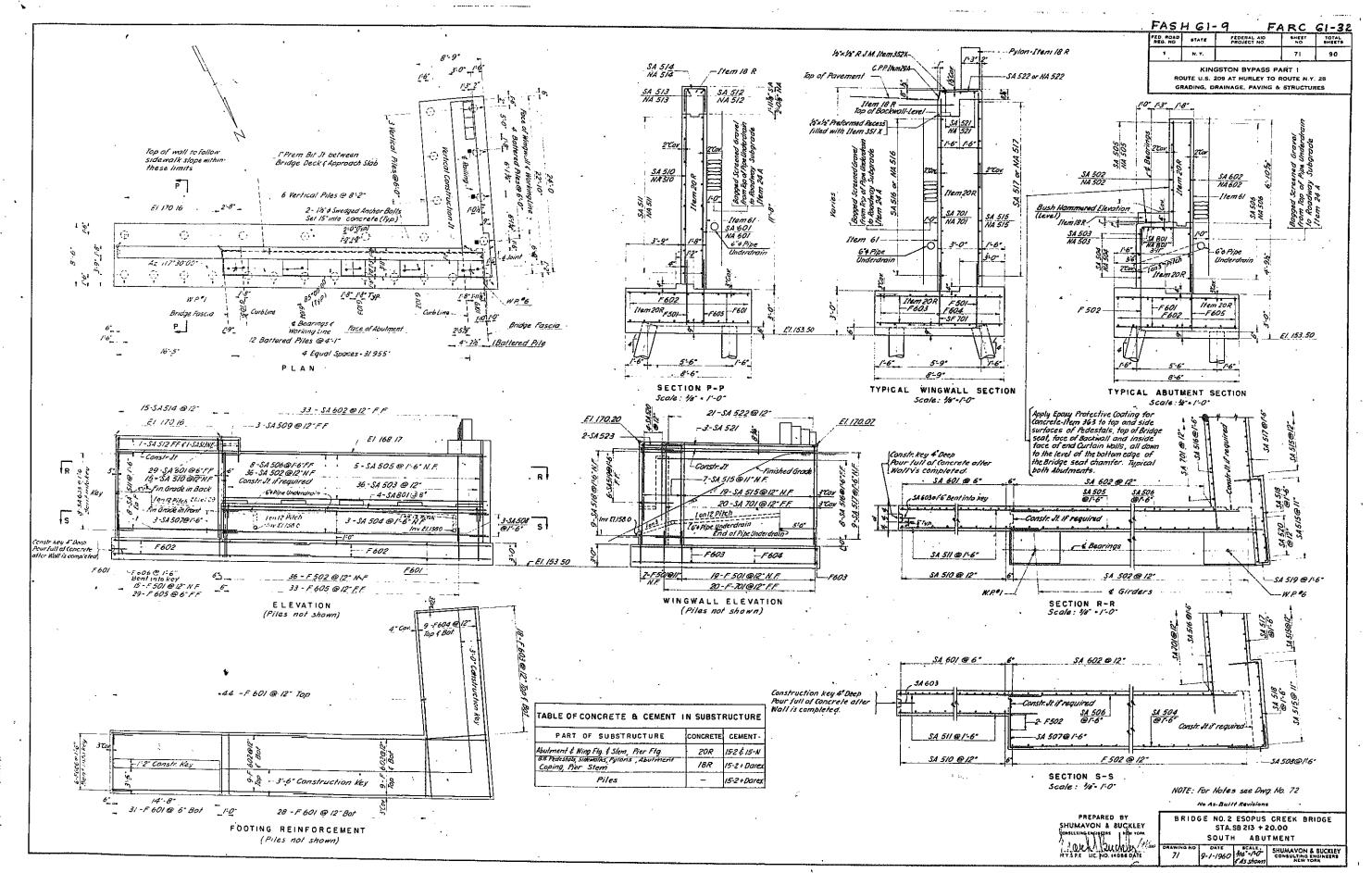






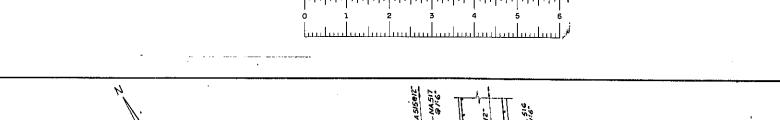






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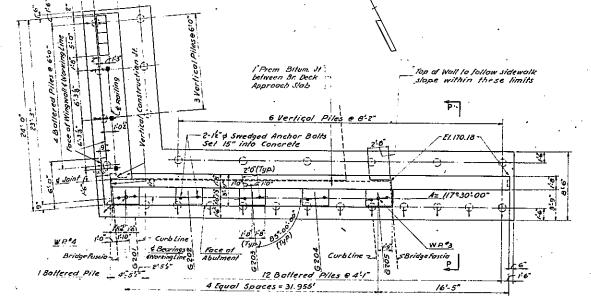
In Chr. Mode 1 Traced Checker



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NA 520

NA 519 @ 1.6"



PLAN

15-NA 5/4@12"

- El. 170.18

29-NA 60/96"F.F.

Ion 12 Pilen

- 3-NA 507 = 1:6"

- constr. Jt.

F602

F606@1'6" bent into key

29-F605e6" F.F. 15-E.501.e12"M.F.

Fin Grade

in back .

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5'0'

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34- NA 602 012" F.F.

36 - NA 502 @12" N.F.

El. 168.17

5- NA 505 CI 6N.E ---

3-NA 504 CHS"N F

- F602

36 - NA 503 @12"

E1.161.29

"C"s Pipe Underdrag.

<u>.....</u>

34- F 605 8 12" F.F.

36-F502 @ 12" N.F.

ELEVATION

(Piles not shown)

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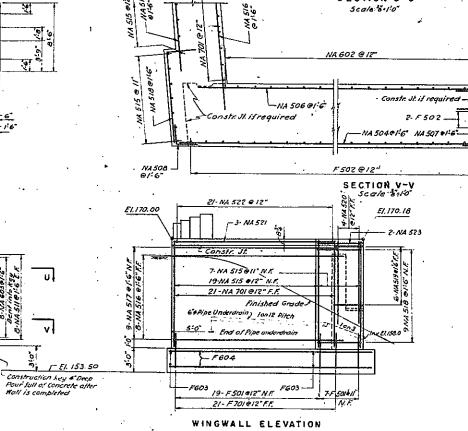
1.6

16 5'0

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3

Constr. Jt. if required

- NA 505 @1'6"

NA 602 @ 12"

r& Bearings

SECTION U-U

Scale 8.10

& Girders NA 502 012

- NA 506 8 1º6"

Constr. St. if required

WP 3

(Piles not shown)

3 6 4 · 14'-0" 6" 4°Cov 44 · F 601 @ 12" Top 6.76060 -1'2"Construction Key 9-1-6 -3'6" Construction Key 6 20 5 0 28-F60/ e 12" Battom 10 31-F601 @6" Bollom FOOTING REINFORCEMENT (Piles not shown)

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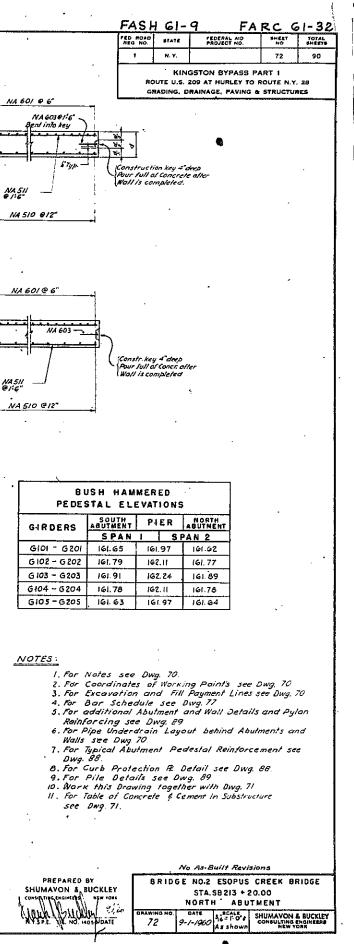
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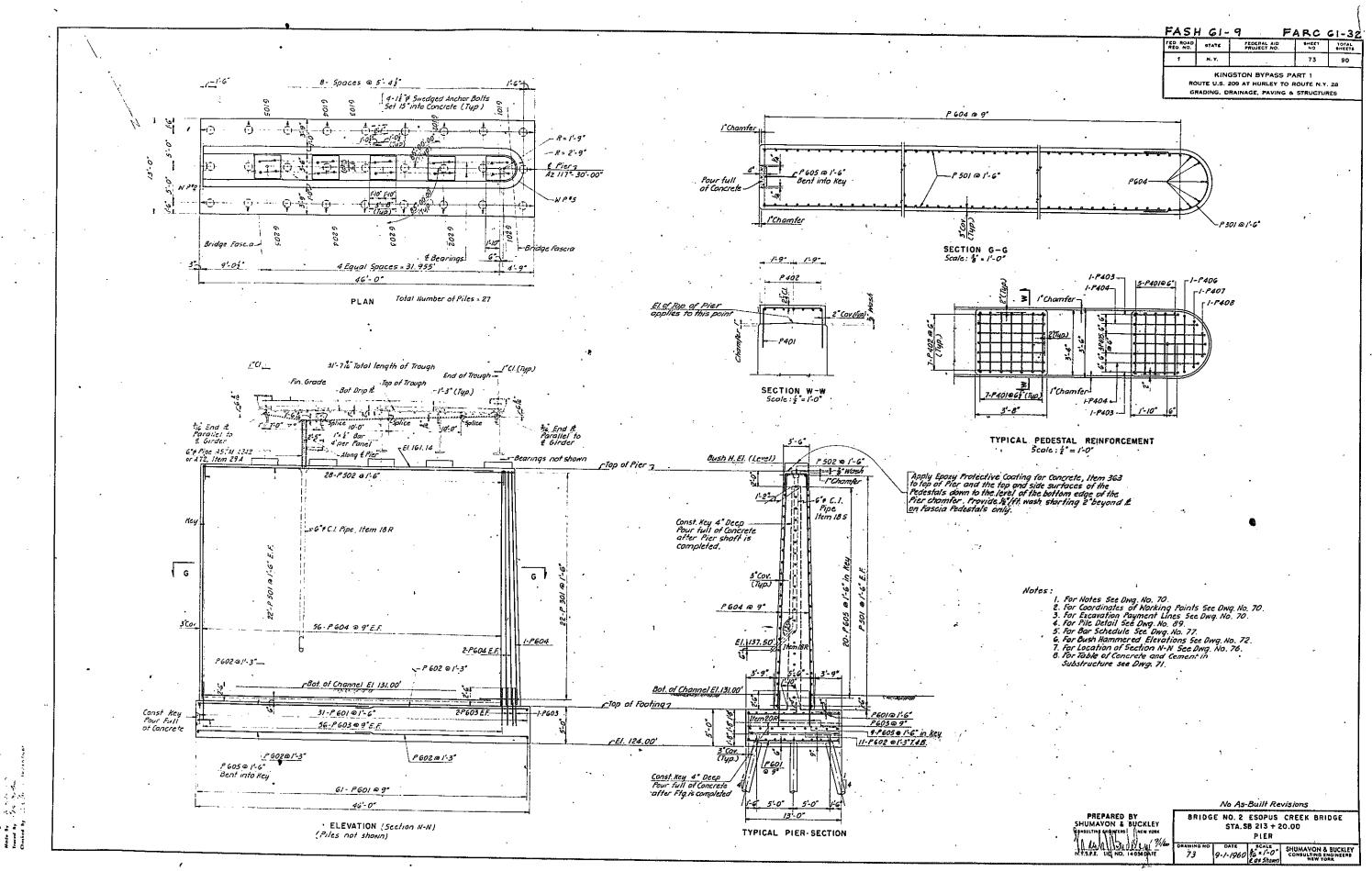
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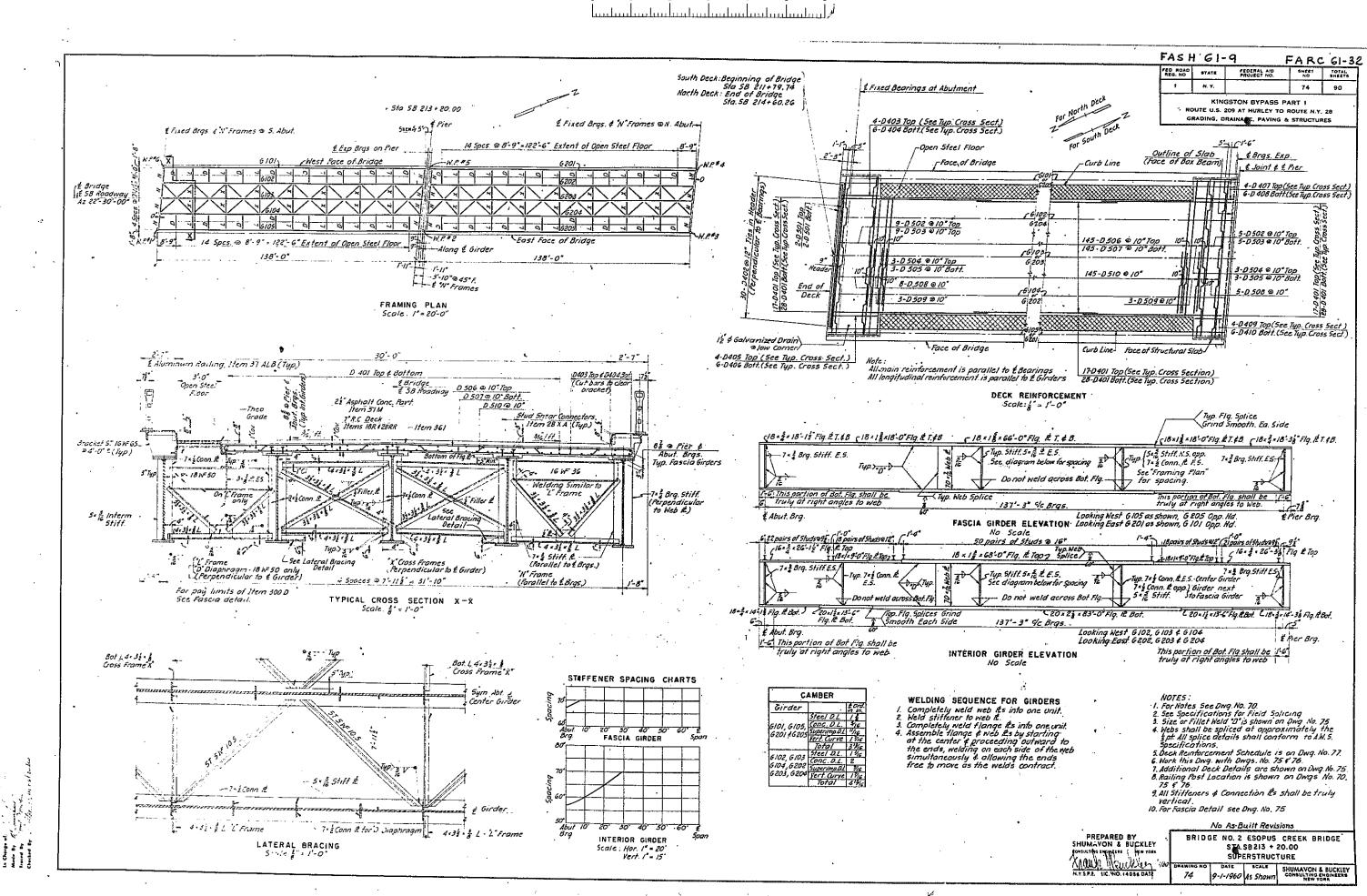
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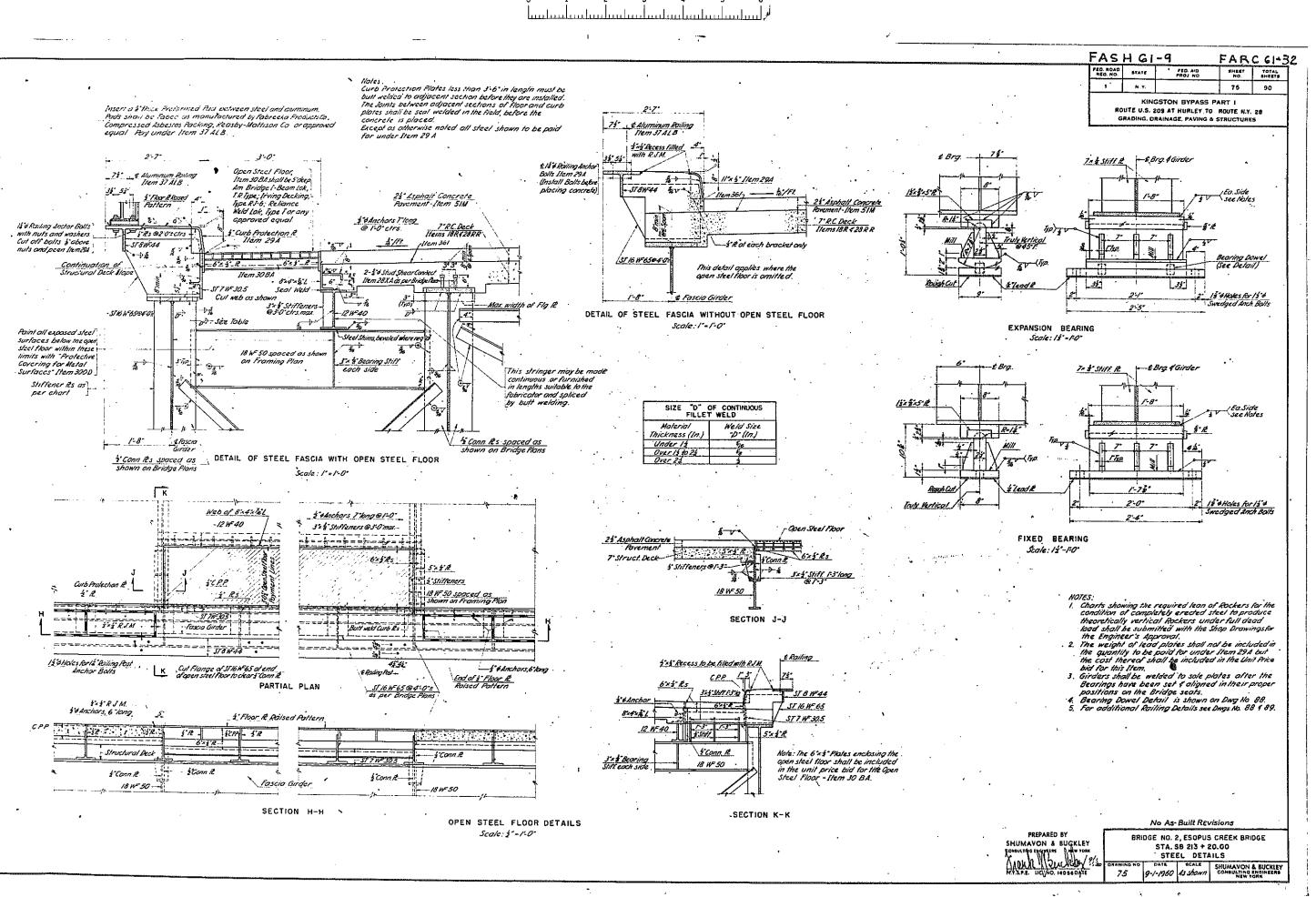




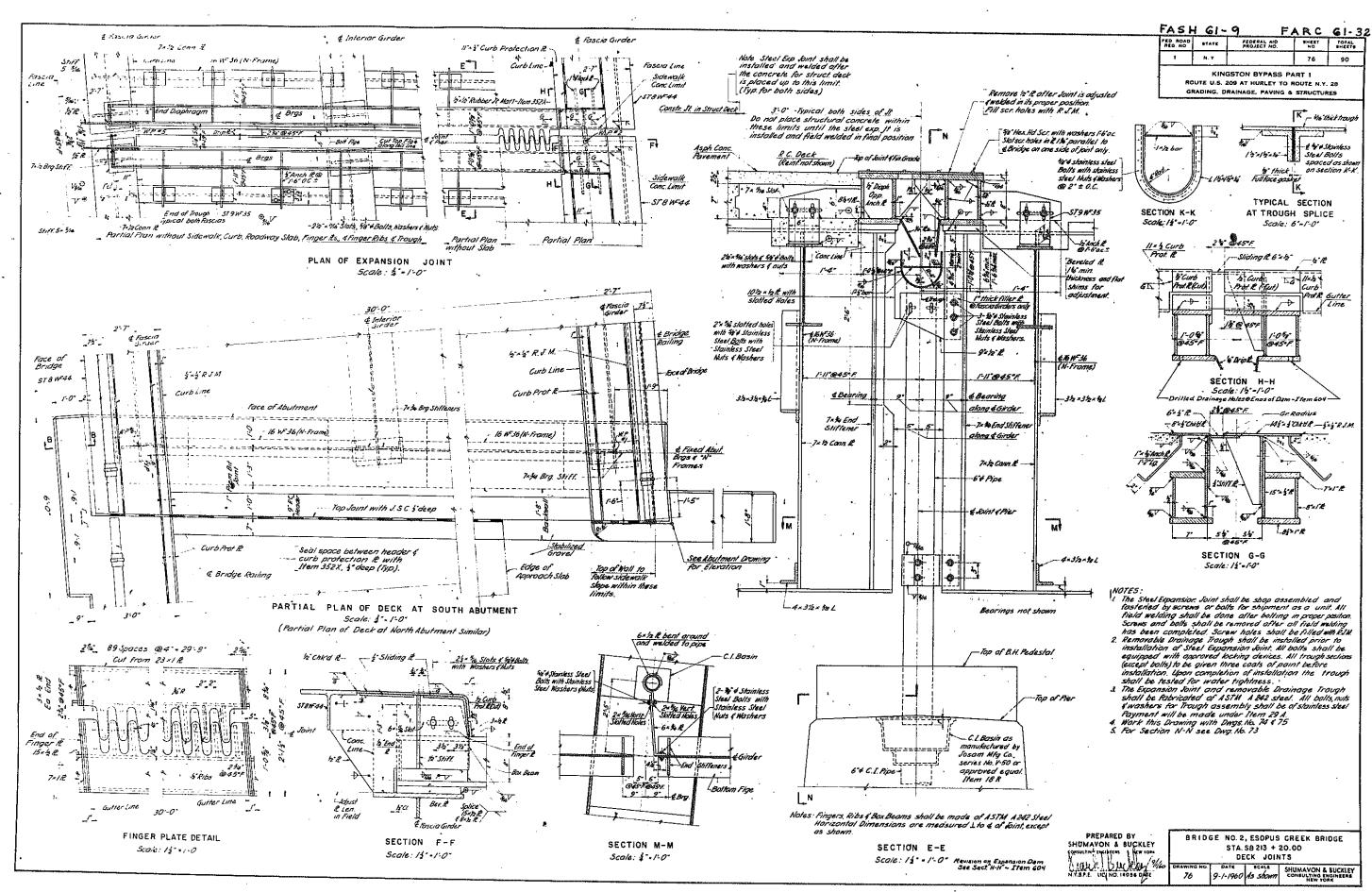
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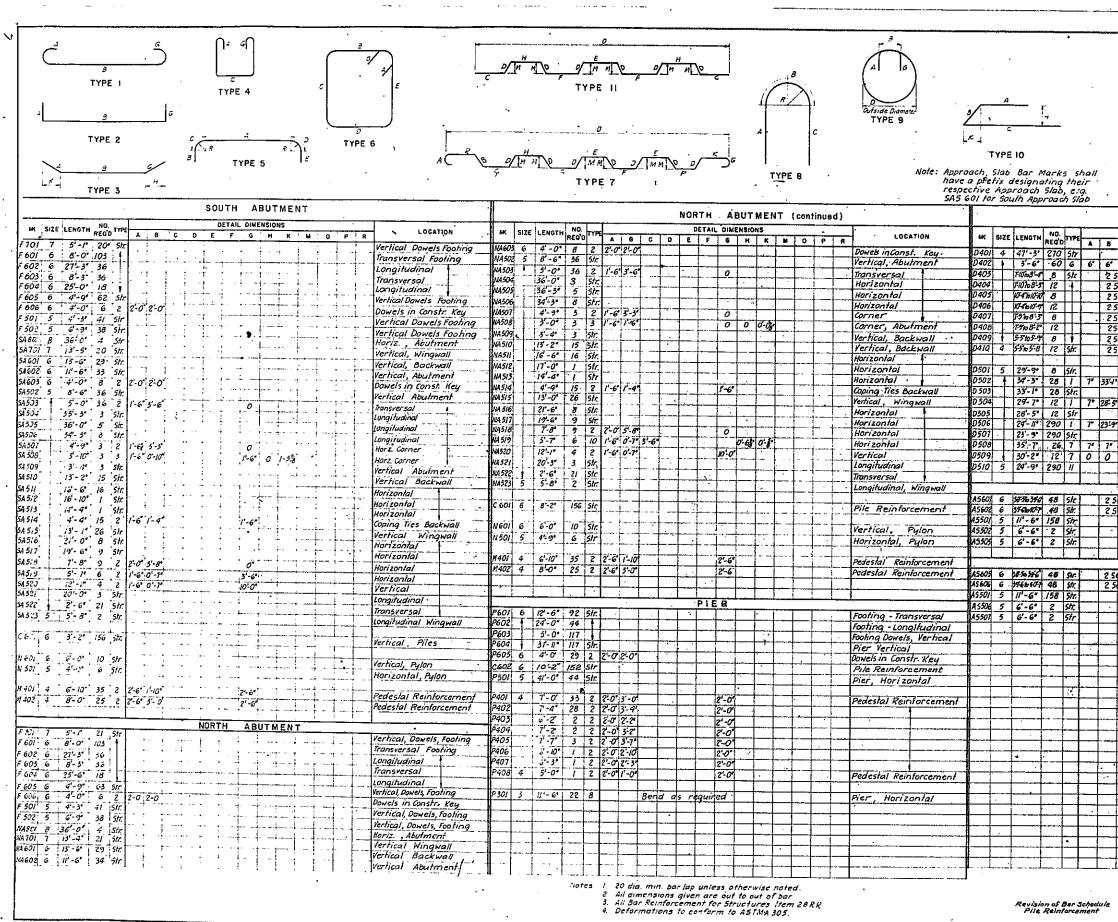


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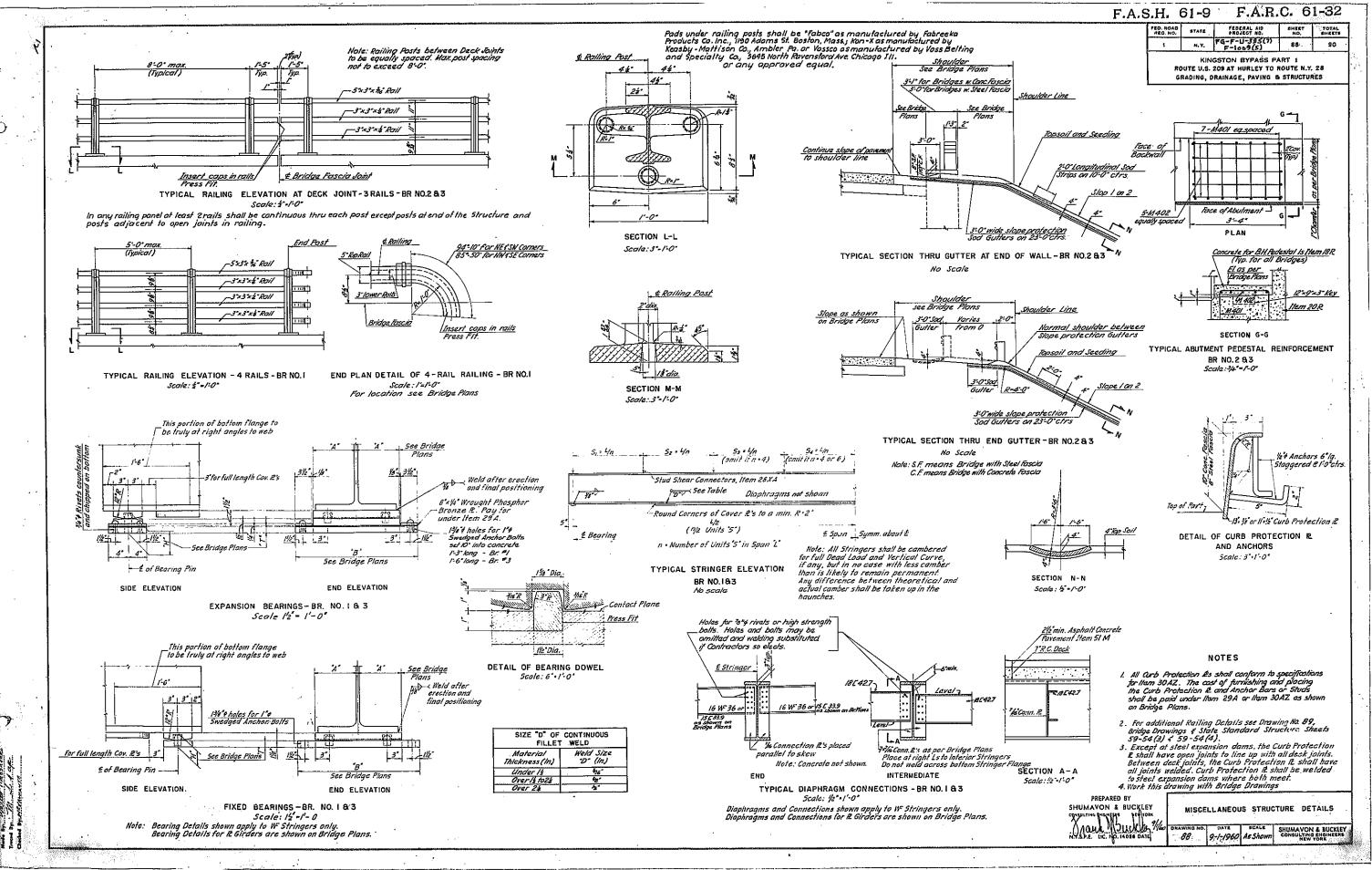
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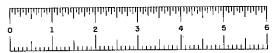


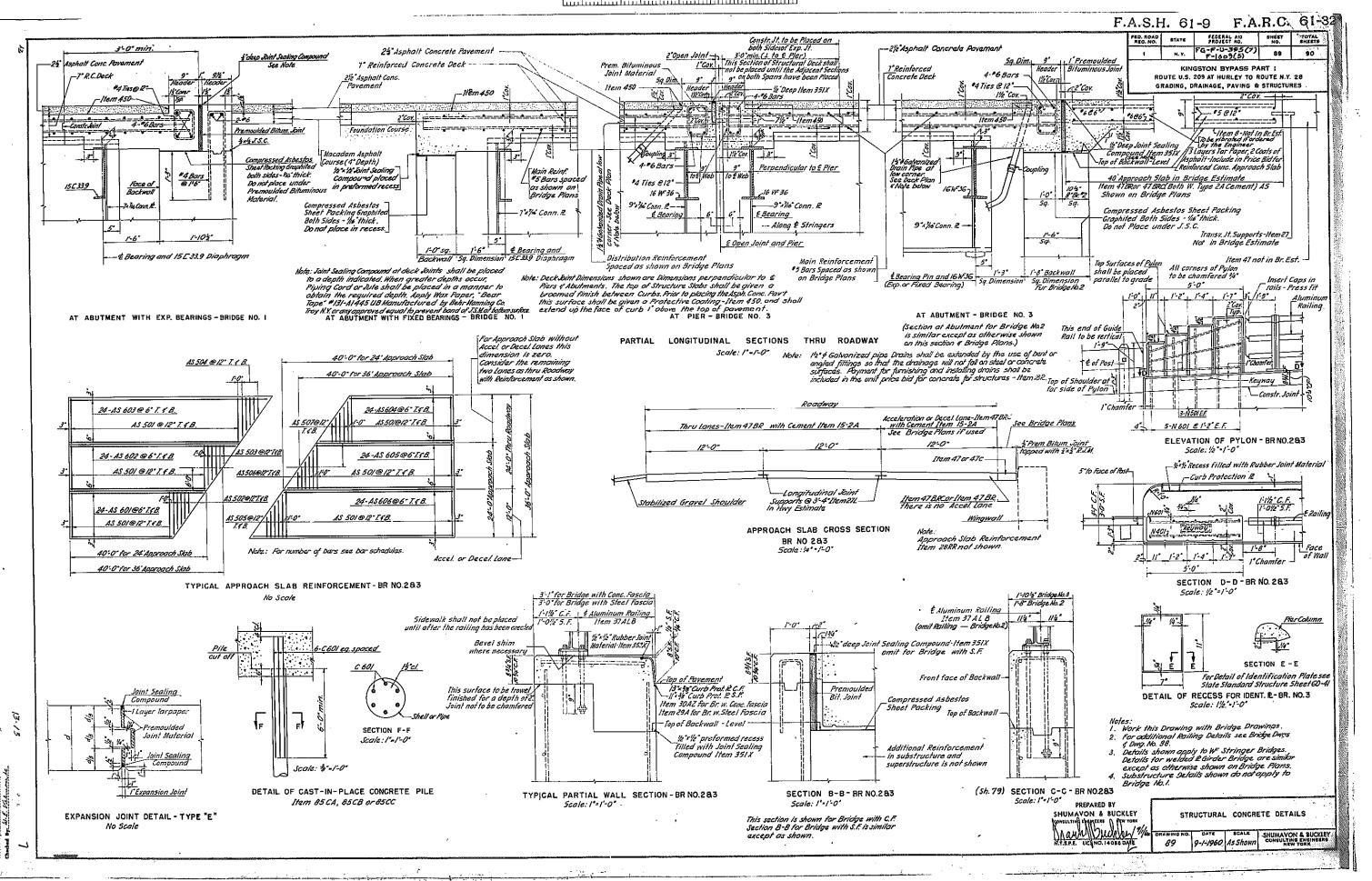
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NO.	11 - 14		STA. SB 166+38.66		STA.SB 2	213 +20	¢ STA. 28	32+36.52		
			NEAT	ROUND	NEAT	ROUND	NEAT	ROUND	NEAT	
2 <i>EF</i> -B	Selected Fill	C.Y.	4,200	4,600	13,900	15,200	14,700	16,200	32,800	Ι
5	Trench, Culvert & Bridge Excavation	G.Y.	1,560	1,700	4,060	4,500	2,350	2,600	7,970	
U.H.	Perforated Corrugated Metal Pipe Underdrain 64 Diam.	L.F.	645	700	/36	150	3/2	350	1,093	1
/3	Cast Iron Pipe - 6' Dia.	L.F.	/35	140	_		—		/35	T
								<u> </u>		1
15-2A	Portland Cement - Type 2 A	Bbls.	3393	3,500	1,785	1.850	4,122	4,260	9,300	∔
15-N	Natural Cement - Type N	Bbls.	/72	180	79	80	2/3	220	464	+
18X	Class IA Concrete for Structures	C.Y.	1,019	1,050	422	435	893	925	2,334	╇
20X	Class I A Concrete	C.Y.	911	945	412	425	1,127	1,160	2.450	4
24A	Bagged Screened Gravel	C.Y.	330	360	60	70	63	70	453	+
28 R R	Bar Reinforcement for Structures	Lb.	228,400	238,000	86,800	90,000	387,000	399,000	702,200	1
28 X A	Stud Shear Connectors	Ea.	1,320	1,350	1,560	1,600	10,800	11,000	13,680	+
29A	Structural Steel	Lb.	125,100	128,000	609,700	622,000	686,700	701,000	1,421,500	+
30 A Z	Metal Protection Plate for Curbs	L.F.	167	170		_	1,021	1,040	1,188	+
30 BC	Open Steel Floor	<u>S.F.</u>			1,470	1,500	_		1,470	∔
37ALB	Aluminum Railing (3 Rail)	<i>L.F.</i>			592	600	1,047	1,060	1,639	+
37 AL B4	Aluminum Railing (4 Rail)	L.F.	166	170					165	╋
47 B R	Cement Concrete Pavement	C.Y.			55	60	110	120	56	+
47 <i>BRC</i>	Cement Concrete Pavement with Carbon Black	C.Y.					56	60	429	+
51-M	Asphalt Concrete	Tons	31	32	108	110	290	298	429	+
61	Bltuminous Material	Gals.	550	570	84	90	157	170	2,107	+
78 X	Stone Filling	C.Y.	-		2,107	2,300			1,280	-+
79 B A	Dry Concrete Block Paving	<u>5.Y.</u>	_				1,280	1,400	1,280	+
80	Dry Rip - Rap	C.Y.			1,620	1,800			3,900	+
82	Coffer Dams	5.F.		c=16	3,900	4,000			4,810	+
8351	Temporary Steel Sheet Piling	5.F.	4,810	5,000					11,090	+
83TT	Temporary Timber Sheet Piling	<u>5.F.</u>	11,090	11,500			17.145	19,000	17,145	÷
85CA	Cast-in Place Concrete Piles (20 Ton Capacity)	L.F			<u> </u>		11,145	-	10,425	╉
85CB	Cast-in Place Concrete Piles (35 Ton Capacity)	LF	10,425	11,000		10,000			9,140	╉
85GC	Cast-in Place Concrete Piles (50 Ton Capacity)	<u>L.F.</u>	<u> </u>		9,140	10,000	280	300	280	+
85CT	Cast-in Place Concrete Test Piles	L.F.		28%	25%	25%	47%	47%	100%	1
87	Furnishing Equipment for Driving Piles	L:5.	2870 592	600			4775		592	1
IDGAS	Aluminum Chain Link Fencing 6-0" high	L.F.					80	85	80	+
112	Emulsified Carbon Black	Lb.		120	76	80	185	200	374	+
121	Topsoil Placed from Stockpiles	C.Y.	0.26	0.3	0.14	0.2	0.34	0.4	0.74	+
/23	Seeding	Acres 5.Y.	210	- 230	190	200	552	570	952	1
124 300E	Sodding Protective Covering for Metal Surfaces	5.F.	210	- 270	8,650	10,000	1	_	8,650	1
		6als.	20	20	5	5	25	25	50	1
351-X	Joint Sealing Compound Rubber Joint Material	Gals.	<u> </u>	5	3	5	14	15	20	1
352-X 450	Fiber Glass Resin Laminate Waterproofing	S.F.	2 025	2/00	6886	7,200	18,644	19,000	27,555	Ţ
363	Epoxy Protective Coating for Concrete	Gals	10	10	21	22	67	68	98	1
363	Epoxy Projective coaring for concrete			1						
							75	80	75	_
14-A	Reinf. Conc. Culvert Pipe 18" Dia.	<i>L.F.</i>	-				600	700	600	+
30 S	Miscellaneous Metals	Lb.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	000	100	+	+
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F.A.S.H. 61-6 F.A.R.C. 61-3 -41, FED. ROAD NKG. NO, PEDERAL AID BHEET STATE TOU FG-F-U-395(7) F-1009(5) 90. 3 90 N. Y. KINGSTON BYPASS PART 1 ROUTE U.S. 209 AT HURLEY TO ROUTE N.Y. 28 GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING & STRUCTURES TAL ROUND 36,000 8,800 1,200 140 9,610 480 2,410 2,530 727,000 13,950 1,451,000 1,210 1,500 1,660 170 180 60 440 830 2,300 1,400 1,800 4,000 5,000 11,500 19,000 The items listed Old have been superseded and where appearing on the Bridge Drawings Sh 59 to Sh 90, new items shall apply as follows : Old |tem New Item 18 R 18 X 20 X 20 R 30 BC 30 BA 30 S 30 11 H 10 RY 300 E 300 D 11,000 10,000 450 361 . . 300 100% 600 600 85 400 0.9 1,000 10,000 50 25 28,200 |tem M 36 B "Prefarmed Expansion Joint Filler" shall be used where ever the Bridge Plans call for Premoulded Bituminous Joint Material. 28,300 100 80 700 PREPARED BY ESTIMATED BRIDGE QUANTITIES 7/160 Mbudle DATE SCALE 9-1-1960 None SHUMAVON & BUCKLEY CONSULTING ENGINEERE 90 DATE 1.10

Appendix F

Non-Standard Feature Justification

				Justification N	umber 1		
Department of Transportation		Exhibit 2-15 Nonstandard Feature Justification					
PIN: 8758.04 Route No. and	Kingston Rail	Trail					
Project Type: New construction of Multi-Use Trail		🗆 National N	Network/Quali	fying Highway	🗆 Access Highway		
Functional Class: N/A		Design Classification	(AASHTO Class):	Trail			
ADT: N/A % Trucks:	N/A	C NHS C Nor	n-NHS Terrair	n: Rolling			
1. Description of Nonstandard Feature		1					
Type of Feature: Horizontal Curve Radius							
Location: 2 curves near eastern terminus of project							
Latitude and Longitude (Linear Feature) FROM Lat:	N=1131439.87 g:	E=620747.86		N=1131383.74	E=62069	98.93	
Latitude and Longitude (Point Feature) Lat:	ארכ.				·		
Standard Value: 60 ft.		Design Speed:	18 mph				
Existing Value: N/A		Recommended Spee	ed - Existing:				
Proposed Value: 30,45 ft.		Recommended Spee	ed - Proposed:				
2. Accident Analysis				1			
Current Accident Rate ¹ : N/A © acc/mvm	acc/mev	Statewide Accident	Rate: N/A	A 🖻 ad	cc/mvm 🖙 acc/mev		
From to		Is the Nonstandard F	eature a contribu	uting factor?	🗅 Yes 📧 No		
Anticipated accident rates, severity, and costs:							
3. Cost Estimates							
Cost to fully meet standards: \$5,000 total		Cost(s) for incremen	tal improvement	s: N/A			
4. Mitigation							
e.g., increased superelevation and speed change lane length for a	non-standard ramp radius						
Curve Warning signs will be installed for Bicyclists							
5. Compatibility with Adjacent Segments and Future Plans							
To provide adequate space to build the trailhead in the must be constructed as proposed.	is location and to provide for	future expansion of	f this segment	of the trail, the p	roposed Non-Standard	curves	
6. Other Factors							
e.g., social, economic, and environmental							
The non-standard curves will actually provide for a spot the non-standard curves are located just before the telestor for users to park their vehicles.							
7. Proposed Treatment (i.e., recommendation)							
The proposed non-standard curve is recommended th	e be installed.						

¹ Use accidents per million vehicle miles (acc/mvm) for linear highway segments; use accidents per million entering vehicles (acc/meh) for intersections.

2	

NEW YORK Department of Transportation	Justification Number 2					
Iransportation	Exhibit 2-15 Nonstandard Feature Justification					
PIN: 8758.04 Route No. and Name: Kingstor	n Rail Trail					
Project Type: New construction of Multi-Use Trail	🗆 National Network/Qualifying Highway 🛛 Access Highway					
Functional Class: N/A	Design Classification (AASHTO Class): Trail					
ADT: N/A % Trucks: N/A	C NHS C Non-NHS Terrain: Rolling					
1. Description of Nonstandard Feature						
Type of Feature: Horizontal Curve Radius						
Location: 2 curves near Western terminus of project						
Latitude and Longitude (Linear Feature) FROM Lat: N=1128744.67 g:	E=612675.33 N=1128847.86 E=612788.80					
Latitude and Longitude (Point Feature) Lat:						
Standard Value: 60 ft.	Design Speed: 18 mph					
Existing Value: N/A	Recommended Speed - Existing:					
Proposed Value: 8ft.	Recommended Speed - Proposed:					
2. Accident Analysis						
Current Accident Rate ¹ : N/A © acc/mvm © acc/mev	Statewide Accident Rate: N/A @ acc/mvm C acc/mev					
From to	Is the Nonstandard Feature a contributing factor?					
Anticipated accident rates, severity, and costs:						
3. Cost Estimates Cost to fully meet standards: \$25,000	Cost(s) for incremental improvements: N/A					
4. Mitigation						
e.g., increased superelevation and speed change lane length for a non-standard ramp radius	S					
Curve Warning signs and wood guiderail will be installed for Bicyclists						
5. Compatibility with Adjacent Segments and Future Plans						
	y to create a switchback in the trail to connect the Proposed Kingston Rail Trail with the					
	t grades.					
The non-standard horizontal curve radius a the western terminus is necessary existing O&W rail trail. The Switchback will be constructed to ADA compliant	t grades.					
The non-standard horizontal curve radius a the western terminus is necessary existing O&W rail trail. The Switchback will be constructed to ADA compliant 6. Other Factors	t grades.					
The non-standard horizontal curve radius a the western terminus is necessary existing O&W rail trail. The Switchback will be constructed to ADA compliant 6. Other Factors e.g., social, economic, and environmental	t grades.					
The non-standard horizontal curve radius a the western terminus is necessary existing O&W rail trail. The Switchback will be constructed to ADA compliant 6. Other Factors e.g., social, economic, and environmental The decision to insralla non-standard curve was a result of an effort to minim						
The non-standard horizontal curve radius a the western terminus is necessary existing O&W rail trail. The Switchback will be constructed to ADA compliant 6. Other Factors e.g., social, economic, and environmental The decision to insralla non-standard curve was a result of an effort to minim Impacts) in the area.						

Appendix G

Stakeholders and Public Input

Kingston Rail Trail (PIN 8758.04) Stakeholder Interview: New York State Police October 6, 2015

Interview Participants: Dennis Doyle and Chris White, UC Planning Department Sergeant Richard Brunner, NYSP Kingston, Station Commander

Meeting Notes:

Sergeant Brunner had received from his command the wrong date for the stakeholder meeting, but Dennis and Chris were available to meet with him to discuss the project.

After providing an overview of the project objectives, alternative routes and background, Dennis and Chris asked for any concerns or ideas Sergeant Brunner might offer on the trail alignment nearest the Trooper barracks.

Sergeant Brunner offered the following insights:

- The NYSP's biggest concern would be security. The building is secure, but their parking lot is not. This would have to be considered if we increase the amount of pedestrian traffic going by the facility.
- The other major concern would be the safety of the trail crossing at the entrance/ exit to the barracks. We would need to deal with emergency vehicles exiting the facility to respond to emergency calls.

Other topics discussed:

- Routing the trail behind the barracks is probably not a good alternative. The barracks property is leased from John Gill, and the trail could interfere with agricultural uses near the barracks.
- Route 209 is a federal highway so access to the roadway is controlled by federal regulations.
- The sight distances at the barracks entry/exit are good and not an issue.
- The original rail trail project was supposed to be named after a deceased Trooper, Mike Kelly, who was an avid runner and cyclist.
- Due to cost and other constraints, it is most likely that Ulster County will not utilize the alternative closest to the barracks.
- The project schedule for design and construction was reviewed.

Follow-up to Meeting:

• Chris sent a copy of the Project Map with Alternatives to Sergeant Brunner

369.005 2015-10-13 DPC

MEETING SUMMARY

STAKEHOLDER MEETING

For

PIN 8758.04 KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL PROJECT ULSTER COUNTY, NY

At

COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING 244 FAIR STREET, 6TH FLOOR LIBRARY KINGSTON, NY 12401 OCTOBER 13, 2015 @ 10 AM





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PIN 8758.04 10/13/2015 Page 2 of 5

I. Introduction and Attendance

A meeting was held at the County Office Building on October 13, 2015 at 10:00 A.M. The purpose of the meeting was to present the possible alternatives proposed for the Kingston Rail Trail to the stakeholders and address any and all concerns regarding the proposed project.

Please see the attached sign in sheet for a list of the meeting attendees and their respective contact information.

II. Matters Discussed – Overall Project

- 1. The County began the meeting by providing the project background.
 - a. The project began in 2010 but was put on hold due to funding issues. The project started back up when additional funding was obtained in 2014.
 - b. The objective is to connect the Hurley Rail Trail to the City of Kingston.
 - c. Barton & Loguidice (B&L) presented both alignment alternatives, the group focused primarily on the O&W alternative since it includes the majority of the impacts.
- 2. Central Hudson asked about specific trail features such as corridor width, emergency vehicle access, and surface material.
 - a. B&L stated the proposed width at this time is a 10 ft. wide trail with 2 ft. shoulders on each side. It was discussed that the width may need to vary in specific locations to minimize disturbance or to ensure adequate width for maintenance or emergency vehicle access.
 - b. Emergency vehicle access will need to be provided in accordance with Federal requirements.

III. Rolling Meadows Water Corporation (R.M.W.C.)

- 1. B&L presented a potential western terminus for the O&W alternative that could utilize the access path from the existing O&W to a pump house and tie into the existing Hurley Rail Trail.
- 2. R.M.W.C. confirmed the pump house is accessed on a daily basis by truck traffic. There are concerns over pedestrian traffic hindering maintenance vehicle access to the pump house.
- 3. R.M.W.C. confirmed that the access path floods frequently and that there are multiple test wells and springs located in the area of the proposed access at the western terminus. B&L acknowledged that the access path is in the floodplain and, if selected, mitigation will be determined during final design.
- 4. R.M.W.C. confirmed there is an aging water transmission line that runs parallel to the access path from the east side of the O&W to the pump house. This line has had leaks in the past and is approaching the end of its useful life, requiring replacement construction in the future.
 - a. B&L confirmed that the selected final alignment will be surveyed and all utilities will be located so impacts are minimized.
- 5. R.M.W.C. will look to see what record plans are available for their facilities in the project area and will provide them to the County and B&L.

PIN 8758.04 10/13/2015 Page 3 of 5

- 6. R.M.W.C. feels that the "Alternative B-1 Alignment" (or Blue Route on the maps) would be the best for all parties involved as well as best for the overall form and function of the trail. The trail would stay out of the flood plain and come to meet the grade of the Hurley Rail Trail.
 - a. B&L Noted that the Blue Route would be better suited; however, B&L noted its belief that the area was wetlands and the trail might not be wide enough.
 - b. R.M.W.C. stated that the wetland areas has only back up recently due to old failing box tunnels that allowed water to flow under the original O&W right-of-way.

IV. Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation (CHG&E)

- 1. B&L presented the limits of the O&W alternative within Central Hudson's Right-of-Way.
- 2. Central Hudson stated that they are in the early stages of plan development for rebuilding its transmission facilities north of the substation.
 - a. Central Hudson emphasized that the scope of the project is to replace the poles and not relocate the poles. Also, the project will attempt to decrease the number of poles by replacing the existing 3 pole installations with 2 pole installations and increasing the spans from pole to pole.
 - b. CHG&E indicated that its project falls under Article VII of the NY Public Service Law.
 - c. The CHG&E project's schedule calls for preliminary design to be completed in February 2016 and construction to start in 2017.
 - d. B&L will coordinate with Central Hudson's engineers to ensure that both projects are technically feasible and compatible.
- 3. Central Hudson expressed that they do not oppose the project but would like to ensure that its rights as property owners are not infringed upon, and they are able to maintain access to its utilities.
- 4. Central Hudson expressed that they are more comfortable with providing a license agreement rather than an easement. The County and B&L indicated that the right-of-way process, as required through the federal funds involved, would dictate the type of easement that would be needed for this project. However, all parties will work together to develop a mutual agreement. The County will check with its Attorney if an irrevocable license could be used.
- 5. Central Hudson stated that they can provide general parameters of where they would like the trail to be located with respect to their new project, but exact locations will need to be confirmed upon final design.
 - a. B&L will contact the engineers for Central Hudson to coordinate designs.
 - b. The County asked Central Hudson to provide required design criteria in writing so B&L can progress the design and minimize any necessary re-design.
- 6. Central Hudson confirmed the 28 mile rebuild project will begin at the substation along the O&W and proceed north.

V. Ulster Savings

- 1. B&L presented the limits of the O&W within Ulster Savings' Right-of-Way.
- Ulster Savings described a proposal that it previously submitted to the County for an easement. The proposal provides for an access path that would run perpendicular from Parcel 48.70-1-15.2, owned by the Hudson Valley Housing Development, to Parcel 48.70-1-7.2, owned by Ulster Savings Bank. The access path will cross the U&D Railroad Corridor with an at-grade crossing.

PIN 8758.04 10/13/2015 Page 4 of 5

- a. Ulster Savings will confirm and or verify the width required for emergency vehicles according to the City of Kingston.
- 3. Ulster Savings has no objections to the proposed Kingston Rail Trail project but wants to make sure the project is mutually beneficial and does not inhibit or impact the housing development easement.

VI. Super 8 and Best Western

- 1. B&L presented the proposed project trailhead and parking lot along Washington Avenue.
- 2. Their major concern about the proposed project is that trail users will utilize the hotels' parking lots as overflow parking.
 - a. The County expressed that they would like to work with the adjacent hotels and make the proposed rail trail mutually beneficial. The hotels can treat the trail as an amenity.
- 3. Best Western indicated it was getting some business from the train operations on the U&D Corridor.
- 4. The County mentioned that if the trail was to extend to Kingston Plaza, the crossing at Washington Avenue would be signalized but there are currently no funds allotted for a signal.
 - a. All Stakeholders have concerns with safety at Washington Avenue and all support exploration of the installation of a signal.
 - b. Also discussed was the potential for a future project to install a traffic signal on Washington Avenue and consolidate the driveways to one location to help improve safety and navigation in the area.
- 5. The County confirmed the trail will not be open at night so lighting is not currently planned.
- 6. The project will investigate ways to link the hotels to the trail for use by their patrons, but prohibit use of their parking lots by non-patron trail users.

VII. Action Items

- 1. County
 - a. Schedule Public Informational Meeting
- 2. B&L
 - a. Contact design engineers for Central Hudson's rebuilding project.
- 3. Rolling Meadows
 - a. Provide record plans for pipe location along access path.
 - b. Provide any comments and concerns prior to Public Informational Meeting, tentatively scheduled for early December.
- 4. Central Hudson
 - a. Provide general design parameters, such as minimum offset from pole to trail edge and width between poles, to B&L. Exact locations will need to be confirmed.
 - b. Provide any comments and concerns prior to Public Informational Meeting, tentatively scheduled for early December.
- 5. Ulster Savings
 - a. Provide necessary geometry, width, etc., and type of access needed for emergency vehicles as required for their project.

PIN 8758.04 10/13/2015 Page 5 of 5

b. Provide any comments and concerns prior to Public Informational Meeting, tentatively scheduled for early December 2015.

If there are any comments or corrections to these minutes, please provide them by October 27, 2015.





SIGN-IN SHEET

ULSTER COUNTY P.I.N. 8758.04 - KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL STAKEHOLDER MEETING OCTOBER 13, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

PHONE #	Si8.218.1801	518-218-1801	1202 x 228 6322 x 3251	(845) 340-3338	(&45) 340 3339	1081-818 815	340-3125	(845)338 3078	(845) 486 - 5534	(845) 406-5485	(845)486-5367	(245) 331-220/	
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REPRESENTING	Bal	88-6	Ulster Saungs Bank	U.C. Planning	LC Plannis	Bau	T UCDRN	th apperts	in Central Hudson	Central Medson	Central Avelson	ROLLING MEDIONS	WATER CORP.
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and Architector

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ULSTER COUNTY P.I.N. 8758.04 - KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL

STAKEHOLDER MEETING OCTOBER 13, 2015 @ 10:00 AM

	PHONE #	B45.331.2201	845 338-6222	822362980	0040-328 Sh& ~~	n 845-328-0400				
OCTOBER 13, 2015 @ 10:00 AM	E-MAIL	JOSH@ ROLLING MEADOWSWATER, COM	asuthir hand e Ulster Saungs, com	Super 8/ BANA Not. eric. hantamptognail.com	Best Western Plus dharrison cooperhotels can Bys 338-0400	Plus a sottile couperhotels can 845-328-0400		>		
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County Executive Mike Hein And The Ulster County Planning Department Invite You To A Public Information Meeting Regarding The

MICHAEL P. HEIN COUNTY EXECUTIVE

Kingston Rail Trail Project:

Linking the City of Kingston to the Hurley Rail Trail

December 8, 2015- 7:00 PM County Office Building 244 Fair Street, Kingston Legislative Chambers- 6th Floor



The Kingston Rail Trail project (PIN 8758.04) is a federally-funded initiative to connect the City of Kingston to the Hurley (O&W) Rail Trail.

The County's engineering consultant, Barton & Loguidice, will present alternative trail routes that were evaluated and discuss the preliminary trail plans for the preferred trail alternative.

Public input will be welcomed following the presentation.

For more information, please contact Chris White at Ulster County Planning– (845) 340-3338



Kingston Rail Trail

Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Agenda

- Project Team and Introductions
- Project Overview
 - Funding and Schedule
 - Objectives
 - Alternatives
 - Preferred Alternative
- Existing Conditions
- Environmental Studies

Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Locally Administered Federal Aid Project

- \$ 1,375,000 Total Project Funding Currently Allocated
- 80% Federal/State Funds Through the Surface Transportation Program (STP-FLEX)
- 20% State Dedicated Funds
- Draft Ulster County Transportation Committee (UCTC) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) includes Additional Funds to bring the Project Budget to \$2.03M

Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail									
Schedule									
Begin ROW Process	January 2016								
Design Approval	March 2016								
Design and ROW Complete	August 2016								
Begin Bid Process	October 2016								
Award Construction Contract	January 2017								
Construction Start	April 2017								
Construction Complete	July 2017								

Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Project Objectives

- Establish an Off-Road Pedestrian & Bicycle Trail Linking the City
 of Kingston to the Towns of Hurley & Ulster (a 13 mile segment)
- Expand the County's Rail Trail Network into a World-Class Tourism Destination and First-Class Quality of Life Amenity
- Link to the Kingston Green Line, Connections to Businesses, & Services in Kingston and the Towns of Ulster and Hurley
- Enhance Recreational Opportunities and Improve Quality of Life
- Create a Multi-Use Trail Hub in the City of Kingston



Kingston Rail Trail Alternative Comparison

Preliminary Design

- Mapping & Data Gathering Field Reconnaissance Development of Digital Mapping
 Property Boundaries, Ulster County Property Data
- Identify Challenges Crossing the Esopus & Thruway
- Identify Property & Potential Environmental Impacts
- Estimate Costs Final Design, Right of Way, Construction

Kingston Rail Trail

Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Alternative Comparison

- Alternative 1 O&W
- No Esopus Creek Crossing
 Acquisitions/Easements Required
 Minor Wetland Impacts
 No Effect on Historic Properties

- Coordination with CHG&E for its Project in the Corridor

Estimated Total Project Cost = \$1.9 M

- Alternative 2 U&D/RT 209 • Requires 2 Esopus Creek Crossings
- No Property Acquisitions
 Minor Wetland Impacts
 No Effect on Historic Properties
- Requires Permits from NYSDOT

Estimated Total Project Cost = \$6.3 M



- Requires Signalization at Washington Avenue for Pedestrian Crossing
 Estimated Total Cost = \$ 375,000

Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Washington Avenue to Kingston Plaza



- Requires Signalization at Washington Avenue for Pedestrian Crossing
 Right of Way Involvement, Encroachments
 Estimated Total Cost = \$ 375,000

Kingston Rail Trail

Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail

Right of Way

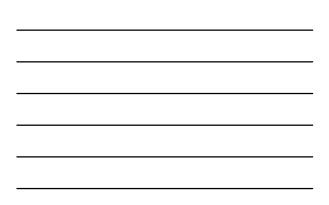
Chris, Developing Slide to show ROW from Ulster SB,

Preferred Alternative

The O&W Route (Alternative 1) is the Preferred Alternative

- Meets Objectives, Proposed Budget, & Schedule
- Unimproved Corridor Currently Informally Utilized by Walkers, Runners, & Mountain Bikers
- Logical Access Points and Links to Existing Trail
- Engineering and Construction Not Overly Complicated
- Most Direct Route From City of Kingston to Hurley Rail Trail

















Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail Existing Conditions – Alt. 1 - O&W





Typical Trail Section Throughout O&W Corridor

Kingston Rail Trail Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail Existing Conditions – Alt. 1 – O&W





Existing Steel and Timber Structure

Potential Replacement Example









Kingston Rail Trail Project Linking the City of Kingston to the O&W Rail Trail Existing Conditions – Alt. 1 – O&W



Approximate Hurley Rail Trail Connection Location at Western Link Proposed Trailhead with Parking Lot Location at Washington Avenue

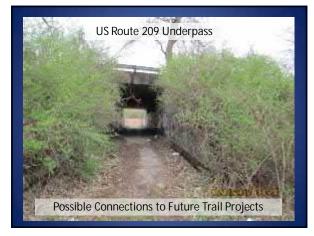












Trail Surfaces

- Various Gradations of Stone or Stone and Sand and Clay Additives
- Conventional Asphalt Pavement
 Asphalt Millings / Sand Mixture

- Mechanically Constrained StoneModified Stabilized Soils



Considerations:

Long term Sustainability, Durability, Maintenance, Wetlands, Federal-aid Project, Consistency with Adjacent Trail, CHG&E Access, ADA Compliance, Cost

Recommended Surface is - Asphalt Pavement



- Benefits for All Social Groups
- Positive for Regional and Local Economies
- Positive Impacts on Local Businesses

nt to Trail Moar Machi

Completed

- Wetland Delineations
- Endangered Species
- No Historic Impacts

Approvals

- National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)
- State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA)

Preferred Alternative

The O&W Route (Alternative 1) is the Preferred Alternative

- Meets Objectives, Proposed Budget, & Schedule
- Unimproved Corridor Currently Informally Utilized by Walkers, Runners, & Mountain Bikers
- Logical Access Points and Links to Existing Trail
- Engineering and Construction Not Overly Complicated
- Most Direct Route From City of Kingston to Hurley Rail Trail

Thank you!

Project materials including this presentation can be found at: http://ulstercountyny.gov/planning/krtp To provide your thoughts regarding the project, please contact:

> Telephone: (845) 340-3338 Mailing Address: Kingston, NY 12402

12,

PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING PIN 8758.04 – Kingston Rail Trail Tuesday, December 8, 2015 at 7:00 PM

Public Input:

- 1. Why is asphalt the best option?
 - a. B&L explained that the trail surface requires durability. If federal money is used, the surface needs to be durable enough to last a minimum of 10 years. Also, asphalt allows for Central Hudson Gas & Electric (CHG&E) maintenance vehicles and allows for easy trail maintenance (i.e. snow removal).
- 2. How will wetlands be protected within the 100' buffer?
 - a. B&L explained that by simply pitching the trail away from the wetland or installing an infiltration swale between the trail and the wetland will prevent runoff from flowing directly from the asphalt trail into the wetland.
- 3. To avoid any confusion with the trail network, the trail should be called the "Kingston O&W Rail Trail" since it is on the O&W alignment and will connect to the O&W Trail (Hurley Rail Trail).
 - a. Comment noted and the County will be evaluating naming conventions.
- Will Right-of-Way go through Ulster County or through the City?
 a. The County
- 5. Can the parking lot be combined with the hotel's parking lot?
 - a. It is not the intent of the project to take parking away from hotel patrons. Super 8 expressed concerns of security for hotel patrons.
- 6. A positive impact of the trail was mentioned. Studies have shown that when a trail reaches 12/13+ miles, it attracts a larger regional draw.
- 7. There are concerns of crossing Washington Ave. Are there long-term plans to make Washington Avenue multi-modal?
 - a. The County needs to determine the future of the U&D corridor before moving forward with future plans of Washington Ave.
- 8. Has a pedestrian bridge over Washington Ave. been considered in order to get trail users across Washington Ave?
 - a. The County needs to determine the future of the U&D corridor. If the trail continues on the east side of Washington Ave., multiple crossing alternatives will be considered.

- 9. Another positive impact of the proposed trail was mentioned. By providing an offroad pedestrian facility, the municipalities will save money for special events (i.e. halfmarathons) in that the municipalities will not need to coordinate with the local police in order to block off streets.
 - a. The extension of the trail will open up more opportunities to relieve local roads of the need to run special events (i.e. half-marathons).
- 10. What will CHG&E maintenance vehicles be doing along the trail corridor?
 - a. CHG&E will need access to their utility poles along the O&W corridor. Coordination is on-going with CHG&E engineers to ensure both projects are technically feasible and compatible.
- 11. What will be done to accommodate CHG&E maintenance vehicles?
 - a. A thicker (deeper) stone layer can be used to accommodate heavier loads of their maintenance vehicles.
- 12. Where does the maintenance money come from? The trail will be built with federal and state funds but with what funds will the trail be maintained?
 - a. The County will fund the maintenance which is estimated to be \$1000/mile for maintenance (i.e. snow removal, leave removal, minor asphalt patch work).
- 13. Is there an issue with installing a parking lot on Washington Ave.? There are issues with access management currently on Washington Ave. and adding another access point may create more issues.
 - a. These concerns are being investigated as part of the design process.
- 14. Will there be water access from the trail to the Esopus Creek? Perhaps a picnic area along the shoreline or fishing access point? There are not many access points to the Esopus for trail users and vice versa. There are several positive impacts by providing a location for creek users to pull off and rest.
 - a. Yes, these potential opportunities are being investigated. One obstacle could be property impacts.
- 15. How many spaces will be provided in the parking lot along Washington Ave.? The lot shown does not appear to contain enough spots.
 - a. The drawing is a concept at this point and additional parking opportunities are being investigated.
- 16. Has a possible re-route to tie into Forsyth Park and Dietz Stadium rather than Washington Ave. been considered? It will allow for ample parking and providing a trailhead away from Washington Ave. may prevent more traffic congestion.
 - a. This option will be investigated.

- 17. Has a route been considered to go under Washington Ave. rather than across it or over it?
 - a. Environmental, Floodplain, and Property impacts will significantly slow progress which may lead to the loss of federal funding. Floodplain and floodway are major considerations since federal dollars cannot typically be used for project in a floodplain.
- 18. Is there a deadline to build the trail with the federal funding?
 - a. B&L explained that there is a deadline of 10 years. If the trail is not constructed within 10 years, the funding can be pulled and the County will have to pay back the money that has been spent.
- 19. Will there be a location for restrooms?
 - a. It will be looked into during final design.
- 20. Has a connection to Coleman High School been considered?
 - a. It will be looked into during final design.
- 21. There is a large bird population that migrates from the Ashokan Reservoir towards the Hudson River. Will facilities for bird watchers be provided?
 - a. It will be looked into during final design.

COMMENT FORM

Public Informational Meeting PIN 8758.04 – Kingston Rail Trail Tuesday, December 08, 2015 at 7:00 PM County Office Building, 244 Fair Street, Kingston: 6th Floor/ Legislative Chambers

Written comments are invited from anyone interested in the project, and may be submitted at the end of the meeting, e-mailed to cwhi@co.ulster.ny.us, or mailed to Mr. Christopher White, Deputy Director of Planning, Ulster County Planning Department, 244 Fair Street, PO Box 1800, Kingston, New York 12402

The Deadline for Submitting Comments is December 22, 2015

This form may be mailed back or dropped off to the office of the Deputy Director of Planning by folding the form as shown on the reverse side and affixing the proper postage. Please use tape to seal the form shut – <u>do</u> not use staples.

Name: Address:

(Attach additional sheets as required)

(Do not use staples)

(fold)

Affix Postage Here

ULSTER COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT 244 FAIR STREET, PO BOX 1800 KINGSTON, NY 12402

ATTN: MR. CHRISTOPHER WHITE, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

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ZUIX , 338-3810 914 388 4899 ogujdice (891)376-7834 HANTER ANICA HANNALICANATI (DAMAILICAN arton 6465433128 ulsterbupe Ruisa @ town of ulater . org PHONE # County Office Building, 244 Fair Street, Kingston: 6th Floor/ Legislative Chambers delaunela Icloud.com +001K@1/MCGU 15701.015 charla ruby me gmail com. nikelade and wink . net LGE G POSED K. COM hurlaraittiail ehuc. rr. roon PUBLIC INFORMATIONAL MEETING SIGN-IN SHEET Abelleng adur. Cr. Com Tuesday, December 8, 2015 at 7:00 PM PIN 8758.04 – Kingston Rail Trail Page 2 of 5 E-MAIL 340 ADDRESS Charle Malamed Mr. Wideman Celey Timpelli 10HR (-Resspond esse prosshohin Josua (masseelin)e/auve HAWIN ALICANDRI LIDIPLO TEE KALISH Ducits Nichilk Jim Barer 10110 Payner Hill HAME I R ٤ NAME

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Page 4 of 5

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Page 5 of 5

Appendix H

Right-of-Way Information

PRELIMINARY RIGHT-OF-WAY ACQUISITIONS TABLE

PIN 8758.04 KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL

CITY OF KINGSTON & TOWNS OF HURLEY & HURLEY, ULSTER COUNTY

JUNE 8, 2017

				De	ed						_	
Map#	Parcel#	Reputed Owners	Tax Map Information	Liber	Page	Size of Total Parcel (SF)	Size of Total Parcel (Acres)	Size of Portion to be Acquired (SF)	Size of Portion to be Acquired (Acres)	% of Parcel Area Taken	Type of Acquisition (FEE/PE/TE)	Comments
1	1	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	55.8-8-5	1139	174	157,468	3.6	90469	2.1	57.5%	PE	Multi-use path construction
2	2	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	48.17-1-10.1	1139	174	457,621	10.5	112675	2.6	24.6%	PE	Multi-use path construction
3	3	CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC	48.70-1-4	1139	174	147,710	3.4	89164	2.0	60.4%	PE	Multi-use path construction
4	4	ADIRONDACK TRANSIT LINES	48.70-1.42	1576	160	191,664	4.4	11568	0.3	6.0%	PE	Multi-use path construction
		ADIRONDAGK I RAINSTI LINES		1136	895	46,438	1.1	11284	0.3	24.3%	PE	Trail to share current CHG&E easement on Adirondack Transit Lines property
5	5	NYS THRUWAY AUTHORITY				19,046	0.4	9642	0.2	50.6%	PE	Multi-use path construction
								-	-	-		Trail to share current CHG&E easement on NYS Thruway Authority property
6	6	ULSTER SAVINGS BANK	48.71-2-1	1902	26	145,410	3.3	145410	3.3	100.0%	FEE	Multi-use path construction

ROW PROJECT ESTIMATE

PROJECT: PIN 8758.04 – Kingston Rail Trail COUNTY: Ulster

	Preliminary
Х	Programming
••	Updated
LEAD	TIME REQUIRED

STAFF CONSULTANT

1) Property Costs, # of Props. 5	\$40,000.00		
2) Interest	\$0.00		
* 3) Appraisals	\$15,000.00		
4) Condemnation Factor	\$0.00		
* 5) Title Search a) # Certs.	\$12,000.00		
b) # Abs.	\$0.00		
6) Certs. & Closing Papers	\$6,000.00		
7) Negotiations	\$6,500.00		
8) Supreme Court	\$0.00		
9) Proration of Taxes	\$6,105.00		
10) Mortgage Prepayment Fees	N/A		
11) Demolition Costs, # of Buildings	\$0.00		
(Line 2a) SUB-TOTAL	\$85,605.00		
12) Relocation Asst., # Relocs.			
13) Moving Expenses a) Families			
b) Business			
c) In Lieu of			
d) Re-Estab.			
14) Repl. Housing a) Housing Supp.			
b) Rental Supp.			
15) Last Resort Housing a) Owner			
b) Tenant			
16) Mortgage Int. Diff.			
17) Closing Costs			
(Line 2b) SUB-TOTAL	\$0.00		
TOTALS	\$85,605.00		
PREPARED BY DATE	CHECKE	D BY	DATE
ACQ. EST (#1-11)			
PREPARED BY DATE	CHECKE	D BY	DATE
ACQ. EST (#1-11)			
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*Costs for Incidental Phase Authorization; remaining costs for Acquisition Phase Authorization

ROW 353C

Appendix I

Smart Growth Screening Tool

PIN 8758.04

Prepared By: Barton and Loguidice D.P.C.

Smart Growth Screening Tool (STEP 1)

NYSDOT & Local Sponsors – Fill out the Smart Growth Screening Tool until the directions indicate to STOP for the project type under consideration. For all other projects, complete answering the questions. For any questions, refer to <u>Smart Growth Guidance</u> document.

Title of Proposed Project: PIN 8758.04 Kingston Rail Trail

Location of Project: City of Kingston and Towns of Ulster and Hurley, Ulster County, New York

Brief Description: The project will establish a multi-use trail along the abandoned O&W Railroad corridor to provide a link between the City of Kingston and the Town of Hurley.

A. Infrastructure:

Addresses SG Law criterion a. – (To advance projects for the use, maintenance or improvement of existing infrastructure) 1. Does this project use, maintain, or improve existing infrastructure?

Yes \boxtimes No \square N/A \square

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above – the form has no limitations on the length of your narrative)

The proposed shared-use path will utilize the abandoned O&W Railroad corridor to connect the Hurley Rail Trail to the City of Kingston which will provide non-motorized transportation a safe off-road facility to travel between the City of Kingston and High Falls, approximately 11 miles. The existing railroad ballast will be utilized for a foundation for the proposed shared-use path. The corridor is currently used by walkers, runners, and mountain bikers but the narrow width, uneven terrain, and limited access prevents potential users from utilizing the trail. The corridor will be widened to 10 ft. with 2 ft. shoulders and will be constructed with a surface material to accommodate all potential users. In areas of steep embankments along the Esopus Creek, pedestrian/bicyclist railing will be installed.

Maintenance Projects Only

- a. Continue with screening tool for the four (4) types of maintenance projects listed below, as defined in NYSDOT PDM Exhibit 7-1 and described in 7-4: https://www.dot.ny.gov/divisions/engineering/design/dgab/pdm
 - Shoulder rehabilitation and/or repair;

- Upgrade sign(s) and/or traffic signals;
- Park & ride lot rehabilitation;
- 1R projects that include single course surfacing (inlay or overlay), per Chapter 7 of the NYSDOT Highway Design Manual.
- b. For all other maintenance projects, STOP here. Attach this document to the programmatic <u>Smart</u> <u>Growth Impact Statement and signed Attestation</u> for Maintenance projects.

For all other projects (other than maintenance), continue with screening tool.

B. Sustainability:

NYSDOT defines Sustainability as follows: A sustainable society manages resources in a way that fulfills the community/social, economic and environmental needs of the present without compromising the needs and opportunities of future generations. A transportation system that supports a sustainable society is one that:

- Allows individual and societal transportation needs to be met in a manner consistent with human and ecosystem health and with equity within and between generations.
- Is safe, affordable, and accessible, operates efficiently, offers choice of transport mode, and supports a vibrant economy.
- Protects and preserves the environment by limiting transportation emissions and wastes, minimizes the consumption of resources and enhances the existing environment as practicable.

For more information on the Department's Sustainability strategy, refer to Appendix 1 of the Smart Growth Guidance and the NYSDOT web site, www.dot.ny.gov/programs/greenlites/sustainability

(Addresses SG Law criterion j : to promote sustainability by strengthening existing and creating new communities which reduce greenhouse gas emissions and do not compromise the needs of future generations, by among other means encouraging broad based public involvement in developing and implementing a community plan and ensuring the governance structure is adequate to sustain and implement.)

1. Will this project promote sustainability by strengthening existing communities?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A
-------	------	-----

2. Will the project reduce greenhouse gas emissions?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

1. The construction of the proposed Kingston Rail Trail will foster a sense of community by instituting alternative means of transportation for the general public in multiple municipalities. The proposed project will provide an off-road connection between the City of Kingston and the Towns of Ulster and Hurley. If residents have access to non-motorized infrastructure and have a choice in their method of transportation, they will be more inclined to use the trail rather than an automobile.

2. By providing a safe, efficient, and accessible off-road multi-modal connection to schools, employers, businesses, and services, dependency on automobiles is reduced and, therefore, harmful emissions from car exhausts will be reduced. If residents have access to non-motorized infrastructure and have a choice in their method of transportation, they will be more inclined to use the trail rather than an automobile.

C. Smart Growth Location:

Plans and investments should preserve our communities by promoting its distinct identity through a local vision created by its citizens.

(Addresses SG Law criteria b and c: to advance projects located in municipal centers; to advance projects in developed areas or areas designated for concentrated infill development in a municipally approved comprehensive land use plan, local waterfront revitalization plan and/or brownfield opportunity area plan.)

1. Is this project located in a developed area?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A 🗌
-------	------	-------

2. Is the project located in a municipal center?

	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A
--	-------	------	-----

3. Will this project foster downtown revitalization?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A 🗌
-------	------	-------

- 4. Is this project located in an area designated for concentrated infill development in a municipally approved comprehensive land use plan, waterfront revitalization plan, or Brownfield Opportunity Area plan?
 - Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

1.& 2. The project is located adjacent to the municipal center for the City of Kingston. It will allow for pedestrians and bicyclists to travel from the Town of Hurley to the developed area of the City of Kingston.

3. The proposed project will foster downtown revitilization in that it will: promote local spending by recreation users, reduce infrastructure costs, and increase revenues for local government by sales taxes associated with local spending.

4. The project is located in an area designated for concentrated infill development in

Smart Growth Screening Tool

that it is located on underutilized land where the infrastructure of the abandoned O&W Railroad is already in place. It is consistent with the comprehensive land use plan in that the Ulster County Transportation Council (UCTC) developed the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan in an effort to establish a county-wide, sustainable non-motorized transportation system that will "reduce fossil fuel consumption, enable freedom of mobility, encourage more physical activity, allow children to walk or bike to school, reduce traffic congestion, and create economic growth" through recreational tourism. The project is consistent with the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan, which identifies the need to link regional trail segments to achieve a seamless non-motorized transportation network throughout the County.

D. Mixed Use Compact Development:

Future planning and development should assure the availability of a range of choices in housing and affordability, employment, education transportation and other essential services to encourage a jobs/housing balance and vibrant community-based workforce.

(Addresses SG Law criteria e and i: to foster mixed land uses and compact development, downtown revitalization, brownfield redevelopment, the enhancement of beauty in public spaces, the diversity and affordability of housing in proximity to places of employment, recreation and commercial development and the integration of all income groups; to ensure predictability in building and land use codes.)

1.	Will	this	proj	ect	foster	mixed	land	uses?
----	------	------	------	-----	--------	-------	------	-------

Yes 🗌 No 🗌 N/A 🖂

- 2. Will the project foster brownfield redevelopment?
 - Yes 🗌 No 🗌 N/A 🖂
- 3. Will this project foster enhancement of beauty in public spaces?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A
-------	------	-----

4. Will the project foster a diversity of housing in proximity to places of employment and/or recreation?

 \square

Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A
-------	------	-----

5. Will the project foster a diversity of housing in proximity to places of commercial development and/or compact development?

Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🖂
-------	------	-------

6. Will this project foster integration of all income groups and/or age groups?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A
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7. Will the project ensure predictability in land use codes?

SG-13 (revised May, 2013)

Smart Growth Screening Tool

Yes 🗌 No 🗌 N/A 🖂

8. Will the project ensure predictability in building codes?

Yes 🗌 No 🗌 N/A 🖂

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

3. The construction of the multi-use trail will enhance the beauty of public spaces by transforming an overgrown abandoned railroad corridor into a beautiful recreational facility. The development will promote tourism and local spending which will serve as an economic benefit for the neighboring businesses.

6. The completion of the project will provide opportunities for senior citizens to be more physically active, for children to walk or bike to school, for adults to commute to work without vehicles, and connect the local communities.

E. Transportation and Access:

NYSDOT recognizes that Smart Growth encourages communities to offer a wide range of transportation options, from walking and biking to transit and automobiles, which increase people's access to jobs, goods, services, and recreation.

(Addresses SG Law criterion f: to provide mobility through transportation choices including improved public transportation and reduced automobile dependency.)

1. Will this project provide public transit?

Yes 🗌 No 🖂 N/A 🗌

2. Will this project enable reduced automobile dependency?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

3. Will this project improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities (such as shoulder widening to provide for on-road bike lanes, lane striping, crosswalks, new or expanded sidewalks or new/improved pedestrian signals)?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

(Note: Question 3 is an expansion on question 2. The recently passed Complete Streets legislation requires that consideration be given to complete street design features in the planning, design, construction, reconstruction and rehabilitation, but not including resurfacing, maintenance, or pavement recycling of such projects.)

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

2.&3. The proposed project will not provide public transit but rather, it will promote the use of alternative modes of transportation whether that be walking, running, biking, skating, or any other non-vehicular method of transportation. By providing an off-road facility for pedestrians and bicyclists, the dependency on automobiles is reduced because people will have more options to travel from the Town of Hurley to the City of Kingston. Currently, there is no convenient route for non-motorized traffic to travel from Hurley to Kingston other than the high speed and heavy traffic roadways. The completion of the Kingston Rail Trail will provide safe accommodations to travel between the municipalities.

F. Coordinated, Community-Based Planning:

Past experience has shown that early and continuing input in the transportation planning process leads to better decisions and more effective use of limited resources. For information on community based planning efforts, the MPO may be a good resource if the project is located within the MPO planning area.

(Addresses SG Law criteria g and h: to coordinate between state and local government and intermunicipal and regional planning; to participate in community based planning and collaboration.)

1. Has there been participation in community-based planning and collaboration on the project?

	Yes	\square			No			N/A	
2.	ls th	e pro	ojec	t cor	nsister	nt v	vith lo	ocal plar	ns?
	Yes	\square			No			N/A	
~									

3. Is the project consistent with county, regional, and state plans?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

4. Has there been coordination between inter-municipal/regional planning and state planning on the project?

Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

1. Public Informational Meeting's will be held to receive the community's feedback about the proposed project and address any concerns moving forward.

2. & 3. The project is consistent with the Ulster County's "Long Range Transportation Plan" as well as the "Non-Motorized Transportation Plan" which states that pedestrian accommodations are a top priority. The main objective for both plans is to establish a county-wide, sustainable non-motorized transportation system that will "reduce fossil fuel consumption, enable freedom of mobility, encourage more physical activity, allow children to walk or bike to school, reduce traffic congestion, and create economic growth" through recreational tourism.

4. The project is consistent with state plans and coordination between the county and the

state has been ongoing.

G. Stewardship of Natural and Cultural Resources:

Clean water, clean air and natural open land are essential elements of public health and quality of life for New York State residents, visitors, and future generations. Restoring and protecting natural assets, and open space, promoting energy efficiency, and green building, should be incorporated into all land use and infrastructure planning decisions.

(Addresses SG Law criterion d :To protect, preserve and enhance the State's resources, including agricultural land, forests surface and ground water, air quality, recreation and open space, scenic areas and significant historic and archeological resources.)

1. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance agricultural land and/or forests?

Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🖂
-------	------	-------

2. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance surface water and/or groundwater?

Yes 🖂	No 🗌	N/A
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- 3. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance air quality?
 - Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌
- 4. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance recreation and/or open space?
 - Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌
- 5. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance scenic areas?

Yes 🗌	No 🗌	N/A 🖂
-------	------	-------

- 6. Will the project protect, preserve, and/or enhance historic and/or archeological resources?
 - Yes 🛛 No 🗌 N/A 🗌

Explain: (use this space to expand on your answers above)

2. The project will protect groundwater and adjacent waterbodies by promoting sheet flow and allowing water to infiltrate the ground naturally. The proposed trail will maintain the existing drainage patterns as much as possible.

3. Air quality will be enhanced by reducing the dependency on automobiles which will reduce the amount of pollutants expelled into the atmosphere.

4. The project will enhance recreation by allowing people to commute from the Town of Hurley and the City of Kingston by walking or biking.

6. The project is located within a mapped archeological sensitive area but SHPO has determined the project will have No Effect upon cultural resources.

Smart Growth Impact Statement (STEP 2)

NYSDOT: Complete a Smart Growth Impact Statement (SGIS) below using the information from the Screening Tool.

Local Sponsors: The local sponsors are not responsible for completing a Smart Growth Impact Statement. Proceed to Step 3.

Smart Growth Impact Statement

PIN:

Project Name:

Pursuant to ECL Article 6, this project is compliant with the New York State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act. This project has been determined to meet the relevant criteria, to the extent practicable, described in ECL Sec. 6-0107. Specifically, the project:

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This publically supported infrastructure project complies with the state policy of maximizing the social, economic and environmental benefits from public infrastructure development. The project will not contribute to the unnecessary costs of sprawl development, including environmental degradation, disinvestment in urban and suburban communities, or loss of open space induced by sprawl.

Review & Attestation Instructions (STEP 3)

Local Sponsors: Once the Smart Growth Screening Tool is completed, the next step is to submit the project certification statement **(Section A)** to Responsible Local Official for signature. After signing the document, the completed Screening Tool and Certification statement should be sent to NYSDOT for review as noted below.

NYSDOT: For state-let projects, the Screening Tool and SGIS is forwarded to Regional Director/ RPPM/Main Office Program Director or designee for review, and upon approval, the attestation is signed (Section B.2). For locally administered projects, the sponsor's submission and certification statement is reviewed by NYSDOT staff, the appropriate box (Section B.1) is checked, and the attestation is signed (Section B.2).

A. CERTIFICATION (LOCAL PROJECT)

I HEREBY CERTIFY, to the best of my knowledge, all of the above to be true and correct.

Preparer of this document:

Signature

Engineer III Title

Date

Daniel P. Carey Printed Name

Responsible Local Official (for local projects):

Signature

Date

Title

Printed Name

B. ATTESTATION (NYSDOT)

- 1. I HEREBY:
 - Concur with the above certification, thereby attesting that this project is in compliance with the State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act
 - Concur with the above certification, with the following conditions (information requests, confirming studies, project modifications, etc.):

(Attach additional sheets as needed)

- ☐ do not concur with the above certification, thereby deeming this project ineligible to be a recipient of State funding or a subrecipient of Federal funding in accordance with the State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act.
- 2. NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to ECL Article 6, this project is compliant with the New York State Smart Growth Public Infrastructure Policy Act, to the extent practicable, as described in the attached Smart Growth Impact Statement.

NYSDOT Commissioner, Regional Director, MO Program Director, Regional Planning & Programming Manager (or official designee):

Signature

Date

Title

Printed Name

Appendix J

Estimate

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL FINAL DESIGN REPORT

CITY OF KINGSTON AND TOWNS OF HURLEY AND ULSTER, ULSTER COUNTY

January 23, 2018

B&L JN 369.005.121

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EXHIBIT 1.5-B COMPARISON OF ALTERNATIVES CONSTRUCTION PROJECT COSTS				
	OPTION B-1, O&W	OPTION B-2, U&D		
ACTIVITIES	O&W RAIL TRAIL TO	O&W RAIL TRAIL TO		
	WASH. AVE.	WASH. AVE.		
CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	^		
CLEARING & GRUBBING:	\$ 50,000			
EARTHWORK:	\$ 150,000 \$ 100,000			
SUBBASE:	\$ 130,000 * 200,000			
PAVEMENT:	\$ 230,000 \$ 110,000			
GUIDERAIL & FENCE	\$ 110,000 \$ 150,000			
DRAINAGE LIGHTING	\$ 150,000 \$ 20,000			
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL:	\$ 30,000 \$ 20,000			
EROSION CONTROL:	\$ 20,000 \$ 30,000			
LANDSCAPE:	\$ 30,000 \$ 50,000			
STRUCTURES	\$ 50,000 \$ 250,000			
TRAILHEAD/PARKING LOT	\$ 250,000 \$ 80,000			
SIDEWALK:	\$ 20,000			
SIDE WALK.	φ 20,000	φ 20,000		
SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 4,164,000		
CONTINGENCY (15% @ DESIGN APPROVAL)	\$ 195,000	\$ 625,000		
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 4,789,000		
FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5%)	\$ 75,000			
SURVEY	\$ 30,000			
MOBILIZATION (4%)	\$ 59,000			
SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,659,000	\$ 5,311,000		
EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018) +1.5%	\$ 30,000			
TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,689,000	\$ 5,391,000		
ENGINEERING	\$ 220,000			
CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION	\$ 130,000			
ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$ 85,000			
TOTAL COSTS:	\$ 2,124,000	\$ 6,391,000		

and a second		OPTION B-1, O&W	
Colorado de las	ACTIVITIES	O&W RAIL TRAIL TO WASH. AVE.	N.
All a non the state	CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:		1724
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	LIGHTING	\$ 30,000	and the
A LANGE THE	WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL:	\$ 20,000	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
a contra so	EROSION CONTROL:	\$ 30,000	E R BA
March Strate	LANDSCAPE:	\$ 50,000	
	STRUCTURES	\$ 250,000	2000
Stan Par	TRAILHEAD/PARKING LOT	\$ 80,000	and the set
	SIDEWALK:	\$ 20,000	9
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	SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,495,000	Ī
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	FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5%)	\$ 75,000	
	SURVEY	\$ 30,000	
	MOBILIZATION (4%)	\$ 59,000	l
	SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,659,000	[
	EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018) +1.5%	\$ 30,000	
	TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018 DOLLARS):	\$ 1,689,000	Ι
			NO
	ENGINEERING	\$ 220,000	
	CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION	\$ 130,000	1. (I.E
	ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$ 85,000	ł
	TOTAL COSTS:	\$ 2,124,000	I

СНЕСКЕО ВҮ

DRAFTED BY

CHECKED BY

DESIGNED BY

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IN CHARGE

PREPARED BY: BARTON & LOGUIDICE, D.P.C. ON :

<image/>	NO. DATE BY REVISION	oguidice, D.P.C.			
	KINGSTON RAIL TRAIL	CITY OF KINGSTON, TOWNS OF HURLEY AND ULSTER		P.I.N. 8758.04 EDUCATIO	
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	SUBTOTAL CONSTRUCTION ITEMS:	\$ 4,164,000
	CONTINGENCY (15% @ DESIGN APPROVAL)	\$ 625,000
	SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	
	FIELD CHANGE ORDER (USE 5 %) SURVEY MOBILIZATION (4%) SUBTOTAL (2017 DOLLARS):	\$ 240,000 \$ 90,000 \$ 192,000 \$ 5,311,000
	EXPECTED INFLATION AWARD AMOUNT (2018) +1.5%	\$ 80,000
	TOTAL PROJECT CONSTRUCTION COSTS (2018 DOLLARS):	\$ 5,391,000
	ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION & ADMINISTRATION ROW INCIDENTALS AND ACQUISITIONS	\$ 500,000 \$ 500,000 \$ -
	TOTAL COSTS:	\$ 6,391,000

